2. Consider the reaction

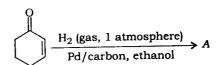
- (4) Both I and II
- (4) Both 1 and 11

carboxylic acids

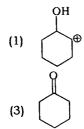
 $\mathrm{CH_3CH_2CH_2Br} + \mathrm{NaCN} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH_3CH_2CH_2CN} + \mathrm{NaBr}$

This reaction will be the fastest in

- 11 water
- (2) ethanol
- (3) methanol
- (4) N, N'-dimethylformamide (DMF)
- 3. The correct structure of the product A formed in the reaction



is



(2) OH



COOH COOH COOH

5. The correct order of strengths of the

is

- (1) II > I > III
- (2) I > II > III
- (3) II > III > I
- (4) III > II > I
- 6. The compound that will react most readily with gaseous bromine has the formula
 - (1) C_2H_4
 - (2) C_3H_6
 - (3) C_2H_2
 - (4) C_4H_{10}

conductivity of $5.76 \times 10^{-3} \text{ S cm}^{-1}$ at 298 K is

- (1) $28.8 \text{ S cm}^2/\text{mol}$
- www.FirstRanker.co
- (2) 2.88 S cm²/mol
- (3) 11.52 S cm²/mol
- (4) $0.086 \text{ S cm}^2/\text{mol}$

of the

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ula

- 9. The decomposition of phosphine (PH₃) on tungsten at low pressure is a first-order reaction. It is because the
 - (1) rate of decomposition is very slow
 - (2) rate is proportional to the surface coverage
 - (3) rate is inversely proportional to the surface coverage
 - (4) rate is independent of the surface coverage
- 10. The coagulation values in millimoles per litre of the electrolytes used for the coagulation of As₂S₃ are given below:
 - I. (NaCl) = 52,

II. $(BaCl_2) = 0.69$,

III. $(MgSO_4) = 0.22$

The **correct** order of their coagulating power is

- (1) III > I > II
- (2) I > II > III
- (3) II > I > III
- (4) 111 > 11 > 1
- 11. During the electrolysis of molten sodium chloride, the time required to produce 0.10 mol of chlorine gas using a current of 3 amperes is
 - (1) 330 minutes
 - (2) 55 minutes
 - (3) 110 minutes
 - (4) 220 minutes

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 $\Delta S = nR \ln \left(\frac{\mathbf{w}_{t}}{\mathbf{p}_{f}} \right)$

(4)
$$\Delta S = nRT \ln \left(\frac{p_f}{p_i} \right)$$

(2) $\Delta S = nR \ln \left| \frac{p_f}{p_f} \right|$

- **14.** The van't Hoff factor (i) for a dilute aqueous solution of the strong electrolyte barium hydroxide is
 - (1) 3
- (2) 0
- (3) 1
- (4) 2
- 15. The percentage of pyridine (C_5H_5N) that forms pyridinium ion $(C_5H_5N^+H)$ in a 0·10 M aqueous pyridine solution (K_b) for $C_5H_5N = 1·7 \times 10^{-9}$) is
 - (1) 1.6%

1.7% 10

- (2) 0.0060%
- (3) 0.013%
- (4) 0.77%
- 16. In calcium fluoride, having the fluorite structure, the coordination numbers for calcium ion (Ca²⁺) and fluoride ion (F⁻) are
 - (1) 4 and 8
 - (2) 4 and 2
 - (3) 6 and 6
 - (4) 8 and 4
- 17. If the E_{cell}° for a given reaction has a negative value, which of the following gives the correct relationships for the values of ΔG° and K_{eq} ?
 - (1) $\Delta G^{\circ} < 0$; $K_{\rm eq} < 1$
 - (2) $\Delta G^{\circ} > 0$; $K_{eq} < 1$
 - (3) $\Delta G^{\circ} > 0$; $K_{eq} > 1$
 - (4) $\Delta G^{\circ} < 0$; $K_{eq} > 1$

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 $\mathcal{Z}^{\varepsilon}$

0/16×3 6 30

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(1) zero (2) $1.26 \times 10^{-5} M$

 $(3) \cdot 1.6 \times 10^{-9} M$

(4) $1.6 \times 10^{-11} M$

- 20. Suppose the elements X and Y combine to form two compounds XY₂ and X₃Y₂. When 0.1 mole of XY₂ weighs 10 g and 0.05 mole of X₃Y₂ weighs 9 g, the atomic weights of X and Y are
 - (1) 30, 20
- (2) 40, 30
- (3) 60, 40
- (4) 20, 30
- 21. The number of electrons delivered at the cathode during electrolysis by a current of 1 ampere in 60 seconds is (charge on electron = 1.60×10^{-19} C)
 - (1) 7.48×10^{23} (2) 6×10^{23}
 - (3) 6×10^{20}
- 22. Boric acid is an acid because its molecule
 - (1) combines with proton from molecule
 - (2) contains replaceable H ion
 - (3) gives up a proton
 - (4) accepts OH from water releasing proton
- 23. AlF₃ is soluble in HF only in presence of KF. It is due to the formation of
 - (1) $K[AlF_3H]$
- (2) $K_3[AlF_3H_3]$
- (3) $K_3[AlF_6]$
- (4) AlH₃

