NR/RR

Set No. 2

II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 PULSE AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS

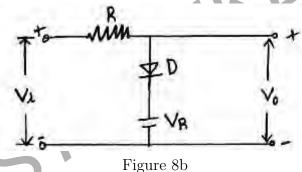
Common to Electronics And Computer Engineering, Electronics And Telematics, Electronics And Communication Engineering, Electrical And **Electronics Engineering**

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- (a) Give the circuits of series clipper circuits and explain their operation with the help of transfer characteristics.
 - (b) For the circuit shown in the figure 8b: sketch the input and output waveforms if $R = 1 K\Omega$



$$V_R = 10 \text{ V}, V_i = 20 \text{ Sin } \omega t$$

$$R_f = 100 \Omega R_r = \infty$$

$$V_{\gamma} = 0$$

(a) Distinguish between logic gate and sampling gate.

[4]

(b) Why is a sampling referred as a linear gate?

- [4]
- (c) Illustrate the principle of operation of a linear gate using series switch and shunt switch. What are the disadvantages? [8]
- 3. Design a Schmitt trigger circuit using n-p-n silicon transistors to meet the following specifications:

 $V_{cc}=12v$, UTP=4v, LTP=2v, $h_{fe}=60$, $I_{c2}=3mA$.

Use relevant assumptions and the empirical relationships.

- 4. (a) Define the terms:
 - i. Slope or sweep speed error and

[6]

[16]

- ii. Displacement error
- (b) An exponential sweep results when a capacitor is charged from a supply voltage V through a resistor R. If the peak sweep voltage is V_s , derive an expression for slope error (es). [10]

NR/RR

Set No. 2

- 5. (a) Explain the behavior of a BJT as a switch. Give Applications. [8]
 - (b) Write a short note on switching times of a transistor. [8]
- 6. (a) Draw the block diagram and waveforms for a divider without phase jitter. [8]
 - (b) Frequency division of 6:1 is obtained with an astable multivibrator negative pulses are applied to both bases of the n-p-n transistors. The OFF time of Q_1 is twice that of Q_2 . Sketch the wave shapes at B_1 and B_2 , showing superimposed pulses. [8]
- 7. (a) Verify $V_1 = \frac{V}{1+e^{-T/2RC}}$ $V_1' = \frac{V}{1+e^{T/2RC}}$ (figure1a)

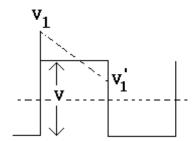


Figure 1a

For a symmetrical square wave applied to a high pass RC circuit.

- (b) Draw the RC high pass circuit and explain its working with step voltage input. [10+6]
- 8. (a) Compare the diode controlled and RC controlled astable operated blocking oscillator. [6]
 - (b) What are the advantages of RC controlled oscillator? [4]
 - (c) List the applications of blocking oscillators. [6]

NR/RR

Set No. 4

[16]

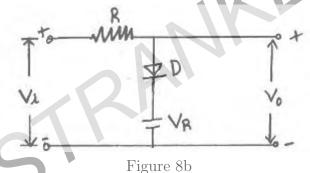
II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 PULSE AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS

Common to Electronics And Computer Engineering, Electronics And Telematics, Electronics And Communication Engineering, Electrical And Electronics Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

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- 1. (a) Give the circuits of series clipper circuits and explain their operation with the help of transfer characteristics. [8]
 - (b) For the circuit shown in the figure 8b : sketch the input and output waveforms if $R = 1 \text{ K}\Omega$



= 10 V $V_i = 20 \sin \omega t$

$$R_f = 100 \Omega R_r = \infty$$

 $V_{\gamma} = 0$

- 2. (a) Compare the diode controlled and RC controlled astable operated blocking oscillator. [6]
 - (b) What are the advantages of RC controlled oscillator? [4]
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- 3. (a) Draw the block diagram and waveforms for a divider without phase jitter. [8]
 - (b) Frequency division of 6:1 is obtained with an astable multivibrator negative pulses are applied to both bases of the n-p-n transistors. The OFF time of Q_1 is twice that of Q_2 . Sketch the wave shapes at B_1 and B_2 , showing superimposed pulses. [8]
- 4. Design a Schmitt trigger circuit using n-p-n silicon transistors to meet the following specifications:

 $V_{cc}=12v$, UTP=4v, LTP=2v, $h_{fe}=60$, $I_{c2}=3mA$.

Use relevant assumptions and the empirical relationships.

5. (a) Define the terms:

NR/RR

Set No.

i. Slope or sweep speed error and

[6]

- ii. Displacement error
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- 6. (a) Verify $V_1 = \frac{V}{1+e^{-T/2RC}}$ $V_1' = \frac{V}{1+e^{T/2RC}}$ (figure1a)

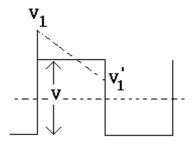


Figure 1a

For a symmetrical square wave applied to a high pass RC circuit.

(b) Draw the RC high pass circuit and explain its working with step voltage input.

[10+6]

- (a) Distinguish between logic gate and sampling gate. [4]
 - (b) Why is a sampling referred as a linear gate? [4]
 - (c) Illustrate the principle of operation of a linear gate using series switch and shunt switch. What are the disadvantages? [8]
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NR/RR

Set No. 1

II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 PULSE AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS

Common to Electronics And Computer Engineering, Electronics And Telematics, Electronics And Communication Engineering, Electrical And Electronics Engineering

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) Compare the diode controlled and RC controlled astable operated blocking oscillator. [6]
 - (b) What are the advantages of RC controlled oscillator? [4]
 - (c) List the applications of blocking oscillators. [6]
- 2. Design a Schmitt trigger circuit using n-p-n silicon transistors to meet the following specifications:

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Use relevant assumptions and the empirical relationships. [16]

- 3. (a) Define the terms:
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[6]

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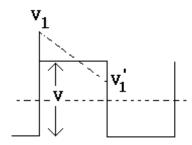


Figure 1a

For a symmetrical square wave applied to a high pass RC circuit.

- (b) Draw the RC high pass circuit and explain its working with step voltage input. [10+6]
- 5. (a) Explain the behavior of a BJT as a switch. Give Applications.
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NR/RR

Set No.

- (a) Draw the block diagram and waveforms for a divider without phase jitter. [8]
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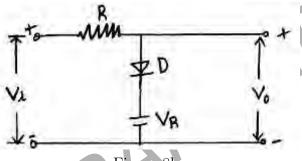


Figure 8b

$$V_R = 10 \text{ V}, V_i = 20 \text{ Sin } \omega t$$

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- 8. (a) Distinguish between logic gate and sampling gate.

(b) Why is a sampling referred as a linear gate?

[4]

[4]

(c) Illustrate the principle of operation of a linear gate using series switch and shunt switch. What are the disadvantages? [8]

NR/RR

Set No. 3

[4]

II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 PULSE AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS

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Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

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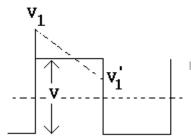


Figure 1a

For a symmetrical square wave applied to a high pass RC circuit.

- (b) Draw the RC high pass circuit and explain its working with step voltage input. [10+6]
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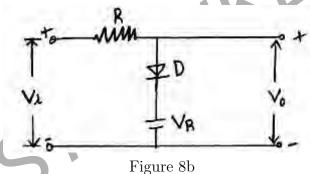
NR/RR

Set No. 3

- 6. (a) Define the terms:
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