

Accountancy

PART-A

Q1. The main aim of not-for-profit organisation is to conduct activities for the welfare of the society.

'Life-time membership fee' is a capital receipt. It is capitalised and added to capital fund in the liabilities side of the Balance Sheet.

Q2. Share of profits = $(10\% \text{ of } ₹ 6,00,000) \times \frac{2}{6}$

$$= \frac{10}{100} \times \frac{10,000}{6,00,000} \times \frac{2}{6}$$

$$= ₹ 20,000/-$$

Q3.

Sacrificing Ratio = 10,000 : 6,000
of King & King = 3:1

$$\text{Share acquired} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{3}{20}$$

from King

$$\text{Share from Kola} = \frac{1}{11} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{55}$$

New Share ~~Borrow~~ ⇒ Old Share Sacrificed
Share Kola

$$\text{King} = \frac{3}{5} - \frac{3}{20} = \frac{12-3}{20} = \frac{9}{20}$$

$$\text{Kola} = \frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{20} = \frac{8-1}{20} = \frac{7}{20}$$

$$\text{King} = \frac{1}{5} \text{ or } \frac{4}{20}$$

(New Ratio) ⇒ 9:7:4

Q4. Reserve Capital

It refers to the amounts of share capital which the company reserves the right to be called, until it winds up.

It will only be called upon winding-up of the company.

Q5. 1. Rights to share the future profits of the firm.

Q6. It is assumed that the dealer has already been transferred to realisation A/c.

Journal

Date	Particulars	Lf	Dr (₹)	Cr (₹)
	Realisation A/c Dr. To C's Capital A/c (Being business been taken over by C on dissolution)		10,000	10,000

08.

Balance Sheet

as at

Particulars

Note No.

£

I EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

1. Shareholders funds

(a) Share capital

1

99,96,000

Notes to accounts

Note No.

Particulars

£

£

1. Share capital

AUTHORIZED SHARE CAPITAL

(2,00,000 equity shares of £ 100 each)

~~2,00,00,000~~

ISSUED SHARE CAPITAL

(1,00,000 equity shares of £ 100 each)

~~1,00,00,000~~

SUBSCRIBED SHARE CAPITAL

Subscribed and fully paid

99,800 shares of £ 100 each

99,80,000

200
4000
100

Particulars

Subscribed but not fully paid
600 shares of ₹100 each

Less: Calls in arrears (₹10 × 20)

	₹	₹
	20,000	
	(4,000)	
	16,000	99,600

Ques 7.

Share acquired from C $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$

" " " D $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$

New Shares = old Share - Sacrificed Share

$$(A) = \frac{1}{4} - 0 = \frac{1}{4} \text{ or } \frac{3}{12}$$

$$(B) = \frac{1}{4} - 0 = \frac{1}{4} \text{ or } \frac{3}{12}$$

$$C = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{3-2}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$D = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$E \Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \text{ or } \frac{4}{12}$$

New profit sharing $\Rightarrow$ A : B : C : D : E
Ratio 3 : 3 : 1 : 1 : 4

~~Answer~~

Goodwill for E. $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \times ₹ 3,00,000$

$\approx ₹ 1,00,000$

Journal

Date	Particulars	Dr	Cr (£)
	E's current A/c Dr		
	To C's Capital A/c	100,000	50,000
	To D's Capital A/c		50,000

09. Working notes

No. of debentures = $\frac{6,00,000}{100} = 6000$

In the books of ZK Ltd.

Journal

Date	Particulars	LT	Dr (£)	Cr (£)
	Bank A/c Dr. (Being departure issued)		3,80,000	3,80,000
	Departure application & allotment A/c Dr. 3,80,000 Loss on issue of departure A/c Dr. 40,000 Discount on issue of departure A/c Dr. 20,000 To 9% Departure A/c To Premium on Redemption A/c (Being application money advised and issue of 4000 debentures)			4,00,000 40,000
				4,000

2019
46
65

Calculation of net amt of stationery

Amount paid to creditors	(£)
Add: closing balance of creditors	46,000
opening stock of stationery	19,000
cash purchases	26,000
	<u>6000</u>
	<u>£ 96,000</u>
less: closing stock of stationery	(40,000)
opening balance of creditors	(30,000)
	<u>£ 26,000</u>

Amts to be debited to

Income & Expenditure A/c.

