

Code No: **RT42021**

R13

Set No. 1

IV B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations, April/May - 2017

DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B

Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A

Answer any THREE questions from Part-B

PART-A (22 Marks)

1. a) What are the advantages of sampling process in control systems? [4]
- b) What is the property of linearity of Z-transforms? [4]
- c) What are the different ways of state space representation? [4]
- d) Write about the mapping of left half of the s -plane into the z -plane? [4]
- e) How a pulse transfer function in z -plane is converted into a rational function w -plane? [3]
- f) What is Ackermann's formula? [3]

PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)

2. a) What are the advantages and disadvantages of digital control systems? [8]
- b) Give any one typical example of digital control systems and explain its operation? [8]
3. a) Define Z transform. Calculate the Z-transform of the system having transfer function, $F(s)$; subject to a step input sampled at 3 Hz.

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{1+2s}$$
 [8]
- b) Solve the following differential equation using Z transform method
 $x(k+2) + 5x(k+1) + 6x(k) = 0$
 Given that $x(0) = 0, x(1) = 1$ [8]
4. a) A linear time invariant system is represented by vector-matrix difference equation
 $X(k+1) = AX(k) + BU(k)$
 Obtain $X(k)$ by Z transform method. [8]
- b) For a homogenous system given by

$$X(k+1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} X(k)$$

 Obtain state transition matrix $\psi(k)$ [8]

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5. a) Explain about the relation between location of closed loop poles in the z-plane and system stability? [8]
b) Consider the discrete - time unity feedback control system (with sampling period $T=1$ sec) whose open loop pulse transfer function is given by [8]

$$G(z) = \frac{K(0.3679z + 0.2642)}{(z - 0.3679)(z - 1)}$$

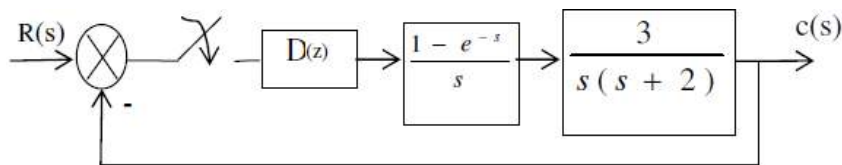
Determine the range of gain K for stability by using Jury stability test.

6. A block diagram of a digital control system is shown in the figure. Design a compensation $D(z)$ to meet the following specifications. [16]

i) Velocity error constant, $K_v \geq 3 \text{ sec}^{-1}$

ii) Phase Margin $\geq 50^\circ$

iii) Band Width = 1.1 rad/sec



7. a) Enumerate the design steps for pole placement [8]
b) Prove Ackermann's formula for the determination of the state feedback gain matrix K . [8]

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Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B

Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A

Answer any THREE questions from Part-B

PART-A (22 Marks)

1. a) What are the advantages of digital control systems? [4]
- b) What are the limitations of Z-transforms? [4]
- c) Write the discrete time state equations of a pulse transfer function? [4]
- d) Write about the primary and complimentary strips? [4]
- e) What is bilinear transformation? [3]
- f) What are the necessary and sufficient conditions in design via pole placement? [3]

PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)

2. a) Explain about the frequency-domain characteristics of zero-order hold? [8]
- b) With suitable block diagram explain the sample and hold circuit. [8]
3. a) Obtain the Z-transform of the following function

$$F(s) = \frac{s+2}{s^2(s^2+2s+3)}$$
 [8]
- b) Solve for $y(k)$ the equation
 $y(k) = r(k) - r(k-1) - y(k-1), k \geq 0,$
 $r(k) = 1; k \text{ even}, r(k) = 0; k \text{ odd}, y(-1) = r(-1) = 0$ [8]
4. a) Explain the concepts of controllability and observability? [6]
- b) Find the state model for the following difference equation and also find its state transition matrix.
 $y(k+2) + 3y(k+1) + 2y(k) = 2u(k+1) + u(k)$
 Assume initial conditions are zero. [10]

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Set No. 2

5. a) State and explain Jury's stability test [8]

b) Using Jury's stability criterion, find the range of 'M'

$$z^3 + Mz^2 + 3Mz + M - 2 = 0 \quad [8]$$

6. a) Explain the design procedure in the ω - plane of lag compensator. [8]

b) State the rules for the construction of root loci of a sampled data control system. [8]

7. A discrete-time regulator system has the plant equation

$$x(k+1) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x(k) + \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} u(k)$$

$$y(k) = [1 \quad 1]x(k) + 7u(k)$$

Design a state feedback control system with $u(k) = -Kx(k)$ to place the closed loop poles at $0.5 \pm j0.5$.

