

Code No: R05210801

**R05****Set No. 2**

**II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010**  
**FLUID MECHANICS FOR CHEMICAL ENGINEERS**  
**Chemical Engineering**

**Time: 3 hours****Max Marks: 80**

**Answer any FIVE Questions**  
**All Questions carry equal marks**

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1. (a) Derive the continuity equation for a compressible fluid.  
 (b) Derive the energy equation for a compressible fluid. [8+8]
2. Write short notes on:
  - (a) Gravity decanter
  - (b) Manometer
  - (c) Centrifugal decanter. [6+4+6]
3. (a) Define 'Equivalent diameter' for fluid flow through ducts of noncircular diameter.  
 (b) Calculate the hydraulic mean diameter of the annular space between a 4 cm and 6 cm tubes.  
 (c) Draw velocity profile for laminar flow in a circular pipe. [5+5+6]
4. (a) Explain the construction of an orifice meter with a neat sketch.  
 (b) Discuss the pressure recovery in an orifice meter and venturi meter. [8+8]
5. Describe the following with the help of neat sketches.
  - (a) swing check valve
  - (b) simple stuffing box
  - (c) liquid flow through a centrifugal pump
  - (d) efficiency curve for an ideal and actual centrifugal pump. [4+4+4+4]
6. Define the following:
  - (a) Steady and Unsteady flow
  - (b) Uniform and Non-Uniform flow
  - (c) Laminar and Turbulent flow
  - (d) Stream lines and stream tube. [4+4+4+4]
7. (a) What is the superficial velocity and how is it related to the average velocity in the packed bed Describe the term shape factor.  
 (b) A particle of specific gravity 2.6 is falling by gravity in water ( $\mu = 1\text{cp}$ ) at a Reynold's number of 200. What is the size of the particle in microns and its terminal velocity ( $\rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 990\text{Kg/m}^3$ ) ( $C_D = 0.95$ ). [8+8]

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8. (a) A bed of ion-exchange beads of 3.28 m depth is to be washed with water to remove dirt . The average size of particle is 1.1 mm and have a density of  $1.24 \times 10^3 \text{ Kg/m}^3$ . What is the minimum fluidization velocity using water at  $30^\circ\text{C}$ ? What is the corresponding Reynolds Number of the particles? The beads are assumed to be spherical ( $\phi_s = 1$ ) and  $\epsilon_m$  is taken as 0.40.
- (b) Explain the terms:
- Void fraction
  - Shape factor
  - Superficial velocity
  - Interstitial velocity.
- [8+8]

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FIRSTRANKER

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**R05****Set No. 4**

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1. (a) Explain the construction of an orifice meter with a neat sketch.  
 (b) Discuss the pressure recovery in an orifice meter and venturi meter. [8+8]
2. Define the following:  
 (a) Steady and Unsteady flow  
 (b) Uniform and Non-Uniform flow  
 (c) Laminar and Turbulent flow  
 (d) Stream lines and stream tube. [4+4+4+4]
3. Write short notes on:  
 (a) Gravity decanter  
 (b) Manometer  
 (c) Centrifugal decanter. [6+4+6]
4. (a) Derive the continuity equation for a compressible fluid.  
 (b) Derive the energy equation for a compressible fluid. [8+8]
5. (a) Define 'Equivalent diameter' for fluid flow through ducts of noncircular diameter.  
 (b) Calculate the hydraulic mean diameter of the annular space between a 4 cm and 6 cm tubes.  
 (c) Draw velocity profile for laminar flow in a circular pipe. [5+5+6]
6. (a) A bed of ion-exchange beads of 3.28 m depth is to be washed with water to remove dirt. The average size of particle is 1.1 mm and have a density of  $1.24 \times 10^3 \text{ Kg/m}^3$ . What is the minimum fluidization velocity using water at  $30^\circ\text{C}$ ? What is the corresponding Reynolds Number of the particles? The beads are assumed to be spherical ( $\phi_s = 1$ ) and  $\epsilon_m$  is taken as 0.40.  
 (b) Explain the terms:  
     i. Void fraction  
     ii. Shape factor  
     iii. Superficial velocity  
     iv. Interstitial velocity. [8+8]