£ 26,000 / -

ad alt 31.03.18

Qualities

outside of stationery

54

7,000

byots

State of stationery

4

40,000

Journal

Date	Particulars	Dr	Cr
2019 Apr	General Reserve A/c Dr. TO Station's Capital A/c TO Taurua's Capital A/c (Being general reserve distributed)	40,000	24,000 16,000
	Workmen Compensation Fund A/c Dr. Revaluation A/c Dr. TO Workmen Compensation Claim A/c (Being claim of ₹10,000 on workmen fund)	35,000 5,000	40,000
	Station's Capital A/c Dr. Taurua's Capital A/c Dr. TO Revaluation A/c (Being loss on revaluation distributed)	3,000 2,000	5,000

~~Q12~~

Working Notes

Calculation of Gain/Loss
Sales Revenue

Old Rate = $\frac{6}{10} : \frac{4}{10}$

New Rate = $\frac{5}{10} : \frac{5}{10}$

Sample $\rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{10} \right) \leftarrow$ Gain

Notes	Particulars	LC	Dr (£)	(Cr £)	
	Treasury Capital A/c Dr.		5000		
	70 Sales's Capital A/c			5000	
	(Being good will adjusted)				
					6:4 5:5

Dr. Haider's Executor A/c Cr.

Date	Particulars	Dr	Cr	Date	Particulars	Dr	Cr
2015 Nov 31	TO Bank A/c	22,500		2015 Nov 31	By Haider's Capital A/c		90,000
"	TO Balance c/d	67,500					90,000
			90,000				
2016 Nov 31	TO Bank A/c	34,650		2015 Nov 31	By Balance b/d		13,150
"	TO Balance c/d	45,000		"	By Balance b/d		67,500
			45,000	"	By Interest A/c		42,150
							79,650
2017 Nov 31	By TO Bank A/c	30,600		2016 Nov 31	By Balance b/d		45,000
"	TO Balance c/d	22,500		"	By Interest A/c		9,100
			22,500				53,100
2018 Nov 31	TO Bank A/c	26,550		2016 Nov 31	By Balance b/d		22,500
"				"	By Interest A/c		4,050
							26,550

Q13.

Dr.

Realisation A/c

Cr.

Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Stock	24,000	By Debtors	42,000
To Debtors	19,000	By Employees Provident Fund A/c	60,000
To Furniture	40,000	By Mrs. Ahluwalia's Loan	9,000
To Plant	2,10,000	By Investment fluctuation Reserve Fund A/c	4,000
To Investments	32,000	By Ahluwalia's Capital A/c (Share)	38,000
To Ahluwalia's Capital A/c (Mrs. Ahluwalia's Loan)	9,000		
To Karan's Capital A/c (Remuneration)	12,000	By Bank A/c	
To Bank A/c		• Debtors	18,500
(Employees Provident Fund)	60,000	• Plant	2,31,000
		• Stock	15,840
To Gain on Realisation transferred to:			2,65,340
Ahluwalia's Capital A/c	12,000	By Karan's Capital A/c (Share)	7,680
Karan's Capital A/c	3,000		
	20,000		
	4,26,000		4,26,000

Working Notes

1. Calculation on opening capital.

	Rishi	Robby	Vinod
Opening capitals	8,00,000	6,00,000	4,00,000
less: Profit share	(60,000)	(60,000)	(30,000)
	7,40,000	5,40,000	3,70,000
Add: Drawings	2,20,000	1,00,000	1,00,000
	9,60,000	6,40,000	4,70,000
	9,60,000	6,40,000	4,70,000

2. Part on capital @ 10% p.a.

3. Part on drawings

$$\text{Rishi} \Rightarrow \frac{3}{100} \times 20,00,000 \times \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12}$$

$$= \frac{3}{100} \times 20,00,000 \times \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12}$$

$$= \frac{3}{100} \times 20,00,000 \times \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12}$$

4-

$$\text{Betty} \Rightarrow 50,000 \times 2 \times \frac{10}{2} \times \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{3}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{£ } 4500/-$$

$$\text{Wrest} \Rightarrow \text{£ } 100,000 \times \frac{5}{2} \times \frac{6}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{£ } 2500/-$$

Particulars

Statement of adjustments

Particulars

Particulars	Amount Dr	Amount Cr
1. Int on capital	98,000	64,000
2. Int on drawing	(6,600)	(4,500)
3. Profit share		(2,500)
TOTAL	91,400	69,000

209,000.

