

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase – III (Part – II) Degree Examination - DEC 2016

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

## OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

### Paper-II (RS2 & RS3)

**Q.P. CODE: 1099**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked  
Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

#### LONG ESSAYS

**2 x 10 = 20 Marks**

1. A 35 year old primi gravida with 45 days amenorrhoea with abdominal pain has come to the OPD. Pregnancy test is positive. What is your differential diagnosis? How will you manage if it is a case of unruptured Ectopic pregnancy?
2. FIGO staging of ovarian cancer, discuss the management of stage-I ovarian cancer?

#### SHORT ESSAYS

**10 x 5 = 50 Marks**

3. Congenital adrenal hyperplasia
4. Myomectomy
5. Ovulation induction
6. Precocious puberty
7. Habitual abortion
8. Asherman syndrome
9. Etiology of uterovaginal prolapse
10. Laparoscopy in gynaecology
11. Screening of cancer cervix
12. Mastalgia

#### SHORT ANSWERS

**10 x 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Menstrual regulation
14. Bromocriptine
15. Ultra sonogram findings of molar pregnancy
16. MIRENA
17. Urge incontinence
18. Use of pessary in prolapse
19. Whiff test
20. Types of hysterectomy
21. Interval sterilization
22. Enumerate assisted reproductive techniques.

\*\*\*\*\*

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Department of Library,  
District Hospital, Mandya - 571 401.

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase – III (Part – II) Degree Examination - DEC 2016

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

## Obstetrics and Gynaecology – Paper I (RS2 & RS3)

**Q.P. CODE: 1098**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked  
Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### LONG ESSAYS

**2 x 10 = 20 Marks**

1. Mechanism of normal labour and management of a case of left occipito anterior position
2. Describe types of post partum haemorrhage and management of a case of atonic PPH.

### SHORT ESSAYS

**10 x 5 = 50 Marks**

3. Antenatal care
4. Define Cephalopelvic disproportion. Causes of non-engagement of head in a primigravida at term
5. Causes of IUGR and its management
6. Indication for caesarean section and types of caesarean section
7. Causes and management of cord prolapse
8. Define PIH. Imminent eclampsia and its management
9. Rh isoimmunization
10. Causes of hydramnios and management of hydramnios
11. Causes of anaemia in pregnancy and management of iron deficiency anaemia
12. Recurrent pregnancy loss and management of incompetent os

### SHORT ANSWERS

**10 x 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Fetal distress
14. Investigations in a normal primigravida
15. Conjoined twins
16. Internal podalic version
17. Types of breech presentation
18. NST
19. Anencephaly
20. Meconium aspiration syndrome
21. Diabetic screening in antenatal patients
22. ARM (Artificial Rupture of Membrane)

\*\*\*\*\*

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase – III (Part – II) Degree Examination - JUNE 2016

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

## Obstetrics and Gynaecology – Paper I (RS2 & RS3)

**Q.P. CODE: 1098**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked

Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### LONG ESSAYS

2 x 10 = 20 Marks

1. Define induction of labour. List the indications and methods of induction.
2. Definition and types of breech presentation. Mention causes of breech presentation. Discuss mechanism of labour in breech presentation.

### SHORT ESSAYS

10 x 5 = 50 Marks

3. Puerperal sepsis
4. Neonatal resuscitation
5. Bandl's ring
6. Functions of placenta
7. Non stress test
8. Chorionic villus sampling
9. Vacuum extraction
10. Mechanism of normal labour
11. Trial of labour
12. Bishop's score

### SHORT ANSWERS

10 x 3 = 30 Marks

13. Spalding sign
14. Oligo hydramnios
15. Indirect Coomb's test
16. Peripheral smear in anaemia
17. Anatomical conjugate
18. Define - Lie and Attitude.
19. Types of episiotomy
20. Management of hyperemesis gravidarum
21. Missed abortion
22. Birth injuries (neonate)

\*\*\*\*\*

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase – III (Part – II) Degree Examination - JULY 2016

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

## OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

### Paper II (RS2 & RS3)

Q.P. CODE: 1099

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked  
Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

#### LONG ESSAYS

2 x 10 = 20 Marks

1. 35 yr old lady present with mass descending per vagina – differential diagnosis, various treatment options available for this woman, if she has third degree prolapse.
2. Write etiopathology of PCOD. Write clinical features, investigations and management.

