

Code No: R05311402

**R05****Set No. 2**

**III B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010**  
**FINITE ELEMENT METHODS**  
**Mechatronics**

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions  
 All Questions carry equal marks

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1. If a displacement field is described as follows,  
 $u = (-x^2 + 2y^2 + 6xy)10^{-4}$  and  $v = (3x + 6y - y^2)10^{-4}$   
 Determine the strain components  $\epsilon_{xx}$ ,  $\epsilon_{yy}$ , and  $\epsilon_{xy}$  at the point  $x=1$ ;  $y=0$ . [16]
2. Determine the displacement at node 1 of the truss structure as shown in the figure 2: [16]

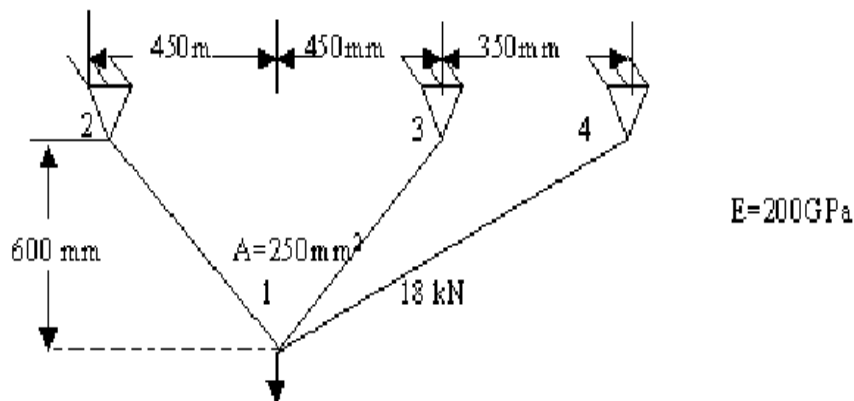


Figure 2

3. Derive the elemental stiffness matrix and load vector for two noded beam element? [16]
4. (a) Derive the shape functions for a Hexahedral element.  
 (b) Explain the various convergence requirements. [8+8]
5. find the displacements and reaction forces for the Fig 3 given below. Assume  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . [16]

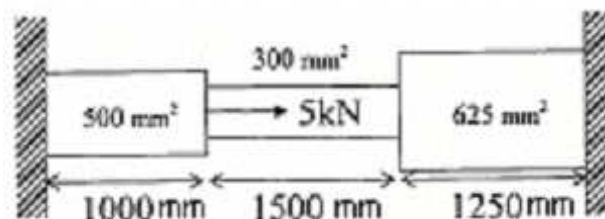


Figure 3

6. A composite wall consists of 4 cm thick wood, 10 cm glass fiber insulation, and 1 cm thick plaster. If the temperature on wood and plaster faces are  $20^\circ\text{C}$  and

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$-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  respectively. Determine the temperature distribution in the wall. Assume the thermal conductivity of wood, glass fiber and plaster are  $0.17, 0.035$  and  $0.5 \text{ W/m K}$  respectively and colder side heat transfer coefficient is  $25 \text{ W/m}^2 \text{ K}$ . [16]

7. Determine the natural frequencies and mode shapes of a stepped bar as shown in figure 8 using the characteristic polynomial technique. Assume  $E = 250 \text{ GPa}$  and density is  $7850 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . [16]

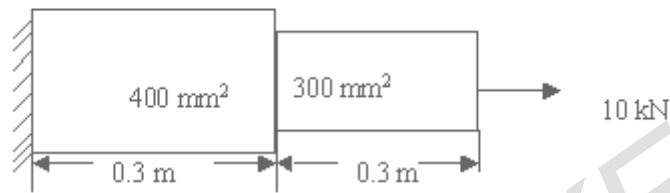


Figure 8

8. The coordinates of the nodes 1, 2 and 3 of a triangular element are  $(1, 1)$ ,  $(8, 4)$  and  $(2, 7)$  in mm. The displacements at the nodes are  $u_1 = 1 \text{ mm}$ ,  $u_2 = 3 \text{ mm}$ ,  $u_3 = -2 \text{ mm}$ ,  $v_1 = -4 \text{ mm}$ ,  $v_2 = 2 \text{ mm}$  and  $v_3 = 5 \text{ mm}$ . Obtain the strain-displacement relations, matrix B and determine the strains  $\varepsilon_x, \varepsilon_y$  and  $\gamma_{xy}$ . [16]

