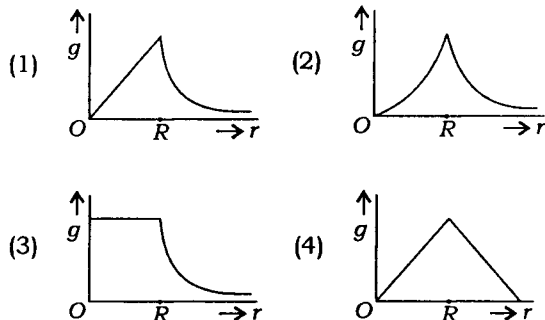


- (3) 3 : 3
(4) 2 : 3

2. A light rod of length l has two masses m_1 and m_2 attached to its two ends. The moment of inertia of the system about an axis perpendicular to the rod and passing through the centre of mass is

- (1) $\frac{m_1 + m_2}{m_1 m_2} l^2$ (2) $(m_1 + m_2) l^2$
(3) $\sqrt{m_1 m_2} l^2$ (4) $\frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2} l^2$

3. Starting from the centre of the earth having radius R , the variation of g (acceleration due to gravity) is shown by



4. A satellite of mass m is orbiting the earth (of radius R) at a height h from its surface. The total energy of the satellite in terms of g_0 , the value of acceleration due to gravity at the earth's surface, is

- (1) $-\frac{mg_0 R^2}{2(R+h)}$
(2) $\frac{2mg_0 R^2}{R+h}$
(3) $-\frac{2mg_0 R^2}{R+h}$
(4) $\frac{mg_0 R^2}{2(R+h)}$

surface tension T , rise to the same height in three identical capillaries. The angles of contact θ_1 , θ_2 and θ_3 obey

- (1) $0 \leq \theta_1 \leq \theta_2 \leq \theta_3 \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$
(2) $\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta_1 < \theta_2 < \theta_3 < \pi$
(3) $\pi > \theta_1 > \theta_2 > \theta_3 > \frac{\pi}{2}$
(4) $\frac{\pi}{2} > \theta_1 > \theta_2 > \theta_3 \geq 0$

7. Two identical bodies are made of a material for which the heat capacity increases with temperature. One of these is at 100°C , while the other one is at 0°C . If the two bodies are brought into contact, then, assuming no heat loss, the final common temperature is

- (1) more than 50°C
(2) less than 50°C but greater than 0°C
(3) 0°C
(4) 50°C

8. A body cools from a temperature $3T$ to $2T$ in 10 minutes. The room temperature is T . Assume that Newton's law of cooling is applicable. The temperature of the body at the end of next 10 minutes will be

- (1) $\frac{3}{2}T$ (2) $\frac{4}{3}T$
(3) T (4) $\frac{7}{4}T$

9. One mole of an ideal monatomic gas undergoes a process described by the equation $PV^3 = \text{constant}$. The heat capacity of the gas during this process is

- (1) $\frac{5}{2}R$ (2) $2R$
(3) R (4) $\frac{3}{2}R$

11. A given sample of an ideal gas occupies a volume V at a pressure P and absolute temperature T . The mass of each molecule of the gas is m . Which of the following gives the density of the gas?

(1) $Pm/(kT)$ (2) $P/(kTV)$
(3) mkT (4) $P/(kT)$

12. A body of mass m is attached to the lower end of a spring whose upper end is fixed. The spring has negligible mass. When the mass m is slightly pulled down and released, it oscillates with a time period of 3 s. When the mass m is increased by 1 kg, the time period of oscillations becomes 5 s. The value of m in kg is

(1) $\frac{4}{3}$ (2) $\frac{16}{9}$
(3) $\frac{9}{16}$ (4) $\frac{3}{4}$

13. The second overtone of an open organ pipe has the same frequency as the first overtone of a closed pipe L metre long. The length of the open pipe will be

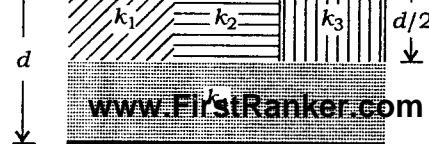
(1) $2L$ (2) $\frac{L}{2}$
(3) $4L$ (4) L

14. Three sound waves of equal amplitudes have frequencies $(n-1)$, n , $(n+1)$. They superimpose to give beats. The number of beats produced per second will be

(1) 4 (2) 3
(3) 2 (4) 1

15. An electric dipole is placed at an angle of 30° with an electric field intensity 2×10^5 N/C. It experiences a torque equal to 4 N.m. The charge on the dipole, if the dipole length is 2 cm, is

(1) 2 mC
(2) 5 mC
(3) 7 μ C
(4) 8 mC



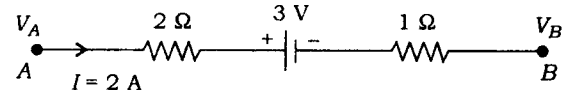
(1) $k = \frac{2}{3}(k_1 + k_2 + k_3) + 2k_4$

(2) $\frac{2}{k} = \frac{3}{k_1 + k_2 + k_3} + \frac{1}{k_4}$

(3) $\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_2} + \frac{1}{k_3} + \frac{3}{2k_4}$