#### SHORT ESSAYS

10 x 5 = 50 Marks

3. Colposcopy
4. Turner's syndrome
5. Cryptomenorrhoea
6. Semen analysis and causes of male infertility
7. Bacterial vaginosis
8. Fractional curettage
9. Screening for cervical cancer
10. First trimester MTP
11. Dermoid cyst
12. Physiology of ovulation

#### SHORT ANSWERS

10 x 3 = 30 Marks

13. Lymphatic drainage of vulva
14. Causes of secondary infertility
15. Premenstrual symptoms
16. Causes of dyspareunia
17. Tubal patency test
18. Spinnbarkeit test
19. Menopausal symptoms
20. Methotrexate
21. Mechanism of action of Copper-T
22. Cysto glandular hyperplasia

\*\*\*\*\*

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase – III (Part – II) Degree Examination - December 2015

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

## Obstetrics and Gynecology – Paper II (RS2 & RS3)

Q.P. CODE: 1099

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked  
Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### LONG ESSAYS

2 x 10 = 20 Marks

1. Classification of prolapse: etiology, signs and symptoms of prolapse, management of nulliparous prolapse
2. Etiology, signs, symptoms and treatment of acute pelvic inflammatory disease

### SHORT ESSAYS

10 x 5 = 50 Marks

3. Radiotherapy in gynaecology and its complications
4. Chorio-carcinoma
5. Induction of ovulation
6. Types of hysterectomies and complications of vaginal hysterectomy
7. PCOD
8. Indication and contraindications of oestrogen therapy
9. Pre-invasive lesions of cervix
10. MTP act and methods of second trimester MTP
11. Types of Ectopic pregnancy – what are the criterias to diagnose ovarian pregnancy
12. Indications, procedure and complication of D and C

### SHORT ANSWERS

10 x 3 = 30 Marks

13. 3<sup>rd</sup> degree perineal tear
14. Post menopausal bleeding
15. Vasectomy
16. Asherman's syndrome
17. Tubo-ovarian mass
18. Red degeneration of fibroid
19. Complications of ovarian cyst
20. Erosion of the cervix
21. Pseudomyxoma peritonei
22. Hysterosalpingography

\*\*\*\*\*

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Centre for Research & Development  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase – III (Part – II) Degree Examination - DECEMBER 2015

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

## Obstetrics and Gynaecology – Paper I (RS2 & RS3)

**Q.P. CODE: 1098**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked  
Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### LONG ESSAYS

**2 x 10 = 20 Marks**

1. Define post partum haemorrhage. Discuss the types, causes and management of atonic PPH.
2. 25 yr old primi, presented with 7 months amenorrhoea with RHD, discuss complications and management.

### SHORT ESSAYS

**10 x 5 = 50 Marks**

3. Meconium staining of liquor
4. Edema in pregnancy
5. Partogram
6. Teratogenic drugs
7. Complications of multiple pregnancy
8. Internal podalic version
9. Thalassaemia in pregnancy
10. Diagnosis of pregnancy
11. Recurrent pregnancy loss
12. Types of placenta

### SHORT ANSWERS

**10 x 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Diameters of fetal skull
14. Complications of mono amniotic twins
15. Artificial rupture of membranes
16. Quickening
17. Moulding
18. Weight gain in pregnancy
19. Complications of elderly primigravida
20. Asynclitism
21. Management of placenta accreta
22. Internal rotation

\*\*\*\*\*

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Campus  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase – III (Part – II) Degree Examination - JULY 2015

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

## Obstetrics and Gynecology – Paper I (RS2 & RS3)

**Q.P. CODE: 1098**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked  
Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### LONG ESSAYS

2 x 10 = 20 Marks

1. Define the third stage of labour and enumerate the complications of third stage of labour and discuss the management of case of atonic PPH.
2. Define and classify anemia in pregnancy and discuss the management of a case of severe anemia in labour.

### SHORT ESSAYS

10 x 5 = 50 Marks

3. Couvelaire uterus
4. Hydrops fetalis
5. TORCH infection
6. Induction of labour
7. Partograph
8. Anti convulsants in eclampsia
9. Diagnosis of fetal distress
10. Pre-requisites and complication of forceps delivery
11. Discuss intra partum management of twin pregnancy.
12. Diagnosis and management of shoulder dystocia

### SHORT ANSWERS

10 x 3 = 30 Marks

13. Low dose aspirin
14. Episiotomy
15. Anti hypertensives in pre eclampsia
16. Bacterial vaginosis in pregnancy
17. Method of delivery of after coming head in breech
18. Cervical tear during labour
19. Six indications for LSCS
20. MTP Act
21. Cephalhaematoma
22. Pearl index

\*\*\*\*\*

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase – III (Part – II) Degree Examination - JULY 2015

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100

Marks

## Obstetrics and Gynecology – Paper II (RS2 & RS3)

**Q.P. CODE: 1099**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked

Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### LONG ESSAYS

2 x 10 = 20 Marks

1. Discuss the aetiopathogenesis, clinical features and management of a case of acute PID.
2. Draw a neat, labeled diagram of supports of uterus and discuss the management of 3<sup>rd</sup> degree prolapse in a 60 yrs old lady.