- 25. The suspension of slaked lime in water is
 - (1) awww.FisatRankenaamlime
 - (2) limewater
 - (3) quicklime
 - (4) milk of lime
- 26. The hybridizations of atomic orbitals of nitrogen in NO_2^+ , NO_3^- and NH_4^+ respectively

(1)
$$sp^2$$
, sp and sp^3

$$(2)$$
 sp, sp³ and sp²

(3)
$$sp^2$$
, sp^3 and sp

(4)
$$sp$$
, sp^2 and sp^3

- 27. Which of the following fluoro-compounds is most likely to behave as a Lewis base?
- (3) PF₃
- 28. Which of the following pairs of ions is isoelectronic and isostructural?
 - (1) $C1O_3^-$, SO_3^{2-} (2) CO_3^{2-} , NO_3^-
 - (3) $C1O_3^-$, CO_3^{2-} (4) SO_3^{2-} , NO_3^-
- 29. In context with beryllium, which one of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (1) Its hydride is electron-deficient and polymeric.
 - (2) It is rendered passive by nitric acid.
 - (3) It forms Be₂C.
 - (4) Its salts rarely hydrolyze.

water is

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counds is base?

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cient and

c acid.

have electron density along the axes?

(1) d_{xy} , $d_{x^2-y^2}$

(2) d_{z^2} , d_{xz}

- (3) d_{xz} , d_{yz}
- (4) d_{z^2} , $d_{x^2-y^2}$
- 32. The correct geometry and hybridization for XeF₄ are

31. Which of the following pairs of a-orbitals will

- (1) square planar, sp^3d^2
- (2) oetahedral, sp^3d^2
- (3) trigonal bipyramidal sp3d
- (4) planar triangle, sp^3d^3
- 33. Among the following, which one is a wrong statement?
 - (1) I₃⁺ has bent geometry.
 - (2) PH₅ and BiCl₅ do not exist.
 - β pπ-dπ bonds are present in SO₂.
 - (4) SeF₄ and CH₄ have same shape.
- 34. The correct increasing order of trans-effect of the following species is
 - (1) $CN^- > Br^- > C_6H_5^- > NH_3$
 - (2) $NH_3 > CN^- > Br^- > C_6H_5^-$
 - (3) $CN^- > C_6H_5^- > Br^- > NH_3$
 - (4) $Br^- > CN^- > NH_3 > C_6H_5^-$
- 35. Which one of the following statements related to lanthanons is incorrect?
 - (1) Ce (+4) solutions are widely used as oxidizing agent in volumetric analysis.
 - (2) Europium shows +2 oxidation state.
 - (3) The basicity decreases as the ionic radius decreases from Pr to Lu.
 - (4) All the lanthanons are much more reactive than aluminium.

(1) Isopropyl chloride

reaction?

- www.FirstRanker.com ChlorobwwweFirstRanker.com
 - (3) Bromobenzene
 - (4) Chloroethene
 - 38. In which of the following molecules, all atoms are coplanar?



(4)

39. Which one of the following structures represents nylon 6,6 polymer?

 $\begin{array}{c|c} H_2 & H \\ C & C \\ H_2 & N \end{array} + CH_2)_6 - NH$

(2)
$$\begin{pmatrix} H_2 & H_2 & H_2 \\ C & C & C \\ N_{1} & C & C_{1} \\ N_{1} & C & C_{1} \end{pmatrix}_{66}$$

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(4) 2 and 4

(3) 3 and 4

- 41. Which of the following compounds shall not produce propene by reaction with HBr followed by elimination or direct only elimination reaction?

 - $H_3C-C-CH_2OH$
 - $H_2C=C=O$ (4)
 - 42. Which one of the following nitro-compounds does not react with nitrous acid?

$$(2) \quad H_3C \underbrace{C}_{H_2}^{H_2} NO_2$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(3)} & \text{H}_3\text{C} & \text{H}_2 \\ & \text{NO}_2 \\ & \text{H}_3\text{C} & \end{array}$$

(4)
$$H_3C$$
 NO_2 H_3C

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(4) DNA \rightarrow RNA \rightarrow Proteins