(4) $k = k_1 + k_2 + k_3 + 3k_4$

17. The potential difference ($V_A - V_B$) between the points A and B in the given figure is



(1) +3 V (2) +6 V
(3) +9 V (4) -3 V

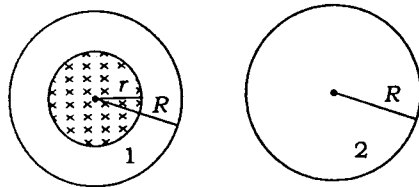
18. A filament bulb (500 W, 100 V) is to be used in a 230 V main supply. When a resistance R is connected in series, it works perfectly and the bulb consumes 500 W. The value of R is

(1) 46 Ω (2) 26 Ω
(3) 13 Ω (4) 230 Ω

19. A long wire carrying a steady current is bent into a circular loop of one turn. The magnetic field at the centre of the loop is B . It is then bent into a circular coil of n turns. The magnetic field at the centre of this coil of n turns will be

(1) $n^2 B$ (2) $2nB$
(3) $2n^2 B$ (4) nB

21. An electron is moving in a circular path under the influence of a transverse magnetic field of 3×10^{-2} T. The value of e/m is 1.76×10^{11} C/kg, the frequency of revolution of the electron is
- (1) 100 MHz (2) 62.8 MHz
(3) 6.28 MHz (4) 1 GHz
22. Which of the following combinations should be selected for better tuning of an L - C - R circuit used for communication?
- (1) $R = 25 \Omega$, $L = 2.5$ H, $C = 45 \mu\text{F}$
(2) $R = 15 \Omega$, $L = 3.5$ H, $C = 30 \mu\text{F}$
(3) $R = 25 \Omega$, $L = 1.5$ H, $C = 45 \mu\text{F}$
(4) $R = 20 \Omega$, $L = 1.5$ H, $C = 35 \mu\text{F}$
23. A uniform magnetic field is restricted within a region of radius r . The magnetic field changes with time at a rate $\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}$. Loop 1 of radius $R > r$ encloses the region r and loop 2 of radius R is outside the region of magnetic field as shown in the figure below. Then the e.m.f. generated is



- (1) $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt} \pi r^2$ in loop 1 and $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt} \pi r^2$ in loop 2
(2) $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt} \pi R^2$ in loop 1 and zero in loop 2
(3) $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt} \pi r^2$ in loop 1 and zero in loop 2
(4) zero in loop 1 and zero in loop 2

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reactance are connected in a 220 V source. When the capacitor is 50% charged, the peak value of the displacement current is

- (1) 11 A (2) 4.4 A
(3) $11\sqrt{2}$ A (4) 2.2 A

26. Two identical glass ($\mu_g = 3/2$) equiconvex lenses of focal length f each are kept in contact. The space between the two lenses is filled with water ($\mu_w = 4/3$). The focal length of the combination is
- (1) f (2) $4f/3$
(3) $3f/4$ (4) $f/3$
27. An air bubble in a glass slab with refractive index 1.5 (near normal incidence) is 5 cm deep when viewed from one surface and 3 cm deep when viewed from the opposite face. The thickness (in cm) of the slab is
- (1) 10 (2) 12
(3) 16 (4) 8
28. The interference pattern is obtained with two coherent light sources of intensity ratio n . In the interference pattern, the ratio

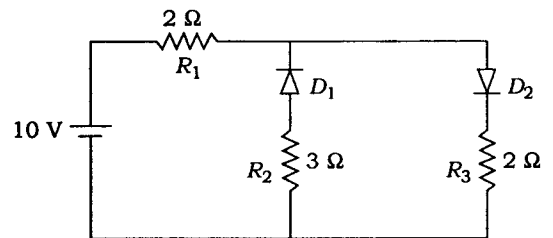
$$\frac{I_{\max} - I_{\min}}{I_{\max} + I_{\min}}$$

will be

- (1) $\frac{2\sqrt{n}}{n+1}$
(2) $\frac{\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)^2}$
(3) $\frac{2\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)^2}$
(4) $\frac{\sqrt{n}}{n+1}$

- (4) convex, +2.25 diopter
30. A linear aperture whose width is 0.02 cm is placed immediately in front of a screen of length 60 cm. The aperture is illuminated normally by a parallel beam of wavelength 5×10^{-5} cm. The distance of the first dark band of the diffraction pattern from the centre of the screen is
- 0.25 cm
 - 0.20 cm
 - 0.15 cm
 - 0.10 cm
31. Electrons of mass m with de-Broglie wavelength λ fall on the target in an X-ray tube. The cutoff wavelength (λ_0) of the emitted X-ray is
- $\lambda_0 = \frac{2h}{mc}$
 - $\lambda_0 = \frac{2m^2 c^2 \lambda^3}{h^2}$
 - $\lambda_0 = \lambda$
 - $\lambda_0 = \frac{2mc\lambda^2}{h}$
32. Photons with energy 5 eV are incident on a cathode C in a photoelectric cell. The maximum energy of emitted photoelectrons is 2 eV. When photons of energy 6 eV are incident on C, no photoelectrons will reach the anode A, if the stopping potential of A relative to C is
- +4 V
 - 1 V
 - 3 V
 - +3 V

34. The half-life of a radioactive substance is 20 minutes. The time (in minutes) taken between 40% decay and 85% decay of the same radioactive substance is
- 30
 - 45
 - 60
 - 15
35. For CE transistor amplifier, the audio signal voltage across the collector resistance of 2 k Ω is 4 V. If the current amplification factor of the transistor is 100 and the base resistance is 1 k Ω , then the input signal voltage is
- 20 mV
 - 30 mV
 - 15 mV
 - 10 mV
36. The given circuit has two ideal diodes connected as shown in the figure below. The current flowing through the resistance R_1 will be

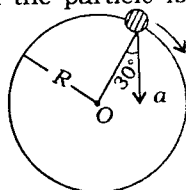


- 10.0 A
 - 1.43 A
 - 3.13 A
 - 2.5 A
37. What is the output Y in the following circuit, when all the three inputs A, B, C are first 0 and then 1?
-
- 0, 0
 - 1, 0
 - 1, 1
 - 0, 1

39. Two cars P and Q start from a point at the same time in a straight line and their positions are represented by $x_P(t) = at + bt^2$ and $x_Q(t) = ft - t^2$. At what time do the cars have the same velocity?

