R07

Set No. 2

II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS Common to Information Technology, Computer Science And Systems Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) Develop a routine in C++ to delete a minimum key from a binary heap.
 - (b) Write a C++ implementation for merging two equally sized binomial trees.

[10+6]

- 2. (a) What is the use of detecting end of file? Explain how to detect an end of file.
 - (b) Differentiate file stream and string stream.

[8+8]

- 3. (a) What are the advantages of new operator than malloc in C?
 - (b) What are the uses of new and delete operator?

[6+10]

- 4. (a) Differentiate between greedy method and dynamic programming?
 - (b) Explain prim's algorithm with an example.

[8+8]

- 5. Detail a C++ class with all operations that contain two stacks in which a single array is used to represent both stacks, and they should grow towards the middle of the array.

 [16]
- 6. (a) What is linear probing? Write a C++ class that shows the data members and constructors for the hash table class.
 - (b) Write a C++ program to implement a search operation in a hash table. [6+10]
- 7. Write and explain a non recursive algorithm for in order traversal of binary tree with n example? [16]
- 8. Discuss in detail about deletion from a binary search tree with one suitable example? [16]

R07

Set No. 4

II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS Common to Information Technology, Computer Science And Systems Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. Detail a C++ class with all operations that contain two stacks in which a single array is used to represent both stacks, and they should grow towards the middle of the array.

 [16]
- 2. (a) What is linear probing? Write a C++ class that shows the data members and constructors for the hash table class.
 - (b) Write a C++ program to implement a search operation in a hash table. [6+10]
- 3. Discuss in detail about deletion from a binary search tree with one suitable example? [16]
- 4. Write and explain a non recursive algorithm for in order traversal of binary tree with n example? [16]
- 5. (a) What is the use of detecting end of file? Explain how to detect an end of file.
 - (b) Differentiate file stream and string stream. [8+8]
- 6. (a) Develop a routine in C++ to delete a minimum key from a binary heap.
 - (b) Write a C++ implementation for merging two equally sized binomial trees.

[10+6]

- 7. (a) Differentiate between greedy method and dynamic programming?
 - (b) Explain prim's algorithm with an example.

[8+8]

- 8. (a) What are the advantages of new operator than malloc in C?
 - (b) What are the uses of new and delete operator? [6+10]

R07

Set No. 1

II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS Common to Information Technology, Computer Science And Systems Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. Discuss in detail about deletion from a binary search tree with one suitable example? [16]
- 2. (a) What are the advantages of new operator than malloc in C?
 - (b) What are the uses of new and delete operator?

[6+10]

- 3. (a) Develop a routine in C++ to delete a minimum key from a binary heap.
 - (b) Write a C++ implementation for merging two equally sized binomial trees.

[10+6]

- 4. Detail a C++ class with all operations that contain two stacks in which a single array is used to represent both stacks, and they should grow towards the middle of the array. [16]
- 5. (a) What is linear probing? Write a C++ class that shows the data members and constructors for the hash table class.
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- 6. (a) What is the use of detecting end of file? Explain how to detect an end of file.
 - (b) Differentiate file stream and string stream. [8+8]
- 7. (a) Differentiate between greedy method and dynamic programming?
 - (b) Explain prim's algorithm with an example. [8+8]
- 8. Write and explain a non recursive algorithm for in order traversal of binary tree with n example? [16]

R07

Set No. 3

II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS Common to Information Technology, Computer Science And Systems Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. Detail a C++ class with all operations that contain two stacks in which a single array is used to represent both stacks, and they should grow towards the middle of the array.

 [16]
- 2. Write and explain a non recursive algorithm for in order traversal of binary tree with n example? [16]
- 3. (a) What are the advantages of new operator than malloc in C?
 - (b) What are the uses of new and delete operator?
- 4. Discuss in detail about deletion from a binary search tree with one suitable example?
- 5. (a) What is linear probing? Write a C++ class that shows the data members and constructors for the hash table class.
 - (b) Write a C++ program to implement a search operation in a hash table. [6+10]
- 6. (a) Develop a routine in C++ to delete a minimum key from a binary heap.
 - (b) Write a C++ implementation for merging two equally sized binomial trees.

[10+6]

[6+10]

- 7. (a) Differentiate between greedy method and dynamic programming?
 - (b) Explain prim's algorithm with an example. [8+8]
- 8. (a) What is the use of detecting end of file? Explain how to detect an end of file.
 - (b) Differentiate file stream and string stream. [8+8]