

Code No: R05210201

R05**Set No. 2****II B.TECH – I SEM EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER - 2010****MATHEMATICS-III**

Common to ICE, E.COMP.E, ETM, E.CONT.E, EIE, ECE, EEE

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions
All Questions carry equal marks

1. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{a+b\cos\theta}$, $a>0$, $b>0$ using residue theorem.
(b) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(1+x^2)^2}$ using residue theorem. [8+8]
2. (a) Show that the transformation $w=z+1/z$ maps the circle $|z|=c$ into the ellipse $u=(c+1/c)\cos\theta$, $v=(c-1/c)\sin\theta$. Also discuss the case when $c=1$ in detail.
(b) Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points $(2, i, -2)$ into the points $(1, i, -1)$. [8+8]
3. (a) Prove that $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2tx+t^2}} = P_0(x) + P_1(x)t + P_2(x)t^2 + \dots$
(b) Write $J_{5/2}(x)$ in finite form. [8+8]
4. (a) Find the analytic function whose imaginary part is $f(x,y) = x^3y - xy^3 + xy + x + y$ where $z = x+iy$.
(b) Prove that $\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2}\right) |Real f(z)|^2 = 2|f'(z)|^2$ where $w = f(z)$ is analytic. [8+8]
5. (a) Show that when $|z+1| < 1$, $z^{-2} = 1 + \sum_{n=1}^\infty (n+1)(z+1)^n$.
(b) Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2-z-6}$ about (i) $z = -1$ (ii) $z = 1$. [8+8]
6. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^1 x^4 \left(\log \frac{1}{x}\right)^3 dx$ using $\beta - \Gamma$ functions.
(b) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{x dx}{(1+x^6)}$ using $\beta - \Gamma$ functions.
(c) Evaluate $\int_0^{-1} x^4 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx$ using $\beta - \Gamma$ functions. [5+6+5]
7. (a) Show that $\int_C (z+1) dz = 0$ where C is the boundary of the square whose vertices at the points $z = 0$, $z = 1$, $z = 1+i$, $z = i$.
(b) If $F(a) = \int_C \frac{3z^2+7z+1}{(z-a)} dz$ using Cauchy's integral formula where c is $|z| = 2$ find $F(1)$ $F(3)$ $F''(1-i)$. [8+8]
8. (a) Find the residue of $f(z) = \frac{z^2-2z}{(z+1)^2(z^2+1)}$ at each pole.

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(b) Evaluate $\oint_c \frac{4-3z}{z(z-1)(z-2)} dz$ where c is the circle $|z| = \frac{3}{2}$ using residue theorem.

[8+8]

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R05**Set No. 4****II B.TECH – I SEM EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER - 2010****MATHEMATICS-III**

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1. (a) Show that $\int_C (z+1) dz = 0$ where C is the boundary of the square whose vertices at the points $z = 0, z = 1, z = 1+i, z = i$.
 (b) If $F(z) = \int_C \frac{3z^2+7z+1}{(z-a)} dz$ using Cauchy's integral formula where c is $|z| = 2$ find $F(1) F(3) F''(1-i)$. [8+8]
2. (a) Show that the transformation $w = z + 1/z$ maps the circle $|z| = c$ into the ellipse $u = (c+1/c) \cos \theta, v = (c-1/c) \sin \theta$. Also discuss the case when $c=1$ in detail.
 (b) Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points $(2, i, -2)$ into the points $(1, i, -1)$. [8+8]
3. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^1 x^4 \left(\log \frac{1}{x}\right)^3 dx$ using $\beta - \Gamma$ functions.
 (b) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{x dx}{(1+x^6)}$ using $\beta - \Gamma$ functions.
 (c) Evaluate $\int_0^{-1} x^4 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx$ using $\beta - \Gamma$ functions. [5+6+5]
4. (a) Find the residue of $f(z) = \frac{z^2-2z}{(z+1)^2(z^2+1)}$ at each pole.
 (b) Evaluate $\oint_c \frac{4-3z}{z(z-1)(z-2)} dz$ where c is the circle $|z| = \frac{3}{2}$ using residue theorem. [8+8]
5. (a) Prove that $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2tx+t^2}} = P_0(x) + P_1(x) t + P_2(x) t^2 + \dots$
 (b) Write $J_{5/2}(x)$ in finite form. [8+8]
6. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{a+b \cos \theta}, a>0, b>0$ using residue theorem.
 (b) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(1+x^2)^2}$ using residue theorem. [8+8]
7. (a) Show that when $|z+1| < 1, z^{-2} = 1 + \sum_{n=1}^\infty (n+1)(z+1)^n$.
 (b) Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2-z-6}$ about (i) $z = -1$ (ii) $z = 1$. [8+8]
8. (a) Find the analytic function whose imaginary part is $f(x,y) = x^3y - xy^3 + xy + x + y$ where $z = x+iy$.