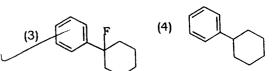
www.FirstRanker.com44. The cwww.FirstRanker.com of names of four aldoses with configuration given below

respectively, is

- L-erythrose, D-threose, (1) D-erythrose, L-threose
- L-erythrose, L-threose, (2) L-erythrose, D-threose
- L-threose, D-erythrose, (3) D-threose, L-erythrose
- D-erythrose, L-threose, (4) L-erythrose, D-threose
- 45. In the given reaction

$$+ \bigcirc \xrightarrow{HF} P$$

the product P is



iven below (1) Expression CHO (2) Separation -ОН —Н (3) Purification ĊH₂OH (4) Preservation 48. Which of the following restriction enzymes rerythrose, produces blunt ends? (1) Hind III .-erythrose, (2) Sal I (3) Eco RV L-threose, (4) Xho I)-erythrose, 49. Which kind of therapy was given in 1990 to a four-year-old girl with adenosine deaminase (ADA) deficiency? (1) Radiation therapy (2) Gene therapy (3) Chemotherapy (4) Immunotherapy 50. How many hot spots of biodiversity in the world have been identified till date by Norman Myers? (1) 43 (2) 17 (3) 25 (4) 34 JMD/E2 7

47. Which of the following is not a component of

downstream processing?

of names of

52. Which of the following is **correct** for *r*-selected species?

- www.FirstRanker.com) Small nwwwrFirstRankerlcange size
 - (2) Large number of progeny with small size
 - (3) Large number of progeny with large size
 - (4) Small number of progeny with small size
 - **53.** If '+' sign is assigned to beneficial interaction, '-' sign to detrimental and '0' sign to neutral interaction, then the population interaction represented by '+' '-' refers to
 - (1) parasitism
 - (2) mutualism
 - (3) amensalism
 - (4) commensalism
 - 54. Which of the following is correctly matched?
 - (1) Stratification—Population
 - (2) Aerenchyma—Opuntia
 - (3) Age pyramid-Biome
 - (4) Parthenium hysterophorus—Threat to biodiversity
 - 55. Red List contains data or information on
 - (1) marine vertebrates only
 - (2) all economically important plants
 - (3) plants whose products are in international trade
 - (4) threatened species

.

57. Methanogens belong to

377 7200

- (1) Slime moulds
- (2) Eubacteria www.FirstRanker.com
- (3) Archaebacteria
- (4) Dinoflagellates
- 58. Select the wrong statement.
 - (1) Diatoms are microscopic and float passively in water.
 - (2) The walls of diatoms are easily destructible.
 - (3) 'Diatomaceous earth' is formed by the cell walls of diatoms.
 - (4) Diatoms are chief producers in the oceans.
- **59.** The label of a herbarium sheet **does not** carry information on
 - (1) height of the plant
 - (2) date of collection
 - (3) name of collector
 - (4) local names
- 60. Conifers are adapted to tolerate extreme environmental conditions because of
 - (1) presence of vessels
 - (2) broad hardy leaves
 - (3) superficial stomata
 - (4) thick cuticle
- 61. Which one of the following statements is wrong?
 - (1) Laminaria and Sargassum are used as food.
 - (2) Algae increase the level of dissolved oxygen in the immediate environment.
 - (3) Algin is obtained from red algae, and carrageenan from brown algae.
 - (4) Agar-agar is obtained from Gelidium and Gracilaria.

groundnut, radish, gram and turnip have stamens with different lengths in their flowers?

- flowers? www.FirstRanker.com
- [] Six
- (2) Three
- (3) Four
- (4) Five
- 64. Radial symmetry is found in the flowers of
 - (1) Cassia
 - (2) Brassica
 - (3) Trifolium
 - JAY Pisum
- 65. Free-central placentation is found in
 - (1) Citrus
 - (2) Dianthus
 - (3) Argemone
 - (4) Brassica
- 66. Cortex is the region found between
 - (1) endodermis and vascular bundle
 - (2) epidermis and stele
 - (3) pericycle and endodermis
 - (4) endodermis and pith
- 67. The balloon-shaped structures called tyloses
 - (Ware linked to the ascent of sap throug xylem vessels
 - (2) originate in the lumen of vessels
 - (3) characterize the sapwood
 - (4) are extensions of xylem parenchyn cells into vessels

urnip have s in their	(2) Gas vacuoles—Green bacteria (3) Large central vacuoles—Animal cells www.FirstRank (4) Protists—Eukaryotes	75. You are given a tissue with its potential for differentiation in an artificial culture. Which cer.comf the following pairs of Ramker comild you add to the medium to secure shoots as well as roots?
	1) 70. Select the wrong statement. (1) Mycoplasma is a wall-less microorganism.	(1) Gibberellin and abscisic acid (2) IAA and gibberellin (3) Auxin and cytokinin
: flowers of	(2) Bacterial cell wall is made up of peptidoglycan.(3) Pili and fimbriae are mainly involved in motility of bacterial cells.	•
	(4) Cyanobacteria lack flagellated cells. 71. A cell organelle containing hydrolytic	(2) flavoprotein (3) glycoprotein lipoprotein
ıd in	enzymes is (1) mesosome	77. Which is essential for the growth of root tip? (1) Mn (2) Zn
	(3) microsome (4) ribosome	 (3) Fe (4) Ca 78. The process which makes major difference between C₃ and C₄ plants is
een	72. During cell growth, DNA synthesis takes place in	(1) respiration(2) glycolysis(3) Calvin cycle
ındle	(2) S phase (3) G ₁ phase	(4) photorespiration79. Which one of the following statements is not
alled tyloses	(4) G ₂ phase 73. Which of the following biomolecules is	correct? (1) Water hyacinth, growing in the standing water, drains oxygen from water that leads to the death of fishes.
sap through	common to respiration-mediated breakdown of fats, carbohydrates and proteins?	(2) Offspring produced by the asexual reproduction are called clone.
essels	(1) Acetyl CoA (2) Glucose-6-phosphate (3) Fructose 1,6-bisphosphate	(3) Microscopic, motile asexual reproductive structures are called zoospores.(4) In potato, banana and ginger, the
parenchyma	(4) Pyruvic acid	plantlets arise from the internodes present in the modified stem.
	JMD /E2	9 [P.T.O.