1,50,000
13,600

(1,63,600)

98

64

(20,900)

(20,900)

Statement of Adjustment

Particulars	Amount Due			Amount Entitled		
	Naveen	Oditi	Rajesh	Naveen	Oditi	Rajesh
1. Interest on Capital	-	-	-	28,000	43,200	28,800
2. Salary	28,000	32,000	-	-	-	-
3. Profits Transferred (2016-17)	15,000	10,000	5,000	-	-	-
(2017-18)	15,000	9,000	6,000	-	-	-
TOTAL	58,000	51,000	11,000	48,000	43,200	28,800
Less: Amt Entitled	(48,000)	(43,200)	(28,800)			
	10,000	7,800	17,800			

For 2016-17 (₹) (₹) For 2017-18 (₹)

Intl on capitals $\Rightarrow$ + 60,000
(Salary) $\Rightarrow$ (30,000)
Profit to be distributed $\rightarrow$ 30,000

28
44
72
120,000

Income and Expenditure A/c
for the year ended 31-03-18

[illegible]

Journal

Date	Particulars	Dr	Cr
2018 April 1	Rajesh's Current A/c Dr. to Navneet's Current A/c to Rajesh's Current A/c (Being adjustment passed)	17,800	10,000 7,800

Working notes

1. Interest on Investment

$$\frac{162}{100} \times \frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{100} \times 1,00,000$$

₹

₹ 4,000/-

2. Subscriptions

₹

3,00,000

Add Outstanding on 31.03.16

3,20,800

less: Subscription in advance (15,000)

₹ 3,05,800/-

22

Q16-	Dr	Revaluation A/c	Cr
I	Particulars	₹	₹
	TO P&L & Provisioning	6000	4000
	TO Bad Debts	1800	
	TO Provision for Bad Debts	3000	
		10,000	6,000
			10,000

Partners' Capital A/c

Dr	Particulars	Neham	Vinay	Nitya	Cr
	TO Revaluation	3000	2000	1000	
	TO Neham's Capital	-	48,000	42,000	
	TO Neham's Loan A/c	2,85,000	-	-	
	TO Bank A/c	-	6,000	16,000	
	TO Balance c/d	-	-	-	
	TO Balance c/d	-	54,000	38,000	
		2,85,000	1,10,000	95,000	
					2,25,000
					1,10,000
					95,000

ad at 31.03.18

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Working notes

1. ^{old} profit sharing ratio $\Rightarrow 3:2:1$

2. ~~profit~~ gaining Ratio

$$V_{\text{may}} \Rightarrow \frac{\frac{2}{6} - \frac{2}{3}}{\frac{10-10}{30}} = \frac{\frac{1}{30}}{\frac{0}{30}}$$

$$N_{\text{May}} \Rightarrow \frac{\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{6}}{\frac{12-5}{30}} = \frac{\frac{7}{30}}{\frac{7}{30}}$$

Gaining Ratio $\Rightarrow 8:7$

3. ^{new} ~~goodwill~~ $\Rightarrow 1,90,000 \times \frac{8}{8} = 90,000$

iv. Capital adjustment

total capital = ₹ 90,000

new
capital

₹ 54,000

₹ 36,000

↓ Vinay

↓ Nitya

old & adjusted
capital ₹ (60,000)

₹ (52,000)

₹ (6,000)

₹ (14,000)

withdrawal

withdrawal

$$\frac{35}{22} \times \frac{13}{13}$$

$$\frac{35}{22} \times \frac{13}{13}$$

$$\frac{35}{22} \times \frac{13}{13}$$

In the books of Company Ltd :-

Journal

Particulars	Dr (₹)	Cr (₹)
BANK A/c Dr. TO Share Application A/c (Being application money received)	3,60,000	3,60,000
Share Application A/c Dr. TO Share Capital A/c (Being application money capitalised)	3,60,000	3,60,000
BANK A/c Dr.		
Share Allotments A/c Dr. TO Share Capital A/c TO Securities Premium Reserve A/c (Being allotment money due)	2,34,000	5,40,000 12,00,000

Journal

Notes	Particulars	Dr	Cr
	Bank A/c Dr- TO Share Allotment A/c TO Share First call A/c TO Share Final call A/c (Being share allotment money rec'd on 500 shares)	23,44,000	22,49,000 35,000 40,000
	Share First call A/c Dr- TO Share Capital A/c TO Securities Premium Reserve A/c (Being first call due)	12,60,000	3,60,000 9,00,000
	Bank A/c Dr- TO Share Allotment A/c TO Share First call A/c (Being first call money due, and due on allotment also received)	13,16,000 10,60,000	9,10,000 12,25,000 10,60,000
		22,49,000 9,10,000	23,40,000

Journal

Notes	Particulars	Dr	Cr (₹)	Cr (₹)
	Share final call A/c Dr.			
	TO Share Capital A/c		14,40,000	5,40,000
	TO Securities Premium Reserve A/c			9,00,000
	(Being first call due on 100,000 shares)			✓
	Bank A/c Dr.			
	TO Share final call A/c		13,84,000	13,84,000
	(Being final call received except on 2000 shares)		✓	✓
	* (continued after working notes....)			