### SHORT ESSAYS

10 x 5 = 50 Marks

3. Clinical features of malignant ovarian tumor
4. Visual methods of cervical cancer screening
5. Tubal patency test
6. Brenner's tumor
7. Vesico vaginal fistula
8. Trichomonas vaginalis
9. Genital tuberculosis – clinical features and management
10. Classification of mullerian anomalies
11. Indications for laparoscopy in gynecology
12. Pruritis vulva

### SHORT ANSWERS

10 x 3 = 30 Marks

13. Indications of dilatation and curettage
14. Complications of abdominal hysterectomy
15. Emergency contraception
16. Complications of IUCD
17. Lymphatic drainage of cervix
18. Metropathia hemorrhagica
19. Syndromic management of STD
20. Management of Decubitus ulcer
21. Causes of post menopausal bleeding
22. Mechanism of menorrhagia in fibroid uterus

\*\*\*\*\*

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase – III (Part – II) Degree Examination - Dec-2014

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

## Obstetrics and Gynecology – Paper I (Revised Scheme II)

**Q.P. CODE: 1098**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked

Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### LONG ESSAYS

**2 x 10 = 20 Marks**

1. What are the aims and objectives of antenatal care? Outline the procedure of antenatal care.
2. Describe the haemo dynamic changes in cardiovascular system during pregnancy and outline the management of pregnancy with heart disease in labour.

### SHORT ESSAYS

**10 x 5 = 50 Marks**

3. Diagnosis and management of pre-term labour
4. Puerperal sepsis
5. Jaundice in new born
6. Indications and prerequisites for outlet forceps delivery
7. Antenatal complication in multiple pregnancy
8. HELLP syndrome
9. Clinical features and management of obstructed labour
10. Cervical incompetence
11. Episiotomy and its complications
12. Management of patient with retained placenta in shock

### SHORT ANSWERS

**10 x 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Naegle's rule
14. APGAR score
15. First trimester diagnosis in pregnancy
16. Medical abortion
17. Deep transverse arrest
18. Six causes of unengaged fetal head at term in primigravida
19. Brandt Andrew's technique
20. Causes of first trimester bleeding
21. Fetal complications of diabetes in pregnancy
22. Artificial rupture of membranes

\*\*\*\*\*

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

**Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka**

M.B.B.S. PHASE III PART II Degree Examination – Dec-2014

**Time: Three Hours****Max. Marks: 100 Marks****Obstetrics and Gynaecology- Paper-II  
(RS2 & RS3 SCHEME)****QP Code: 1099**Your answers should be specific to the questions asked  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary**LONG ESSAYS****2 x 10 = 20 Marks**

1. Discuss etiology, symptoms and signs and the management of acute pelvic inflammatory disease.
2. Discuss the symptoms and signs, management of uterovaginal prolapse in a 48 year old lady.

**SHORT ESSAYS****10 x 5 = 50 Marks**

3. Supports of the uterus
4. Benign cystic teratoma
5. Screening for carcinoma cervix
6. Physiology of menstruation
7. Hysterosalpingogram - HSG
8. Trichomoniasis
9. Fibroid polyp
10. PCOD -- poly cystic ovarian disease
11. Ovulation inducing drugs
12. Krukenberg tumour

**SHORT ANSWERS****10 x 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Risk factors for endometrial carcinoma
14. Complications of benign ovarian tumours
15. Causes of menorrhagia
16. Medical management of endometriosis
17. Emergency contraception
18. Complications of LAVH (Laparoscopic Assisted Vaginal Hysterectomy)
19. Causes of urinary retention in gynaecology
20. Transvaginal ultrasound in gynaecology
21. Galactorrhea
22. Pyometra

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase – III (Part – II) Degree Examination - June 2014

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

## Obstetrics and Gynaecology – Paper I (Revised Scheme II)

**Q.P. CODE: 1098**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked  
Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### LONG ESSAYS

**2 x 10 = 20 Marks**

1. Diagnosis, complications and mechanism of labour in breech presentation
2. Causes and management of atonic post partum haemorrhage

### SHORT ESSAYS

**10 x 5 = 50 Marks**

3. Pregnancy induced hypertension (pre-eclampsia) and describe an eclamptic fit.
4. Complications of mono amniotic twins
5. Principles of management of Rh-iso immunised pregnancy
6. Definition and diagnosis and management of brow presentation
7. Complications of 3<sup>rd</sup> stage of labour, management of acute inversion of uterus
8. Vacuum extractor
9. Causes of maternal mortality and factors influencing maternal mortality
10. Stages of labour
11. Diameters of the fetal skull what is the engagement of head
12. Effects of anaemia on pregnancy and management of labour in an anaemic pregnant lady