select the correct option using given below: Column—II Column—I www.firstRanker.com a. Pistils fused together (ii) Pistillate b. Formation of gametes (iii) Syncarpous c. Hyphae of higher Ascomycetes

(iv) Dikaryotic

flower Codes:

d. Unisexual female

d c b (ii) (iv) (1) (iii) (i) (ii) (i) (iii) (2) (iv) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (ii) (4) (i)

- 82. In majority of angiosperms
 - (1) a small central cell is present in the embryo sac
 - (2) egg has a filiform apparatus
 - (3) there are numerous antipodal cells
 - occurs the (4) reduction division megaspore mother cells
- 83. Pollination in water hyacinth and water lily is brought about by the agency of
 - (1) bats
 - (2) water
 - (3) insects or wind
 - (4) birds
- 84. The ovule of an angiosperm is technically equivalent to
 - (1) megaspore
 - (2) megasporangium
 - (3) megasporophyll
 - (4) megaspore mother cell

- 86. The mechanism that can from one linkage group to another is called
 - (1) crossing-over

 - (3) duplication
 - (4) translocation
- 87. The equivalent of a structural gene is
 - (1) recon
 - (2) muton
 - (3) cistron
 - (4) operon
- 88. A true breeding plant is
 - always homozygous recessive in its genetic constitution
 - (2) one that is able to breed on its own
 - (3) produced due to cross-pollination among unrelated plants
 - (4) near homozygous and produces offspring of its own kind
- 89. Which of the following rRNAs acts as structural RNA as well as ribozyme in bacteria?
 - (1) 5.8 S rRNA
 - (2) 5 S rRNA
 - (3) 18 S rRNA
 - (4) 23 S rRNA
- 90. Stirred-tank bioreactors have been designed
 - (1) ensuring anaerobic conditions in th culture vessel
 - (2) purification of product
 - (3) addition of preservatives to the produc
 - (4) availability of oxygen throughout th process

ene to move chemically С а r is called (iii) (iv) 92. DNA-dependent RNA polymerase catalyzes transcription on one strand of the DNA www.FirstRanker.com(3) (iii) (i) www (iii) which is called the (4)(iv) (ii) (1) antistrand (2) template strand (3) coding strand

93. Interspecific hybridization is the mating of

having common ancestors

(3) two different related species

AIDS causative agent HIV?

transcriptase.

omega-3 fatty acids?

(1) Mackerel

(2) Mystus

(3) Mangur

(4) Mrigala

(1) more closely related individuals within same breed for 4-6 generations

(2) animals within same breed without

(4) superior males and females of different

(1) HIV does not escape but attacks the

(2) HIV is enveloped virus containing one

(3) HIV is enveloped virus that contains two identical molecules of single-stranded

molecule of reverse transcriptase.

molecule of single-stranded RNA and one

RNA and two molecules of reverse

94. Which of the following is correct regarding

acquired immune response.

(4) HIV is unenveloped retrovirus.

95. Among the following edible fishes, which

one is a marine fish having rich source of

(4) alpha strand

breeds

(i) (ii) (iv) កូរ្យូstRanker.com

d

(iii)

97. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) may not be a good index for pollution for water bodies receiving effluents from

- (1) sugar industry
- (2) domestic sewage
- (3) dairy industry
- (4) petroleum industry

98. The principle of competitive exclusion was stated by

- (1) Verhulst and Pearl
- (2) C. Darwin
 - (3) G. F. Gause
 - (4) MacArthur
- 99. Which of the following National Parks is home to the famous musk deer or hangul?
 - (1) Dachigam National Park, Jammu & Kashmir
 - (2) Keibul Lamjao National Park, Manipur
 - (3) Bandhavgarh National Park, Madhya Pradesh
 - (4) Eaglenest Wildlife Sanctuary, Arunachal Pradesh
- 100. A lake which is rich in organic waste may result in
 - (1) mortality of fish due to lack of oxygen
 - (2) increased population of organisms due to minerals
 - (3) drying of the lake due to algal bloom
 - (4) increased population of fish due to lots of nutrients
- 101. The highest DDT concentration in aquatic food chain shall occur in
 - (1) eel
 - (2) phytoplankton
 - (3) seagull
 - (4) crab

