R07

IV B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 EM WAVES AND TRANSMISSION LINES Electronics And Computer Engineering

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A71002

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks ****

- 1. (a) Explain about attenuation in parallel-plate wave guides. Also draw attenuation versus frequency characteristics of waves guided between parallel conducting plates.
 - (b) Derive the relation $\lambda = \frac{\lambda_c \lambda_g}{\sqrt{\lambda_g^2 + \lambda_c^2}}$ where λ is free space wave length, λ_g is the wave length measured in the guide, and λ_c is the cut off wave length. [8+8]
- 2. (a) State and explain Coulomb's law using vector form of Coulomb's force expression.
 - (b) Find the force on a charge of -100 mC located at P (2, 0, 5) in free space due to another charge 300 μ C located at Q (1, 2, 3).
 - (c) State and express Gauss's law in both integral and differential forms. [8+4+4]
- 3. (a) Derive and explain the Maxwell's equations in point form and integral form.
 - (b) Given the conduction current density in a lossy dielectric as $J_c = 0.02 \sin 10^9 t (A/m^2)$. find the displacement current density if $\sigma = 10^3 S/m$ and $\epsilon r = 6.5$. [8+8]
- 4. (a) A plane sinusoidal electromagnetic wave travelling in space has $E_{max} = 1500 \mu v/m$
 - i. Find the accompanying H_{max}
 - ii. The average power transmitted
 - (b) The electric field intersity associated with a plane wave travelling in a perfect dielectric medium is given by $E_x(z, t) = 10 \cos (2\pi \times 10^7 t 0.1 \pi z) v/m$
 - i. What is the velocity of propagation
 - ii. Write down an expression for the magnetic field intesity associated with the wave if $\mu = \mu_0$ [4+4+8]
- 5. (a) Find magnetic field strength, H, on the Z- axis at a point P(0,0,h), due to a current carrying circular loop, $x^2 + y^2 = A^2$ in Z=0 plane.
 - (b) Find the total magnetic flux crossing a surface, $\phi = \frac{\pi}{2}$, $1 \le \rho \le 2$ and $0 \le Z \le 5$ due to a vector magnetic potential $\overline{A} = (-\rho^2/4).\widehat{z}$ webers/m. [8+8]
- 6. (a) Determine the resultant Electric and Magnetic fields of plane wave when it is incident on a perfect conductor normally.
 - (b) A plane wave traveling in a medium of $\varepsilon_r = 1, \mu_r = 1$ has an electric field intensity of $100 \times \sqrt{\pi}$ V/m. Determine the energy density in the magnetic field and also the total energy density. [8+8]

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Set No. 2

- 7. (a) Explain what is meant by voltage reflection coefficient in a transmission line The voltage reflection coefficient due to load connected to a lossless transmission line of characteristic impedance 100 Ω and working at 3 GHz is 0.5, 45°. Assuming the load voltage to be 10 V, calculate the r.m.s voltage and current at intervals of one fourth wave length from the load up to a distance 5 cm.
 - (b) A 75 Ω line is terminated by a load of $120 + j80 \ \Omega$. Find the maximum and minimum impedances on the line. [10+6]
- 8. (a) An open-wire transmission line having $Z_0 = 650, -12^0\Omega$ is terminated in Z_0 at the receiving end. If this line is supplied from a source of internal resistance 300Ω , calculate the reflection factor and reflection loss at the sending end terminals.
 - (b) A two wire line has a characteristic impedance of 600 Ω and is to feed a 180 Ω resistor at 200 MHz. A half wave line is to be used as a tube, 1.2cm in diameter .Find centre to-centre spacing in air? [8+8]

