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**RAIGAD -402 103** 

**Supplementary Examination, December 2018** 

| Branch: B. Pharmacy<br>Subject: Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry -I (BP2021)<br>Date: 31-12-2018 |                     |                                  | Semester: II<br>Marks: 75<br>Time: 3 Hrs. |  |
|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Instructions to the Students<br>L All questions are cor  | npulsory            |                                  |   |  |
| 2. Figures to the right i  | ndicate full marks  |                                  |   |  |
| Q. No. 1. Solve the following  | multiple choke q    | uestions.                        | 1x20=20                                   |  |
| I. lsobutane and n- butane are   | of ea               | ch other.                        |   |  |
| a) functional isomers b) chain isomers   |                     | c) tautorners                    | d) stereoisomers                          |  |
| 2. Halogenation of alkanes tak   | es place by         | mech                             | anism                                     |  |
| a) free radical  | b) carbanion        | c) carbocation                   | d) none of these                          |  |
| 3. In elimination reaction of al   | kyl halides, the ma | jor product is that alke         | ene in which double bond is more          |  |
| highly substituted, is the   |                     |                                  |   |  |
| a) Markovnikov's rule  | b) Hoffmar          | n rule                           |   |  |
| c) Saytzeff rule   | d) Antimar          | kovnikov's rule                  |   |  |
| 4. Ozonolysis of alkenes yield   | s                   | GON                              |   |  |
| a) alkynes   | b) alkanes          | et.                              |   |  |
| c) alcohol   | d) carbonyl         | compounds                        |   |  |
| 5. Which of the following'com  | pound is a conjuga  | ted diene?                       |   |  |
| a) I,4-pentadicne  | b). I ,2 buta       | diene                            | •   |  |
| c) 1,3-butadiene   | d) all of the       | ese                              |   |  |
| 6. The IUPAC name of isopro  | pyl bromide is      |                                  |   |  |
| a) I- bromoethane  | b) 2-bromo          | ethane                           |   |  |
| c) 1-brornopropane   | d) 2-brorno         | propane                          |   |  |
| 7. When chiral compound und  | lergoes SNi reactio | <b>n</b> , the product is obtain | ned with                                  |  |
| a) Inversion of configur   | ration b) Retention | of configuration                 |   |  |
| c) Racemization  | d) plane of         | symmetry                         |   |  |
| 8. Carbylamines test is given b  | ру                  |                                  |   |  |
| a) primary amine   | b) secondar         | b) secondary amine               |   |  |
| c) tertiary amine  | d) quaterna         | ry ammonium calt                 |   |  |

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|---|--|--|--|
| 9. Estas neagent used in distinguishing | ww.FifstRankels.comainswww.FirstRanker.com                           |  |  |
| a) zinc chloride and HC1                | b) zinc chloride and HNO3  |  |  |
| c) ferric chloride and HC1              | d) none of these   |  |  |
| 10. The carbon atom involved in doul    | ble bond of alkene is  |  |  |
| a) SP hybridized                        | b) SP <sup>2</sup> hybridized  |  |  |
| c) SP <sup>3</sup> hybridized           | d) unhybridized  |  |  |
| 11. The effect of electron releasing su | abstituent on basicity of amines is                                  |  |  |
| a) basicity increases                   | b) basicity decreases  |  |  |
| c) no effect on basicity                | d) none of these   |  |  |
| 12. When two groups or atoms are lo     | st from adjacent carbon atoms to form carbon-carbon double bond, the |  |  |
| reaction is called as                   |  |  |  |
| a) 1,1 —elimination                     | b) 1,2- elimination  |  |  |
| c) substitution                         | d) addition  |  |  |
| 13. The rate of reaction in El mechan   | nism depends upon concentration of                                   |  |  |
| a) substrate only                       | b) base only   |  |  |
| c) both substrate and base              | d) none of these   |  |  |
| 14. Which of the following is stronge   | est acid?  |  |  |
| a) acetic acid                          | b) chloroacetic acid   |  |  |
| c) dichloroacetic acid                  | d) trichloroacetic acid  |  |  |
| 15. Which of the following is the satu  | urated compound?   |  |  |
| a) 1-butene b) propene                  | c) 2- butene d) n-butane   |  |  |
| 16. Primary Hydrogen isotope effect     | is observed in   |  |  |
| a) Ei reaction                          | b) E2 reaction   |  |  |
| c) SNi reaction                         | d) SN2 reaction  |  |  |
| 17. The IUPAC name of the compound      | CI-CH2-C1-12-CH2-01-1 is   |  |  |
| a) 1-chloropropanal                     | b) 3-chloropropanol  |  |  |
| c) 3- chloropropane                     | d) 1-chloropropanone   |  |  |
| 18. The final product in Cannizzaro r   | reaction is  |  |  |
| a) aldehyde                             | b) ketone  |  |  |
| c) hydrazone                            | d) alcohol and salt of carboxylic acid                               |  |  |
| 19. The intermediate formed in SN       | mechanism is   |  |  |
| a) carbenc b) free radical              | c) carbocation d) carbanion  |  |  |
| 20. Addition of 1-1Hr to alkene in pre  | esence of peroxide follows orientation.                              |  |  |
| a) Markovnikov's                        | b) Hoffman   |  |  |
| c) Saytzeff                             | d) Antimarkovnikov's   |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |

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tRanker.com ot 2a Salve any Two of the following www.FirstRanker.com www.FirstRanker. A. Explain, why Aldehydes and ketones are susceptible for nucleophilic addition reactions? Give any two methods for preparation of aldehydes. Write a note on Aldol condensation and Perkin reaction. B. Give kinetics, mechanism and stercochemistry of SIB] and SN2 reactions with example. C. What are elimination reactions? Discuss kinetics, mechanism and orientation of E2 reaction. Differentiate between Ei and E2 reactions. Q. No. 3. Solve any Seven of the following. 5x7=35 A. Explain SP<sup>3</sup> hybridization in alkanes. B. Explain the effect of substituent on acidity of carboxylic acids. C. What are Alcohols? Give any two methods for preparation and any two reactions of alcohols. D. Write a note on basicity of amines. E. Explain the different types of structural isomerism. F. Write a note on Ozonolysis and Diel-alder reaction. G. Give the structures and uses of following compounds i) Glycerol ii) Dichloromethane iii) Acetyl salicylic sacid iv) Formaldehyde v) Ethanotarnine H. Draw the structures for following compounds. 2-aminoethanol i) ii) 2- bromopentanal iii) ethylpropanoate iv) 2- methoxypentanoic acid v) N-methylbutanamine I. Give the IUPAC names to the following compounds CH3 OH

H3 -CH-CH -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub> i, H0 MM i i i i i i i H0 H3C - CH=CH-CH-CH<sub>3</sub>

End

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