

Code No: RR220104

RR

Set No. 2

II B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010
STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS - I
Civil Engineering

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions
 All Questions carry equal marks

1. Determine the slope and displacement at the free end for a cantilever, span L m loaded with UDL of w /m run EI is constant. [16]
2. A beam of uniform section simply supported at the ends carries a concentrated load of 80 kN at mid-span. Find the concentrated load the same beam will carry at mid-span when the ends are built-in and
 - (a) the maximum deflection remains unchanged.
 - (b) the maximum bending moment remains the same. EI is constant. [8+8]
3. Figure 3 shows two views of a tripod bracket. All connections are pinned. Find the forces in magnitude and nature in the three members due to a vertical load of 100 kN acting at O . Use the method of tension coefficients. [16]

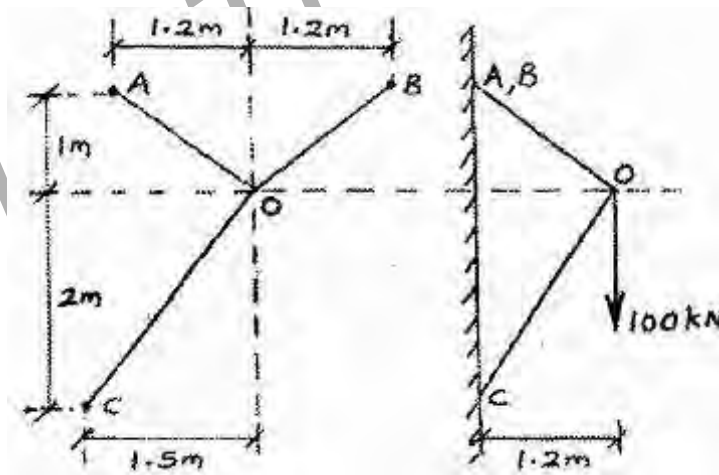


Figure 3

4. Analyse the continuous beam shown in Figure 4 by Clapeyron's theorem of three moments, if support B sinks by 8 mm. Also sketch the BMD, SFD and elastic curve. Take $E = 200 \text{ kN/mm}^2$ and $I = 0.8 \times 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$. [16]

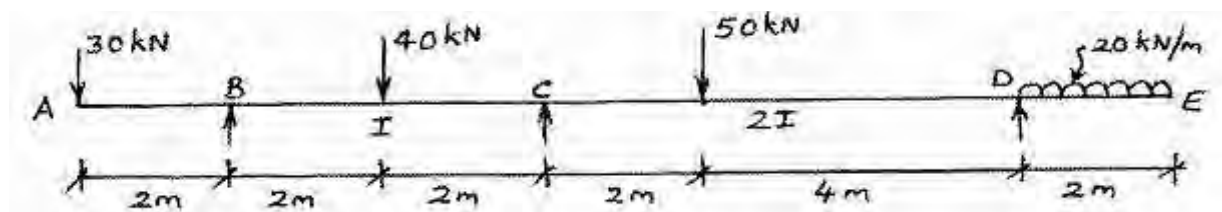


Figure 4

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5. A moving load of 50 kN/m and, 4 m long, crosses a girder of 16 m span. Calculate the maximum B.M at a section 5 m from the left hand support. [16]
6. (a) Differentiate between static indeterminacy and kinematic indeterminacy of a structure?
- (b) Find the forces in the members of the frame shown in Figure 6b the quantity "AE" is count for all the members. [6+10]

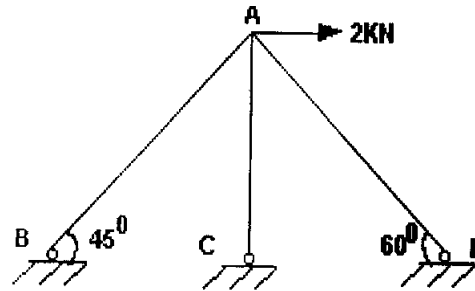


Figure 6b

7. A beam ABC is supported at A, B and C and has an internal hinge at D at a distance of 3 m from A. $AB=6\text{ m}$ and $BC=9\text{ m}$. Draw the influence lines for the reactions at supports and S.F and B.M at a point 1 m from B in the span BC. [16]
8. Draw the bending moment and shear force diagram of a propped cantilever beam of span 6 m due to a point load of 6 kN at the mid span. [16]