### SHORT ANSWERS

**10 x 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Hyperemesis gravidarum
14. Jacquemier's sign in pregnancy
15. Fetal presentation
16. Non stress test
17. Episiotomy
18. Asynclitism
19. Types of abruptio placenta and describe clinical features of the severe variety
20. Classification of heart disease during pregnancy
21. Vertical transmission of HIV
22. Types adherent placenta

\*\*\*\*\*

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase – III (Part – II) Degree Examination - June 2014

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

## Obstetrics and Gynecology – Paper II (Revised Scheme II)

**Q.P. CODE: 1099**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked  
Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### LONG ESSAYS

**2 x 10 = 20 Marks**

1. Couple presented in the OPD with inability to conceive 4 yr after marriage. How will you proceed?
2. Discuss the etiology, clinical features and management of endometriosis.

### SHORT ESSAYS

**10 x 5 = 50 Marks**

3. Oral contraceptives
4. Physiology of menstruation
5. Diagnosis of Ectopic pregnancy
6. Nulliparous prolapse
7. CIN
8. Red degeneration of Fibroid
9. Hysterosalpingography
10. Management of DUB
11. Methods of sterilization
12. Dysgerminoma

### SHORT ANSWERS

**10 x 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Post coital test
14. Uses of GnRH analogues in gynaecology
15. Complications of IUCD
16. Sites of Ectopic pregnancy
17. Corpus luteum
18. Types of cervical biopsy
19. Bartholin's abscess
20. RU-486
21. Complications of radiation in carcinoma cervix
22. Indications for D & C

\*\*\*\*\*

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

M.B.B.S. PHASE III PART II Degree Examination – Dec 2013

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

## Obstetrics and Gynaecology- Paper-I (RS2 & RS3 SCHEME)

QP Code: 1098

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### LONG ESSAYS

2 x 10 = 20 Marks

1. Discuss the etiology, clinical features and the management of ruptured ectopic pregnancy. (3+3+4).
2. Define antepartum hemorrhage (APH). Discuss the management of placenta praevia in a patient at 34 weeks of gestation (2+8).

### SHORT ESSAYS

10 x 5 = 50 Marks

3. External cephalic version
4. Bishop's score
5. Management of eclampsia
6. Changes in cardiovascular system (CVS) during pregnancy
7. Active management of third stage of labour
8. Contraindications of intrauterine contraceptive device (IUCD)
9. Cervical incompetence
10. Investigations in a patient with hyperemesis gravidarum
11. Symptoms and signs of preterm labour
12. Antihypertensives in pregnancy – antihypertensive drugs used in preeclampsia

### SHORT ANSWERS

10 x 3 = 30 Marks

13. Etiology of breech presentation
14. Complications of eclampsia
15. Clinical features of incomplete abortion
16. Signs of fetal distress
17. Forceps delivery
18. Complications of monochorionic twins
19. Glucose challenge test
20. Asymptomatic bacteruria and its significance
21. Triple test
22. Caput succedaneum

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences

Central Library

www.FirstRanker.com

\*\*\*\*\*

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

M.B.B.S. PHASE III PART II Degree Examination – Dec 2013

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

## Obstetrics and Gynaecology- Paper-II

(RS2 & RS3 SCHEME)

QP Code: 1099

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### LONG ESSAYS

2 x 10 = 20 Marks

1. Classify fibroid uterus. Write about etiology, clinical features and its management (2+2+3+3).
2. Classify ovarian tumors. Discuss the clinical features and the management of epithelial ovarian tumours. (3+3+4).

### SHORT ESSAYS

10 x 5 = 50 Marks

3. Medical management of DUB
4. Use of gonadotrophins in gynaecology
5. Fothergills surgery
6. Cystoglandular hyperplasia
7. Paraovarian cyst
8. Cervical intraepithelial neoplasia
9. Bacterial vaginosis
10. Granulosa cell tumour
11. Ureteric injuries in gynaecological surgeries
12. Sequelae of pelvic inflammatory disease

### SHORT ANSWERS

10 x 3 = 30 Marks

13. Embryological development of the uterus
14. WHO scoring system for prognostication of choriocarcinoma
15. Senile endometritis
16. Indications of hysteroscopy
17. Schiff test
18. Mittelschmerz's (ovular pain)
19. Post hysterectomy vault prolapse
20. Clinical features of adenomyosis
21. Three swab test
22. Causes of chronic pelvic pain

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library

**Time: Three Hours**

**Max. Marks: 100 Marks**

**Obstetrics and Gynaecology- Paper-I  
(RS2 & RS3 SCHEME)**

**QP Code: 1098**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

**LONG ESSAYS**

**2 x 10 = 20 Marks**

1. Define Puerperium. Discuss the physiological changes taking place during puerperium . How will you manage a patient with deep vein thrombosis in Puerperium (2+4+4).
2. Define preeclampsia. List out the symptoms suggestive of imminent eclampsia. What are the investigations required in a patient with preeclampsia. (2+3+5).

