

2009-10

**JAWAHARLAL NEHRU
TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR
ANANTAPUR – 515 002 (A.P) INDIA**

**ACADEMIC REGULATIONS
COURSE STRUCTURE
AND
DETAILED SYLLABI
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**



**B.Tech. Regular Four Year Degree Course
(Applicable for the batches admitted from 2009-2010)
&
B.Tech. (LES) (for the batches admitted from 2010-11)**

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Academic Regulations 2009 for B. Tech (Regular)

(Effective for the students admitted into I year
from the Academic Year 2009-2010 onwards)

1. Award of B.Tech. Degree

A student will be declared eligible for the award of the B.Tech. Degree if he fulfils the following academic regulations:

- i. Pursue a course of study for not less than four academic years and in not more than eight academic years.
 - ii. Register for 220 credits and secure all 220 credits
2. Students, who fail to fulfil all the academic requirements for the award of the degree within eight academic years from the year of their admission, shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech course and their admission is cancelled.

3. Courses of study

The courses of study are offered at present for specialization for the B. Tech. Course:

S.No.	Branch
1.	Aeronautical Engineering.
2.	Biotechnology.
3.	Civil Engineering.
4.	Computer Science and Engineering.
5.	Computer Science and System Engineering.
6.	Electrical and Electronics Engineering.
7.	Electronics and Communication Engineering.
8.	Electronics and Computer Engineering.
9.	Electronics and Control Engineering.
10.	Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering.
11.	Information Technology.
12.	Mechanical Engineering.

and any other course as approved by the authorities of the University from time to time.

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4. Credits

	I Year		Semester	
	Periods / Week	Credits	Periods / Week	Credits
Theory	03	06	03	04
	02	04	--	--
Practical	03	04	03	02
Drawing	06	06	03	02
			06	04
Seminar	--	--	6	02
Project	--	--	15	10

5. Distribution and Weightage of Marks

- The performance of a student in each semester / I year shall be evaluated subject –wise with a maximum of 100 marks for theory and 75 marks for practical subject. In addition seminar and project work shall be evaluated for 50 and 200 marks respectively.
- For theory subjects the distribution shall be 30 marks for Internal Evaluation and 70 marks for the End-Examination.
- For theory subjects, during the semester there shall be Two midterm examinations. Each mid term examination consists of objective paper for 10 marks and subjective paper for 20 marks with duration of 1hour 50 minutes (20 minutes for objective and 90 minutes for subjective paper).

Objective paper is set for 20 bits for 10 marks. Subjective paper shall contain 5 questions of which student has to answer 3 questions evaluated* for 20 marks. First mid term examination shall be conducted for I-IV units of syllabus and second mid term examination shall be conducted for V -VIII units. The total marks secured by the student in each mid term examination for 30 marks is considered and the better of the two mid term examinations shall be taken as the final sessional marks secured by each candidate in the subject.

However for first year, there shall be Three midterm examinations as in the above pattern and the average marks of the best two midterm examinations secured in each subject shall be considered as final marks for sessionals.

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*Note 1: The subjective paper shall contain 5 questions of equal weightage of 10 marks and the marks obtained for 3 questions shall be condensed to 20 marks, any fraction rounded off to the next higher mark

*Note 2: The mid term examination shall be conducted first by distribution of the Objective paper simultaneously marking the attendance, after 20 minutes the answered objective paper is collected back. The student is not allowed to leave the examination hall. Then the descriptive question paper and the answer booklet are distributed. After 90 minutes the answered booklets are collected back.

- iv. For practical subjects there shall be a continuous evaluation during the semester for 25 sessional marks and 50 end examination marks. Day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for 25 marks by the concerned laboratory teacher based on the report of experiments/jobs. The end examination shall be conducted by the laboratory teacher and another examiner.
- v. For the subject having design and / or drawing, such as Engineering Drawing, Machine Drawing and estimation, the distribution shall be 30 marks for internal evaluation and 70 marks for end examination. The Internal evaluation for sessionals will be 15 marks for day-to-day work in the class that shall be evaluated by the concerned subject teacher based on the reports/submissions prepared in the class. And there shall be two midterm exams in a Semester for a duration of 2hrs each, evenly distributed over the syllabi for 15 marks and the better of the two shall be considered as internal test marks. The sum of day to day evaluation and the internal test marks will be the final sessionals for the subject. However in the I year class, there shall be three midterm exams and the average of best two will be taken into consideration.
- vi. There shall be a seminar presentation in IV year II Semester. For the seminar, the student shall collect the information on a specialized topic and prepare a technical report, showing his understanding over the topic, and submit to the department before presentation. The report and the presentation shall be evaluated by the Departmental committee consisting of Head of the department, seminar supervisor and a senior faculty member. The

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seminar shall be evaluated for 50 marks and marks shall be submitted to the University along with internal marks. There shall be no external examination for seminar.

- vii. Out of a total of 200 marks for the project work, 60 marks shall be for Internal Evaluation and 140 marks for the End Semester Examination (Viva-voce). The viva-voce shall be conducted by a committee consisting of HOD, Project Supervisor and an External Examiner nominated by the University. The evaluation of project work shall be conducted at the end of the IV year. The Internal Evaluation shall be made by the departmental committee, on the basis of two seminars given by each student on the topic of his project.
- viii. Laboratory marks and the sessional marks awarded by the College are not final. They are subject to scrutiny and scaling by the University wherever necessary. In such cases, the sessional and laboratory marks awarded by the College will be referred to a Committee. The Committee will arrive at a scaling factor and the marks will be scaled as per the scaling factor. The recommendations of the Committee are final and binding.
- ix. The laboratory records and internal test papers shall be preserved in the respective institutions as per the University norms and shall be produced to the Committees of the University as and when the same are asked for.

6. Attendance Requirements:

- i. A student shall be eligible to appear for University examinations if he acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects in a semester/ I year.
- ii. **Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in NO case be condoned.**
- iii. Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester or I year may be granted by the College Academic Committee.
- iv. Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester / I year are not eligible to take their end examination of that class and their registration shall stand cancelled.
- v. A student will not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirements of the present semester / I

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year, as applicable. They may seek readmission for that semester / I year when offered next.

- vi. A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance to the University.

7. Minimum Academic Requirements:

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in item no.6

- i. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each theory, practical, design, drawing subject or project if he secures not less than 35% of marks in the end examination and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum total of the internal evaluation and end examination taken together. In the Seminar he should secure 40%.
- ii. A student shall be promoted from II to III year only if he fulfils the academic requirement of securing **40** credits from
 - a. One regular and one supplementary examinations of I year.
 - b. One regular examination of II year I semester irrespective of whether the candidate takes the end examination or not as per the normal course of study.
- iii. A student shall be promoted from third year to fourth year only if he fulfils the academic requirements of securing **68** credits from the following examinations,
 - a. Two regular and two supplementary examinations of I year.
 - b. Two regular and one supplementary examinations of II year I semester.
 - c. One regular and one supplementary examinations of II year II semester.
 - d. One regular examination of III year I semester. irrespective of whether the candidate takes the end examination or not as per the normal course of study.