Working Notes

$$2,00,000 \times 10 + 20$$

②

1,80,000

App	2	
All	13	3 + 10
1st call	7	2 + 5
2nd call	9	3 + 5

③

Amount received on allotment

₹

Debit

23,40,000

Add: ~~cash~~ balance received

75,000

24,15,000

15x7

less: ~~cash~~ Amt not

paid ~~receiving~~ (91,000)

Vinod

₹ 23,24,000 / -

$$\begin{array}{r} 12,80,000 \\ + 91,000 \\ \hline 13,71,000 \end{array}$$

~~30~~

Journal

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Dr (£)	Cr (£)
	Share Capital A/c Dr. Securities Premium Reserve A/c Dr. TO Share Forfeited A/c TO Share Final Call A/c (Being 2,000 share forfeited for non payment of final call)		80,000 10,000 ✓ ✓	14,000 16,000
	Share Forfeited A/c Dr. Bank A/c Dr. TO Share Capital A/c (Being re-issue of 1,000 share @ 28/share, fully paid up)		30,000 12,000 ✓ ✓	15,000
	Share Forfeited A/c Dr. TO Capital Reserve A/c (Being gain on re-issue transferred to Capital A/c)		7,500 ✓	7,500

Calculation of gain or loss

$$\Rightarrow \begin{array}{r} \text{₹ } 3000 \\ \text{₹ } 10000 \times \frac{3}{4} \end{array} - \text{₹ } 3000$$

$$2) \text{ ₹ } 10,000 - 3000$$

$$3) \text{ ₹ } 10,000 -$$

ISE 2019

Handwritten calculations on lined paper, including:

- Top Right:**
 - $1000000 \div 32 = 31250000$
 - $1000000 \div 31 = 32258064$
 - $1000000 \div 30 = 33333333$
 - $1000000 \div 29 = 34482758$
 - $1000000 \div 28 = 35714285$
 - $1000000 \div 27 = 37037037$
 - $1000000 \div 26 = 38461538$
 - $1000000 \div 25 = 40000000$
 - $1000000 \div 24 = 41666666$
 - $1000000 \div 23 = 43478260$
 - $1000000 \div 22 = 45454545$
 - $1000000 \div 21 = 47619047$
 - $1000000 \div 20 = 50000000$
 - $1000000 \div 19 = 52631578$
 - $1000000 \div 18 = 55555555$
 - $1000000 \div 17 = 58823529$
 - $1000000 \div 16 = 62500000$
 - $1000000 \div 15 = 66666666$
 - $1000000 \div 14 = 71428571$
 - $1000000 \div 13 = 76923076$
 - $1000000 \div 12 = 83333333$
 - $1000000 \div 11 = 90909090$
 - $1000000 \div 10 = 100000000$
- Top Left:**
 - $1000000 \div 9 = 111111111$
 - $1000000 \div 8 = 125000000$
 - $1000000 \div 7 = 142857142$
 - $1000000 \div 6 = 166666666$
 - $1000000 \div 5 = 200000000$
 - $1000000 \div 4 = 250000000$
 - $1000000 \div 3 = 333333333$
 - $1000000 \div 2 = 500000000$
- Middle:**
 - $1000000 \div 1 = 1000000000$
 - $1000000 \div 0.9 = 1111111111$
 - $1000000 \div 0.8 = 1250000000$
 - $1000000 \div 0.7 = 1428571428$
 - $1000000 \div 0.6 = 1666666666$
 - $1000000 \div 0.5 = 2000000000$
 - $1000000 \div 0.4 = 2500000000$
 - $1000000 \div 0.3 = 3333333333$
 - $1000000 \div 0.2 = 5000000000$
 - $1000000 \div 0.1 = 10000000000$
- Bottom:**
 - $1000000 \div 0.09 = 11111111111$
 - $1000000 \div 0.08 = 12500000000$
 - $1000000 \div 0.07 = 14285714285$
 - $1000000 \div 0.06 = 16666666666$
 - $1000000 \div 0.05 = 20000000000$
 - $1000000 \div 0.04 = 25000000000$
 - $1000000 \div 0.03 = 33333333333$
 - $1000000 \div 0.02 = 50000000000$
 - $1000000 \div 0.01 = 100000000000$

0908

(To be entered by Board)

अपना अनुक्रमांक इस उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर न लिखें
Please do not write your Roll Number on this Answer-Book

अतिरिक्त उत्तर-पुस्तिका (अ) की संख्या
Supplementary Answer-Books No. 1

PART-B

OPTION -1

Q14. When cash comes in, into the business, it is called Inflow of cash.