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- (a) What is capacitance? Derive an expression for capacitance of two parallel plates of surface area 'A' separated by a distance 'd' and filled with a dielectric of relative dielectric constant, '∈_r' in between the plates, neglect fringing effects.
 - (b) Derive an expression for energy stored in a capacitor.
 - (c) A parallel plate capacitor with free space between the plates is connected to a constant source of voltage. Determine the energy stored in the capacitor, capacitance value, and the difference in surface charge density by inserting a dielectric of $\in_r = 2$ between the plates. [6+4+6]
- 2. (a) Derive the relation $\lambda = \frac{\lambda_c \lambda_g}{\sqrt{\lambda_g^2 + \lambda_c^2}}$ where λ is free space wave length, λ_g is the wave length measured in the guide, and λ_c is the cut off wave length.
 - (b) Explain the impossibility of TEM wave propagation in wave guides. [10+6]
- 3. (a) State Ampere's circuital law. Specify the conditions to be met for determining magnetic field strength, H, based on Ampere's circuital law.
 - (b) A long straight conductor with radius 'a' has a magnetic field strength $H = (Ir/2\pi a^2) \hat{a}_{\phi}$ within the conductor (r < a) and $H = (I/2\pi r) \hat{a}_{\phi}$ outside the conductor (r > a) Find the current density J in both the regions (r < and r > a)
 - (c) Define Magnetic flux density and vector magnetic potential. [4+8+4]
- 4. (a) Give a neat sketch for a smith chart and explain clearly, step by step how would you use this chart to
 - i. Calculate the complex reflection coefficient
 - ii. Transfer impedance from one point to other along the line.
 - iii. Determine the length and location of a short circuited stub line for impedance matching purpose.
 - (b) Discuss the merits and demerits of stub matching techniques [12+4]
- 5. (a) Given H=800az cos $(3x10^8t y)$ A/m in free space. Find the emf developed in the general direction about the closed path having corners at
 - i. (0,0,0)(1,0,0), (1,1,0) and (0,1,0)
 - ii. $(0,0,0), (2\pi,0,0), (2\pi,2\pi,0)$ and $(0,2\pi,0)$
 - (b) Define boundary conditions for conductor- conductor surface. [8+8]

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Set No. 4

- 6. (a) A transmission line of length 70 meters is terminated in an impedance of $Z_R=125+j48.$ If the frequency is 3 MHz and the characteristic impedance is 230 Ω , find the sending end impedance using Smith chart, explaining the procedure.
 - (b) What is meant by inductive loading? With the help of suitable expressions explain the advantage of loading and also discuss the disadvantages. [8+8]
- 7. The compex Electric field vector of a uniform plane wave propagated in free space is given by $E = (-i - 2)\overline{3}j + \overline{3}k e^{-j0.04\pi(\sqrt{3}x - 2y - 3z)}v/m$ [4 × 4]
 - (a) What is the direction of propagation
 - (b) Find the wave length in the direction of propagation
 - (c) Find the frequency of wave
 - (d) Find the apparent wave lengths and the apparect velocities along x, y and z axes
- 8. An EM wave in dielectric medium 1 (ε_1, μ_0) impinges obliquely on a boundary plane with dielectric medium 2 (ε_2, μ_0). Let θ_1, θ_t denote the incident and refraction angles respectively and show that for perpendicular polarization, reflection coefficient is equal to

and transmission coefficient is
$$\frac{\sin(\theta_t - \theta_i)}{\sin(\theta_t + \theta_i)}$$

$$\frac{2\sin\theta_t\cos\theta_i}{\sin(\theta_i + \theta_t)}$$

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- 1. (a) Obtain an expression Reflection coefficient when a wave is incident on a dielectric obliquely with perpendicular polarization.
 - (b) Define surface impedance and explain how it exists.
- 2. (a) What is the inconsistency of Amperes law?
 - (b) A circular loop conductor of radius 0.1m lies in the z=0plane and has a resistance of 5Ω given B=0.20 sin 10^3 t az T. Determine the current. [8+8]
- 3. (a) State and prove Gauss's law. Express Gauss's law in both integral and differential forms.
 - (b) Discuss the salient features and limitations of Gauss's law .
 - (c) Derive Poisson's and Laplace's equations starting from Gauss's law. [6+4+6]
- 4. (a) A low loss co-axial cable of characteristic impedance of 50 ohms is terminated with a resistive load of 75 ohms. The peak voltage across the load is found to be 30 volts. Calculate
 - i. The reflection coefficient of the load.
 - ii. The amplitude of the forward and reflected voltage waves.
 - iii. The amplitude of the forward and reflected current waves.
 - iv. The VSWR
 - (b) What are the applications of smith chart? Explain any one of it? [8+8]
- 5. (a) State Maxwell's equations for magneto static fields.
 - (b) Show that the magnetic field due to a finite current element along Z axis at a point P, 'r' distance away along y- axis is given by $H = (I/4\pi r)(\sin \alpha_1 \sin \alpha_2).\hat{a}_{\phi}$ where I is the current through the conductor , α_1 and α_2 are the angles made by the tips of the conductor element at P. [6+10]
- 6. Given $E = Em \sin (wt \beta z)$ ay in free space. Find D, β and H. Show that E and H fields constitute a wave travelling in Z direction verify that the speed and $\frac{E}{H}$ depend only on the properties of free space. [16]
- 7. (a) Prove that a line of finite length and terminated by its characteristic impedance Z_0 is equivalent to a line of infinite length.
 - (b) Draw the equivalent circuit of a transmission line and explain all parameters for the cases of