And in case of getting detained for want of credits by sections ii and iii above, the student may make up the credits through supplementary exams of the above exams before the date of class work commencement of Third or Fourth year I semester respectively.

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- iv. A student shall register and put up minimum attendance in all 220 credits and earn all the 220 credits. Marks obtained in all 220 credits shall be considered for the calculation of percentage of marks obtained.
- v. Students who fail to earn 220 credits as indicated in the course structure within eight academic years from the year of their admission shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech course and their admission shall stand cancelled.

8. Course pattern:

- i. The entire course of study is of four academic years. The first year shall be on yearly pattern and the second, third and fourth years on semester pattern.
- ii. A student eligible to appear for the end examination in a subject, but absent at it or has failed in the end examination may appear for that subject at the next supplementary examination offered.
- iii. When a student is detained due to lack of credits / shortage of attendance he may be re-admitted when the semester is offered after fulfilment of academic regulations, whereas he continues to be in the academic regulations he was first admitted.

9. Transitory Regulations:

Candidates who have been detained for want of attendance or not fulfilled academic requirements or who have failed after having undergone the course in earlier regulations or have discontinued and wish to continue the course are eligible for admission into the unfinished semester from the date of commencement of class work with the same or equivalent subjects as and when subjects are offered, subject to Section 2. and they continues to be in the academic regulations they were first admitted.

10. With-holding of results:

If the candidate has any dues not paid to the university or if any case of indiscipline or malpractice is pending against him, the result of the candidate shall be withheld and he will not be allowed / promoted into the next higher semester. The issue of degree is liable to be withheld in such cases.

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11. Award of Class:

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree he shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

Class Awarded	% of marks to be secured	From the aggregate marks secured for the best 220 Credits.
First Class with Distinction	70% and above	
First Class	Below 70% but not less than 60%	
Second Class	Below 60% but not less than 50%	
Pass Class	Below 50% but not less than 40%	

(The marks in internal evaluation and end examination shall be shown separately in the marks memorandum)

12. Minimum Instruction Days:

The minimum instruction days including exams for each semester / I year shall be 90/180 days respectively.

13. There shall be no branch transfers after the completion of admission process.

14. There shall be no place transfer within the Constituent Colleges.

15. General:

- i. The academic regulations should be read as a whole for purpose of any interpretation.
- ii. Malpractices rules- nature and punishments is appended
- iii. Where the words “he”, “him”, “his”, occur in the regulations, they include “she”, “her”, “hers”.
- iv. In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.
- v. The University may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments shall be made applicable to all the students on roles with effect from the dates notified by the University.

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**ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B. TECH.
(LATERAL ENTRY SCHEME)**

(Effective for the students getting admitted into II year through Lateral Entry Scheme from the Academic Year 2010-2011 and onwards)

1. Award of B.Tech. Degree

A student admitted in LES will be declared eligible for the award of the B. Tech Degree if he fulfils the following academic regulations:

- i. Pursue a course of study for not less than three academic years and in not more than six academic years.
- ii. Register for 168 credits and secure all 168 credits from II to IV year of Regular B.Tech. program
2. Students, who fail to fulfil the requirement for the award of the degree in six consecutive academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seat.
3. The regulations 3 to 6 are to be adopted as that of B. Tech. (Regular).

7. Minimum Academic Requirements :

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in item no.6

- i. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each theory, practical, design, drawing subject or project if he secures not less than 35% of marks in the end examination and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum total of the internal evaluation and end examination taken together. For the Seminar he should secure 40% in the internal evaluation.
- ii. A student shall be promoted from third year to fourth year only if he fulfils the academic requirements of 42 credits from the following examinations.
 - a. Two regular and one supplementary examinations of II year I semester.
 - b. One regular and one supplementary examinations of II year II semester.
 - c. One regular examination of III year I semester.
irrespective of whether the candidate takes the end examination or not as per the normal course of study.
and in case of getting detained for want of credits the student may make up the credits through supplementary exams of the above

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exams before the date of class work commencement of Fourth year I semester.

8. Course Pattern

- i. The entire course of study is three academic years on semester pattern.
 - ii. A student eligible to appear for the end examination in a subject, but absent at it or has failed in the end examination may appear for that subject at the next supplementary examination offered.
 - iii. When a student is detained due to lack of credits / shortage of attendance he may be re-admitted when the semester is offered after fulfilment of academic regulations, whereas he continues to be in the academic regulations he was first admitted.
9. The regulations 9 to 10 are to be adopted as that of B. Tech. (Regular).

11. Award of Class:

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree he shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

First Class with Distinction	70% and above	From the aggregate marks secured for 168 Credits. (i.e. II year to IV year)
First Class	Below 70% but not less than 60%	
Second Class	Below 60% but not less than 50%	
Pass Class	Below 50% but not less than 40%	

(The marks in internal evaluation and end examination shall be shown separately in the marks memorandum)

12. The regulations 12 to 15 are to be adopted as that of B. Tech. (Regular). All other regulations as applicable for B. Tech. Four-year degree course (Regular) will hold good for B. Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme)

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**RULES FOR
DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR MALPRACTICES / IMPROPER
CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS**

	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct	Punishment
	<i>If the candidate:</i>	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including

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	practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled and sent to the University.
3.	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in

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	paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent/Assistant – Superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation,	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police

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	assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	and a police case is registered against them.
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
8.	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the

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		performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the colleges expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and

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		project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the University for further action to award suitable punishment.	

Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

1. Punishments to the candidates as per the above guidelines.
2. Punishment for institutions : (if the squad reports that the college is also involved in encouraging malpractices)
 - (i) A show cause notice shall be issued to the college.
 - (ii) Impose a suitable fine on the college.

Shifting the examination centre from the college to another college for a specific period of not less than one year.

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**JAWAHARLAL NEHRUTECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
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**Course structure for B.Tech. (Regular) I year (2009-10) for
affiliated Engineering Colleges.**

**INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (I.T.)
(Common for Branches: E.C.E., E.E.E., E.I.E., C.S.E., I.T.,
C.S.S.E., E.Cont.E., E.C.M.)**

S. No	Course code	Subject	Th	Tu	Drg	Lab	Credits
1.	9ABS101	English	2				4
2.	9ABS102	Engineering Physics	2				4
3.	9ABS103	Engineering Chemistry	2				4
4.	9ABS104	Mathematics – I	3	1	-	-	6
5.	9A05101	Programming in C and Data Structures	3	1	-	-	6
6.	9A03101	Engineering Drawing *		-	6	-	6
7.	9ABS105	Mathematical Methods	3	1	-	-	6
8.	9A05102	C Programming & Data Structures Lab		-	-	3	4
9.	9A03102	Engineering & I.T. Workshop #		-	-	3	4
10.	9ABS106	Engineering Physics and Engineering Chemistry Lab **		-	-	3	4
11.	9ABS107	English Language & Communication Skills Lab		-	-	3	4
		contact periods/week	15	3	6	12	
		Total/week				36	
Total Credits (7 Theory + 4 Labs)							52

Th = Theory; Tu = Tutorial; Drg = Drawing & Lab = Laboratory:

* Engineering Drawing will have University External Exam.

