

Code No: RR410207

RR

Set No. 2

IV B.Tech I Semester Examinations, NOVEMBER 2010  
ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS  
Electrical And Electronics Engineering

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions  
All Questions carry equal marks

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1. A single phase a.c. radial distributor one km long has resistance and reactance per conductor of 0.1ohm and 0.15ohms respectively. At the far end, the voltage  $V_B = 200V$  and the current 100A at a p.f. of 0.8 lagging. At the mid point M of the distributor, a current of 100A is tapped at a p.f. of 0.6 lagging with reference to the voltage  $V_m$  at the mid point. Calculate
  - (a) voltage at the mid point [6]
  - (b) sending end voltage  $V_A$  [6]
  - (c) phase angle between  $V_A$  and  $V$  [4]
2. (a) Explain how a load duration curve is plotted. What is its use? [10]
- (b) A distribution substation supplies the following loads: 15,000 kW, 8,500 kW, 6,000 kW and 450 kW. The station has a maximum demand of 22,000 kW. The annual load factor of the station is 48%. Calculate
  - i. The energy supplied annually
  - ii. The diversity factor and
  - iii. The demand factor [6]
3. (a) Explain the computerized method to determine the economic power factor. [6]
- (b) A feeder supplies an Industrial consumer with a cumulative load of
  - i. Induction Motors totaling 200HP which runs at an average efficiency of 89% and a lagging average p.f. of 0.85.
  - ii. Synchronous motors totaling 100HP with an average efficiency of 85% and
  - iii. a heating load of 100KW. The Industrial consumer plans to use the synchronous motors to correct its overall power factor. Determine the required p.f. of the synchronous motors to correct the overall p.f. at peak load to
    - A. unity
    - B. 0.95 lag. [10]
4. Write notes on need for maintaining good voltage profile in power systems and need to improve power factor? [16]
5. Explain the various factors affecting the distribution system planning. [16]
6. Give a detailed analysis of square shaped and hexagonal shaped distribution sub-station areas. [16]

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7. (a) Explain the principle of operation of circuit ReClosure.  
(b) Explain the coordination procedure between two fuses. [7+9]
8. Give the various loading and voltage level factors that influence the design and operation of primary feeders. [16]

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FIRSTRANKER

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Set No. 4

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**ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS**  
**Electrical And Electronics Engineering**

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

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1. (a) Explain the computerized method to determine the economic power factor. [6]  
 (b) A feeder supplies an Industrial consumer with a cumulative load of
  - i. Induction Motors totaling 200HP which runs at an average efficiency of 89% and a lagging average p.f. of 0.85.
  - ii. Synchronous motors totaling 100HP with an average efficiency of 85% and
  - iii. a heating load of 100KW. The Industrial consumer plans to use the synchronous motors to correct its overall power factor. Determine the required p.f. of the synchronous motors to correct the overall p.f. at peak load to
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2. Give a detailed analysis of square shaped and hexagonal shaped distribution sub-station areas. [16]
3. A single phase a.c. radial distributor one km long has resistance and reactance per conductor of 0.1ohm and 0.15ohms respectively. At the far end, the voltage  $V_B = 200V$  and the current 100A at a p.f. of 0.8 lagging. At the mid point M of the distributor, a current of 100A is tapped at a p.f. of 0.6 lagging with reference to the voltage  $V_m$  at the mid point. Calculate
  - (a) voltage at the mid point [6]
  - (b) sending end voltage  $V_A$  [6]
  - (c) phase angle between  $V_A$  and  $V_B$  [4]
4. Write notes on need for maintaining good voltage profile in power systems and need to improve power factor? [16]
5. (a) Explain the principle of operation of circuit ReClosure.  
 (b) Explain the coordination procedure between two fuses. [7+9]
6. Explain the various factors affecting the distribution system planning. [16]
7. Give the various loading and voltage level factors that influence the design and operation of primary feeders. [16]
8. (a) Explain how a load duration curve is plotted. What is its use? [10]

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- (b) A distribution substation supplies the following loads: 15,000 kW, 8,500 kW, 6,000 kW and 450 kW. The station has a maximum demand of 22,000 kW. The annual load factor of the station is 48%. Calculate
- The energy supplied annually
  - The diversity factor and
  - The demand factor
- [6]

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Set No. 1

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2. Give a detailed analysis of square shaped and hexagonal shaped distribution sub-station areas. [16]
3. (a) Explain how a load duration curve is plotted. What is its use? [10]  
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  - i. The energy supplied annually
  - ii. The diversity factor and
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5. (a) Explain the principle of operation of circuit ReClosure.  
 (b) Explain the coordination procedure between two fuses. [7+9]
6. Write notes on need for maintaining good voltage profile in power systems and need to improve power factor? [16]
7. (a) Explain the computerized method to determine the economic power factor. [6]  
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  - ii. Synchronous motors totaling 100HP with an average efficiency of 85% and

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- iii. a heating load of 100KW. The Industrial consumer plans to use the synchronous motors to correct its overall power factor. Determine the required p.f. of the synchronous motors to correct the overall p.f. at peak load to
- A. unity
  - B. 0.95 lag. [10]

8. Explain the various factors affecting the distribution system planning. [16]

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Set No. 3

**IV B.Tech I Semester Examinations, NOVEMBER 2010**  
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**Electrical And Electronics Engineering**

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1. Give a detailed analysis of square shaped and hexagonal shaped distribution sub-station areas. [16]
2. (a) Explain how a load duration curve is plotted. What is its use? [10]  
 (b) A distribution substation supplies the following loads: 15,000 kW, 8,500 kW, 6,000 kW and 450 kW. The station has a maximum demand of 22,000 kW. The annual load factor of the station is 48%. Calculate
  - i. The energy supplied annually
  - ii. The diversity factor and
  - iii. The demand factor [6]
3. A single phase a.c. radial distributor one km long has resistance and reactance per conductor of 0.1ohm and 0.15ohms respectively. At the far end, the voltage  $V_B = 200V$  and the current 100A at a p.f. of 0.8 lagging. At the mid point M of the distributor, a current of 100A is tapped at a p.f. of 0.6 lagging with reference to the voltage  $V_m$  at the mid point. Calculate
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4. Write notes on need for maintaining good voltage profile in power systems and need to improve power factor? [16]
5. Explain the various factors affecting the distribution system planning. [16]
6. Give the various loading and voltage level factors that influence the design and operation of primary feeders. [16]
7. (a) Explain the principle of operation of circuit ReClosure.  
 (b) Explain the coordination procedure between two fuses. [7+9]
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 (b) A feeder supplies an Industrial consumer with a cumulative load of
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- iii. a heating load of 100KW. The Industrial consumer plans to use the synchronous motors to correct its overall power factor. Determine the required p.f. of the synchronous motors to correct the overall p.f. at peak load to
- A. unity
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[10]

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