

B.Tech IV Year I Semester (R15) Regular Examinations November/December 2018

MODERN CONTROL THEORY
 (Electrical & Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A
 (Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- Define state space.
 - What is state diagram?
 - State the principle of duality.
 - Define controllability.
 - What is the necessary and sufficient condition for arbitrary pole placement?
 - What is the difference between full order and reduced order observers?
 - Define singular points.
 - Mention few common nonlinearities present in physical systems.
 - State Lyapunov's stability theorem.
 - Define positive definiteness of a system.

PART – B
 (Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT – I

- 2 Obtain state space representation for the following system(s):
- $\frac{d^3y(t)}{dt^3} + 6\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + 11\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 6y(t) = \frac{d^3u(t)}{dt^3} + 8\frac{d^2u(t)}{dt^2} + 17\frac{du(t)}{dt} + 8u(t)$
 - $\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{5}{(s+1)^2(s+2)}$

OR

- 3 Given the system equation:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

 Find the solution in terms of initial conditions $x_1(0)$, $x_2(0)$ and $x_3(0)$

UNIT – II

- 4 A system is represented by the state model:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$

$$y(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Check whether the system is: (a) Completely controllable. (b) Completely observable.

OR

- 5 Consider a system defined by:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -11 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$

$$y(t) = [c_1 \quad c_2 \quad c_3] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

 Except for an obvious choice of $c_1=c_2=c_3=0$, find an example of a set of c_1 , c_2 , c_3 that will make the system unobservable.

Contd. in page 2

UNIT – III

- 6 Explain various methods of design of pole placement controller using state feedback.

OR

- 7 Consider the system defined by:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -5 & -6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$
$$y(t) = [1 \quad 0 \quad 0] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Design a full order state observer assuming the desired poles for the observer are located at -10, -10, -15.

UNIT – IV

- 8 Derive the describing function of backlash and relay nonlinearities.

OR

- 9 Explain with example, the analysis of nonlinear systems using phase plane analysis.

UNIT – V

- 10 Consider the nonlinear system:

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_1 &= x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 &= -x_1 - x_1^2 x_2 \end{aligned}$$

Investigate the stability of this nonlinear system around its equilibrium point at origin.

OR

- 11 Consider a nonlinear system described by the equation:

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_1 &= x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 &= -(1 - |x_1|)x_2 - x_1 \end{aligned}$$

Find the region in the state plane for which the equilibrium state of the system is asymptotically stable.