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** The Students attend the Physics lab and Chemistry lab in alternate weeks. The end exam shall be conducted separately and average of the two exams will be recorded by the University exam section.

Students attend Engineering and IT work shop as a single lab every week and the end exam is conducted as a single lab. Sharing the Maximum marks and time for one task each from Engineering workshop and IT workshop. The sum of the marks awarded will be recorded

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B.Tech II - I Semester

S. No	Course code	Subject	Theory		Lab.	Credits
1.	9A05301	Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science	4			4
2.	9A05302	Advanced Data Structures	4			4
3.	9A12301	Digital Logic Design and Computer Organization	4			4
4.	9A12302	Data Communication Systems	4			4
5.	9A02306	Basic Electrical Engineering	4			4
6.	9A04301	Electronic Devices and Circuits	4			4
7.	9A05304	Data Structures Lab			3	2
8.	9A02307	Electrical and Electronics Lab			3	2
		contact periods/week	24		6	
			Total/Week		30	
Total Credits (6 Theory + 2 Labs)						28

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B.Tech II - II Semester

S. No	Course code	Subject	Theory		Lab.	Credits
1.	9ABS304	Probability and Statistics	4			4
2.	9ABS303	Environmental Science	4			4
3.	9A05402	Object Oriented Programming	4			4
4.	9A15403	Principles of Programming Languages	4			4
5.	9A05401	Database Management systems	4			4
6.	9A05403	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	4			4
7.	9A05404	Object Oriented Programming Lab			3	2
8.	9A05405	Database Management Systems Lab			3	2
		contact periods/week	24		6	
			Total/Week 30			
Total Credits (6 Theory + 2 Labs)						28

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III Year B.Tech. IT I Sem

Sl.No	Course Code	Subject	T		P	Credits
1.	9A12501	Automata and Compiler Design	4		0	4
2.	9A04602	Micro Processor and Micro Controller	4		0	4
3.	9A05502	Software Engineering	4		0	4
4.	9A05505	Operating Systems	4		0	4
5.	9A05506	Computer Networks	4		0	4
6.	9A12502	Web Programming	4		0	4
7.	9A19501	Microprocessors and Interfacing Lab			3	2
8.	9AHS601	Advanced English Communication Skills Lab			3	2
		contact periods/week	24		06	
			Total/Week 30			
Total Credits (6 Theory + 2 Labs)						28

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III Year B.Tech. IT II Sem

Sl.No	Course Code	Subject	T		P	Credits
1.	9A05701	Web Technologies	4		0	4
2.	9A05709	Information Security	4		0	4
3.	9A05601	Object Oriented Analysis and Design	4		0	4
4.	9A05503	Computer Graphics	4		0	4
5.	9A05706	Data Warehousing and Data Mining	4		0	4
6.	9A12601	Linux Programming	4		0	4
7.	9A12602	Web Technologies Lab			3	2
8.	9A12603	Data Mining Lab			3	2
		contact periods/week	24		06	
			Total/Week 30			
Total Credits (6 Theory + 2 Labs)						28

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IV Year B.Tech. IT I Sem

Sl.No	Course Code	Subject	T		P	Credits
1.	9A05702	Software Testing	4		0	4
2.	9A12701	Mobile Application Development	4		0	4
3.	9AHS401	Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis	4		0	4
4.	9A05804 9A05707 9A12702	ELECTIVE - I 1. Semantic Web 2. Software Project Management 3. Information Retrieval Systems	4		0	4
5.	9A12703	Distributed Computing	4		0	4
6.	9A05708 9A12704 9A12705	ELECTIVE – II 1. Network Management System 2. Wireless Security 3. Enterprise Resource Planning	4		0	4
7.	9A05711	Software Testing and CASE tools Lab	0		3	2
	9A12706	Mobile Applications Development Lab	0		3	2
		contact periods/week	24		06	
			Total/Week 30			
Total Credits (6 Theory + 2 Labs)						28

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IV Year B.Tech. IT II Sem

Sl.No	Course Code	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1.	9AHS701	Management Science	4	0	0	4
2.	9A05801	Design Patterns	4	0	0	4
3.	9A12801 9A12802 9A05807	ELECTIVE III 1. E-Commerce 2. Enterprise Application Integration 3. Wireless Sensor Networks	4	0	0	4
4.	9A12803 9A12804 9A12805	ELECTIVE IV 1. Device Driver Development 2. Cloud Computing 3. Decision Support Systems	4	0	0	4
5.	9A12806	Seminar	-	-	-	2
6.	9A12807	Project Work	-	-	-	10
		contact periods/week	16	00	00	
			Total/Week 16			
Total Credits (4Theory + Seminar + Project Work)						28

2009-10**JAWAHARLAL NEHRUTECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
ANANTAPUR****Detailed Syllabus****B.Tech. I Year (I.T)**

T	P	C
2	0	4

(9ABS101) ENGLISH**1. INTRODUCTION :**

The sweeping changes in the world have elevated English to the status of a tool of global communication and transformed it into e-English. The syllabus has been drafted to improve the competence of students in communication in general and language skills in particular. The books prescribed serve as students' handbooks.

The teacher should focus on the skills of reading, writing, listening and speaking while using the prescribed text and exercises. The classes should be interactive. The students should be encouraged to participate in the classroom proceedings and also to write short paragraphs and essays. The main aim is to encourage two way communications in place of the one-sided lecture.

The text for non-detailed study is meant for extensive reading by the students. They may be encouraged to read some select topics on their own, which could lead into a classroom discussion. In addition to the exercises from the texts done in the class, the teacher can bring variety by using authentic materials such as newspaper articles, advertisements etc.

2. OBJECTIVES:

- To improve the language proficiency of the students in English with an emphasis on LSRW skills.
- To equip the students to study academic subjects with greater facility through theoretical and practical components of the syllabus.
- To develop study skills as well as communication skills in formal and informal situations.

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3. SYLLABUS :**Listening Skills:**

Objectives

1. To enable students to develop their listening skills so that they may appreciate its role in the LSRW skills approach to language and improve their pronunciation
2. To equip students with necessary training in listening so that they can comprehend the speech of people of different backgrounds and dialects.