**SHORT ESSAYS**

3. Complications of post dated pregnancy
4. Methods of first trimester MTP
5. Physiological changes in the hematological system in pregnancy
6. Management of intrauterine fetal death
7. Trial of labour
8. Antiphospholipid antibody syndrome (APLA syndrome)
9. Contraceptive advise to a para1, living 1 who has delivered 6 weeks ago
10. Mechanism of labour
11. Tocolytics
12. BPP (Bio Physical Profile)

**SHORT ANSWERS**

**10 x 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Criteria for physiological anaemia of pregnancy
14. Suppression of lactation
15. Face presentation
16. Differential diagnosis of lower abdominal pain in the third trimester of pregnancy
17. Subinvolution of the uterus
18. Causes of edema in pregnancy
19. Augmentation of labour
20. Latent phase of labour
21. Symptoms and signs of inevitable abortion
22. Significance of weight gain during pregnancy

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

**Obstetrics and Gynaecology- Paper-I**  
**(RS2 & RS3 SCHEME)**

**QP Code: 1098**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked

Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

**LONG ESSAYS**

**2 x 10 = 20 Marks**

1. Discuss the clinical features , management and the follow up of a case of vesicular mole (3+3+4).
2. Aetiology, classification, diagnosis and investigations in patients with anaemia in pregnancy and management of labour

**SHORT ESSAYS**

3. Repair of perineal tears
4. Partogram
5. External cephalic version
6. Pearl index
7. Preconceptional counseling
8. Complications of caesarean section
9. Fetal circulation
10. Meconium aspiration syndrome
11. Physiology of ovulation
12. Vaginal birth after caesarean section (VBAC)

**SHORT ANSWERS**

**10 x 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Lochia
14. Causes of bleeding per vaginum in the first trimester
15. Amniotomy
16. Complications of septic abortion
17. Investigations in the second trimester of pregnancy
18. Causes of disseminated intravascular coagulation in obstetrics
19. Dinopristone gel
20. Complications of 3<sup>rd</sup> stage of labour
21. Human chorionic gonadotrophin (hCG)
22. Pelvic assessment

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

**Obstetrics and Gynaecology- Paper-II**  
**(RS2 & RS3 SCHEME)**

**QP Code: 1099**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked

Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

**LONG ESSAYS**

**2 x 10 = 20 Marks**

1. Describe etiology of uterine prolapse. Discuss management and post operative care of 60 year old lady having third degree uterine prolapse.
2. Discuss causes of postmenopausal vaginal bleeding. Describe staging of endometrial cancer.

**SHORT ESSAYS**

3. Detection of ovulation
4. Medical management of endometriosis
5. Hyperprolactinemia
6. Turner's syndrome
7. Retroverted uterus
8. Progesterone in gynecology
9. Menstruation
10. Myomectomy
11. Ureteric injury
12. Hydrosalpinx

**SHORT ANSWERS**

**10 x 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Transformation zone
14. Intrauterine insemination (IUI)
15. Differential diagnosis of menorrhagia in a 40 year old lady
16. Complications of benign ovarian tumors
17. Transvaginal Ultrasound
18. Cervical adenocarcinoma
19. Assisted reproductive techniques (ART)
20. Dysmenorrhoea
21. Diagnosis of polycystic ovarian syndrome (PCOS)
22. Sarcomatous changes of fibroid uterus

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences

M.B.B.S. (PART – II), III Professional Examination - June / July 2012

Time: 3 Hrs.

[Max. Marks: 100]

## OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY – Paper - I (Revised Scheme II)

### QP Code: 1098

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

#### LONG ESSAY

2 X 10 = 20 Marks

1. What are the causes for third trimester bleeding. Discuss different types of placenta praevia and diagnosis and management of central placenta praevia
2. Discuss signs, symptoms, classification and management of heart disease complicating pregnancy

#### SHORT ESSAY

10 X 5 = 50 Marks

3. Sagittal suture and its significance
4. Different methods of second trimester abortion
5. Causes for sub involution of uterus
6. Investigations done in eclampsia
7. Define normal labour and write different stages of labour
8. Complications of hyperemesis gravidarum
9. Define puerperal pyrexia. What are the causes for it?
10. Signs and symptoms of molar pregnancy
11. Management of ruptured ectopic pregnancy
12. Causes for oligoamnios

#### SHORT ANSWERS

10 X 3 = 30 Marks

13. Methods to decrease maternal mortality
14. Assessment of pelvis in labor
15. Ten points for baby friendly hospital
16. Craniotomy
17. Difference between uniovular and binovular twins
18. Different types of oral iron available
19. Difference between cord prolapse and cord presentation
20. Burns-Marshall method in breech
21. Diagnosis and complications of missed abortion
22. Causes of Rupture uterus and its management

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

\* \* \* \* \*

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences

M.B.B.S. (PART – II), III Professional Examination - June / July 2012

Time: 3 Hrs.

