$\mathbf{R07}$

Set No. 2

III B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010 MEDICAL IMAGING TECHNIQUES **Bio-Medical Engineering**

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A61104

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks ****

1.	Explain the Fourier spectrum of the NMR signal with suitable figures.	[16]
2.	Discuss various X-Ray diagnostic methods with suitable examples.	[16]
3.	Compare the advantages and disadvantages of the four methods of pulse trasonic diagnostics.	e echo ul- [16]
4.	Discuss the nuclear particles and its nature of radioactivity decay.	[16]
5.	Define spatial resolution. Explain its significance in imaging.	[16]
6.	Write short notes on:	
7.	 (a) Photo electric effect. (b) Compton scattering (c) Photodisintegration (d) Roentgen and radiation absorbed dose. [4] Write short notes on: (a) Heart and muscle stimulation. (b) Bone healing. 	+4+4+4]
	(c) magnetophosphenes.	[5+5+6]
8.	(a) Briefly explain the lateral resolution in terms of beam width. Just suitable figures	stify with

(b) Differentiate between the linear switched array and linear phased array. [8+8]

R07

Set No. 4

III B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010 MEDICAL IMAGING TECHNIQUES **Bio-Medical Engineering**

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A61104

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- 1. Explain with the suitable example about ultrasonic texture and speckle reduction.
- 2. Describe the rotation frame of reference and the RF magnetic field with suitable [16]figures.
- 3. Explain the various biological effects of ionizing radiation.
- 4. Write short notes on:
 - (a) Scanning laser acoustic microscopy.
 - (b) Computed tomography.
 - (c) Doppler method.

(d) Duplex imaging.

[4+4+4+4]

[16]

[16]

- 5. Explain the mean life time of the radioactive element and Define half life period of an isotope. [16]
- 6. Discuss the limitations of the conventional x-rays and the advantages of tomography and its existence. [16]
- 7. Write short notes on:
 - (a) Filament current.
 - (b) Image intensifier.
 - (c) X-ray film.
 - (d) Film magnification. [4+4+4+4]
- 8. Describe the effect of Radio frequency fields in MRI. [16]

 $\mathbf{R07}$

Set No. 1

III B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010 MEDICAL IMAGING TECHNIQUES **Bio-Medical Engineering**

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A61104

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks ****

1. Explain in brief on Axial , lateral resolution and focusing arrays.	[16]
2. Brief on Radon transform and its applications.	[16]
3. Explain in detail with suitable figures on generation of X-Ray.	[16]
4. (a) Discuss about the short term and long term effects of radiation of body.	n human
(b) Briefly explain dosimeter and its uses.	[8+8]
5. Discuss any four transmission methods of ultrasound.	[16]
6. Write short notes on:(a) The magnet.(b) Superconducting magnet.	
(c) Permanent magnets.	[5+6+5]
7. Discuss the characteristics of radionuclide images like spatial resolution, in trast and image noise.	nage con- [16]
8. Explain the image safety in MRI.	[16]

R07

Set No. 3

III B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010 MEDICAL IMAGING TECHNIQUES **Bio-Medical Engineering**

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A61104

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks ****

- 1. Explain the spin-echo imaging in MRI with suitable pulse sequence figures. [16]
- 2. Discuss the basic fundamentals of Acoustic propagation and its medical uses. [16]
- 3. Explain in detail about Receiver operating curve(ROC)& image noise. [16]
- 4. Define white radiation and. Discuss the characteristics of radiation. [16]
- 5. Explain about interaction of nuclear particles and matter on alpha, beta and gamma particles with matter. [16]
- 6. Explain the principle of CT and the projection function with suitable mathematical expression. [16]
- 7. Define Doppler effect. Discuss on the continuous and pulsed Doppler methods and explain any one in detail with suitable figures. [16]
- 8. Briefly explain the shielded coils and how is the eddy current formation can be controlled with it for MRI. [16]