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1. Draw the bending moment and shear force diagram of a propped cantilever beam of span 6m due to a point load of 6 kN at the mid span. [16]
2. Determine the slope and displacement at the free end for a cantilever, span L m loaded with UDL of w /m run EI is constant. [16]
3. Analyse the continuous beam shown in Figure 3 by Clapeyron's theorem of three moments, if support B sinks by 8mm. Also sketch the BMD, SFD and elastic curve. Take $E = 200 \text{ kN/mm}^2$ and $I = 0.8 \times 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$. [16]

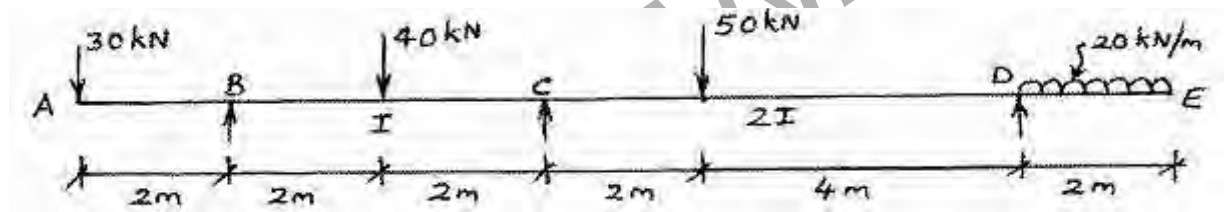


Figure 3

4. A moving load of 50kN/m and, 4 m long, crosses a girder of 16 m span. Calculate the maximum B.M at a section 5 m from the left hand support. [16]
5. A beam of uniform section simply supported at the ends carries a concentrated load of 80 kN at mid-span. Find the concentrated load the same beam will carry at mid-span when the ends are built-in and
 - (a) the maximum deflection remains unchanged.
 - (b) the maximum bending moment remains the same. EI is constant. [8+8]
6. A beam ABC is supported at A, B and C and has an internal hinge at D at a distance of 3m from A. $AB=6\text{m}$ and $BC=9\text{m}$. Draw the influence lines for the reactions at supports and S.F and B.M at a point 1m from B in the span BC. [16]
7. Figure 7 shows two views of a tripod bracket. All connections are pinned. Find the forces in magnitude and nature in the three members due to a vertical load of 100kN acting at O. Use the method of tension coefficients. [16]

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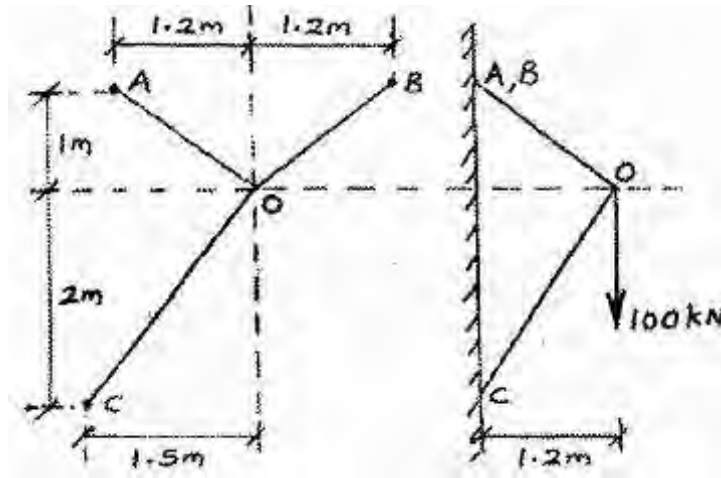


Figure 7

8. (a) Differentiate between static indeterminacy and kinematic indeterminacy of a structure?
- (b) Find the forces in the members of the frame shown in Figure 8b the quantity "AE" is count for all the members. [6+10]