Students should be given practice in listening and identifying the sounds of English language and to mark stress , right intonation in connected speech.

- Listening for general content
- Listening to fill up information
- Intensive listening
- Listening for specific information

Speaking Skills :

Objectives

1. To make students aware of the role of ability to speak fluent English and its contribution to their success.
2. To enable students to express themselves fluently and appropriately in social and professional contexts.
 - Oral practice
 - Describing objects/situations/people
 - Role play – Individual/Group activities
 - Just A Minute (JAM) Sessions.

(Using exercises from all units of the prescribed text)

Reading Skills:

Objectives

1. To develop an awareness in the students about the significance of silent reading and comprehension.
2. To develop the ability to guess the meanings of words from context and grasp the overall message of the text, draw inferences etc.
 - Skimming the text
 - Understanding the gist of an argument

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- Identifying the topic sentence
- Inferring lexical and contextual meaning
- Understanding discourse features
- Recognizing coherence/sequencing of sentences

The students shall be trained in reading skills using the prescribed text for detailed study. They shall be examined in reading and answering questions using 'unseen' passages which may be taken from the non-detailed text or other authentic texts, such as articles from magazines/newspapers

Writing Skills:**Objectives**

1. To develop an awareness in the students the skill to write exact and formal writing
2. To equip them with the components of different forms of writing.
 - Writing sentences
 - Use of appropriate vocabulary
 - Paragraph writing
 - Coherence and cohesiveness
 - Narration / description
 - Note Making
 - Formal and informal letter writing
 - Editing a passage

4. TEXTBOOKS PRESCRIBED:

In order to improve the proficiency of the student in the acquisition of the four skills mentioned above, the following texts and course content are prescribed and divided into Eight Units:

For Detailed study: ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH,

Sangam Books (India) Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad, 2009

For Non-detailed study: INSPIRING LIVES,

Maruti Publications, Guntur, 2009

Unit -I

- a. Heaven's Gate from **ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH**
- b. Mokshagundam Visvesaraya from **INSPIRING LIVES**

2009-10 _____**Unit -II**

- a. Sir C.V.Raman from **ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH**
- b. Mother Teresa from **INSPIRING LIVES**

Unit -III

- a. The Connoisseur from **ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH**
- b. Dr. Amartya Kumar Sen from **INSPIRING LIVES**

Unit -IV

- a. The Cuddalore Experience from **ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH**
- b. Gertrude Elion from **INSPIRING LIVES**

Unit -V

- a. Bubbling Well Road from **ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH**
- b. Vishwanathan Anand from **INSPIRING LIVES**

Unit-VI

- a. Odds Against Us from **ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH**
- b. Charlie Chaplin from **INSPIRING LIVES**

Unit – VII

Exercises on
Reading and Writing Skills
Reading Comprehension
Letter writing
Report writing

Unit – VIII

Exercises on
Remedial Grammar covering Common errors in English, Subject-Verb agreement,
Use of Articles and Prepositions, Active/Passive Voice, Reported speech, Tenses
Vocabulary development covering Synonyms & Antonyms, one-word substitutes, prefixes & suffixes, Idioms & phrases, words often confused.

Evaluation: The question paper shall contain two parts, Part A containing questions from Units I- VI and Part B containing questions

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from units VII & VIII. The student is required to answer five full questions choosing at least one from Part B.

REFERENCES:

1. Technical Communication , Principle and Practice, Meenakshi Raman and Sangita Sharma, OUP, 2009
2. Essential Grammar in Use, (with CD) 3/e, Cambridge University Press, 2009
3. Resumes and Interviews, M.Ashraf Rizvi, Tata – McGraw Hill, 2009
4. Everyday Dialogues in English by Robert J. Dixon, Prentice-Hall of India Ltd., 2006.
5. Communication Skills for Technical Students, Farhathullah, T.M., Orient Blackswan, 2008
6. Developing Communication Skills, 2/e. by Krishna Mohan & Meera Banerji , Macmillan, 2009
7. English for Technical Communication, Vol. 1 & 2, by K. R. Lakshmi Narayanan, Sci tech. Publications.
8. Basic Communication Skills For Technology, Andrea J Ruthurford, Pearson Education , Asia.
9. Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English with DVD, Pearson Longman

2009-10**JAWAHARLAL NEHRUTECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. I Year (I.T)**

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(9ABS102) ENGINEERING PHYSICS

UNIT I- OPTICS: Interference - Interference in thin films by reflection - Newton's rings - Diffraction - Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit - Fraunhofer diffraction at a double slit - Diffraction grating - Grating spectrum - polarization - Nicol prism - Theory of circular and elliptical polarized light - Quarter and half wave plates.

UNIT II- CRYSTAL STRUCTURES AND X-RAY DIFFRACTION: Introduction - Space lattice - Basis - Unit cell - Lattice parameter - Bravais lattices - Crystal systems - Structure Simple cubic - Body Centered Cubic - Face Centered Cubic crystals - Miller indices of planes and directions in crystals - Separation between successive (h k l) planes - X-ray diffraction by crystal planes - Bragg's law - Laue and Powder methods.

UNIT III- PRINCIPLES OF QUANTUM MECHANICS & ELECTRON THEORY: Waves and Particles - de- Broglie's hypothesis - Heisenberg's uncertainty principle - Schroedinger's one dimensional wave equation (Time Independent) - Particle in a one dimensional potential box - Energy levels - Fermi-Dirac distribution and effect of Temperature (qualitative treatment only) - Scattering - Source of electrical resistance - Kronig-Penney model (qualitative treatment only) - energy bands - metals, semi conductors & insulators.

UNIT IV- SEMICONDUCTORS: Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors - Law of mass action - Continuity equation - Drift & diffusion - Einstein's relation - Hall effect - Direct & indirect band gap semiconductors - p-n junction - Band diagram of p-n junction diode - Diode Equation-LED, LCD & Photo diode.

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UNIT V- MAGNETIC PROPERTIES: Introduction - Origin of magnetic moment – Classification of magnetic materials - Dia, Para , Ferro, anti-Ferro and Ferri magnetism - Hysteresis - Soft and hard magnetic materials – Magnetic bubbles memory.

DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES: Introduction - Dielectric constant - Electronic, Ionic and Orientation polarizations (qualitative treatment only) - Local field - Clausius-Mossotti equation –Frequency dependence of polarisability (qualitative treatment only) – Ferro electricity- BaTiO_3 .

UNIT VI- SUPERCONDUCTIVITY: General properties - Meissner effect - Penetration depth - Type I and Type II superconductors - Flux quantization – Josephson effects – BCS theory - Applications of superconductors.

LASERS: Introduction – Characteristics of laser - Spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation - Einstein's coefficients - Population inversion - Ruby Laser - Helium-Neon Laser – GaAs Laser - Applications of Lasers in Industry, Scientific and Medical fields.