[Max. Marks: 100]

## OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY – Paper - II (Revised Scheme II)

QP Code: 1099

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

### LONG ESSAY

2 X 10 = 20 Marks

1. Describe diagnosis, staging of carcinoma cervix. Briefly outline the treatment of stage IB carcinoma cervix
2. Enumerate the supports of uterus. Describe the degrees of uterine prolapse and management of a case of III prolapse in a 26 years old woman

### SHORT ESSAY

10 X 5 = 50 Marks

3. Tanner staging of breast and pubic hair
4. Artificial menopause
5. Indications for laparoscopic surgery
6. Pelvic abscess
7. Turner's syndrome
8. Causes of male infertility
9. Clomiphene citrate
10. Clinical features of fibroid
11. Functional ovarian cyst
12. Medical management of endometriosis

### SHORT ANSWERS

10 X 3 = 30 Marks

13. Gynecological causes for vesico vaginal fistula
14. Irregular shedding
15. Chemotherapy of chorioar carcinoma
16. Non contraceptive benefits of hormone pills
17. Trichomonas vaginalis
18. Indications for hysterectomy
19. Retroversion of uterus
20. Causes for secondary amenorrhoea
21. Complications of dilatation and curettage
22. Use of ultra sound in fibroid

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

\* \* \* \* \*

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences

M.B.B.S. (PART – II), III Professional Examination - Dec 2011 / ~~Jan 2012~~

Time: 3 Hrs.

[Max. Marks: 100]

## OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY – Paper - II (Revised Scheme II)

QP Code: 1099

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

### LONG ESSAY

2 X 10 = 20 Marks

1. Describe surgical staging of carcinoma of ovary (FIGO) and management of a case of Stage I a ovarian malignancy in a 40 years old woman
2. Define dysfunctional uterine bleeding. Describe the various types, and management of metropathia haemorrhagica in a 48 years old woman

### SHORT ESSAY

10 X 5 = 50 Marks

3. Pelvic floor
4. Acute gonorrhoea
5. Tests of ovulation
6. Differential diagnosis of pelvic mass
7. Laparoscopic in endometriosis
8. Contraindications and hormone replacement therapy
9. Meigs's syndrome
10. Low backache
11. Fothergill's operation
12. Pyometra

### SHORT ANSWERS

10 X 3 = 30 Marks

13. Reactionary haemorrhage
14. Secondary dysmenorrhoea
15. Sheehan's syndrome
16. Complications of hysteroscopy
17. Ultra sound features of ovarian malignancy
18. Progesterone challenge test
19. Day care surgery
20. Causes for rectovaginal fistula
21. Chronic inversion of uterus
22. Schiller's test

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

\* \* \* \* \*

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences

M.B.B.S. (PART – II), III Professional Examination - Dec 2011 / ~~Jan 2012~~

Time: 3 Hrs.

[Max. Marks: 100]

## OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY – Paper - I

(Revised Scheme II)

QP Code: 1098

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

### LONG ESSAY

2 X 10 = 20 Marks

1. A 20 year old primigravida presents at 36 weeks with a blood pressure of 140/90 mm <sup>Hg</sup> and proteinuria of 1 +. Discuss management.
2. Describe the diagnosis, complications and management of vesicular mole

### SHORT ESSAY

10 X 5 = 50 Marks

3. Antenatal complications of multiple pregnancy
4. Changes in urinary tract in normal pregnancy
5. Jaundice in newborn
6. Amniotic fluid embolism
7. Use of prostaglandins in obstetrics
8. Non immune hydrops
9. Breast changes in pregnancy
10. Habitual abortion
11. Indications for classical caesarean section
12. Erb's palsy

### SHORT ANSWERS

10 X 3 = 30 Marks

13. Causes for renal failure in obstetrics
14. What are the universal precautions to be taken in a HIV positive patient
15. Couvelaire uterus
16. Indications for prophylactic forceps
17. Signs of fetal distress
18. Cephal<sup>Pa</sup>hematoma
19. Spalding<sup>A</sup> sign
20. Causes for perinatal mortality
21. Importance of breast feeding
22. Signs of placental separation

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

\* \* \* \* \*

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences

M.B.B.S. (PART - II), III Professional Examination - June / July 2011

Time: 3 Hrs.