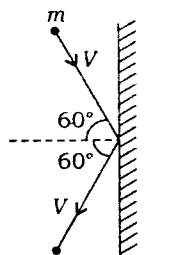
- (1) $\frac{a+f}{2(b-1)}$ (2) $\frac{a+f}{2(1+b)}$
 (3) $\frac{f-a}{2(1+b)}$ (4) $\frac{a-f}{1+b}$

40. In the given figure, $a = 15 \text{ m/s}^2$ represents the total acceleration of a particle moving in the clockwise direction in a circle of radius $R = 2.5 \text{ m}$ at a given instant of time. The speed of the particle is



- (1) 5.0 m/s (2) 5.7 m/s
 (3) 6.2 m/s (4) 4.5 m/s

41. A rigid ball of mass m strikes a rigid wall at 60° and gets reflected without loss of speed as shown in the figure below. The value of impulse imparted by the wall on the ball will be



- (1) $2mV$ (2) $\frac{mV}{2}$
 (3) $\frac{mV}{3}$ (4) mV

(2) 120 m s^{-1}

(3) 160 m s^{-1}

(4) 100 m s^{-1}

43. Two identical balls A and B having velocities of 0.5 m/s and -0.3 m/s respectively collide elastically in one dimension. The velocities of B and A after the collision respectively will be

- (1) 0.5 m/s and -0.3 m/s
 (2) -0.3 m/s and 0.5 m/s
 (3) 0.3 m/s and 0.5 m/s
 (4) -0.5 m/s and 0.3 m/s

44. A particle moves from a point $(-2\hat{i} + 5\hat{j})$ to $(4\hat{j} + 3\hat{k})$ when a force of $(4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}) \text{ N}$ is applied. How much work has been done by the force?

- (1) 11 J
 (2) 5 J
 (3) 2 J
 (4) 8 J

45. Two rotating bodies A and B of masses m and $2m$ with moments of inertia I_A and I_B ($I_B > I_A$) have equal kinetic energy of rotation. If L_A and L_B be their angular momenta respectively, then

- (1) $L_A = 2L_B$
 (2) $L_B > L_A$
 (3) $L_A > L_B$
 (4) $L_A = \frac{L_B}{2}$

- (2) Protists—Eukaryotes
- (3) Methanogens—Prokaryotes
- (4) Gas vacuoles—Green bacteria

48. Select the **wrong** statement.

- (1) Pili and fimbriae are mainly involved in motility of bacterial cells.
- (2) Cyanobacteria lack flagellated cells.
- (3) *Mycoplasma* is a wall-less microorganism.
- (4) Bacterial cell wall is made up of peptidoglycan.

49. A cell organelle containing hydrolytic enzymes is

- (1) microsome
- (2) ribosome
- (3) mesosome
- (4) lysosome

50. During cell growth, DNA synthesis takes place in

- (1) G₁ phase
- (2) G₂ phase
- (3) M phase
- (4) S phase

51. Which of the following biomolecules is common to respiration-mediated breakdown of fats, carbohydrates and proteins?

- (1) Fructose 1,6-bisphosphate
- (2) Pyruvic acid
- (3) Acetyl CoA
- (4) Glucose-6-phosphate

53. You are given a tissue with its potential for differentiation in an artificial culture. Which of the following pairs of hormones would you add to the medium to induce root formation as well as roots?

- (1) Auxin and cytokinin
- (2) Auxin and abscisic acid
- (3) Gibberellin and abscisic acid
- (4) IAA and gibberellin

54. Phytochrome is a

- (1) glycoprotein
- (2) lipoprotein
- (3) chromoprotein
- (4) flavoprotein

55. Which is essential for the growth of root tip?

- (1) Fe
- (2) Ca
- (3) Mn
- (4) Zn

56. The process which makes major difference between C₃ and C₄ plants is

- (1) Calvin cycle
- (2) photorespiration
- (3) respiration
- (4) glycolysis

57. Which one of the following statements is **not** correct?

- (1) Microscopic, motile asexual reproductive structures are called zoospores.
- (2) In potato, banana and ginger, the plantlets arise from the internodes present in the modified stem.
- (3) Water hyacinth, growing in the standing water, drains oxygen from water that leads to the death of fishes.
- (4) Offspring produced by the asexual reproduction are called clone.

given below :

Column—I	Column—II
a. Pistils fused together	(i) Gametogenesis
b. Formation of gametes	(ii) Pistillate
c. Hyphae of higher Ascomycetes	(iii) Syncarpous
d. Unisexual female flower	(iv) Dikaryotic

Codes :

	a	b	c	d
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)

