Code No: RR410804

RR

Set No. 2

IV B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING Chemical Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) What type of pollutants can be removed in primary and tertiary treatment process?
 - (b) Enlist advantages of reverse osmosis.

[8+8]

- 2. (a) Describe various types of bacteria useful in the biological waste treatment system.
 - (b) Explain a typical biological waste treatment system of an organic chemical industry. [8+8]
- 3. What are the ill effects of land disposal of industrial effluent? Explain in detail.

|16|

- 4. Briefly discuss the removal of sulfur from the gases using
 - (a) Alkalized alumina process
 - (b) Manganese oxide process

[8+8]

- 5. Explain with suitable examples and theoretical principles the following air pollution devices
 - (a) Venturi scrubber
 - (b) Bag house
 - (c) cyclone separators.

[5+5+6]

- 6. (a) Explain adiabatic lapse rate?
 - (b) Explain the atmospheric circulation pattern when dust domes occur?
 - (c) Describe briefly the pollutant -wind correlation?

[5+5+6]

- 7. Distinguish between deoxygenation and reoxygenation constants? Under what circumstances there will be variations in reoxygenation constant values? Indicate some of the typical values. [16]
- 8. (a) What phase of bacterial growth is responsible for the high BOD removal efficiency in the case of activated sludge process.
 - (b) Differentiate between organic loading rate and hydraulic loading rate. [8+8]

Set No. 4

IV B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

Chemical Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

> Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. Explain with suitable examples and theoretical principles the following air pollution devices
 - (a) Venturi scrubber
 - (b) Bag house

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(c) cyclone separators.

- 2. (a) Describe various types of bacteria useful in the biological waste treatment system.
 - (b) Explain a typical biological waste treatment system of an organic chemical industry.
- (a) What phase of bacterial growth is responsible for the high BOD removal efficiency in the case of activated sludge process.
 - (b) Differentiate between organic loading rate and hydraulic loading rate. [8+8]
- 4. What are the ill effects of land disposal of industrial effluent? Explain in detail. [16]
- 5. Distinguish between deoxygenation and reoxygenation constants? Under what circumstances there will be variations in reoxygenation constant values? Indicate some of the typical values. [16]
- 6. Briefly discuss the removal of sulfur from the gases using
 - (a) Alkalized alumina process
 - (b) Manganese oxide process.

[8+8]

- 7. (a) What type of pollutants can be removed in primary and tertiary treatment process?
 - (b) Enlist advantages of reverse osmosis.

[8+8]

- 8. (a) Explain adiabatic lapse rate?
 - (b) Explain the atmospheric circulation pattern when dust domes occur?
 - (c) Describe briefly the pollutant -wind correlation?

[5+5+6]

RR

Set No. 1

IV B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING Chemical Engineering

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. Explain with suitable examples and theoretical principles the following air pollution devices
 - (a) Venturi scrubber
 - (b) Bag house

Code No: RR410804

(c) cyclone separators.

|5+5+6|

- 2. (a) What phase of bacterial growth is responsible for the high BOD removal efficiency in the case of activated sludge process.
 - (b) Differentiate between organic loading rate and hydraulic loading rate. [8+8]
- 3. (a) Describe various types of bacteria useful in the biological waste treatment system.
 - (b) Explain a typical biological waste treatment system of an organic chemical industry. [8+8]
- 4. Distinguish between deoxygenation and reoxygenation constants? Under what circumstances there will be variations in reoxygenation constant values? Indicate some of the typical values. [16]
- 5. What are the ill effects of land disposal of industrial effluent? Explain in detail.

 [16]
- 6. (a) What type of pollutants can be removed in primary and tertiary treatment process?
 - (b) Enlist advantages of reverse osmosis. [8+8]
- 7. (a) Explain adiabatic lapse rate?
 - (b) Explain the atmospheric circulation pattern when dust domes occur?
 - (c) Describe briefly the pollutant -wind correlation? [5+5+6]
- 8. Briefly discuss the removal of sulfur from the gases using
 - (a) Alkalized alumina process
 - (b) Manganese oxide process.

[8+8]

RR

Set No. 3

IV B.Tech I Semester Examinations, November 2010 ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING Chemical Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. Explain with suitable examples and theoretical principles the following air pollution devices
 - (a) Venturi scrubber
 - (b) Bag house

Code No: RR410804

(c) cyclone separators.

|5+5+6|

- 2. Distinguish between deoxygenation and reoxygenation constants? Under what circumstances there will be variations in reoxygenation constant values? Indicate some of the typical values. [16]
- 3. (a) What type of pollutants can be removed in primary and tertiary treatment process?
 - (b) Enlist advantages of reverse osmosis.

[8+8]

- 4. Briefly discuss the removal of sulfur from the gases using
 - (a) Alkalized alumina process
 - (b) Manganese oxide process.

[8+8]

- 5. (a) Describe various types of bacteria useful in the biological waste treatment system.
 - (b) Explain a typical biological waste treatment system of an organic chemical industry. [8+8]
- 6. What are the ill effects of land disposal of industrial effluent? Explain in detail.

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- 7. (a) Explain adiabatic lapse rate?
 - (b) Explain the atmospheric circulation pattern when dust domes occur?
 - (c) Describe briefly the pollutant -wind correlation?

[5+5+6]

- 8. (a) What phase of bacterial growth is responsible for the high BOD removal efficiency in the case of activated sludge process.
 - (b) Differentiate between organic loading rate and hydraulic loading rate. [8+8]