[Max. Marks: 100]

## OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY – Paper - I (Revised Scheme II)

### QP Code: 1098

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

#### LONG ESSAY

2 X 10 = 20 Marks

1. Define Abortion. What are the types of spontaneous abortion. Clinical features and management of each
2. Define pregnancy induced hypertension. Describe the management of case a of Eclampsia at 36<sup>th</sup> weeks of gestation

#### SHORT ESSAY

10 X 5 = 50 Marks

3. Causes of anemia during pregnancy
4. Lower uterine segment and its significance
5. Nutrition in pregnancy
6. Management of deep transverse arrest
7. Screening of gestational diabetes mellitus
8. Indications for induction of labour
9. Counseling regarding breast feeding
10. Methods of 1<sup>st</sup> trimester MTP
11. Puerperal sterilization
12. Craniotomy (fetus)

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

#### SHORT ANSWERS

10 X 3 = 30 Marks

13. Causes of atonic PPH
14. Lovset manoeuvre of breech delivery
15. Convulsions in new born
16. Follow up of vesicular mole
17. Complications of intra uterine death
18. Indications for caesarean in twin pregnancy
19. Folic acid 9 uas in obs
20. Complications of puerperal sepsis
21. Management of pregnancy with carcinoma cervix
22. Cephalhaematoma

\* \* \* \* \*

Q.P.Code : 1098 - OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY – Paper - I

---

---


Q. NO. 2 - Read the words "management of case a of Eclampsia" as  
"management of case of a of Eclampsia"

Q. NO. 12 - Read the question as "Craniotomy (Foetus)"

Q. NO. 19 - Read the question as "Folic acid and uses in Obstetrics"

OBMB 419

OBMB 452

  
Javed Javed

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences

M.B.B.S. (PART – II), III Professional Examination - June / July 2011

Time: 3 Hrs.

[Max. Marks: 100]

## OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY – Paper - II (Revised Scheme II)

QP Code: 1099

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

### LONG ESSAY

2 X 10 = 20 Marks

1. Define and describe the clinical features, risk factors and complications of pelvic inflammatory disease
2. Define & describe the causes, investigations and management of post menopausal bleeding

### SHORT ESSAY

10 X 5 = 50 Marks

3. Pelvic cellular tissue
4. Phases of menstrual cycle
5. Papanicolaou's smear
6. Bartholin's abscess
7. Congenital elongation of cervix
8. Tests for tubal patency
9. Micro invasive carcinoma of cervix
10. Dilatation and curettage
11. Complications of fibroids
12. Lymphatics of the cervix

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

### SHORT ANSWERS

10 X 3 = 30 Marks


13. Stress incontinence
14. Physiological amenorrhoea
15. Preoperative investigations for hysterectomy in a 40 years old
16. Complications of Ward Mayo's operation
17. Uses of progesterone in Gynecology
18. Adenomyosis
19. Contra indications for laparoscopic surgery
20. Use of ultra sound in Gynecology
21. Complications of Radio Therapy
22. Bacterial vaginosis

\* \* \* \* \*

Q.P.Code : 1099 - OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY – Paper - II

---

q. no. 22 - Read the question as "Bacterial Vaginosis"

 06m6435  
Sandip.g. 06m6469.

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences

M.B.B.S. (PART – II), III Professional Examination - December 2010

Time: 3 Hrs.

[Max. Marks: 100]

## OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY – Paper - I (Revised Scheme II)

QP Code: 1098

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

### LONG ESSAY

2 X 10 = 20 Marks

1. Describe methods of antenatal assessment of fetal well being in late pregnancy.
2. What are the causes of II trimester abortion? How will you diagnose and manage a case of cervical incompetence?

### SHORT ESSAY

10 X 5 = 50 Marks

3. Complications of abruption placentae
4. Causes of Breech presentation
5. Complications in a diabetic baby
6. Doppler in obstetrics
7. Signs and symptoms of molar pregnancy
8. Management of severe Anemia in labour
9. Tests for cephalo-pelvic disproportion (CPD)
10. Oxytocics
11. Discuss briefly complications of Pre-Eclampsia.
12. Define maternal mortality. Discuss briefly important causes.

06M6468  
K2

### SHORT ANSWERS

10 X 3 = 30 Marks

13. Define cord presentation and cord prolapse
14. Complications with forceps delivery
15. USG features of intrauterine death
16. Physiology of lactation
17. Causes of puerperal pyrexia
18. Six indications for caesarian section
19. Surgical methods of MTP
20. Types of episiotomy
21. Methods of delivery of aftercoming head in breech
22. Anti – D immunoglobulin

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

06m6432  
K2

QP Code : 1098

Qn. 1 Read "well being" as "well being"

Qn. 5 Read Question as "Complications in a baby of a diabetic mother"

Qn. 18 Read "caesarian" as "caesarean"

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences

M.B.B.S. (PART – II), III Professional Examination - December 2010

Time: 3 Hrs.