- 60.** In majority of angiosperms
- (1) there are numerous antipodal cells
 - (2) reduction division occurs in the megaspore mother cells
 - (3) a small central cell is present in the embryo sac
 - (4) egg has a filiform apparatus
- 61.** Pollination in water hyacinth and water lily is brought about by the agency of
- (1) insects or wind
 - (2) birds
 - (3) bats
 - (4) water
- 62.** The ovule of an angiosperm is technically equivalent to
- (1) megasporophyll
 - (2) megaspore mother cell
 - (3) megaspore
 - (4) megasporangium

from one linkage group to another is called

- (1) duplication
- (2) translocation
- (3) crossing-over
- (4) inversion

- 65.** The equivalent of a structural gene is
- (1) cistron
 - (2) operon
 - (3) recon
 - (4) muton

- 66.** A true breeding plant is
- (1) produced due to cross-pollination among unrelated plants
 - (2) near homozygous and produces offspring of its own kind
 - (3) always homozygous recessive in its genetic constitution
 - (4) one that is able to breed on its own

- 67.** Which of the following rRNAs acts as structural RNA as well as ribozyme in bacteria?
- (1) 18 S rRNA
 - (2) 23 S rRNA
 - (3) 5.8 S rRNA
 - (4) 5 S rRNA

- 68.** Stirred-tank bioreactors have been designed for
- (1) addition of preservatives to the product
 - (2) availability of oxygen throughout the process
 - (3) ensuring anaerobic conditions in the culture vessel
 - (4) purification of product

70. Which of the following is **not** a component of downstream processing?

- (1) Purification
- (2) Preservation
- (3) Expression
- (4) Separation

71. Which of the following restriction enzymes produces blunt ends?

- (1) *Eco* RV
- (2) *Xho* I
- (3) *Hind* III
- (4) *Sal* I

72. Which kind of therapy was given in 1990 to a four-year-old girl with adenosine deaminase (ADA) deficiency?

- (1) Chemotherapy
- (2) Immunotherapy
- (3) Radiation therapy
- (4) Gene therapy

73. How many hot spots of biodiversity in the world have been identified till date by Norman Myers?

- (1) 25
- (2) 34
- (3) 43
- (4) 17

75. Which of the following is **correct** for *r*-selected species?

- (1) Large number of progeny with large size
- (2) Small number of progeny with small size
- (3) Small number of progeny with large size
- (4) Large number of progeny with small size

76. If '+' sign is assigned to beneficial interaction, '-' sign to detrimental and '0' sign to neutral interaction, then the population interaction represented by '+' '-' refers to

- (1) amensalism
- (2) commensalism
- (3) parasitism
- (4) mutualism

77. Which of the following is **correctly** matched?

- (1) Age pyramid—Biome
- (2) *Parthenium hysterophorus*—Threat to biodiversity
- (3) Stratification—Population
- (4) Aerenchyma—*Opuntia*

78. Red List contains data or information on

- (1) plants whose products are in international trade
- (2) threatened species
- (3) marine vertebrates only
- (4) all economically important plants

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9

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80. Methanogens belong to

- (1) Archaeobacteria
- (2) Dinoflagellates
- (3) Slime moulds
- (4) Eubacteria

81. Select the **wrong** statement.

- (1) 'Diatomaceous earth' is formed by the cell walls of diatoms.
- (2) Diatoms are chief producers in the oceans.
- (3) Diatoms are microscopic and float passively in water.
- (4) The walls of diatoms are easily destructible.

82. The label of a herbarium sheet **does not** carry information on

- (1) name of collector
- (2) local names
- (3) height of the plant
- (4) date of collection

83. Conifers are adapted to tolerate extreme environmental conditions because of

- (1) superficial stomata
- (2) thick cuticle
- (3) presence of vessels
- (4) broad hardy leaves

84. Which one of the following statements is **wrong** ?

- (1) Algin is obtained from red algae, and carrageenan from brown algae.
- (2) Agar-agar is obtained from *Gelidium* and *Gracilaria*.
- (3) *Laminaria* and *Sargassum* are used as food.
- (4) Algae increase the level of dissolved oxygen in the immediate environment.

groundnut, radish, gram and turnip have stamens with different lengths in their flowers?

- (1) Four
- (2) Five
- (3) Six
- (4) Three

87. Radial symmetry is found in the flowers of

- (1) *Trifolium*
- (2) *Pisum*
- (3) *Cassia*
- (4) *Brassica*

88. Free-central placentation is found in

- (1) *Argemone*
- (2) *Brassica*
- (3) *Citrus*
- (4) *Dianthus*

89. Cortex is the region found between

- (1) pericycle and endodermis
- (2) endodermis and pith
- (3) endodermis and vascular bundle
- (4) epidermis and stele

90. The balloon-shaped structures called tyloses

- (1) characterize the sapwood
- (2) are extensions of xylem parenchyma cells into vessels
- (3) are linked to the ascent of sap through xylem vessels
- (4) originate in the lumen of vessels

d. Zygotene (iv) Chromosomes align at equatorial plate

Codes :

- | | a | b | c | d |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
| (3) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |

92. Which hormones do stimulate the production of pancreatic juice and bicarbonate?

- (1) Gastrin and insulin
- (2) Cholecystokinin and secretin
- (3) Insulin and glucagon
- (4) Angiotensin and epinephrine

93. The partial pressure of oxygen in the alveoli of the lungs is

- (1) more than that in the blood
- (2) less than that in the blood
- (3) less than that of carbon dioxide
- (4) equal to that in the blood

94. Choose the correct statement.

- (1) Meissner's corpuscles are thermo-receptors.
- (2) Photoreceptors in the human eye are depolarized during darkness and become hyperpolarized in response to the light stimulus.
- (3) Receptors do not produce graded potentials.
- (4) Nociceptors respond to changes in pressure.