UNIT VII- FIBER OPTICS: Introduction - Principle of optical fiber - Acceptance angle and Acceptance cone - Numerical aperture – Types of Optical fibers and refractive index profiles – Optical fiber communication systems - Application of optical fibers.

UNIT VIII- NANOMATERIALS : Introduction - Basic principles of nano materials – Fabrication of nano materials - ball milling –plasma arching – Chemical vapour deposition method – sol-gel methods – properties of nano materials – carbon nanotubes – properties and applications of carbon nano tubes - Applications of nano materials.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Physics by P.K.Palanisamy, Scitech Publications
2. Engineering Physics by V. Rajendran & K.Thyagarajan, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.
3. Engineering Physics by M.R.Srinivasan New Age Publications

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REFERENCES:

1. Physics Volume 2, by Halliday, Resnick and Krane; John Wiley India
2. Solid State Physics by C.Kittel, Wiley India
3. Engineering Physics by Mittal, I.K.International
4. Introduction to Nanoscience & Nano Technology by K.K Chattopadhyay & A.N. Banarjee , Prentice – Hall of India Pvt. Ltd

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**JAWAHARLAL NEHRUTECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. I Year (I.T.)****T P C**
2 0 4**(9ABS103) ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

UNIT I: Water: Sources of Water, Types of impurities in Water, Hardness of Water – Temporary and Permanent hardness. Units. Estimation of hardness by EDTA Method. Analysis of Water - Dissolved Oxygen. Disadvantages of Hard Water. Problems on hardness of water. Methods of Treatment of Water for Domestic Purpose – Sterilisation: Chlorination, Ozonisation.

Water for Industrial purpose - Water for Steam Making, Boiler Troubles – Carry Over (Priming and Foaming), Boiler Corrosion, Scales and Sludge, Caustic Embrittlement. Water Treatment: - Internal Treatment – Colloidal, Phosphate, Calgon, Carbonate, Sodium aluminates Conditioning of Water. External Treatment - Ion- Exchange Process; Demineralization of Brakish Water – Reverse Osmosis.

UNIT II: Science of Corrosion: Definition, Types of corrosion: Dry Corrosion, (Direct Chemical attack), Wet Corrosion, Theories of Corrosion and Mechanism, Electro Chemical Theory of Corrosion. Galvanic Series, Galvanic Corrosion, Concentration Cell Corrosion, Oxygen absorption type. Factors Influencing Corrosion. Control of Corrosion – Cathodic Protection – Sacrificial anode and Impressed Current. Uses of Inhibitors. Electro Plating, and Electro less plating (copper and nickel)

UNIT III: Polymers: Polymerization Reactions – Basic concepts. Types of Polymerization – Addition and Condensation Polymerization. Plastics –Thermosetting and Thermoplastics. Composition, Properties and Engineering Uses of the Following: Teflon, Bakelite, Nylon. Rubber – Processing of Natural Rubber and Compounding. Elastomers – Buna S, Buna N, Polyurethane Rubber; Silicone Rubber. Conducting Polymers, Synthesis and applications of Polyacetylene and Poly aniline Liquid Crystals definition, properties, suitable examples and Engineering Applications

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UNIT IV: Chemistry of nano materials: Nano materials definition, properties and applications;

Explosives and Propellants: Explosives, Classification, precautions during storage, blasting fuses, important explosives. Rocket propellants, classification of propellants.

Lubricants : Principles and function of lubricants - Classification and properties of lubricants – Viscosity, flash and fire points, cloud and pour points, aniline point, Neutralisation Number and Mechanical Strength.

UNIT V: Electro Chemistry: Conductance – Equivalent Conductance – Molecular Conductance, Conductometric Titrations – Applications of Conductivity Measurements.

Electrochemical Cells: Measurement of EMF, Standard electrode potential, concentration cells, batteries (Ni–Cd cell), Lithium batteries. Fuel cell: hydrogen oxygen fuel cell and methanol fuel cell

Insulators – Definition, Properties and Characteristics of Insulating Materials; Engineering Applications.

UNIT VI: Phase rule: Definition, Terms involved in Phase Rule and Phase rule equation. Phase diagrams – one component system (water system), two component system (lead- silver system) Eutectics, heat treatment based on iron-carbon phase diagram, hardening, annealing.

UNIT VII: Fuels and Combustion: Definition and Classification of fuels. Solid, liquid & gaseous fuels, Characteristics of a good fuel. Metallurgical Coke – Characteristics & Manufacture (Otto-Halfmann). Petroleum – Refining – Synthetic Petrol. Calorific Value & its determination (Bomb Calorimeter – Junker's Gas Calorimeter). Combustion: Flue gas analysis by Orsat's apparatus.

UNIT VIII: Building Materials: Cement: composition of Portland cement, analysis, setting and hardening of cement (reactions).

Refractories : Definition, Classification With Examples; Criteria of a Good Refractory Material; Causes for the failure of a Refractory Material

2009-10**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Engineering Chemistry Prof. K.N.Jayaveera, Dr.G.V.Subba Reddy and Dr.C. Ramachandraiah, McGraw Hill Higher Education Hyd., 2009
2. A text book of Engineering Chemistry by S.S. Dara, S.Chand & Co, New Delhi (2008)
3. Text book of Engineering Chemistry by Jain & Jain, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, 15th edition New Delhi (2008).

REFERENCES:

1. Engineering Chemistry Dr. K. B. Chandrasekhar, Dr. U.N. Dash, Dr. Sujatha Mishra, Scitech Publications(India) Pvt. Limted, Hyderabad. 2009
2. Fuel Cells principles and applications by B.Viswanath, M.Aulice Scibioh-Universities press
3. Chemistry of Engineering Materials by C.V. Agarwal, Tara Publication, Varanasi.20084. Physical Chemistry - Glasston & Lewis.
4. 5. Engineering Chemistry (Vol.1&2) by J C Kuriacose and J. Rajaram, Tata McGraw-Hill Co, New Delhi (2004)
5. 6. Applied Chemistry: A Text Book for chemistry for Engineers & Technologists, G.D. Gesser, Springer, 2000

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(9ABS104) MATHEMATICS – I

UNIT I– Differential equations of first order and first degree – Exact, linear and Bernoulli equations. Applications: to Newton's law of cooling, law of natural growth and decay, orthogonal trajectories.

UNIT II– Non-homogeneous linear differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients with RHS term of the type e^{ax} , $\sin ax$, $\cos ax$, polynomials in x , $e^{ax} V(x)$, $xV(x)$, method of variation of parameters.

UNIT III– Rolle's Theorem – Lagrange's Mean Value Theorem – (excluding proof). Simple examples of Taylor's and Maclaurin's Series - Functions of several variables – Jacobian – Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables, Lagrangian method of Multipliers with three variables only.