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b. c.	Family Order Class Phylum	(i) Diptera (ii) Arthropoda (iii) Muscidae wwwy√Fir <mark>istRanker.com</mark>			
Codes:					

C

d (iii) (i) (1) (iv) (ii)

(ii) (iv) (2) (iii) (i)

(i) (iv) (3) (iii)(ii) (i) (iii) (ii) (4) (iv)

104. Choose the correct statement.

- (1) All Pisces have gills covered by an operculum.
- (2) All mammals are viviparous.
- (3) All cyclostomes do not possess jaws and paired fins.
- (4) All reptiles have a three-chambered heart.
- 105. Study the four statements (A-D) given below and select the two correct ones out of them:
 - A. Definition of biological species was given by Ernst Mayr.
 - B. Photoperiod does not affect reproduction in plants.
 - C. Binomial nomenclature system was given by R. H. Whittaker.
 - D. In unicellular organisms, reproduction is synonymous with growth.

The two correct statements are

(1) A and B

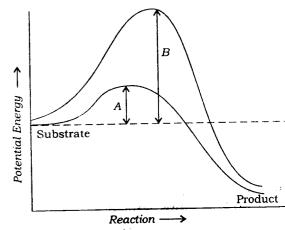
(2) B and C

(4) A and D (3) C and D

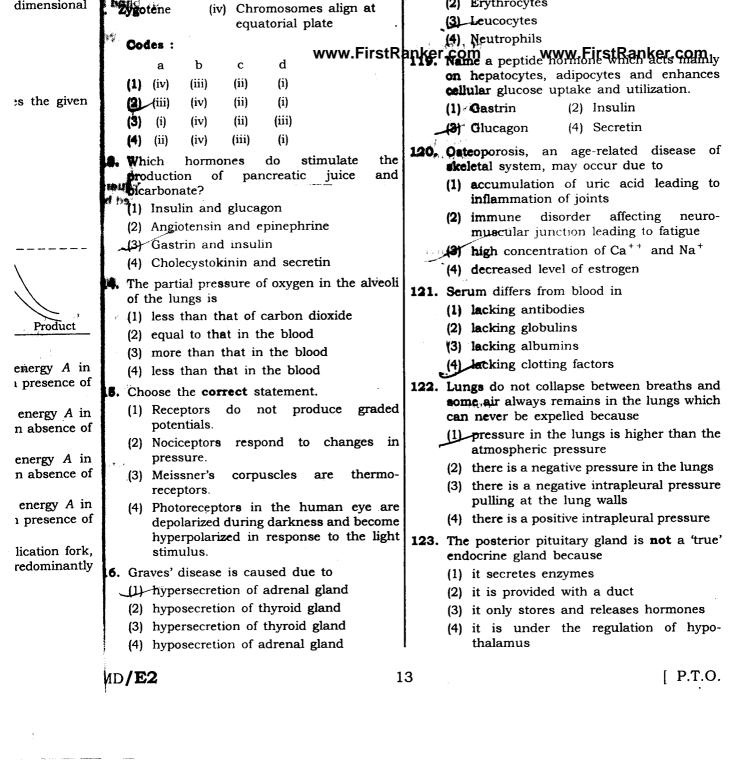
- 106. In male cockroaches, sperms are stored in which part of the reproductive system?
 - (1) Vas deferens
 - (2) Seminal vesicles
 - (3) Mushroom glands
 - (4) Testes
- 107. Smooth muscles are
 - (1) voluntary, spindle-shaped, uninucleate
 - (2) involuntary, fusiform, non-striated
 - (3) voluntary, multinucleate, cylindrical
 - (4) involuntary, cylindrical, striated

involved in stabilizing the three-dimensional folding of most proteins?

- 11 Ester bonds
- (2) www.EirstRafiker.com
- (3) Electrostatic interaction
- (4) Hydrophobic interaction
- 110. Which of the following describes the given graph correctly?



- (1) Exothermic reaction with energy A is absence of enzyme and B in presence of enzyme
- (2) Endothermic reaction with energy A is presence of enzyme and B in absence of
- (3) Exothermic reaction with energy A i presence of enzyme and B in absence of enzyme
- (4) Endothermic reaction with energy A i absence of enzyme and B in presence of
- 111. When cell has stalled DNA replication for which checkpoint should be predominant activated?
 - (1) Both G₂/M and M
 - (2) G_1/S
 - (3) G_2/M
 - (4) M