95. Graves' disease is caused due to

- (1) hypersecretion of thyroid gland
- (2) hyposecretion of adrenal gland
- (3) hypersecretion of adrenal gland
- (4) hyposecretion of thyroid gland

(2) Neutrophils

(3) Thrombocytes

(4) Erythrocytes

98. Name a peptide hormone which acts mainly on hepatocytes, adipocytes and enhances cellular glucose uptake and utilization.

- (1) Glucagon
- (2) Secretin
- (3) Gastrin
- (4) Insulin

99. Osteoporosis, an age-related disease of skeletal system, may occur due to

- (1) high concentration of Ca^{++} and Na^+
- (2) decreased level of estrogen
- (3) accumulation of uric acid leading to inflammation of joints
- (4) immune disorder affecting neuro-muscular junction leading to fatigue

100. Serum differs from blood in

- (1) lacking albumins
- (2) lacking clotting factors
- (3) lacking antibodies
- (4) lacking globulins

101. Lungs do not collapse between breaths and some air always remains in the lungs which can never be expelled because

- (1) there is a negative intrapleural pressure pulling at the lung walls
- (2) there is a positive intrapleural pressure
- (3) pressure in the lungs is higher than the atmospheric pressure
- (4) there is a negative pressure in the lungs

102. The posterior pituitary gland is **not** a 'true' endocrine gland because

- (1) it only stores and releases hormones
- (2) it is under the regulation of hypothalamus
- (3) it secretes enzymes
- (4) it is provided with a duct

105. Which of the following is **incorrect** regarding vasectomy?

- (1) No sperm occurs in epididymis
- (2) Vasa deferentia is cut and tied
- (3) Irreversible sterility
- (4) No sperm occurs in seminal fluid

106. Embryo with more than 16 blastomeres formed due to *in vitro* fertilization is transferred into

- (1) fallopian tube
- (2) fimbriae
- (3) cervix
- (4) uterus

107. Which of the following depicts the **correct** pathway of transport of sperms?

- (1) Rete testis → Epididymis → Efferent ductules → Vas deferens
- (2) Rete testis → Vas deferens → Efferent ductules → Epididymis
- (3) Efferent ductules → Rete testis → Vas deferens → Epididymis
- (4) Rete testis → Efferent ductules → Epididymis → Vas deferens

108. Match **Column—I** with **Column—II** and select the correct option using the codes given below :

Column—I		Column—II	
a. Mons pubis		(i) Embryo formation	
b. Antrum		(ii) Sperm	
c. Trophoctoderm		(iii) Female external genitalia	
d. Nebenkern		(iv) Graafian follicle	

Codes :

	a	b	c	d
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(3)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)

probability of their son being colour blind is

- (1) 0.5
- (2) 0.75

- (3) 1
- (4) 0

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111. Genetic drift operates in

- (1) large isolated population
- (2) non-reproductive population
- (3) slow reproductive population
- (4) small isolated population

112. In Hardy-Weinberg equation, the frequency of heterozygous individual is represented by

- (1) $2pq$
- (2) pq
- (3) q^2
- (4) p^2

113. The chronological order of human evolution from early to the recent is

- (1) *Ramapithecus* → *Australopithecus* → *Homo habilis* → *Homo erectus*
- (2) *Ramapithecus* → *Homo habilis* → *Australopithecus* → *Homo erectus*
- (3) *Australopithecus* → *Homo habilis* → *Ramapithecus* → *Homo erectus*
- (4) *Australopithecus* → *Ramapithecus* → *Homo habilis* → *Homo erectus*

114. Which of the following is the **correct** sequence of events in the origin of life?

- I. Formation of protobionts
- II. Synthesis of organic monomers
- III. Synthesis of organic polymers
- IV. Formation of DNA-based genetic systems

- (1) I, III, II, IV
- (2) II, III, I, IV
- (3) II, III, IV, I
- (4) I, II, III, IV

116. DNA-dependent RNA polymerase catalyzes transcription on one strand of the DNA which is called the

- (1) coding strand
- (2) alpha strand
- (3) antistrand
- (4) template strand

117. Interspecific hybridization is the mating of

- (1) two different related species
- (2) superior males and females of different breeds
- (3) more closely related individuals within same breed for 4-6 generations
- (4) animals within same breed without having common ancestors

118. Which of the following is correct regarding AIDS causative agent HIV?

- (1) HIV is enveloped virus that contains two identical molecules of single-stranded RNA and two molecules of reverse transcriptase.
- (2) HIV is unenveloped retrovirus.
- (3) HIV does not escape but attacks the acquired immune response.
- (4) HIV is enveloped virus containing one molecule of single-stranded RNA and one molecule of reverse transcriptase.

