

Code: 15A04409

B.Tech II Year II Semester (R15) Supplementary Examinations December 2018

**ANALOG ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS**

(Electrical &amp; Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

**PART – A**

(Compulsory Question)

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- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- (a) What is the role of emitter capacitor in RC coupled amplifier?
  - (b) What is the significance of gain bandwidth product?
  - (c) An amplifier has a gain of 2000. If the feedback ratio is 0.04, find the voltage gain of the amplifier with negative feedback.
  - (d) What is the effect of voltage series negative feedback on bandwidth of a BJT amplifier?
  - (e) A tuned collector oscillator operates at 22 kHz with a variable capacitor set to 2 nF. What is the value of tuned circuit inductance?
  - (f) Mention some of the applications of crystal oscillator.
  - (g) Distinguish between voltage amplifier and power amplifier.
  - (h) What is cross over distortion in class – B push-pull amplifier?
  - (i) Draw neatly the response of high pass RC circuit with small time constant for a square input.
  - (j) What is a Schmitt trigger?

**PART – B**

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

**UNIT – I**

- 2 Draw and explain the circuit diagram and frequency response characteristics of RC coupled amplifier.

**OR**

- 3 With the help of a suitable circuit diagram, explain the working of direct coupled 2 stage amplifier.

**UNIT – II**

- 4 Enumerate the effects of negative feedback on the various characteristics of the amplifier.

**OR**

- 5 An amplifier with 2.5 k $\Omega$  input resistance and 50 k $\Omega$  output resistance has a voltage gain of 100. The amplifier is now modified to provide 5% negative voltage feedback in series with the input. Calculate the voltage gain, the input resistance and the output resistance with feedback.

**UNIT – III**

- 6 Describe about crystal oscillators.

**OR**

- 7 With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of Colpitts oscillator. Derive the expression for frequency of oscillation and the minimum gain for sustained oscillations.

**UNIT – IV**

- 8 Draw neatly the configuration of push-pull amplifier and explain its working. Derive an expression for its efficiency.

**OR**

- 9 Write short note on the following:

- (a) Heat sinks.
- (b) Phase inverters.

**UNIT – V**

- 10 With the help of a neat circuit diagram, explain the working of astable multivibrator. Derive an expression for frequency of oscillation.

**OR**

- 11 Briefly explain the following:

- (a) Positive clamper.
- (b) Sinusoidal responses of high pass RC circuit.