probability of their son being colour-bil (3) Multiload 375 (2) 0(1) 1 (4) Lippes loop www.FirstRanker.com^{0.75} 126. Which of the WWW Figst Renekter to marding vasectomy? 132. Genetic drift operates in (1) Irreversible sterility , (2) No sperm occurs in seminal fluid (1) slow reproductive population (3) No sperm occurs in epididymis (2) small isolated population (4) Vasa deferentia is cut and tied (3) large isolated population 127. Embryo with more than 16 blastomeres (4) non-reproductive population formed due to in vitro fertilization is transferred into (1) cervix of heterozygous individual is represent (2) uterus (1) q^2 (3) fallopian tube (4) fimbriae (4) pq(3) 2pq128. Which of the following depicts the correct pathway of transport of sperms? (1) Efferent ductules → Rete testis → Vas from early to the recent is deferens → Epididymis (2) Rete testis \rightarrow Efferent ductules \rightarrow Ramapithecus → Homo erectus Epididymis → Vas deferens (3) Rete testis → Epididymis → Efferent (2) Australopithecus → Ramapithe ductules → Vas deferens (4) Rete testis → Vas deferens → Efferent (3) Ramapithecus → Australopithe ductules → Epididymis 129. Match Column-I with Column-II and (4) Ramapithecus → Homo hab select the correct option using the codes given below: Column—II Column-I (i) Embryo formation a. Mons pubis (ii) Sperm I. Formation of protobionts b. Antrum (iii) Female external Trophectoderm II. Synthesis of organic monomers genitalia III. Synthesis of organic polymers (iv) Graafian follicle d. Nebenkern IV. Formation of DNA-based genetic Codes: (1) II, III, IV, I d b С а (iv) (iii) (ii) (2) I, II, III, IV (i) (1) (i) (2) (iii) (iv) (ii) (3) I, III, II, IV (iv) (i) (ii) (3) (iii)

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(4) (iii)

(2) LNG-20

- 133. In Hardy-Weinberg equation, the fre
- 134. The chronological order of human ev
 - (1) Australopithecus → Homo hal
 - Homo habilis → Homo erectus
 - Homo habilis → Homo erectus
 - Australopithecus → Homo erectus
- 135. Which of the following is the sequence of events in the origin of

 - (4) II, III, I, IV

(ii)

(iv)

(i)

olour vision, colour-blind

lation 'n n

ation

n, the freque гергеsented

human evolut

Iomo habilis erectus Ramapithecus erectus stralopithecus erectus

это no erectus

origin of life? ionomers olymers d genetic syste

habilis

(3) concave, -0.25 diopter

(4) concave, -0.2 diopter

placed immediately in front of a lens of focal length 60 cm. The aperture is illuminated normally by a parallel beam of wavelength 10⁻⁵ cm. The distance of the first dark bend of the diffraction pattern from the entre of the screen is

(1) 0.15 cm

(2) 0·10 cm

(3) 0.25 cm

(4) 0·20 cm

Electrons of mass m with de-Broglie wavelength \(\lambda \) fall on the target in an X-ray tube. The cutoff wavelength (λ_0) of the emitted X-ray is

(1)
$$\lambda_0 = \lambda$$

(2)
$$\lambda_0 = \frac{2mc\lambda^2}{h}$$

(3)
$$\lambda_0 = \frac{2h}{mc}$$

(4)
$$\lambda_0 = \frac{2m^2c^2\lambda^3}{h^2}$$

is the corresp. Photons with energy 5 eV are incident on a cathode C in a photoelectric cell. The maximum energy of emitted photoelectrons is 2 eV. When photons of energy 6 eV are incident on C, no photoelectrons will reach the anode A, if the stopping potential of A relative to C is

- (1) -3 V
- (2) + 3 V
- (3) +4 V
- (4) -1 V

MD/E2

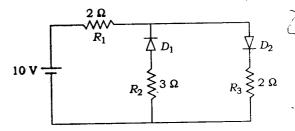
A linear aperture whose width www.FirstRankerscamen The half-life of a radioactive substance is between 40% decay and 85% decay of the same radioactive substance is

- 15
- (3) 30
- (4) 45

142. For CE transistor amplifier, the audio signal voltage across the collector resistance of $2 \text{ k}\Omega$ is 4 V. If the current amplification factor of the transistor is 100 and the base resistance & is 1 kΩ, then the input signal voltage is

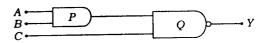
- (1) 15 mV
- (2) 10 mV
- (3) 20 mV
- (4) 30 mV

143. The given circuit has two ideal diodes connected as shown in the figure below. The current flowing through the resistance R_1 will be