UNIT – IV

Raidus of Curvature – Curve tracing – Cartesian, polar and parametric curves. Applications of integration to lengths, volume and surface area of solids of revolution in Cartesian and polar coordinates

UNIT V– Multiple integral: – Double and triple integrals – Change of Variables – Change of order of integration.

UNIT VI– Laplace transform of standard functions – Inverse transform – First shifting Theorem, Transforms of derivatives and integrals – Unit step function – Second shifting theorem – Dirac's delta function – Convolution theorem – Laplace transform of Periodic function.

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UNIT VII– Differentiation and integration of Laplace transform – Application of Laplace transforms to ordinary differential equations of first and second order.

UNIT VIII– Vector Calculus: Gradient – Divergence – Curl and Their properties; Vector integration – Line integral - Potential function – Area , Surface and volume integrals. Vector integral theorems: Green's theorem – Stoke's and Gauss's Divergence Theorem (excluding their proof). Verification of Green's–Stoke's and Gauss's Theorems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, Vol – 1, T.K.V. Iyengar, B. Krishna Gandhi and Others, S. Chand & Company.
2. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, C. Sankaraiah, V.G.S. Book Links.
3. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics-1, E. Rukmangadachari, E. Keshava Reddy, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, B.V. Ramana, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
2. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, Thomson Book Collection.
3. A Text Book of Advanced Engineering Mathematics – A Computer Approach, N.Bail, M.Goyal & C. Watkins.
4. Engineering Mathematics, Sarveswara Rao Koneru, Universities Press.

2009-10**JAWAHARLAL NEHRUTECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. I Year (I.T.)****Th Tu C
3 1 6****(9A05101) PROGRAMMING IN C AND DATA STRUCTURES
(Common to all Branches)**

Unit I- Overview of Computers and Programming - Electronic Computers then and Now, Computer Hardware, Computer Software, Algorithm, Flowcharts, Software Development Method, Applying the Software Development Method.

Unit II- Introduction to C Language - C Language Elements, Variable Declarations and Data Types, Executable Statements, General Form of a C Program, Expressions, Precedence and Associativity, Expression Evaluation, Operators and Expressions, Type Conversions, Decision Statements - If and Switch Statements, Loop Control Statements - while, for, do-while Statements, Nested for Loops, Other Related Statements -break, continue, goto.

Unit III- Functions - Library Functions, Top-Down Design and Structure Charts, Functions with and without Arguments, Communications Among Functions, Scope, Storage Classes - Auto, Register, Static, Extern, Scope rules, Type Qualifiers, Recursion - Recursive Functions, Preprocessor Commands.

Arrays - Declaring and Referencing Arrays, Array Subscripts, Using For Loops for Sequential Access, Using Array Elements as Function Arguments, Arrays Arguments, Multidimensional Arrays.

Unit IV- Pointers - Introduction, Features of Pointers, Pointer Declaration, Arithmetic Operations With Pointers, Pointers and Arrays, Pointers and Two-Dimensional Arrays, Array of Pointers, Pointers to Pointers, Void Pointers, Memory Allocation Functions, Programming Applications, Pointer to Functions, Command- Line Arguments.

Strings - String Basics, String Library Functions, Longer Strings, String Comparison, Arrays of Pointers, Character operations, String-To-Number and Number-To- String Conversions, Pointers and Strings.

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Unit V- Structure and Union – Introduction, Features of Structures, Declaration and Initialization of Structures, Structure within Structure, Array of Structures, Pointer to Structure, Structure and Functions, typedef, Bit Fields, Enumerated Data Type, Union, Union of Structures.

Unit VI- Files - Introduction, Streams and File Types, Steps for File Operations, File I/O Structures, Read and Write, Other File function, Searching Errors in Reading/Writing of Files, Low Level Disk I/O, Command Line Arguments, Application of Command Line Arguments, File Status functions (error handling).

Unit VII- Data Structures - Overview of Data Structure, Representation of a Stack, Stack Related Terms, Operation on a Stack, Implementation of a Stack, Representation of Arithmetic Expressions, Infix, Prefix, and Postfix Notations, Evaluation of Postfix Expression, Conversion of Expression from Infix to Postfix, Recursion, Queues - Various Positions of Queue, Representation of Queue, Insertion, Deletion, Searching Operations.

Linked List - Singly Linked List, Linked List with and without header, Insertion, Deletion and Searching Operations.

Unit VIII- Searching and Sorting - Exchange (Bubble) Sort, Selection Sort, Quick Sort, Insertion Sort, Merge Sort. Searching- Linear and Binary Search Methods.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Programming in C and Data Structures, J.R.Hanly, Ashok N. Kamthane and A. Ananda Rao, Pearson Education
2. C Programming & Data Structures, B.A.Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg, Third Edition, Cengage Learning.

REFERENCES :

1. Programming in C – Stephen G. Kochan, III Edition, Pearson Education.
2. C Programming with problem solving, J.A. Jones & K. Harrow, Dreamtech Press

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3. C and Data Structures, a snapshot oriented treatise with live engineering examples, Dr. N.B.Venkateswarlu, Dr. E.V.Prasad, S. Chand
4. C and Data Structures, E.Balaguruswamy, Tata Mc Graw Hill
5. Data Structures using C – A.M.Tanenbaum, Y.Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, Pearson Education / PHI, Eighth Edition.

2009-10**JAWAHARLAL NEHRUTECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. I Year (I.T.)****Drg P C**
6 0 6**(9A03101) ENGINEERING DRAWING
(Common to all Branches)****UNIT I– INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING DRAWING:**

Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance – Drawing Instruments and their Use – Conventions in Drawing – Lettering – BIS Conventions. Curves used in Engineering Practice:

- a) Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola – General method only.
- b) Cycloid, Epicycloids and Hypocycloid
- c) Involute.
- d) Helices

UNIT II– PROJECTION OF POINTS AND LINES: Principles of Orthographic Projection – Conventions – First and Third Angle Projections. Projections of Points, Lines inclined to one or both planes, Problems on projections, Finding True lengths & traces only.

UNIT III– PROJECTIONS OF PLANES: Projections of regular Plane surfaces/figures, Projection of lines and planes using auxiliary planes.

UNIT IV– PROJECTIONS OF SOLIDS: Projections of Regular Solids inclined to one or both planes – Auxiliary Views.

UNIT V– SECTIONS AND DEVELOPMENTS OF SOLIDS: Section Planes and Sectional views of Right Regular Solids–Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone. True shapes of the sections.

Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prisms, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone and their Sectional parts.

UNIT VI– ISOMETRIC AND ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS: Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views–

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Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having non-isometric lines. Isometric projections of spherical parts.

Conversion of Isometric projections/views to Orthographic Views – Conventions.

