R07

III B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010 INSTRUMENTATION AND PROCESS CONTROL

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A62304

Bio-Technology

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. Mention & discuss different parts of a Biosensor using a Block Diagram? [16]
- 2. (a) What are the different performance criteria
 - (b) Describe in detail the $\frac{1}{4}$ decay ratio.
- 3. Explain the process reaction curve method in detail.
- 4. Describe the principle and mechanisms of single speed floating control with sketches of deviation vs time and block diagram.
- 5. Derive the transfer function H(s)/Q(s) for the liquid level system shown in the figure 1.
 - (a) When the tank level operates about the steady state value of $h_s = 1$ ft.
 - (b) When the tank level operates about the steady state value of $h_s = 3$ ft.

The pump removes water at a constant rate of $10 \text{f}t^3$ / min. The rate is independent of head. The cross sectional area of the tank is 1.0 ft^2 and the resistance R is 0.5 ft / ft^3

[8+8]

[6+10]

[16]



Figure 1:

- (a) Define frictional force and thrust force in a control valve. 6.
 - (b) A diaphragm area of 600 square centimeters of a actuator is operated between 0.2 to 1.0kgf/cm2. Calculate the allowable friction and thrust forces. |8+8|
- (a) Is the thermometer bulb and thermal well arrangement a non-interacting sys-7. tem? Explain.

www.firstranker.com

Code No: 07A62304

 $\mathbf{R07}$

Set No. 2

- (b) With neat sketches explain the non-interacting, interacting dead end and interacting flow systems. [8+8]
- 8. (a) Explain the closed loop characterization of Cascade control systems.
 - (b) Explain the primary and secondary loop gain adjustment in a cascade control systems. [8+8]

K D/

R07

III B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010 INSTRUMENTATION AND PROCESS CONTROL Bio-Technology

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A62304

Max Marks: 80

[8+8]

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks ****

- 1. (a) Discuss briefly about the various types of actuators.
 - (b) Explain the working of a solenoid.
- 2. Differentiate between a continuous process and a batch process. Give a brief account of one batch process and one continuous process with the diagrams.
- (a) What is meant by process tuning and discuss the various methods of tuning 3. controller parameters.
 - (b) Discuss the process reaction curve method. [8+8]
- 4. (a) A proportional controller has an output m changing linearly from 0 to15 psi when the deviation e changes from -100 to 0 to 100 degrees. Calculate the controller sensitivity.
 - (b) In an integral controller the deviation changes sinusoidally with time. Show that the phase of manipulated variable is always 900 behind the deviation. [8+8]

5. Derive the transfer function H(s)/Q(s) for the liquid level system shown in the figure 2. The resistances are linear. H and Q are deviation variables. Give numerical values in the transfer function.



Figure 2:

- 6. What is a ratio control system? Discuss such a control system for a flow process.
- 7. The transfer functions of a multicapacity process for the process, measuring element and final control element are 1/(5s+1)(2s+1), 1/10s+1 and 1.0 respectively if a propeller is used:
 - (a) Find the crossover frequency.

www.firstranker.com

www.firstranker.com

Code	No: 07A62304	R07	Set	No.	4
	(b) AR at the crossover frequency.				[8+8
8.	(a) Write a note on differen	t generations of Biosensors?			
	(b) Write a note on Ion sele	ective membranes?			[8+8

FRANKER

R07

III B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010 INSTRUMENTATION AND PROCESS CONTROL **Bio-Technology**

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A62304

Max Marks: 80

8+8

[16]

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks ****

- 1. (a) Compare non interacting with interacting systems by giving respective transfer functions.
 - (b) Discuss the effect on interaction step response of two tank liquid level system.
- 2. Define the concept of Cascade control and give the applications of Cascade control.
- 3. Write an essay on continuous cycling method of controller settlings.
- 4. A PD controller is used to control first order system with first order measuring element. Determine the expression for the offset for servomechanism control problem.
- 5. (a) How do you define the order of system?
 - (b) Give one example each for first order and second order systems and explain.
 - (c) Write transfer function for second order system and explain the terms.
 - (d) Explain damping factor. [2+6+4+4]
- 6. (a) Write a note on cavitation and flashing problems in control valves.
 - (b) A valve discharges from a tank with a head of 20ft of water to a tank with a head of 10ft and maximum flow rate is 100gpm. Calculate the value of Cv.

[8+8]

- 7. A control loop has four first order elements with time constants of 10, 2,1 and
 - (a) What is the critical frequency?
 - (b) What is the maximum overall gain? [8+8]
- 8. Explain in detail about Environmental Biosensors?

www.firstranker.com

R07

III B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010 INSTRUMENTATION AND PROCESS CONTROL **Bio-Technology**

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A62304

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. What is meant by multiloop control system? Describe the feed forward control system with a diagram.
- 2. (a) Describe the damped oscillation method of controller settlings.
 - (b) Write short notes on Cohen coon settlings.
- 3. The block diagram of a unity feedback proportional controller is given in the following figure 3. Derive the transfer function for servomechanism control problem.

8+8]



- 4. A temperature alarm unit exhibit first order dynamics having time constant of 90sec is subjected to 90°C rise because of fire. An increase of 30°C is needed for the alarm to respond. Calculate the time needed for signalling the temperature range. [16]
- 5. Two non-interacting tanks are connected in series. The time constants are $\tau_1 = \tau_2$ =1 and $R_2 = 1$. Sketch the response of the level in tank2 if a unit step change is made in the inlet flow rate to tank1. [16]
- 6. (a) What is a bioreceptor? What are the common bioreceptors?
 - (b) Discuss the applications of Biosensors in Aquatic & Soil samples? [8+8]
- 7. (a) What is meant by direct acting and indirect acting in pneumatic actuators.
 - (b) Explain the working of a pneumatic amplifier. [8+8]
- 8. A flow control system has a valve time constant of 10 seconds, a process time constant of 0.5 second and measurement time constant of 1.0 second. What is the maximum permissible value of K. [16]