119. Among the following edible fishes, which one is a marine fish having rich source of omega-3 fatty acids?

- (1) Mangur
- (2) Mrigala
- (3) Mackerel
- (4) Mystus

- (1) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (2) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (4) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)

121. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) may not be a good index for pollution for water bodies receiving effluents from

- (1) dairy industry
- (2) petroleum industry
- (3) sugar industry
- (4) domestic sewage

122. The principle of competitive exclusion was stated by

- (1) G. F. Gause
- (2) MacArthur
- (3) Verhulst and Pearl
- (4) C. Darwin

123. Which of the following National Parks is home to the famous musk deer or hangul?

- (1) Bandhavgarh National Park, Madhya Pradesh
- (2) Eaglenest Wildlife Sanctuary, Arunachal Pradesh
- (3) Dachigam National Park, Jammu & Kashmir
- (4) Keibul Lamjao National Park, Manipur

124. A lake which is rich in organic waste may result in

- (1) drying of the lake due to algal bloom
- (2) increased population of fish due to lots of nutrients
- (3) mortality of fish due to lack of oxygen
- (4) increased population of aquatic organisms due to minerals

125. The highest DDT concentration in aquatic food chain shall occur in

- (1) seagull
- (2) crab
- (3) eel
- (4) phytoplankton

- a. Family (i) Diptera
b. Order (ii) Arthropoda
c. Class (iii) Muscidae
d. Phylum (iv) Insecta

Codes :

- | | a | b | c | d |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) |
| (4) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |

128. Choose the **correct** statement.

- (1) All cyclostomes do not possess jaws and paired fins.
- (2) All reptiles have a three-chambered heart.
- (3) All Pisces have gills covered by an operculum.
- (4) All mammals are viviparous.

129. Study the four statements (A-D) given below and select the two correct ones out of them :

- A. Definition of biological species was given by Ernst Mayr.
- B. Photoperiod does not affect reproduction in plants.
- C. Binomial nomenclature system was given by R. H. Whittaker.
- D. In unicellular organisms, reproduction is synonymous with growth.

The two **correct** statements are

- (1) C and D
- (2) A and D
- (3) A and B
- (4) B and C

130. In male cockroaches, sperms are stored in which part of the reproductive system?

- (1) Mushroom glands
- (2) Testes
- (3) Vas deferens
- (4) Seminal vesicles

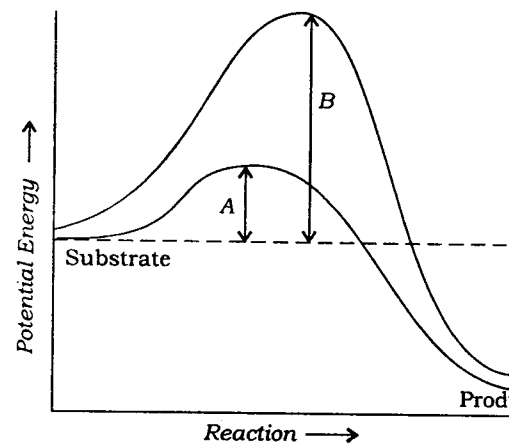
131. Smooth muscles are

- (1) voluntary, multinucleate, cylindrical
- (2) involuntary, cylindrical, striated
- (3) voluntary, spindle-shaped, uninucleate
- (4) involuntary, fusiform, non-striated

involved in stabilizing the three-dimensional folding of most proteins?

- (1) Electrostatic interaction
- (2) Hydrophobic interaction
- (3) Ester bonds
- (4) Hydrogen bonds

134. Which of the following describes the graph **correctly**?



- (1) Exothermic reaction with energy presence of enzyme and B in absence of enzyme
- (2) Endothermic reaction with energy absence of enzyme and B in presence of enzyme
- (3) Exothermic reaction with energy absence of enzyme and B in presence of enzyme
- (4) Endothermic reaction with energy presence of enzyme and B in absence of enzyme

135. When cell has stalled DNA replication which checkpoint should be predominantly activated?

- (1) G₂/M
- (2) M
- (3) Both G₂/M and M
- (4) G₁/S

product 1.6×10^{-10} in 0.1 M NaCl solution would be

- (1) $1.6 \times 10^{-9} M$
- (2) $1.6 \times 10^{-11} M$
- (3) zero
- (4) $1.26 \times 10^{-5} M$

138. Suppose the elements X and Y combine to form two compounds XY_2 and X_3Y_2 . When 0.1 mole of XY_2 weighs 10 g and 0.05 mole of X_3Y_2 weighs 9 g, the atomic weights of X and Y are

- (1) 60, 40 (2) 20, 30
- (3) 30, 20 (4) 40, 30

139. The number of electrons delivered at the cathode during electrolysis by a current of 1 ampere in 60 seconds is (charge on electron = $1.60 \times 10^{-19} C$)

- (1) 6×10^{20} (2) 3.75×10^{20}
- (3) 7.48×10^{23} (4) 6×10^{23}

140. Boric acid is an acid because its molecule

- (1) gives up a proton
- (2) accepts OH^- from water releasing proton
- (3) combines with proton from water molecule
- (4) contains replaceable H^+ ion

141. AlF_3 is soluble in HF only in presence of KF. It is due to the formation of

- (1) $K_3[AlF_6]$ (2) AlH_3
- (3) $K[AlF_3H]$ (4) $K_3[AlF_3H_3]$

143. The suspension of slaked lime in water is known as

- (1) quicklime
- (2) milk of lime
- (3) aqueous solution of slaked lime
- (4) limewater

144. The hybridizations of atomic orbitals of nitrogen in NO_2^+ , NO_3^- and NH_4^+ respectively are

- (1) sp^2 , sp^3 and sp
- (2) sp , sp^2 and sp^3
- (3) sp^2 , sp and sp^3
- (4) sp , sp^3 and sp^2

145. Which of the following fluoro-compounds is most likely to behave as a Lewis base?

- (1) PF_3 (2) CF_4
- (3) SiF_4 (4) BF_3

146. Which of the following pairs of ions is isoelectronic and isostructural?

- (1) ClO_3^- , CO_3^{2-} (2) SO_3^{2-} , NO_3^-
- (3) ClO_3^- , SO_3^{2-} (4) CO_3^{2-} , NO_3^-

147. In context with beryllium, which one of the following statements is incorrect?

- (1) It forms Be_2C .
- (2) Its salts rarely hydrolyze.
- (3) Its hydride is electron-deficient and polymeric.
- (4) It is rendered passive by nitric acid.