[Max. Marks: 100]

## OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY – Paper - II (Revised Scheme II)

QP Code: 1099

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

**LONG ESSAY****2 X 10 = 20 Marks**

1. Discuss etiology, Pathogenesis, diagnosis and management of genital tuberculosis in female.
2. What are the clinical features of fibroid uterus. How will you investigate and manage a case of Fibroid uterus.

**SHORT ESSAY****10 X 5 = 50 Marks**

3. Imperforate hymen
4. FIGO classification of carcinoma cervix
5. Discuss briefly differential diagnosis of white discharge per vagina.
6. Ovarian hyperstimulation syndrome
7. Trichomonas vaginitis
8. Complications of prolapse uterus
9. Dermoid cyst
10. Indications of Endoscopic surgeries in Gynaecology
11. Cervical intra – epithelial Neoplasia
12. Discuss briefly the differential diagnosis of primary Amenorrhea.

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

**SHORT ANSWERS****10 X 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Toxic shock syndrome
14. 6 indications for D & C
15. Endometrial pattern in DUB
16. Symptoms and signs of Menopause
17. Bartholin's abscess
18. Oocyte donation
19. Cause of acute retention of urine in gynecology
20. Sono Salpingography
21. Surrogate motherhood
22. Frozen pelvis.

06M6477

06M6440

Mandya L.M.

Engr H.S.  
06M6488**QP Code : 1099**

On 4 Read "FIGO classification" as "FIGO Staging"

On 18 Replace Question as "Normal Semen Analysis Report"

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

M.B.B.S. PHASE III (Part-II) Degree Examination - January 2008

Time : 3 Hrs.

[Max. Marks : 100]

**OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY - PAPER I (Revised Scheme)**

**QP Code: 1073**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

**LONG ESSAY**

**2 X 10 = 20 Marks**

1. Discuss the diagnosis and management of intrauterine growth restriction
2. Describe the clinical features, diagnosis and treatment of ruptured ectopic pregnancy

**SHORT ESSAY**

**10 X 5 = 50 Marks**

3. Methods of cervical ripening
4. Management of first stage of labour
5. Obstetric management of eclampsia
6. Secondary post partum haemorrhage
7. Delivery of second of the twins
8. Parenteral iron therapy in pregnancy
9. Missed abortion
10. Methods of testing for antepartum foetal well being
11. Resuscitation of the newborn
12. Physiology of lactation

**SHORT ANSWERS**

**10 X 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Conduct of third stage of labour
14. Investigations in vesicular mole
15. Causes of premature rupture of membranes
16. Indications for instrumental vaginal deliveries
17. Complications of second trimester abortions
18. Significance of meconium stained liquor
19. Causes of oligohydramnios
20. Causes of maternal mortality
21. Caput succedaneum
22. Uses of low dose aspirin in pregnancy

\* \* \* \* \*

**Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences**  
**Central Library**  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences

M.B.B.S. PHASE III (Part-II) Degree Examination - January 2008  
**OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY - PAPER II (Revised Scheme)**

Time: 3 Hrs.

[Max. Marks: 100]

**QP Code: 1074**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.  
Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

## LONG ESSAY

**2 X 10 = 20 Marks**

1. What are the causes of mass descending per vaginum in a 30 years old woman? How will you manage genital prolapse in this patient?
2. Discuss the diagnosis and management of malignant ovarian tumour

## SHORT ESSAY

**10 X 5 = 50 Marks**

3. Tests for tubal patency
4. Cryptomenorrhoea
5. Management of stress urinary incontinence
6. Fractional curettage
7. Trichomonal vaginitis – diagnosis and treatment
8. Medical management of endometriosis
9. Polycystic ovarian syndrome – diagnosis and management
10. Minilap tubectomy
11. Intrauterine contraceptive devices
12. Conization – indications and technique

## SHORT ANSWERS

**10 X 3 = 30 Marks**

13. Complications of fibroid uterus
14. Causes of pyometra
15. Epidemiological factors for cancer of cervix
16. Predisposing factors and diagnosis of monilial vaginitis
17. Methotrexate
18. Causes of retroverted uterus
19. Human chorionic gonadotrophin (hcG)
20. Complications of radiotherapy
21. Causes of post coital bleeding
22. Anatomy of fallopian tube with fig

\* \* \* \* \*

Mandya Institute of Medical Sciences  
Central Library  
District Hospital, MANDYA - 571 401.