RR

Set No. 2

III B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010 AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES - II

Aeronautical Engineering

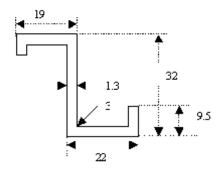
Time: 3 hours

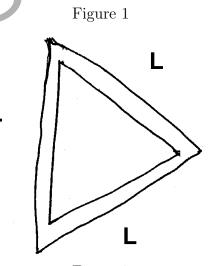
Code No: RR322102

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

1. "Z" stiffener shown in Figure 1 is one of the several stiffeners riveted to skins of thickness 0.8mm and of same material as the stiffener. If the length of the panel is 500mm what will be the column failing stress if end fixity c=1.5. Use method involving sheet effective widths. (All dimensions are in mm). [16]





2.

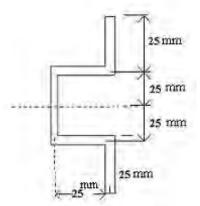
Figure 2

A thin walled Box beam is use in the support structure of an aeroplane wing. Locate its shear centre. Shown in figure 2. [16]

3. Define shear flow? Explain the concept of shear flow in thin walled beams with the help of a neat sketch. [16]

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4.

Figure 4

Determine the shear centre of hat-type thin walled section. Shown in figure 4. The thickness t is constant through out the beam. [16]

5. Explain shear flow due to torsion

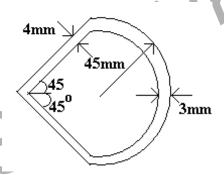


Figure 5

The Allowable Sear Stress in the torsion member is 60mpa. Determine the Design torque and angle of twist if it is having span of 3m. It is made of steel G=76 GPa. Also calculate the strain energy stored. Shown in figure 5. [16]

- 6. What are the considerations in the flange design of a beam composed of flange members riveted or spot-welded to a web member. [16]
- 7. Using the general equation for elastic bending stress find the stresses at points B and F for the angle section shown in figure 7. The applied moment is $M_z=10$ kNm

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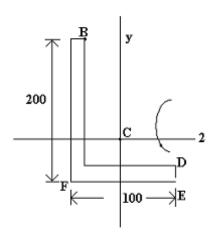


Figure 7

The section properties are:

 $\overline{y} = 74.3mm$

 $\overline{z}=24.3 from\, F$

 $I_z = 22.64x10^6 mm^4$

 $I_y = 3.84x10^6 mm^4$

 $I_{xy} = 5.14x10^6$

Locate the orientation of the neutral axis.

[16]

- 8. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Aerodynamic loads

(b) Ground loads.

[8+8]

 \overline{RR}

Set No. 4

Max Marks: 80

III B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010 AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES - II

Aeronautical Engineering

Time: 3 hours

Answer any FIVE Questions

All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. What are the considerations in the flange design of a beam composed of flange members riveted or spot-welded to a web member. [16]
- 2. Using the general equation for elastic bending stress find the stresses at points B and F for the angle section shown in figure 2. The applied moment is $M_z=10$ kNm

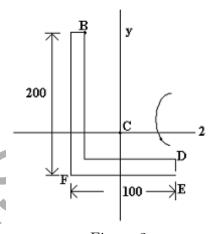


Figure 2

The section properties are:

 $\overline{y} = 74.3mm$

Code No: RR322102

 $\overline{z} = 24.3 from F$

 $I_z = 22.64x10^6 mm^4$

 $I_y = 3.84x10^6 mm^4$

 $I_{xy} = 5.14x10^6$

Locate the orientation of the neutral axis.

[16]

3. Explain shear flow due to torsion

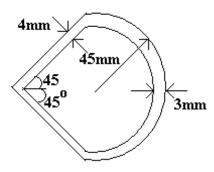


Figure 3

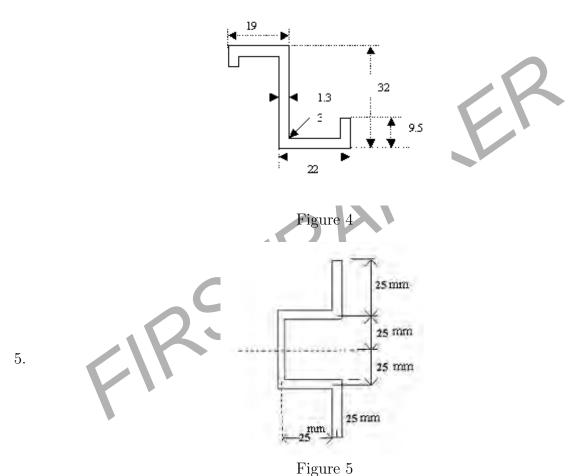
The Allowable Sear Stress in the torsion member is 60mpa. Determine the Design

RR

Set No. 4

torque and angle of twist if it is having span of 3m. It is made of steel G=76 GPa. Also calculate the strain energy stored. Shown in figure 3. [16]

4. "Z" stiffener shown in Figure 4 is one of the several stiffeners riveted to skins of thickness 0.8mm and of same material as the stiffener. If the length of the panel is 500mm what will be the column failing stress if end fixity c=1.5. Use method involving sheet effective widths.(All dimensions are in mm).



Determine the shear centre of hat-type thin walled section. Shown in figure 5. The thickness t is constant through out the beam. [16]

- 6. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Aerodynamic loads
 - (b) Ground loads. [8+8]

Code No: RR322102 RR Set No. 4

Figure 7 A thin walled Box beam is use in the support structure of an aeroplane wing. Locate its shear centre. Shown in figure 7. [16]

8. Define shear flow? Explain the concept of shear flow in thin walled beams with the help of a neat sketch. [16]



III B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010 AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES - II

Aeronautical Engineering

Time: 3 hours

1.

