

Roll No.

Total No. of Pages : 03

Total No. of Questions : 09

B.Tech.(ANE)/(IE-2008/09 Batch)/ME) (Sem.-3rd)

STRENGTH OF MATERIALS-I

Subject Code : ME-201

Paper ID : [A0801]

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES :

1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students has to attempt any FOUR questions.
3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students has to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A**1. Answer briefly :**

- (a) What are 'normal' and 'shear' stresses ?
- (b) What are 'compound' stresses ?
- (c) What are 'sagging' and 'hogging' moments ?
- (d) Write down relations between shear force and
 - (i) load distribution
 - (ii) bending moment in case of beam subjected to continuous loading.
- (e) What is bending stress ? What is the difference between bending stress and direct stress ?
- (f) What is meant by :
 - (i) 'polar' modulus
 - (ii) 'torsional' rigidity
- (g) Give at least three practical applications of thin cylinders in industry.
- (h) Differentiate between 'column' and 'strut'.

(i) Name various methods to determine slope and

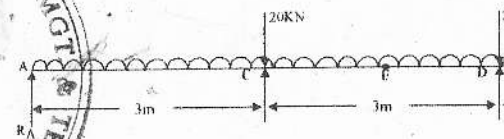
(j) What are the assumptions in Euler's theory of

SECTION-B

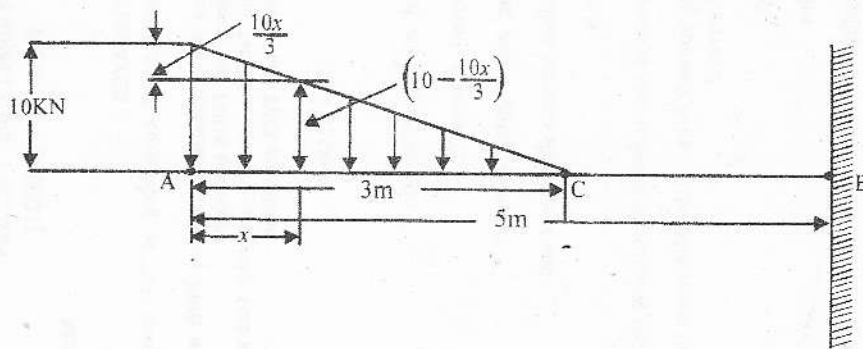
2. Explain the 'normal' and 'actual' stress-strain curve for mild steel. Describe various points and regions.
3. Define 'principal stresses' and 'principal planes'. Determine the principal stresses in case of a general biaxial stress system.
4. A hollow shaft with a diameter ratio 0.7 is required to transmit 300 rpm with a uniform twisting moment. Allowable shear stress is 65 N/mm² and twist in a length of 2 m is not to exceed 1 degree. Calculate the minimum external diameter required under these conditions. Modulus of rigidity = 8.2×10^4 N/mm².
5. A cylindrical vessel 2 meters long, 500 mm external diameter and 10 mm thick is made of steel. The vessel is subjected to an internal pressure of 1 MPa. Calculate the change in external diameter. For steel $E = 200$ GPa and $\nu = 0.3$ (Poisson's ratio).
6. Find the Euler's buckling load for a steel column of length 2 m. Both ends of the column can be taken as pinned. The maximum lateral deflection at buckling is 20 mm. Take τ_y (yield stress) = 240 MPa for steel.

SECTION-C

7. A simply supported beam (as shown in Fig.) is subjected to a u.d.l. of 30 kN/m throughout the length and a point load of 20 kN at 3 m from either support. Use moment area method to find the deflection at the mid span and under loads. Take $E = 205$ GPa and $I = 2.8 \times 10^{-4}$ m⁴.



8. Draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams for the cantilever beam shown in Fig. below.



9. Two beams A and B are made of same material. Beam A is of solid circular section while beam B is of hollow circular section whose inner diameter is 60% of the outer diameter. Compare the weight of beams if these are of same strength.