- (1) 3·13 A
- (2) 2·5 A
- (3) 10·0 A
- (4) 1·43 A

144. What is the output Y in the following circuit, when all the three inputs A, B, C are first 0 and then 1?



- (1) 1, 1
- (2) 0, 1
- (3) 0, 0

15

(4) 1, 0

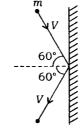
(3)
$$\frac{\sqrt{13}}{c^{5/2}}$$

(4)
$$\sqrt{\frac{R}{G}}$$

- **146.** Two cars P and Q start from a point at the same time **www.FirstRanker.com** their positions are represented by $x_P(t) = at + bt^2$ and $x_Q(t) = ft t^2$. At what time do the cars have the same velocity?
 - $(1) \frac{f-a}{2(1+b)}$
- $(2) \quad \frac{a-f}{1+b}$
- $(3) \frac{a+f}{2(b-1)}$
- $(4) \frac{a+f}{2(1+b)}$
- 147. In the given figure, $a = 15 \text{ m/s}^2$ represents the total acceleration of a particle moving in the clockwise direction in a circle of radius R = 2.5 m at a given instant of time. The speed of the particle is



- (1) 6·2 m/s
- (2) 4·5 m/s
- (3) 5·0 m/s
- (4) 5·7 m/s
- 148. A rigid ball of mass m strikes a rigid wall at 60° and gets reflected without loss of speed as shown in the figure below. The value of impulse imparted by the wall on the ball will be



- (1) $\frac{mV}{3}$
- (2) mV
- (3) 2mV
- $(4) \ \frac{mV}{2}$

- (2) 100 m s^{-1}
- www.lFiffstRanker.com (4) 120 m s⁻¹
- 150. Two identical balls A and B having version of 0.5 m/s and -0.3 m/s respectively elastically in one dimension. The velocing B and A after the collision respectively
 - (1) 0.3 m/s and 0.5 m/s
 - (2) -0.5 m/s and 0.3 m/s
 - (3) 0.5 m/s and -0.3 m/s
 - (4) -0.3 m/s and 0.5 m/s
- **151.** A particle moves from a point $(-2\hat{i} + (4\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}))$ when a force of $(4\hat{i} + 3)$ applied. How much work has been on the force?
 - (1) 2 J
 - (2) 8 J
 - (3) 11 J
 - (4) 5 J
- **152.** Two rotating bodies A and B of mathematical and 2m with moments of inertial $I_B(I_B > I_A)$ have equal kinetic entrotation. If L_A and L_B be their momenta respectively, then
 - (1) $L_A > L_B$
 - $(2) L_A = \frac{L_B}{2}$
 - (3) $L_A = 2L_B$
 - (4) $L_B > L_A$

(4) 1:4

4. A light rod of length l has two masses m_1 and m_2 attached to its two ends. The moment of inertia of the system about an axis anker. com perpendicular to the rod and passing through the centre of mass is

(1) $\sqrt{m_1 m_2} l^2$

3 having velocit

espectively coll 1. The velocities

espectively will

point $(-2\hat{i}+5\hat{j})$

of $(4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j})$ N

has been done

of inertia I_A kinetic energy be their angu

n

/8

/s

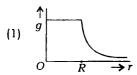
/s

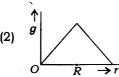
$$(2) \ \frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2} l^2$$

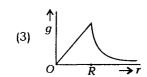
(3) $\frac{m_1 + m_2}{m_1 m_2} l^2$ (4) $(m_1 + m_2) l^2$

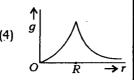
$$(4) \ (m_1 + m_2) l^2$$

8. Starting from the centre of the earth having radius R, the variation of g (acceleration due to gravity) is shown by









A satellite of mass m is orbiting the earth (of radius R) at a height h from its surface. The total energy of the satellite in terms of g_0 , the value of acceleration due to gravity at d B of masses the earth's surface, is

$$(1) -\frac{2mg_0R^2}{R+h}$$

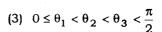
$$(2) \frac{mg_0R^2}{2(R+h)}$$

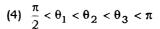
(3)
$$-\frac{mg_0R^2}{2(R+h)}$$

$$(4) \quad \frac{2mg_0R^2}{R+h}$$

in three identical capillaries. The angles of contact θ_1 , θ_2 and θ_3 obey

(2) $\frac{\pi}{2} > \theta_1 > \theta_2 > \theta_3 \ge 0$







159. Two identical bodies are made of a material for which the heat capacity increases with temperature. One of these is at 100 °C, while the other one is at 0 °C. If the two bodies are brought into contact, then, assuming no heat loss, the final common temperature is

- (1) 0 °C
- (2) 50 °C



- (3) more than 50 °C
- (4) less than 50 °C but greater than 0 °C

160. A body cools from a temperature 3T to 2Tin 10 minutes. The room temperature is T. Assume that Newton's law of cooling is applicable. The temperature of the body at the end of next 10 minutes will be

(2)
$$\frac{7}{4}$$

(3)
$$\frac{3}{2}T$$

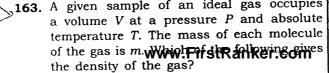
(4)
$$\frac{4}{3}T$$

161. One mole of an ideal monatomic gas undergoes a process described by the equation PV^3 = constant. The heat capacity of the gas during this process is