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**R05****Set No. 4**

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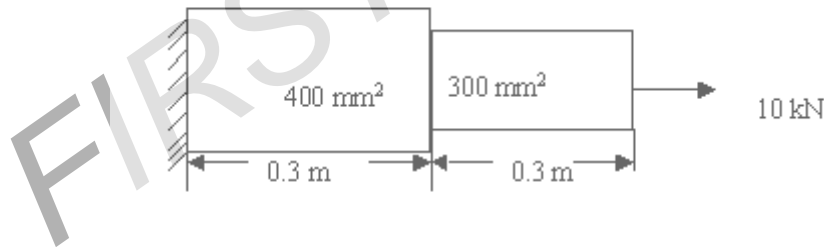


Figure 8

4. The coordinates of the nodes 1, 2 and 3 of a triangular element are (1, 1), (8, 4) and (2, 7) in mm. The displacements at the nodes are  $u_1 = 1 \text{ mm}$ ,  $u_2 = 3 \text{ mm}$ ,  $u_3 = -2 \text{ mm}$ ,  $v_1 = -4 \text{ mm}$ ,  $v_2 = 2 \text{ mm}$  and  $v_3 = 5 \text{ mm}$ . Obtain the strain-displacement relations, matrix B and determine the strains  $\epsilon_x$ ,  $\epsilon_y$  and  $\gamma_{xy}$ . [16]
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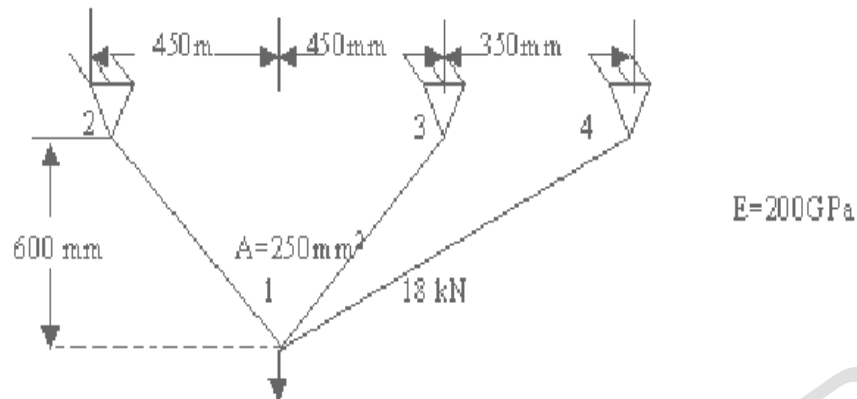
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Figure 2

6. (a) Derive the shape functions for a Hexahedral element.  
(b) Explain the various convergence requirements. [8+8]
7. Derive the elemental stiffness matrix and load vector for two noded beam element? [16]
8. find the displacements and reaction forces for the fig given below. 3. Assume  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . [16]

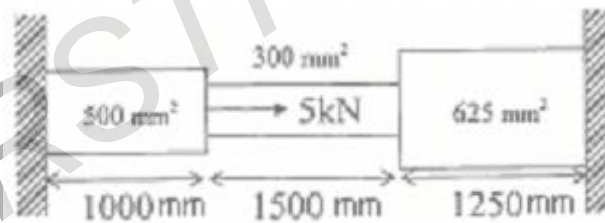


Figure 3

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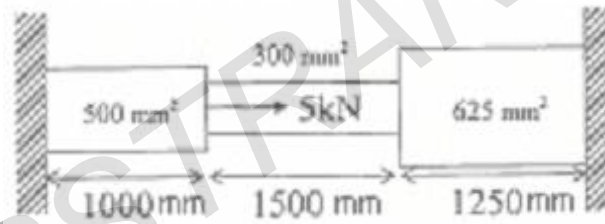


