

B.Tech III Year II Semester (R15) Supplementary Examinations December/January 2018/19

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

(Common to ECE & EIE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- (a) If DFT of $x(n)$ is $X(k)$, what is the DFT of $x(n-1)$.
 - (b) Define circular convolution.
 - (c) How many computations are required for finding 1024 point DFT using FFT?
 - (d) Define correlation of two sequences.
 - (e) Sketch the direct form II realization for a first order IIR digital filter.
 - (f) What is a transposed structure?
 - (g) Write two important differences between FIR and IIR filters.
 - (h) Mention two commonly used analog filters.
 - (i) What is decimation? Sketch a signal and its signal decimated by 2.
 - (j) Mention few applications of multi rate signal processing.

PART – B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT – I

- 2 Find the DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n$ for $N = 16$.

OR

- 3 (a) State and prove the time shifting property of DFT.
(b) Find the 3 point DFT of $h(n) = \frac{1}{3}$ for $0 \leq n \leq 2$.

UNIT – II

- 4 Compute the 8 point DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \{0.5, 0, 0.5, 0, 0.5, 0, 0.5, 0\}$ using DIT-FFT algorithm.

OR

- 5 Explain with flow diagram the computation of split radix FFT for radix 6.

UNIT – III

- 6 (a) Realize the system $H(z) = 1/2 + 1/3 z^{-1} + z^{-2} + 1/4 z^{-3} + z^{-4} + 1/3 z^{-5} + 1/2 z^{-6}$ in direct form.
(b) Draw the structure of a single stage and two stage all-zero lattice FIR filter.

OR

- 7 Obtain the cascade form of realization for the system:
 $y(n) + 0.1 y(n-1) = 0.2 y(n-2) + 3 x(n) + 3.6 x(n-1) + 0.6 x(n-2)$

UNIT – IV

- 8 Determine the filter coefficients $h(n)$ of a FIR filter obtained by frequency sampling method for $N = 7$, given:

$$H_d(e^{j\omega}) = e^{-j(N-1)\omega/2}, \quad 0 \leq |\omega| \leq \pi/2$$
$$0, \quad -\pi/2 \leq |\omega| \leq \pi/2$$

OR

- 9 Determine $H(z)$ given $H(s) = 1 / (s^2 + 7s + 10)$ using: (i) Impulse invariant transformation. (ii) Bilinear transformation method. Assume $T = 0.2$ sec.

UNIT – V

- 10 Describe the process of interpolation. With necessary equations and explain the spectrum of the interpolated signal.

OR

- 11 Explain with block diagrams multi stage implementation of decimator and interpolator.