

Code: 15R00602

R15

B.Pharm III Year II Semester (R15) Regular Examinations May/June 2018

PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS – II

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- (a) Define R_f value.
 - (b) What is HETP? Write its significance.
 - (c) Define fronting factor.
 - (d) What are the criteria to perform gas chromatographic analysis?
 - (e) Write the applications of DTA.
 - (f) Write the difference between QC and QA.
 - (g) What is normal phase mode in HPLC?
 - (h) Write the advantages of HPLC over GC.
 - (i) What is optical activity?
 - (j) Define octane rule.

PART – B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT – I

- 2 Write the principle and working of ion exchange chromatography.

OR

- 3 What is paper chromatography? Write a note on development of paper chromatogram technique.

UNIT – II

- 4 Explain the working of GC with the help of a neat, labeled, schematic block diagram and describe its adsorption isotherm.

OR

- 5 Discuss briefly detectors and injectors used in GC.

UNIT – III

- 6 Write basic principle, instrumentation and applications of DSC in analysis of pharmaceuticals.

OR

- 7 What is validation? Give a brief account of validation of analytical methods.

UNIT – IV

- 8 What is HPLC? Classify them with example. Write its applications in pharmacy.

OR

- 9 Discuss various parameters in chromatogram in HPLC.

UNIT – V

- 10 How are x-rays generated? What are the applications of x-ray diffraction? Write a note on Bragg's law.

OR

- 11 What is RIA? Write its principle and types with example.
