R13

Max. Marks: 75

Code:No: 115EQ

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B. Tech III Year I Semester Examinations, March - 2017 **GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING**

(Common to CE, CEE)

Time: 3 hours Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B. Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions. PART - A (25 Marks) Explain the formation of soil. [2] 1.a) Explain any two field tests to identify silts from clays. b) [3] ... What is adsorbed water? .[2] d). "What is Dargy's law and under what conditions it is valid. ....[3] What are the factors affecting contact pressure? e) [2] f) Differentiate between compaction and consolidation. [3] What is secondary consolidation? [2] g) What do you understand by normally consolidated, over consolidated and under h) consolidated clays. i).....What is the Mohr-Coulomb theory of failure?..... ...[2] State the limitations of direct shear test. [3] PART - B **(50 Marks)** "An oven dry soil sample of volume 300 cc weighs 450 g. If the specific gravity of solids is 2.65, what is the water content when the soil becomes fully saturated without any change in its volume? What will be the water content which will fully saturate the soil sample and also cause an increase in volume equal to 15% of the original dry volume? OR Explain step by step procedure to classify soils as per I.S. Classification of soils. Derive an expression to determine coefficient of permeability of soil by laboratory 4. falling head permeability test. OR 5. In a deposit of silty soil, the water table which was at originally at a depth of 1 m below ground level was lowered to 3m below ground level. The bulk and saturated unit weight of silty soil was 18kN/m<sup>3</sup> and 20kN/m<sup>3</sup> respectively. What is the change in effective pressure at a depth of 1.0m and 3.0m. [10]

b) Brie	fly explain factor		action of soil.  OR	ilini fini	on test. [1] [1] [5+5]
actii hori	I the intensity of ng at a horizontal zontally away fro er the load at a de	vertical pressure ground surface. om the axis of lo	at a point 4m di What will be the	vertical pressur	re at a point 2 m
The Due 40kl	ormally consolidate average overbure to construction N/m² at the middle ratio is 0.9:Estir	den stress at the of a structure the of clay layer. The the primary	middle of clay lere is an increase the liquid limit of	ayer can be take	en as 160kN/m <sup>2</sup> vertical stress of
9.a) Exp	lain how you wi nod. Also explain	ll determine voi	d ratio of the sa	imple by chang	e in void ratio
b) Exp	lain square root				f coefficient of
	olidation		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		E # # # #
	a drained test ar		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
11:a)Disc b) In a and	olidated clay.  "": ::"  uss Skempton's p  direct shear test tl  300 kN/m², resp  ned at 300 to the r	he major and min pectively. Detern	or principal stres	sses were found and shear street	to be 500 kN/m <sup>2</sup> sses on a plane [5+5]
11:a)Disc b) In a and	uss Skempton's p direct shear test the 300 kN/m², resp	he major and min pectively. Detern	or principal stres	sses were found and shear street	to be 500 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
b) In a and incli	uss Skempton's p direct shear test the 300 kN/m², resp ned at 30° to the r	he major and min pectively. Detern major principal p	or principal stres nine the normal lane in a clock-w	sses were found and shear streatise direction.	to be 500 kN/m <sup>2</sup> sses on a plane [5+5]
b) In a and incli	uss Skempton's p direct shear test the 300 kN/m², resp ned at 30° to the r	he major and min pectively. Detern major principal p	or principal stres nine the normal lane in a clock-w	sses were found and shear streatise direction.	to be 500 kN/m <sup>2</sup> sses on a plane [5+5]
b) In a and incli	uss Skempton's p direct shear test tl 300 kN/m <sup>2</sup> , resp ned at 30 <sup>0</sup> to the r	he major and min pectively. Detern major principal p	or principal stres nine the normal lane in a clock-w	ses were found and shear streatise direction.	to be 500 kN/m <sup>2</sup> sses on a plane [5+5]