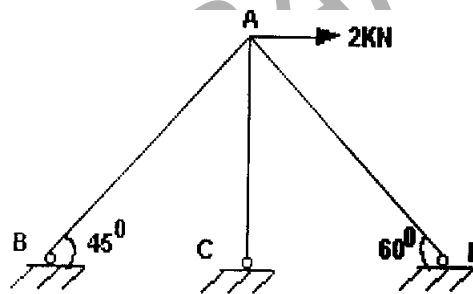


Figure 8b

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RR

Set No. 1

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STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS - I

Civil Engineering

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions
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- Differentiate between static indeterminacy and kinematic indeterminacy of a structure?
 - Find the forces in the members of the frame shown in Figure 1b the quantity "AE" is count for all the members. [6+10]

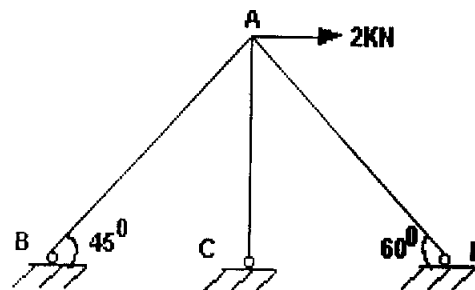


Figure 1b

- Determine the slope and displacement at the free end for a cantilever, span L m loaded with UDL of w /m run EI is constant. [16]
- A beam of uniform section simply supported at the ends carries a concentrated load of 80 kN at mid-span. Find the concentrated load the same beam will carry at mid-span when the ends are built-in and
 - the maximum deflection remains unchanged.
 - the maximum bending moment remains the same. EI is constant. [8+8]
- A moving load of 50 kN/m and, 4 m long, crosses a girder of 16 m span. Calculate the maximum B.M at a section 5 m from the left hand support. [16]
- Draw the bending moment and shear force diagram of a propped cantilever beam of span 6 m due to a point load of 6 kN at the mid span. [16]
- Analyse the continuous beam shown in Figure 6 by Clapeyron's theorem of three moments, if support B sinks by 8 mm. Also sketch the BMD, SFD and elastic curve. Take $E = 200 \text{ kN/mm}^2$ and $I = 0.8 \times 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$. [16]

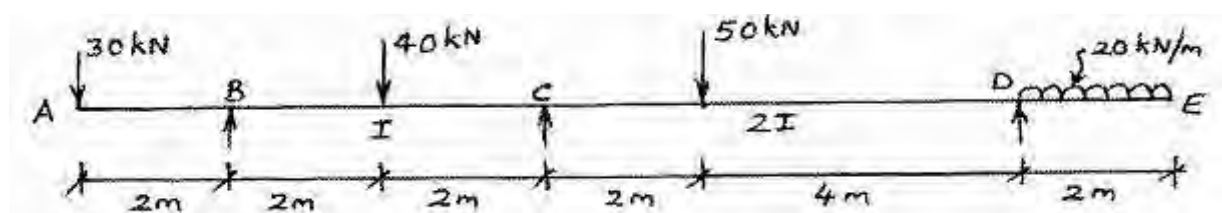


Figure 6

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Set No. 1

7. A beam ABC is supported at A, B and C and has an internal hinge at D at a distance of 3m from A. $AB=6\text{m}$ and $BC=9\text{m}$. Draw the influence lines for the reactions at supports and S.F and B.M at a point 1m from B in the span BC. [16]
8. Figure 8 shows two views of a tripod bracket. All connections are pinned. Find the forces in magnitude and nature in the three members due to a vertical load of 100kN acting at O. Use the method of tension coefficients. [16]