For example : Money received by sale of goods ₹10000/-
∴ ₹10000 is the inflow.

Q19.

Ans.

They are not disclosed in cashflow statement as they do not involve outflow or inflow of cash.
It is a non-cash transaction.

QSO - I	
Major Headings	Sub Headings
(i) Current liabilities ✓	Other current liabilities
(ii) Current assets ✓	Inventories -
(iii) Current liabilities ✓	Other current liabilities
(iv) Current assets ✓	Other current assets -
(v) Non-current assets ✓	Fixed assets - Intangibles
(vi) Non-current assets liability ✓	Other non-current liability
(vii) Non-current asset ✓	Fixed assets - Tangible
	Fixed assets - Intangible

Q21.

~~Q21~~

Net Profit after interest and tax $\Rightarrow$

1,20,000

Add: Tax $(100 - \frac{100 \times 100}{100}) \times 100 = 100$

~~1,20,000~~

~~Profit before Tax~~

~~Add: Interest $(15,000 + 12,000)$~~

~~2,47,000~~

Quick Ratio $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{1}$

(i)

Debtors

As ~~gross~~ quick assets decrease, but current liabilities remain unchanged.

(ii)

Balance Sheet

Debit

It increases current liabilities, even though quick assets remain unchanged.

(iii)

Balance Sheet

Quick assets (cash) increases, while current liabilities remain unchanged.

(iv)

No change

Neither quick assets, nor current liabilities change.

022.

Comparative Statement

Profit and Loss
for the ending
31.03.17 and 31.03.18

Particulars	2016-17 (A)	2017-18 (B)	Absolute Change (B-A) ₹	Percentage Change (%) $D = \frac{B-A}{A} \times 100$
I Revenue from Operation	4,00,000	6,00,000	2,00,000	50%
II TOTAL INCOME	4,00,000	6,00,000	2,00,000	50%
III EXPENSES				
• Cost of materials consumed	2,00,000	3,00,000	1,00,000	50%
• Other Expenses	50,000	45,000	(5,000)	(10%)
III TOTAL EXPENSES	2,50,000	3,45,000	95,000	38%
IV Profit before Tax (I-III)	1,50,000	2,55,000	1,05,000	70%
• Less: Tax @ 40%	(60,000)	(1,02,000)	(42,000)	70%
V Profit after Tax	90,000	1,53,000	63,000	70%

Cashflow Statement

for the year ended 31.03.18

Particulars	₹	₹
(A) Cashflow from Operating Activities		
Difference b/w Surplus	(1,00,000)	
Add: Provision for Tax made	76,000	
Net loss before tax and extraordinary activities	(24,000)	
Adjustments for non cash & non-operating		
Add: Depreciation	4,20,000	
Interest on Debentures	64,000	
Less: Gain on sale of machinery	(1,60,000)	
Operating profit before working capital change	3,00,000	
Add: Increase in Trade Payable	50,000	
Less: Increase in Inventory	(4,00,000)	
	(50,000)	
Less: Tax Paid	(56,000)	
Cash used in Operating Activities		(106,000)

Particulars	₹	₹
(B) <u>Cashflow from Investing</u>		
<u>Payment for machinery</u>	(16,00,000)	
<u>Payment for purchase of Intangible Assets</u>	(4,00,000)	
<u>Proceeds from sale of machinery</u>	6,40,000	
<u>Cash used in Investing activities</u>		<u>(10,60,000)</u>
(C) <u>Cashflow from Financing Activities</u>		
<u>Proceeds from issue of share</u>	9,00,000	
<u>Proceeds from issue of debentures</u>	3,00,000	
<u>Interest paid on debentures</u>	(60,000)	
<u>Cashflow from financing activities</u>		<u>11,36,000</u>
(D) <u>Net change ^{cash} decrease in cash & cash equivalents</u> (Cash + current investments)	<u>(30,000)</u>	
<u>Add: Opening cash & cash equivalents</u>	1,56,000	
<u>Closing cash & cash equivalents</u>		<u>1,26,000</u>

Working Notes

1- Dr Machinery A/c Cr

Particulars	Dr	Particulars	Cr
To Balance b/d	2500000		
To P & L A/c	1,60,000	By Bank A/c	6,40,000
To Bank A/c (B/P)	16,60,000	By Accumulated Depreciation	3,20,000
		By Balance b/d	3300000
			<u>42,60,000</u>

Accumulated Depreciation A/c

Particulars	Dr	Particulars	Cr
To Machinery A/c	3,20,000	By Balance b/d	500,000
To Balance b/d	6,00,000	By Depreciation	4,20,000
			<u>9,20,000</u>