$\mathbf{R05}$

II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY Common to BME, ICE, E.COMP.E, E.CONT.E, EIE

Time: 3 hours

Code No: R05211002

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- 1. (a) Does the Induction motor have any similarities with the transformer? Compare the similarities and differences between them.
 - (b) A 3-phase star connected Induction motor has 55V across its slip rings on open circuit when normal stator voltage is applied. The rotor is star connected and has impedance $(0.7+j5)\Omega$ per phase. Find the rotor current when the machine is
 - i. at stand still with the slip rings connected to a star connected starter with a phase impedance of $(4{+}j3)\Omega$ and
 - ii. running normally with 4% slip. [10+6]

2. Explain with neat sketch the principle of operation of permanent magnet type moving coil instrument. [16]

- 3. (a) Explain the construction and working principle of D.C. motor?
 - (b) A series motor has a resistance of 1Ω between its terminals. The motor runs at 800 r.p.m. at 200V taking a current of 15A. Calculate the speed at which the motor will run when connected in series with a 5 Ω resistance and taking the same current at the same supply voltage. [10+6]
 - 4. (a) Develop the equivalent circuit of a transformer end explain various parameters involved.
 - (b) Draw explain the phasor diagram of transformer under load condition. [8+8]
- 5. (a) Mention the different reasons for the drop in the terminal voltage of a shunt generator when it is loaded?
 - (b) A 4-pole, DC shunt generator, with a shunt field resistance of 100Ω and an armature resistance of 1Ω, has 378 wave connected conductors in its armature. The flux/pole is 0.02Wb. If a load resistance of 10Ω is connected across the armature terminals and the generator is driven at 1000rpm, calculate power absorbed by the load. [6+10]
- 6. (a) Define voltage regulation of a transformer. Deduce the expression for the voltage regulation.
 - (b) The efficiency of a 20 KVA 2500/250 volts single phase transformer at unity power factor is 98% at rated load and also at half rated load. Calculate the core loss and copper losses. [8+8]
- 7. Explain with neat diagrams the principle of operation of

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- (a) synchros
- (b) Stepper motor.
- 8. (a) How e.m.f is induced in an 3-phase alternator? Derive the expression for e.m.f induced in an alternator in terms of pitch and distribution factors.

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[8+8]

(b) Explain the tests to be conducted for predetermining the regulation of alternator. [8+8]

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- 1. (a) Develop the equivalent circuit of a transformer end explain various parameters involved.
 - (b) Draw explain the phasor diagram of transformer under load condition. [8+8]
- 2. Explain with neat sketch the principle of operation of permanent magnet type moving coil instrument. [16]
- 3. (a) Mention the different reasons for the drop in the terminal voltage of a shunt generator when it is loaded?
 - (b) A 4-pole, DC shunt generator, with a shunt field resistance of 100Ω and an armature resistance of 1Ω , has 378 wave connected conductors in its armature. The flux/pole is 0.02Wb. If a load resistance of 10Ω is connected across the armature terminals and the generator is driven at 1000rpm, calculate power absorbed by the load. [6+10]
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- 5. (a) Does the Induction motor have any similarities with the transformer? Compare the similarities and differences between them.
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 - i. at stand still with the slip rings connected to a star connected starter with a phase impedance of $(4+j3)\Omega$ and
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Explain with neat diagrams the principle of operation of

- 6. (a) synchros
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- 7. (a) How e.m.f is induced in an 3-phase alternator? Derive the expression for e.m.f induced in an alternator in terms of pitch and distribution factors.

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- (b) Explain the tests to be conducted for predetermining the regulation of alternator. [8+8]
- 8. (a) Explain the construction and working principle of D.C. motor?
 - (b) A series motor has a resistance of 1Ω between its terminals. The motor runs at 800 r.p.m. at 200V taking a current of 15A. Calculate the speed at which the motor will run when connected in series with a 5 Ω resistance and taking the same current at the same supply voltage. [10+6]

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Time: 3 hours

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Max Marks: 80

[8+8]

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks ****

- 1. (a) Explain the construction and working principle of D.C. motor?
 - (b) A series motor has a resistance of 1Ω between its terminals. The motor runs at 800 r.p.m. at 200V taking a current of 15A. Calculate the speed at which the motor will run when connected in series with a 5 Ω resistance and taking the same current at the same supply voltage. [10+6]
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 - i. at stand still with the slip rings connected to a star connected starter with a phase impedance of $(4+j3)\Omega$ and
 - ii. running normally with 4% slip. [10+6]
- 3. (a) Develop the equivalent circuit of a transformer end explain various parameters involved.
 - (b) Draw explain the phasor diagram of transformer under load condition. [8+8]

4. Explain with neat sketch the principle of operation of permanent magnet type moving coil instrument. [16]

- 5. (a) Define voltage regulation of a transformer. Deduce the expression for the voltage regulation.
 - (b) The efficiency of a 20 KVA 2500/250 volts single phase transformer at unity power factor is 98% at rated load and also at half rated load. Calculate the core loss and copper losses. [8+8]
- 6. Explain with neat diagrams the principle of operation of
 - (a) synchros
 - (b) Stepper motor.
- 7. (a) Mention the different reasons for the drop in the terminal voltage of a shunt generator when it is loaded?

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- (b) A 4-pole, DC shunt generator, with a shunt field resistance of 100Ω and an armature resistance of 1Ω , has 378 wave connected conductors in its armature. The flux/pole is 0.02Wb. If a load resistance of 10Ω is connected across the armature terminals and the generator is driven at 1000rpm, calculate power absorbed by the load. [6+10]
- 8. (a) How e.m.f is induced in an 3-phase alternator? Derive the expression for e.m.f induced in an alternator in terms of pitch and distribution factors.
 - (b) Explain the tests to be conducted for predetermining the regulation of alternator. [8+8]

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Time: 3 hours

Code No: R05211002

Max Marks: 80

[8+8]

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks ****

- 1. (a) How e.m.f is induced in an 3-phase alternator? Derive the expression for e.m.f induced in an alternator in terms of pitch and distribution factors.
 - (b) Explain the tests to be conducted for predetermining the regulation of alternator. [8+8]
- 2. (a) Explain the construction and working principle of D.C. motor?
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5. Explain with neat sketch the principle of operation of permanent magnet type moving coil instrument. [16]

- 6. (a) Does the Induction motor have any similarities with the transformer? Compare the similarities and differences between them.
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- 7. (a) Develop the equivalent circuit of a transformer end explain various parameters involved.

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- (b) Draw explain the phasor diagram of transformer under load condition. [8+8]
- 8. (a) Mention the different reasons for the drop in the terminal voltage of a shunt generator when it is loaded?
 - (b) A 4-pole, DC shunt generator, with a shunt field resistance of 100Ω and an armature resistance of 1Ω, has 378 wave connected conductors in its armature. The flux/pole is 0.02Wb. If a load resistance of 10Ω is connected across the armature terminals and the generator is driven at 1000rpm, calculate power absorbed by the load. [6+10]

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