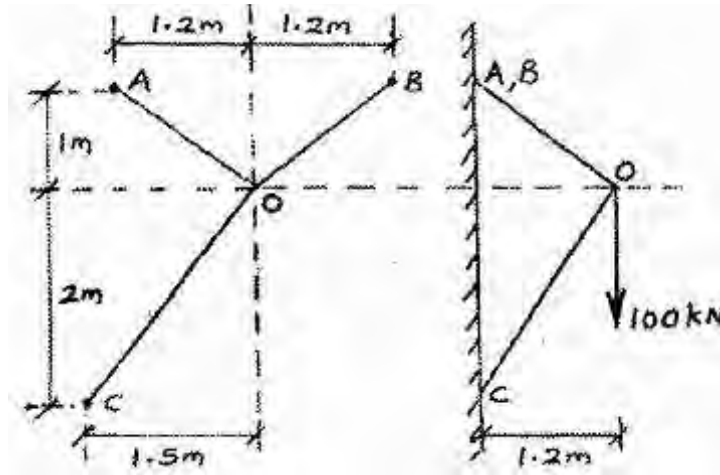


Figure 8

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STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS - I
Civil Engineering

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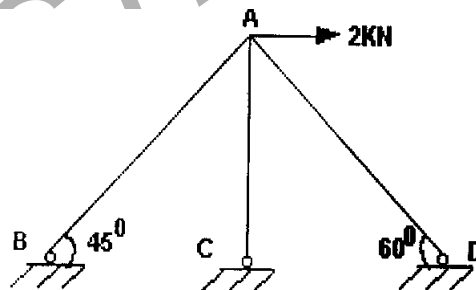


Figure 4b

5. Draw the bending moment and shear force diagram of a propped cantilever beam of span 6 m due to a point load of 6 kN at the mid span. [16]
6. Figure 6 shows two views of a tripod bracket. All connections are pinned. Find the forces in magnitude and nature in the three members due to a vertical load of 100 kN acting at O. Use the method of tension coefficients. [16]

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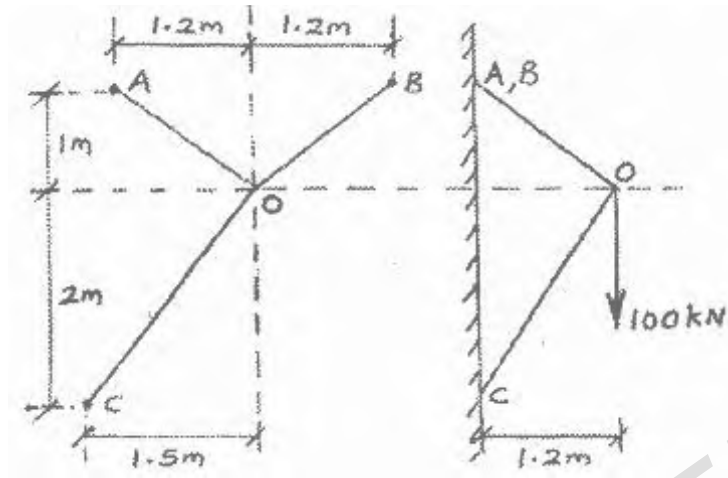


Figure 6

7. A beam of uniform section simply supported at the ends carries a concentrated load of 80 kN at mid-span. Find the concentrated load the same beam will carry at mid-span when the ends are built-in and
- the maximum deflection remains unchanged.
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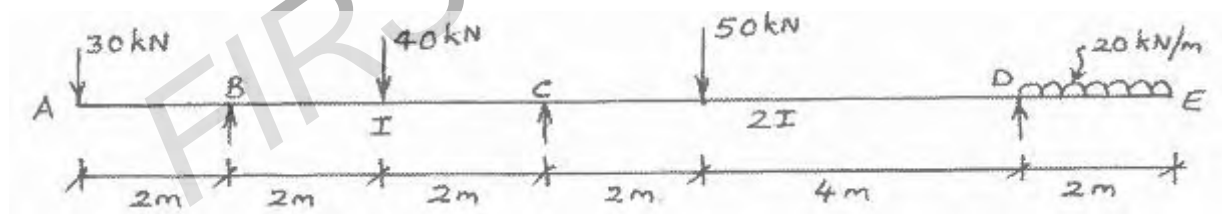


Figure 8