Code No: RR322102

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

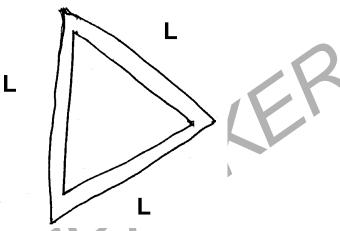


Figure 1

A thin walled Box beam is use in the support structure of an aeroplane wing. Locate its shear centre. Shown in figure 1. [16]

- 2. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Aerodynamic loads
 - (b) Ground loads.

[8+8]

3. Using the general equation for elastic bending stress find the stresses at points B and F for the angle section shown in figure 3. The applied moment is $M_z=10$ kNm

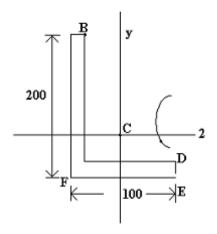


Figure 3

The section properties are:

 $\overline{y} = 74.3mm$

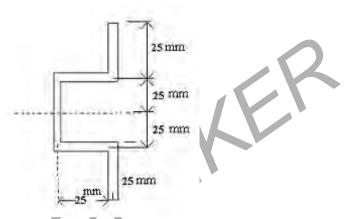
Code No: RR322102 RR

Set No. 1

 $\overline{z} = 24.3 from F$ $I_z = 22.64 x 10^6 mm^4$ $I_y = 3.84 x 10^6 mm^4$ $I_{xy} = 5.14 x 10^6$ Locate the orientation of the neutral axis.

[16]

4. What are the considerations in the flange design of a beam composed of flange members riveted or spot-welded to a web member. [16]



5.

Figure 5

Determine the shear centre of hat-type thin walled section. Shown in figure 5. The thickness t is constant through out the beam. [16]

6. Explain shear flow due to torsion

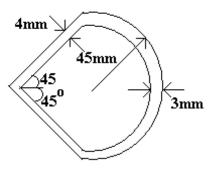


Figure 6

The Allowable Sear Stress in the torsion member is 60mpa. Determine the Design torque and angle of twist if it is having span of 3m. It is made of steel G=76 GPa. Also calculate the strain energy stored. Shown in figure 6. [16]

7. "Z" stiffener shown in Figure 7 is one of the several stiffeners riveted to skins of thickness 0.8mm and of same material as the stiffener. If the length of the panel is 500mm what will be the column failing stress if end fixity c=1.5. Use method involving sheet effective widths.(All dimensions are in mm). [16]

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Set No. 1

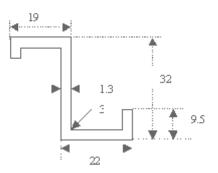


Figure 7

8. Define shear flow? Explain the concept of shear flow in thin walled beams with the help of a neat sketch. [16]

RR

Set No. 3

III B.Tech II Semester Examinations, December 2010 AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES - II

Aeronautical Engineering

Time: 3 hours

Code No: RR322102

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

1. Using the general equation for elastic bending stress find the stresses at points B and F for the angle section shown in figure 1 . The applied moment is $M_z=10$ kNm

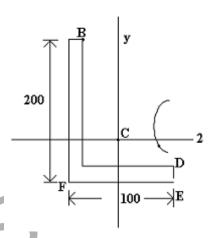


Figure 1

The section properties are:

 $\overline{y} = 74.3mm$

 $\overline{z} = 24.3 from F$

 $I_z = 22.64x10^6 mm^4$

 $I_y = 3.84x10^6 mm^4$

 $I_{xy} = 5.14x10^6$

Locate the orientation of the neutral axis.

[16]

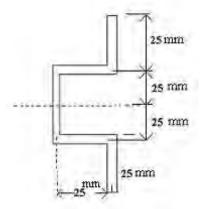
- 2. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Aerodynamic loads

(b) Ground loads. [8+8]

3. What are the considerations in the flange design of a beam composed of flange members riveted or spot-welded to a web member. [16]

RR

Set No. 3



4.

Figure 4

Determine the shear centre of hat-type thin walled section. Shown in figure 4. The thickness t is constant through out the beam. [16]

- 5. Define shear flow? Explain the concept of shear flow in thin walled beams with the help of a neat sketch. [16]
- 6. Explain shear flow due to torsion

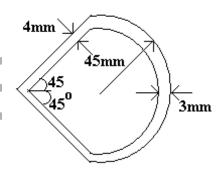


Figure 6

The Allowable Sear Stress in the torsion member is 60mpa. Determine the Design torque and angle of twist if it is having span of 3m. It is made of steel G=76 GPa. Also calculate the strain energy stored. Shown in figure 6. [16]

7. "Z" stiffener shown in Figure 7 is one of the several stiffeners riveted to skins of thickness 0.8mm and of same material as the stiffener. If the length of the panel is 500mm what will be the column failing stress if end fixity c=1.5. Use method involving sheet effective widths.(All dimensions are in mm).

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Set No. 3

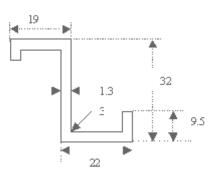
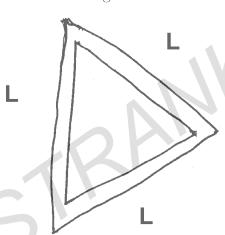


Figure 7



8.

Figure 8

A thin walled Box beam is use in the support structure of an aeroplane wing. Locate its shear centre. Shown in figure 8. [16]