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7. Describe the following with the help of neat sketches.
- (a) swing check valve
  - (b) simple stuffing box
  - (c) liquid flow through a centrifugal pump
  - (d) efficiency curve for an ideal and actual centrifugal pump. [4+4+4+4]
8. (a) What is the superficial velocity and how is it related to the average velocity in the packed bed Describe the term shape factor.
- (b) A particle of specific gravity 2.6 is falling by gravity in water ( $\mu=1\text{cp}$ ) at a Reynold's number of 200. What is the size of the particle in microns and its terminal velocity ( $\rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}=990\text{Kg/m}^3$ )( $C_D=0.95$ ). [8+8]

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1. Define the following:

- (a) Steady and Unsteady flow
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- (d) Stream lines and stream tube. [4+4+4+4]

2. (a) A bed of ion-exchange beads of 3.28 m depth is to be washed with water to remove dirt. The average size of particle is 1.1 mm and have a density of  $1.24 \times 10^3 \text{ Kg/m}^3$ . What is the minimum fluidization velocity using water at  $30^\circ\text{C}$ ? What is the corresponding Reynolds Number of the particles? The beads are assumed to be spherical ( $\phi_s = 1$ ) and  $\epsilon_m$  is taken as 0.40.

- (b) Explain the terms:
  - i. Void fraction
  - ii. Shape factor
  - iii. Superficial velocity
  - iv. Interstitial velocity. [8+8]

3. (a) Derive the continuity equation for a compressible fluid.

- (b) Derive the energy equation for a compressible fluid. [8+8]

4. (a) Define 'Equivalent diameter' for fluid flow through ducts of noncircular diameter.

- (b) Calculate the hydraulic mean diameter of the annular space between a 4 cm and 6 cm tubes.

- (c) Draw velocity profile for laminar flow in a circular pipe. [5+5+6]

5. Describe the following with the help of neat sketches.

- (a) swing check valve
- (b) simple stuffing box
- (c) liquid flow through a centrifugal pump
- (d) efficiency curve for an ideal and actual centrifugal pump. [4+4+4+4]

6. (a) Explain the construction of an orifice meter with a neat sketch.

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- (b) Discuss the pressure recovery in an orifice meter and venturi meter. [8+8]
7. (a) What is the superficial velocity and how is it related to the average velocity in the packed bed Describe the term shape factor.
- (b) A particle of specific gravity 2.6 is falling by gravity in water ( $\mu = 1\text{cp}$ ) at a Reynold's number of 200. What is the size of the particle in microns and its terminal velocity ( $\rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 990\text{Kg/m}^3$ ) ( $C_D = 0.95$ ). [8+8]
8. Write short notes on:
- (a) Gravity decanter
- (b) Manometer
- (c) Centrifugal decanter. [6+4+6]

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2. (a) A bed of ion-exchange beads of 3.28 m depth is to be washed with water to remove dirt . The average size of particle is 1.1 mm and have a density of  $1.24 \times 10^3 \text{ Kg/m}^3$ . What is the minimum fluidization velocity using water at  $30^\circ\text{C}$ ? What is the corresponding Reynolds Number of the particles? The beads are assumed to be spherical ( $\phi_s = 1$ ) and  $\epsilon_m$  is taken as 0.40.  
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  - i. Void fraction
  - ii. Shape factor
  - iii. Superficial velocity
  - iv. Interstitial velocity. [8+8]
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  - (a) swing check valve
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5. (a) Explain the construction of an orifice meter with a neat sketch.  
 (b) Discuss the pressure recovery in an orifice meter and venturi meter. [8+8]
6. (a) Derive the continuity equation for a compressible fluid.  
 (b) Derive the energy equation for a compressible fluid. [8+8]

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7. Write short notes on:

- (a) Gravity decanter
- (b) Manometer
- (c) Centrifugal decanter.

[6+4+6]

8. (a) Define 'Equivalent diameter' for fluid flow through ducts of noncircular diameter.
- (b) Calculate the hydraulic mean diameter of the annular space between a 4 cm and 6 cm tubes.
- (c) Draw velocity profile for laminar flow in a circular pipe.

[5+5+6]

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