Subject Code: PHR16116/R16

I B. Pharmacy I Semester Supplementary Examinations, May – 2017. PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I

Time: 3Hours Max Marks: 70

Question Paper Consists of **Part-A** and **Part-B**Answering the questions of **Part-A** is Compulsory,
Four Questions should be answered from **Part-B**

PART-A

(7 X 2 = 14 Marks)

- 1. (a) Define Inductive and Mesomeric effect.
 - (b) Write a short note on osonelysis reaction.
 - (c) What is Geometric isomerism?
 - (d) Explain any two steps of SN₁ mechanism.
 - (e) Brief about Williamsons synthesis of ethers.
 - (f) Give the structural formula of 3,4-Dichloro-2-methyl hexane and 1,4-Dimethyl cyclohexane.
 - (g) Mention any four applications of Grignard reagent in organic synthesis.

PART-B

- 2. (a) Define the term Hybridization. Explain various types of hybridization in carbon compounds with suitable examples.
 - (b) Give a short note on carbocations.

[10+4]

[8+6]

- 3. (a) Describe Bayer's strain theory and Sachse-Mohr theory.
 - (b) Enumerate the methods for the preparation and synthetic utility of alkenes.
- 4. (a) Define elimination reaction. Discuss the mechanism, reactivity, and orientation of E1 and E2 reaction with suitable example.
 - (b) Write any four general methods of preparation of alkyl halides.

[7+7]

- 5. (a) Explain the nomenclature and any four method of preparation of alcohols.
 - (b) What are the different types of alcohols? Explain how to distinguish between them.[8+6]
- 6. (a) Explain configuration with suitable examples. Write in brief about stereo isomers and optical isomers.
 - (b) What is recemic mixture? Explain different types of racemic mixtures. Enlist different methods of resolution of racemic modifications. [6+8]
- 7. (a) Describe the methods of preparation, mechanism and the synthetic utility of Grignard reagent.
 - (b) Explain the importance of nucleophilic addition and substitution reaction by using Grignard reagents. [7+7]

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