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Set No. 1

- i. lossy lines,
- ii. lossless line.

[6+10]

- 8. (a) Explain about attenuation in parallel-plate wave guides. Also draw attenuation versus frequency characteristics of waves guided between parallel conducting plates.
 - (b) A parallel plate wave guide made of two perfectly conducting infinite planes spaced 3 cm apart in air operates at a frequency of 10 GHz. Find the maximum time average power that can be propagated per unit width of the guide for TE_1 and TM_1 modes. [8+8]

KRANKE

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IV B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 EM WAVES AND TRANSMISSION LINES Electronics And Computer Engineering

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- 1. (a) State and prove Poynting theorem.
 - (b) In a non-magnetic medium $E = 4 \sin((2\pi x \ 10^7 \ t 0.8 \ x)) a_z V/m$. Find
 - i. the time-average power carried by the wave
 - ii. total power crossing 100 cm^2 of plane 2x+y = 5.
- 2. (a) Find the differential magnetic field dH due to a differential current element, I dl placed at the origin in the positive Z- direction, at a point $P(r, \theta, \phi)$.
 - (b) A current filament of 5 Amperes is placed along a parallel line to the x-axis at y=2m and Z=-2m. Find the magnetic field strength, H at the origin. [8+8]
- 3. (a) For a parallel plane wave guide having z-propagation, explain the nature of variation and sketch the variation of E and H for TM_{10} waves.
 - (b) Explain the impossibility of TEM wave propagation in wave guides. [10+6]
- 4. (a) Derive the expression for the input impedance of a transmission line of length L
 - (b) Explain the application of smith's chart. [8+8]
- 5. (a) Obtain the relation between E and H in a uniform plane wave.
 - (b) A Uniform plane wave propagating in a medium has $E = 2e^{-\alpha z} \sin(10^8 t \beta z)$ ay v/m. If the medium is characterized by $\in r=1$, $\mu r=20$ and $\sigma =3$ mho /m. find α , β and H.

[8+8]

[6+8+2]

8+8]

- 6. (a) State and Prove Gauss's law. List the limitations of Gauss's law.
 - (b) Derive an expression for the electric field strength due to a circular ring of radius 'a' and uniform charge density, $\rho_L C/m$, using Gauss's law. Obtain the value of height 'h' along z-axis at which the net electric field becomes zero. Assume the ring to be placed in x-y plane.
 - (c) Define Electric potential.
- 7. (a) Derive Maxwell's equations from their basics.
 - (b) Given the time-varying magnetic field $B=(0.5\bar{a}x+0.6\bar{a}y-0.3\bar{a}z)$ Cos 5000t T and a square filamentary loop with its corners at (2,3,0), (2,-3,0), (-2,3,0) and (-2,-3,0). Find the time varying current flowing in the general $a\phi$ direction if the total loop resistance is 400k Ω . [8+8]

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Set No. 3

- (a) Explain the meaning of the terms characteristic impedance and propagation 8. constant of a uniform transmission line and obtain the expressions for them in terms of Parameters of line?
 - (b) A telephone wire 20 km long has the following constants per loop km resistance 90 Ω , capacitance 0.062 μF , inductance 0.001H and leakage = 1.5 x 10⁻⁶ mhos. The line is terminated in its characteristic impedance and a potential difference of 2.1 V having a frequency of 1000 Hz is applied at the sending end. Calculate :
 - i. The characteristic impedance
 - ii. Wavelength.
 - iii. The velocity of propagation

[8+8]2 R