149. Which of the following pairs of d -orbitals will have electron density along the axes?

- (1) d_{xz}, d_{yz} www.FirstRanker.com
 (2) $d_{z^2}, d_{x^2-y^2}$
 (3) $d_{xy}, d_{x^2-y^2}$
 (4) d_{z^2}, d_{xz}

150. The correct geometry and hybridization for XeF_4 are

- (1) trigonal bipyramidal, sp^3d
 (2) planar triangle, sp^3d^3
 (3) square planar, sp^3d^2
 (4) octahedral, sp^3d^2

151. Among the following, which one is a wrong statement?

- (1) $p\pi-d\pi$ bonds are present in SO_2 .
 (2) SeF_4 and CH_4 have same shape.
 (3) I_3^+ has bent geometry.
 (4) PH_5 and BiCl_5 do not exist.

152. The correct increasing order of *trans*-effect of the following species is

- (1) $\text{CN}^- > \text{C}_6\text{H}_5^- > \text{Br}^- > \text{NH}_3$
 (2) $\text{Br}^- > \text{CN}^- > \text{NH}_3 > \text{C}_6\text{H}_5^-$
 (3) $\text{CN}^- > \text{Br}^- > \text{C}_6\text{H}_5^- > \text{NH}_3$
 (4) $\text{NH}_3 > \text{CN}^- > \text{Br}^- > \text{C}_6\text{H}_5^-$

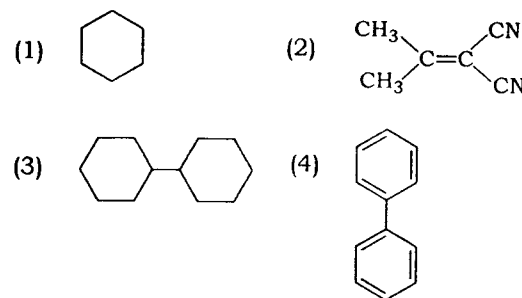
153. Which one of the following statements related to lanthanons is incorrect?

- (1) The basicity decreases as the ionic radius decreases from Pr to Lu.
 (2) All the lanthanons are much more reactive than aluminium.
 (3) $\text{Ce}(+4)$ solutions are widely used as oxidizing agent in volumetric analysis.
 (4) Europium shows +2 oxidation state.

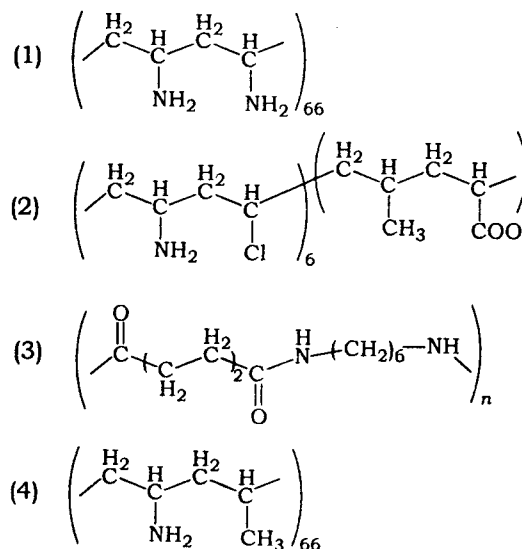
the halide component for Friedel-Crafts reaction?

- (1) Bromobenzene www.FirstRanker.com
 (2) Chloroethene
 (3) Isopropyl chloride
 (4) Chlorobenzene

156. In which of the following molecules, atoms are coplanar?



157. Which one of the following structures represents nylon 6,6 polymer?

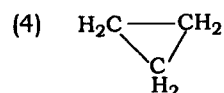
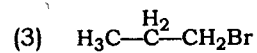
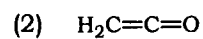
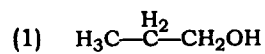


(2) 2 and 4

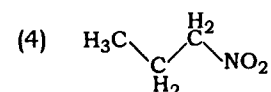
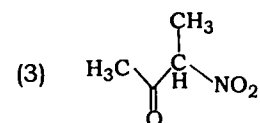
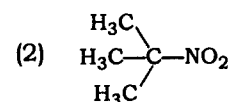
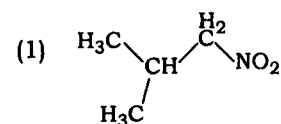
(3) 2 and 5

(4) 2 and 3

159. Which of the following compounds shall **not** produce propene by reaction with HBr followed by elimination or direct only elimination reaction?

