Code: 9RBS101
B.Pharm I Year (R09) Supplementary Examinations December 2016

## REMEDIAL MATHEMATICS

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70
Answer any FIVE questions
All questions carry equal marks
1 (a) Find the sum of ' $n$ ' terms of arithmetic progression whose $7^{\text {th }}$ term if 30 and $13^{\text {th }}$ term is 54 .
(b) Resolve $\frac{3 x+2}{2-x-x^{2}}$ into partial fractions.

2 (a) Show that $\cos ^{4} \alpha+2 \cos ^{2} \alpha\left(1-\frac{1}{\sec ^{2} \alpha}\right)=1-\sin ^{4} \alpha$.
(b) If $x+\frac{1}{x}=2 \cos \theta$ show that $x^{3}+\frac{1}{x^{3}}=2 \cos 3 \theta$

3 (a) Find the value of ' t ' if the points ( $\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{t}$ ), ( $2 \mathrm{t}, 6 \mathrm{t}$ ) and ( 3,8 ) are collinear.
(b) If the distance from P to the point $(5,-4),(7,6)$ are in the ratio $2: 3$ then find the locus of P .

4 (a) Find the derivative of the following function $\frac{1}{x^{2}+1}$ by first principal.
(b) Evaluate $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\tan (x-3)}{\left(x^{2}-9\right)}$.

5 Find the greatest and least values of $2 \sin x+\sin 2 x$ over $[0,2 \pi]$.
6 (a) Evaluate $\int x^{3} \sin \left(x^{4}\right) d x$.
(b) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2+3 \sin x} d x$.

7 (a) Form the differential equation of $a x^{2}+b y^{2}=1$
(b) Solve $\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{x y+y}{x y+x}$.

8 The rate at which bacteria multiply is proportional to the instantaneous number present. If the original number doubles in 2 hours. In how many hours will it triple?