(2)
$$\frac{3}{2}$$

D/**E2**

17



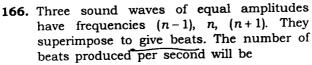
- (1) mkT
- (2) P/(kT)
- (3) Pm/(kT)
- (4) P/(kTV)



164. A body of mass m is attached to the lower end of a spring whose upper end is fixed. The spring has negligible mass. When the mass m is slightly pulled down and released, it oscillates with a time period of $3 \, \text{s}$. When the mass m is increased by 1 kg, the time period of oscillations becomes 5 s. The value of m in kg is

165. The second overtone of an open organ pipe has the same frequency as the first overtone of a closed pipe L metre long. The length of the open pipe will be

- (1) 4L
- (3) 2L



- (2) 1
- (4) 3

167. An electric dipole is placed at an angle of 30° with an electric field intensity 2×105 N/C. It experiences a torque equal to 4 N m. The charge on the dipole, if the dipole length is

- (1) 7 µC
- (2) 8 mC
- (3) 2 mC
- (4) 5 mC

JMD/E2



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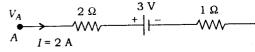
(1) $\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_2} + \frac{1}{k_3} + \frac{3}{2k_4}$

(2)
$$k = k_1 + k_2 + k_3 + 3k_4$$

(3)
$$k = \frac{2}{3}(k_1 + k_2 + k_3) + 2k_4$$

(4)
$$\frac{2}{k} = \frac{3}{k_1 + k_2 + k_3} + \frac{1}{k_4}$$

169. The potential difference $(V_A - V_B)$ between the points A and B in the given figure in



- H+9 V
- (3) + 3 V
- (4) + 6 V
- 170. A filament bulb (500 W, 100 V) is to be u in a 230 V main supply. When a resistance is connected in series, it works perfectly the bulb consumes 500 W. The value of R
 - (1) 13Ω
- (2) 230 Ω
- (3) 46Ω
- (4) 26Ω
- 171. A long wire carrying a steady current is l into a circular loop of one turn. The magn field at the centre of the loop is B. It is t bent into a circular coil of n turns. magnetic field at the centre of this co n turns will be
 - (1) $2n^2B$
- (2) nB
- (3) $n^2 B$

18

 $V_A - V_B$) betw

given figure

)0 V) is to be u

hen a resistan orks perfectly

The value of R

ady current is turn. The magn

oop is B. It is.

1 of n turns. atre of this co

.0 Ω

ıΩ

 1Ω

₩

electron is moving in a circular ath under the influence of a transverse emetic field of 3.57×10^{-2} T. If the value www.First m is 1.76×10^{11} C/kg, the frequency of dution of the electron is

6.28 MHz

(2) 1 GHz

100 MHz

(4) 62·8 MHz

ch of the following combinations should selected for better tuning of an L-C-R cuit used for communication?

 $R = 25 \Omega$, L = 1.5 H, $C = 45 \mu$ F

 $R = 20 \Omega$, L = 1.5 H, $C = 35 \mu F$

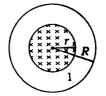
 $R = 25 \Omega, L = 2.5 \text{ H}, C = 45 \mu\text{F}$

(4) $R = 15 \Omega$, L = 3.5 H, $C = 30 \mu\text{F}$

uniform magnetic field is restricted within region of radius r. The magnetic field

changes with time at a rate $\frac{dB}{dt}$. Loop 1 of

radius R > r encloses the region r and loop 2 of radius R is outside the region of magnetic field as shown in the figure below. Then the e.m.f. generated is





(1) $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2$ in loop 1 and zero in loop 2

(2) zero in loop 1 and zero in loop 2

(3) $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2$ in loop 1 and

 $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2 \text{ in loop } 2$

(4) $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi R^2$ in loop 1 and zero in loop 2

a 220 V source. When the capacitor is 50% charged, the peak value of the displacement current is

(3) 11 A

178. Two identical glass ($\mu_g = 3/2$) equiconvex lenses of focal length f each are kept in contact. The space between the two lenses is filled with water ($\mu_w = 4/3$). The focal length of the combination is

(1) 3f/4

(3) f

(4) 4f/3

179. An air bubble in a glass slab with refractive index 1.5 (near normal incidence) is 5 cm deep when viewed from one surface and 3 cm deep when viewed from the opposite face. The thickness (in cm) of the slab is

(1) 16

(2) 8

(3) 10

(4) 12

180. The interference pattern is obtained with two coherent light sources of intensity ratio n In the interference pattern, the ratio

$$\frac{I_{\max} - I_{\min}}{I_{\max} + I_{\min}}$$

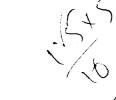
will be

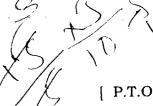
$$(1) \frac{2\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)^2}$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{\sqrt{n}}{n+1}$$

$$(3) \quad \frac{2\sqrt{n}}{n+1}$$

$$(4) \quad \frac{\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)^2}$$





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