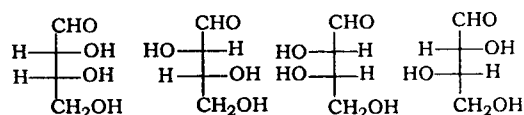


160. Which one of the following nitro-compounds **does not** react with nitrous acid?



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162. The **correct** corresponding order of names of four aldoses with configuration given below



respectively, is

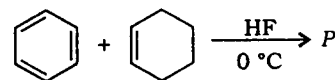
(1) D-threose, D-erythrose, L-threose, L-erythrose

(2) L-erythrose, L-threose, D-erythrose, D-threose

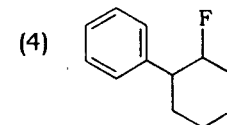
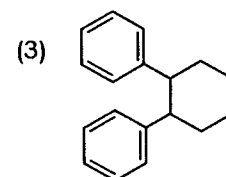
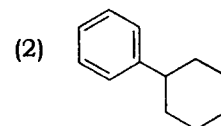
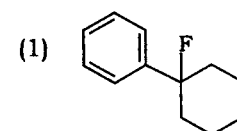
(3) D-erythrose, D-threose, L-erythrose, L-threose

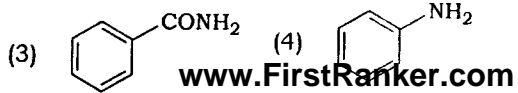
(4) L-erythrose, L-threose, L-erythrose, D-threose

163. In the given reaction

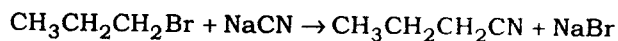


the product P is





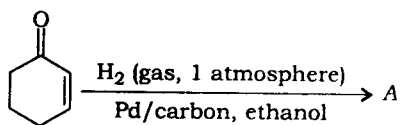
165. Consider the reaction



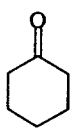
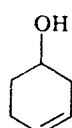
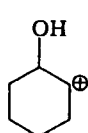
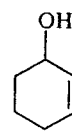
This reaction will be the fastest in

- (1) methanol
- (2) *N,N'*-dimethylformamide (DMF)
- (3) water
- (4) ethanol

166. The **correct** structure of the product A formed in the reaction



is

- | | |
|---|---|
| (1)  | (2)  |
| (3)  | (4)  |

JMD/E4

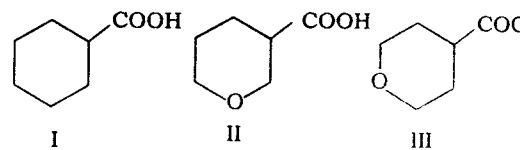
(2) Both I and II

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(3) Both II and III

(4) III only

168. The **correct** order[†] of strengths of carboxylic acids



is

- (1) II > III > I
- (2) III > II > I
- (3) II > I > III
- (4) I > II > III

169. The compound that will react most readily with gaseous bromine has the formula

- (1) C_2H_2
- (2) C_4H_{10}
- (3) C_2H_4
- (4) C_3H_6

solution of AgNO_3 with electrolytic conductivity of $5.76 \times 10^{-3} \text{ S cm}^{-1}$ at 298 K is

- (1) $11.52 \text{ S cm}^2/\text{mol}$
- (2) $0.086 \text{ S cm}^2/\text{mol}$
- (3) $28.8 \text{ S cm}^2/\text{mol}$
- (4) $2.88 \text{ S cm}^2/\text{mol}$

The decomposition of phosphine on tungsten at low pressure is a zero order reaction. It is because the

- (1) rate is inversely proportional to the surface coverage
- (2) rate is independent of the surface coverage
- (3) rate of decomposition is very slow
- (4) rate is proportional to the surface coverage

173. The coagulation values in millimoles per litre of the electrolytes used for the coagulation of As_2S_3 are given below :

- I. $(\text{NaCl}) = 52$, II. $(\text{BaCl}_2) = 0.69$,
III. $(\text{MgSO}_4) = 0.22$

The correct order of their coagulating power is

- (1) $\text{II} > \text{I} > \text{III}$
- (2) $\text{III} > \text{II} > \text{I}$
- (3) $\text{III} > \text{I} > \text{II}$
- (4) $\text{I} > \text{II} > \text{III}$

174. During the electrolysis of molten sodium chloride, the time required to produce 0.10 mol of chlorine gas using a current of 3 amperes is

- (1) 110 minutes
- (2) 220 minutes
- (3) 330 minutes
- (4) 55 minutes

$$(2) \Delta S = nRT \ln \left(\frac{p_f}{p_i} \right)$$

$$(3) \Delta S = RT \ln \left(\frac{p_i}{p_f} \right)$$

$$(4) \Delta S = nR \ln \left(\frac{p_f}{p_i} \right)$$

177. The van't Hoff factor (i) for a dilute aqueous solution of the strong electrolyte barium hydroxide is

- (1) 1
- (2) 2
- (3) 3
- (4) 0

178. The percentage of pyridine ($\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N}$) that forms pyridinium ion ($\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N}^+\text{H}$) in a 0.10 M aqueous pyridine solution (K_b for $\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N} = 1.7 \times 10^{-9}$) is

- (1) 0.013%
- (2) 0.77%
- (3) 1.6%
- (4) 0.0060%

179. In calcium fluoride, having the fluorite structure, the coordination numbers for calcium ion (Ca^{2+}) and fluoride ion (F^-) are

- (1) 6 and 6
- (2) 8 and 4
- (3) 4 and 8
- (4) 4 and 2

180. If the E°_{cell} for a given reaction has a negative value, which of the following gives the correct relationships for the values of ΔG° and K_{eq} ?

- (1) $\Delta G^\circ > 0$; $K_{\text{eq}} > 1$
- (2) $\Delta G^\circ < 0$; $K_{\text{eq}} > 1$
- (3) $\Delta G^\circ < 0$; $K_{\text{eq}} < 1$
- (4) $\Delta G^\circ > 0$; $K_{\text{eq}} < 1$