[16]

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Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B

Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A

Answer any THREE questions from Part-B

PART-A (22 Marks)

1. a) What are the different types of sampling operations? [4]
- b) State and explain the shifting theorem of Z transforms [4]
- c) What is the concept of observability [4]
- d) State the Jury's stability criterion [4]
- e) What are the time response specifications [3]
- f) Draw the block schematic of a closed loop control system (state space model) using a state feedback controller? [3]

PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)

2. a) State and explain the sampling theorem for data reconstruction? [8]
- b) Describe the operation of zero-order hold circuit? Obtain its frequency-domain characteristics? [8]
3. a) Obtain the Z-transform of the following function

$$x(k) = \sum_{h=0}^k a^h, \text{ where 'a' is a constant.} \quad [8]$$
- b) Obtain the inverse Z-transform of the following in the closed form.
 (i) $F(z) = \frac{3z^2 + 2z + 1}{z^2 - 3z + 2}$ and (ii) $F(z) = \frac{z}{z^2 - 0.3z + 0.02}$ [8]
4. a) A discrete time system is described by the differential equation [8]
 $y(k+2) + 3y(k+1) + 4y(k) = u(k)$
 $y(0) = 1, y(1) = 1, T = 0.8 \text{ sec}$
 Determine a state model in canonical form.
- b) Explain the computation of state transition matrix. [8]

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Set No. 3

5. a) Explain bounded - input, bounded - output stability of a system [8]

b) Consider the system described by

$$y(k+2) = 2y(k+1) - 5y(k) + 10r(k+2) - 3r(k+1) + 4r(k), \text{ Where}$$

$r(k)$ is the input and $y(k)$ is the output of the system. Determine the stability of the system. [8]

6. The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback digital control system is given as

$$G(z) = \frac{K(z+0.5)(z+0.2)}{(z-1)(z^2-z+0.5)}$$

Sketch the root loci of the system for $0 < K < \infty$. Indicate all important information on the root loci [16]

7. A discrete-time regulator system has the plant equation

$$x(k+1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} x(k) + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u(k)$$

$$y(k) = [1 \quad 1]x(k)$$

The state feedback control is described by $u(k) = -Kx(k)$ where $K = [K_1 \quad K_2]$. Find the values K_1 and K_2 so that the roots of the characteristic equation of the closed loop system are at 0.5 and 0.7. [16]

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Set No. 4

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Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B

Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A

Answer any THREE questions from Part-B

PART-A (22 Marks)

1. a) Explain the principle of operation of zero-order hold? [4]
- b) State initial and final value theorems of Z transforms? [4]
- c) What is the concept of controllability? [4]
- d) State the conditions for the Jury's stability? [4]
- e) Show that the steady-state error of a Type-1 system is zero for step-input? [3]
- f) Why is pole-placement design necessary? Explain? [3]

PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)

2. a) What are the advantages of sampling process in control systems? Give the mathematical description of ideal sampling process. [8]
- b) Explain the advantages and disadvantages of digital control systems. [8]

3. a) Given the discrete time system

$$y(k) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} y(k-1) + \frac{1}{4} y(k-2) = u(k) + \frac{1}{3} u(k-2)$$

Determine the pulse transfer function. [8]

- b) Obtain the inverse Z-transform of the following in the closed form.

$$F(z) = \frac{0.368z^2 + 0.478z + 0.154}{z^2(z-1)} \quad [8]$$

4. a) Given a state equation in continuous-time, how is it discretized to obtain the equivalent discrete-time state model? Describe? [8]

- b) Consider the discrete control system represented by the transfer function. [8]

$$G(z) = \frac{z^{-1}(1+z^{-1})}{(1+0.5z^{-1})(1-0.5z^{-1})}$$

Obtain the state space representation in the diagonal form.

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Set No. 4

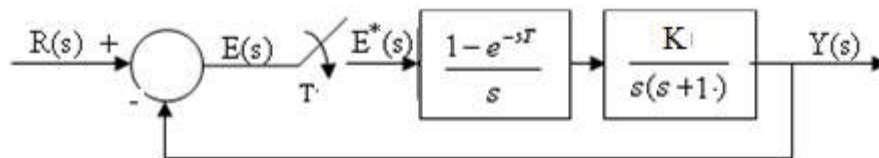
5. a) How are primary and complementary strips formed? Discuss? [8]

b) Consider the following characteristic equation

$$P(z) = z^4 - 1.368z^3 + 0.4z^2 + 0.08z + 0.002 = 0. \text{ Determine whether or}$$

not any of the roots of the characteristic equation lie outside the unit circle in the z - plane. [8]

6. Draw the root locus in the z -plane for the system shown in figure for $0 < K < \infty$. Consider the sampling period $T = 2\text{sec}$.



[16]

7. Consider system described by

$$x(k+1) = Ax(k) + Bu(k)$$

$$y(k) = Cx(k)$$

$$\text{with } A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -5 & -6 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } C = [0 \ 0 \ 1]$$

Compute K so that the control law $u(k) = -Kx(k)$ places the closed loop poles at $-0.2 \pm j0.5$ and -0.8 . [16]