UNIT VII– INTERPENETRATION OF RIGHT REGULAR

SOLIDS: Projections of curves of Intersection of Cylinder Vs Cylinder, Cylinder Vs Prism, Cylinder Vs Cone, Square Prism Vs Square Prism.

UNIT VIII– PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS: Perspective View of Plane Figures and Simple Solids. Vanishing Point Method (General Methods only).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Drawing, N.D. Bhat, Charotar Publishers
2. Engineering Drawing, Johle, Tata McGraw-Hill
3. Engineering Drawing, Shah and Rana, 2/e, Pearson Education

REFERENCES:

1. Engineering Drawing and Graphics, Venugopal/ New age
2. Engineering Drawing, B.V.R. Gupta, J.K. Publishers
3. Engineering Drawing, K.L. Narayana, P. Khanniah, Scitech Pub.
4. Engineering Drawing, Venkata Reddy, B.S. Publishers.

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ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. I Year (I.T.)**

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**(9ABS105) MATHEMATICAL METHODS
(EEE, ECE, E.Con.E, E.I.E, CSE, IT, CSS, ECC)****UNIT – I**

Matrices: Elementary row transformations – Rank – Echelon form, normal form – Solution of Linear System of Homogenous and Non Homogeneous equations – Direct Methods – Gauss Elimination, Gauss Jordan methods.

Eigen Values, Eigen vectors – Properties – Cayley – Hamilton Theorem – Inverse and powers of a matrix by Cayley–Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrix. Calculation of powers of matrix.

UNIT – II

Real matrices – Symmetric, skew – Symmetric, orthogonal matrices Linear Transformation – Orthogonal Transformation. Complex matrices: Hermitian, Skew-Hermitian and Unitary matrices – Eigen values and Eigen vectors and their properties. Quadratic forms – Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form and their nature.

UNIT – III

Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations: Introduction – The Bisection Method – The Method of False Position – The Iteration Method – Newton-Raphson Method.

Interpolation: Introduction – Finite differences – Forward Differences – backward Differences –Newton's forward and backward difference formulae for interpolation – Lagrange's Interpolation formula.

UNIT – IV

Curve fitting: Fitting a straight line – Second degree curve – Exponential curve-Power curve by method of least squares.

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Numerical Differentiation and Integration – Trapezoidal rule – Simpson's 1/3 Rule – Simpson's 3/8 Rule.

UNIT – V

Numerical solution of Ordinary Differential equations: Solution by Taylor's series-Picard's Method of successive Approximations-Euler's Method-Runge-Kutta Methods – Predictor-Corrector Method – Milne's Method.

UNIT – VI

Fourier Series: Determination of Fourier coefficients – Fourier series – Even and odd functions – Fourier series in an arbitrary interval – Even and odd periodic continuation – Half-range Fourier sine and cosine expansions. Fourier integral theorem (only statement) – Fourier sine and cosine integrals. Fourier transform – Fourier sine and cosine transforms – Properties – Inverse transforms – Finite Fourier transforms.

UNIT – VII

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions – Method of separation of variables – Solutions of one dimensional wave equation, heat equation and two-dimensional Laplace's equation under initial and boundary conditions.

UNIT – VIII

z-transform – Inverse z-transform – Properties – Damping rule – Shifting rule – Initial and final value theorems. Convolution theorem – Solution of difference equations by z-transforms.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mathematical Methods, T.K.V. Iyengar, B. Krishna Gandhi and Others, S. Chand & Company.
2. Mathematical Methods, C. Sankaraiah, V.G.S. Book Links.
3. Mathematical Methods, G. Shanker Rao, E. Keshava Reddy, I. K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

2009-10**REFERENCES:**

1. Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation , M.K. Jain, S.R.K. Iyengar R.K. Jain, New Age international Publishers.
2. Mathematical Methods – Pal – Oxford.
3. Introduction to Numerical Analysis – S.S. Sastry Ph - I
4. Mathematical Methods, S.K.V.S. Sri Ramachary, M. Bhujanga Rao, P.B. Bhaskar Rao & P.S. Subramanyam, BS Publications.

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ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. I Year (I.T.)**

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**(9A05102) C PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES
LAB****(Common to all Branches)**

Objectives:

- To make the student learn a programming language.
- To teach the student to write programs in C to solve the problems.
- To introduce the student to simple linear data structures such as lists, stacks, queues.

Recommended Systems/Software Requirements:

- Intel based desktop PC with ANSI C Compiler and Supporting Editors

Week 1.

a) Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer.

b) A Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.

c) Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.

Week 2.

a) Write a C program to calculate the following Sum:

$$\text{Sum} = 1 - x^2/2! + x^4/4! - x^6/6! + x^8/8! - x^{10}/10!$$

b) Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation.

Week 3

a) Write C programs that use both recursive and non-recursive functions

i) To find the factorial of a given integer.

ii) To find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers.

iii) To solve Towers of Hanoi problem.

2009-10**Week 4**

- a) The total distance travelled by vehicle in 't' seconds is given by distance $S = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$ where 'u' and 'a' are the initial velocity (m/sec.) and acceleration (m/sec²) respectively. Write C program to find the distance travelled at regular intervals of time given the values of 'u' and 'a'. The program should provide the flexibility to the user to select his own time intervals and repeat the calculations for different values of 'u' and 'a'.
- b) Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +, -, *, /, % and use Switch Statement)

Week 5

- a) Write a C program to find both the largest and smallest number in a list of integers.
- b) Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:
- i) Addition of Two Matrices ii) Multiplication of Two Matrices

Week 6

- a) Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
- i) To insert a sub-string in to a given main string from a given position.
 - ii) To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.
- b) Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not

Week 7

- a) Write a C program that displays the position or index in the string S where the string T begins, or - 1 if S doesn't contain T.
- b) Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

Week 8

- a) Write a C program to generate Pascal's triangle.
- b) Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers.

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Week 9

Write a C program to read in two numbers, x and n , and then compute the sum of the geometric progression:

$$1+x+x^2+x^3+\dots+x^n$$

For example: if n is 3 and x is 5, then the program computes $1+5+25+125$.

Print x , n , the sum

Perform error checking. For example, the formula does not make sense for negative exponents – if n is less than 0. Have your program print an error message if $n < 0$, then go back and read in the next pair of numbers of without computing the sum. Find if any values of x are also illegal? If so, test for them too.

Week 10

a) 2's complement of a number is obtained by scanning it from right to left and complementing all the bits after the first appearance of a 1. Thus 2's complement of 11100 is 00100. Write a C program to find the 2's complement of a binary number.

b) Write a C program to convert a Roman numeral to its decimal equivalent.

Week 11

Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:

- i) Reading a complex number
- ii) Writing a complex number
- iii) Addition of two complex numbers
- iv) Multiplication of two complex numbers

(Note: represent complex number using a structure.)