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(b) Prove that $\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2}\right) |Real f(z)|^2 = 2|f'(z)|^2$ where $w = f(z)$ is analytic.

[8+8]

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(b) Prove that $\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2}\right) |Real f(z)|^2 = 2|f'(z)|^2$ where $w = f(z)$ is analytic. [8+8]
2. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{a+b \cos \theta}$, $a>0$, $b>0$ using residue theorem.
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(b) Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points $(2, i, -2)$ into the points $(1, i, -1)$. [8+8]
4. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^1 x^4 \left(\log \frac{1}{x}\right)^3 dx$ using $\beta - \Gamma$ functions.
(b) Evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x dx}{(1+x^6)}$ using $\beta - \Gamma$ functions.
(c) Evaluate $\int_0^{-1} x^4 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx$ using $\beta - \Gamma$ functions. [5+6+5]
5. (a) Find the residue of $f(z) = \frac{Z^2-2Z}{(Z+1)^2(Z^2+1)}$ at each pole.
(b) Evaluate $\oint_c \frac{4-3z}{z(z-1)(z-2)} dz$ where c is the circle $|z| = \frac{3}{2}$ using residue theorem. [8+8]
6. (a) Prove that $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2tx+t^2}} = P_0(x) + P_1(x) t + P_2(x) t^2 + \dots$
(b) Write $J_{5/2}(x)$ in finite form. [8+8]
7. (a) Show that when $|z+1| < 1$, $z^{-2} = 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (n+1)(z+1)^n$.
(b) Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2-z-6}$ about (i) $z = -1$ (ii) $z = 1$. [8+8]
8. (a) Show that $\int_C (z+1) dz = 0$ where C is the boundary of the square whose vertices at the points $z = 0, z = 1, z = 1+i, z = i$.

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- (b) If $F(a) = \int_C \frac{3z^2 + 7z + 1}{(z-a)} dz$ using Cauchy's integral formula where C is $|z| = 2$ find $F(1)$ $F(3)$ $F''(1-i)$. [8+8]

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R05**Set No. 3****II B.TECH – I SEM EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER - 2010****MATHEMATICS-III**

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2. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{a+b \cos \theta}$, $a>0$, $b>0$ using residue theorem.
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5. (a) Show that when $|z+1| < 1$, $z^{-2} = 1 + \sum_{n=1}^\infty (n+1)(z+1)^n$.
(b) Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 - z - 6}$ about (i) $z = -1$ (ii) $z = 1$. [8+8]
6. (a) Show that $\int_C (z+1) dz = 0$ where C is the boundary of the square whose vertices at the points $z = 0$, $z = 1$, $z = 1+i$, $z = i$.
(b) If $F(a) = \int_C \frac{3z^2 + 7z + 1}{(z-a)} dz$ using Cauchy's integral formula where c is $|z| = 2$ find $F(1)$ $F(3)$ $F''(1-i)$. [8+8]
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(b) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{x dx}{(1+x^6)}$ using $\beta - \Gamma$ functions.

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(c) Evaluate $\int_0^{-1} x^4 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx$ using $\beta - \Gamma$ functions.

[5+6+5]

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