Figure 3

4. (a) Derive the shape functions for a Hexahedral element. [8+8]  
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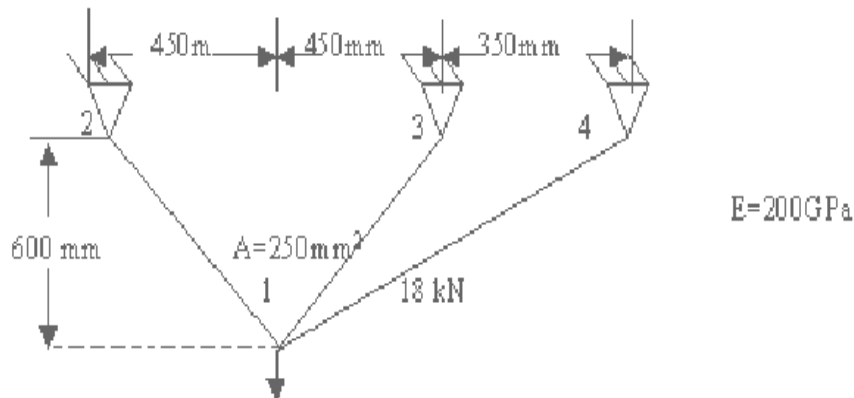


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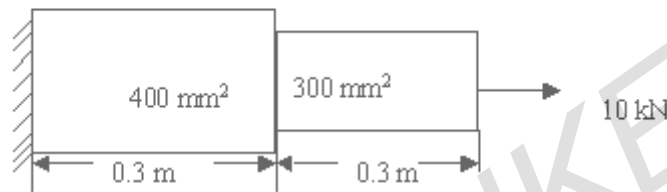


Figure 8

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**R05****Set No. 3**

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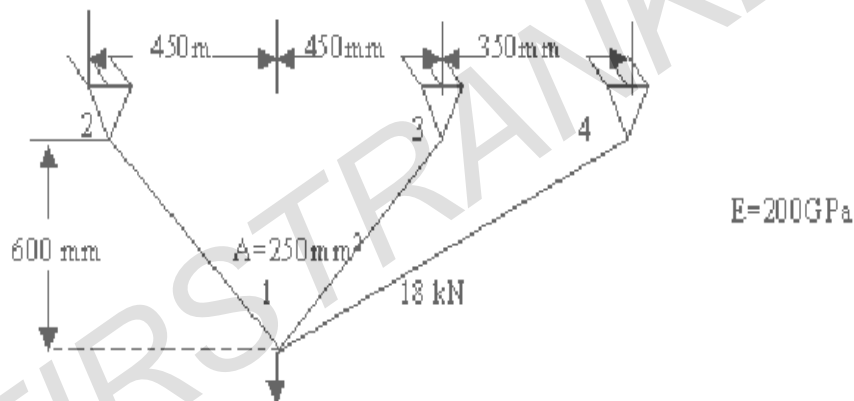


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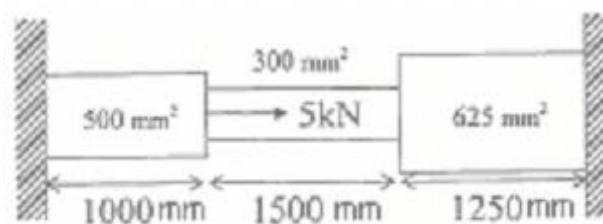


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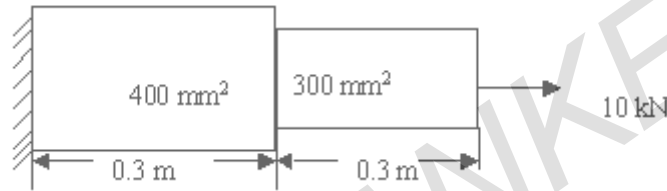


Figure 8

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