Week 12

a) Write a C program which copies one file to another.

b) Write a C program to reverse the first n characters in a file.

(Note: The file name and n are specified on the command line.)

Week 13

a) Write a C programme to display the contents of a file.

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b) Write a C programme to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file followed by those of the second are put in the third file)

Week 14

Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list.:

- i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal

Week 15

Write C programs that implement stack (its operations) using

- i) Arrays ii) Pointers

Week 16

Write C programs that implement Queue (its operations) using

- i) Arrays ii) Pointers

Week 17

Write a C program that uses Stack operations to perform the following:

- i) Converting infix expression into postfix expression
- ii) Evaluating the postfix expression

Week 18

Write a C program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order

- i) Bubble sort ii) Selection sort

Week 19

Write C programs that use both recursive and non recursive functions to perform the following searching operations for a Key value in a given list of integers:

- i) Linear search ii) Binary search

Week 20

Write C program that implements the Quick sort method to sort a given list of integers in ascending order.

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Week 21

Write C program that implement the Merge sort method to sort a given list of integers in ascending order.

Week 22

Write C programs to implement the Lagrange interpolation and Newton- Gregory forward interpolation.

Week 23

Write C programs to implement the linear regression and polynomial regression algorithms.

Week 24

Write C programs to implement Trapezoidal and Simpson methods.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Programming in C and Data Structures, J.R.Hanly, Ashok N. Kamthane and A. Ananda Rao, Pearson Education
2. The Spirit of C, an introduction to modern programming, M.Cooper, Jaico Publishing House.
3. Mastering C, K.R. Venugopal and S.R. Prasad, TMH Publications.
4. Computer Basics and C Programming, V. Rajaraman, PHI Publications.

2009-10

**JAWAHARLAL NEHRUTECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. I Year (I.T.)**

T	P	C
0	3	4

**(9A03102) ENGINEERING AND I.T. WORKSHOP
(Common to all Branches)****ENGINEERING WORKSHOP**

Objectives: The budding Engineer may turn out to be a technologist, scientist, entrepreneur, practitioner, consultant etc. There is a need to equip the engineer with the knowledge of common and newer engineering materials as well as shop practices to fabricate, manufacture or work with materials. Essentially he should know the labour involved, machinery or equipment necessary, time required to fabricate and also should be able to estimate the cost of the product or job work. Hence engineering work shop practice is included to introduce some common shop practices and on hand experience to appreciate the use of skill, tools, equipment and general practices to all the engineering students.

1. TRADES FOR EXERCISES:

- Carpentry shop– Two joints (exercises) involving tenon and mortising, groove and tongue: Making middle lap T joint, cross lap joint, mortise and tenon T joint, Bridle T joint from out of 300 x 40 x 25 mm soft wood stock
- Fitting shop– Two joints (exercises) from: square joint, V joint, half round joint or dove tail joint out of 100 x 50 x 5 mm M.S. stock
- Sheet metal shop– Two jobs (exercises) from: Tray, cylinder, hopper or funnel from out of 22 or 20 guage G.I. sheet
- House-wiring– Two jobs (exercises) from: wiring for ceiling rose and two lamps (bulbs) with independent switch controls with or without looping, wiring for stair case lamp, wiring for a water pump with single phase starter.
- Foundry– Preparation of two moulds (exercises): for a single pattern and a double pattern.
- Welding – Preparation of two welds (exercises): single V butt joint, lap joint, double V butt joint or T fillet joint

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2. TRADES FOR DEMONSTRATION:

- a. Plumbing
- b. Machine Shop
- c. Metal Cutting

Apart from the above the shop rooms should display charts, layouts, figures, circuits, hand tools, hand machines, models of jobs, materials with names such as different woods, wood faults, Plastics, steels, meters, gauges, equipment, CD or DVD displays, First aid, shop safety etc. (though they may not be used for the exercises but they give valuable information to the student). In the class work or in the examination knowledge of all shop practices may be stressed upon rather than skill acquired in making the job.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Engineering Work shop practice for JNTU, V. Ramesh Babu, VRB Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2009
2. Work shop Manual / P.Kannaiah/ K.L.Narayana/ SciTech Publishers.
3. Engineering Practices Lab Manual, Jeyapoovan, Saravana Pandian, 4/e Vikas
4. Dictionary of Mechanical Engineering, GHF Nayler, Jaico Publishing House.

I.T. WORKSHOP**Objectives:**

The IT Workshop for engineers is a training lab course. The modules include training on PC Hardware, Internet & World Wide Web and Productivity tools including Word, Excel, Power Point and Publisher.

PC Hardware introduces the students to a personal computer and its basic peripherals, the process of assembling a personal computer, installation of system software like MS Windows, Linux and the required device drivers. In addition hardware and software level troubleshooting process, tips and tricks would be covered. **The students should work on a working PC (PIV or higher) to disassemble and assemble back to working condition and install**

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Windows and Linux on the same PC. Students are suggested to work similar tasks in the Laptop scenario wherever possible.

Internet & World Wide Web module introduces the different ways of hooking the PC on to the internet from home and workplace for usage of the internet. Usage of web browsers, email, newsgroups and discussion forums would be covered. In addition, awareness of cyber hygiene, i.e., protecting the personal computer from getting infected with the viruses, worms and other cyber attacks would be introduced.

Productivity tools module would enable the students in crafting professional word documents, excel spread sheets, power point presentations and personal web sites using the Microsoft suite of office tools and LaTeX. **(It is recommended to use Microsoft office 2007 in place of MS Office 2003)**

PC Hardware

Week 1 – Task 1: Identify the peripherals of a computer, components in a CPU and its functions. Draw the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral and submit to your instructor.

Week 2 – Task 2: Every student should disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition. Lab instructors should verify the work and follow it up with a Viva. Also students need to go through the video which shows the process of assembling a PC. A video shall be given as part of the course content.

Week 3 – Task 3: Every student should individually install MS windows on the personal computer. Lab instructor should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva.

Week 4 – Task 4: Every student should install Linux on the computer. This computer should have windows installed. The system should be configured as dual boot with both windows and Linux. Lab instructors should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva

Week 5 – Task 5: Hardware Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a PC which does not boot due to improper assembly or defective peripherals. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the

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computer back to working condition. The work done should be verified by the instructor and followed up with a Viva

Week 6 – Task 6: Software Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a malfunctioning CPU due to system software problems. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition. The work done should be verified by the instructor and followed up with a Viva.

OFFICE TOOLS**LaTeX and Word**

Week 7 – Word Orientation: The mentor needs to give an overview of LaTeX and Microsoft (MS) office 2007/ equivalent (FOSS) tool word: Importance of LaTeX and MS office 2007/ equivalent (FOSS) tool Word as word Processors, Details of the four tasks and features that would be covered in each, Using LaTeX and word – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving files, Using help and resources, rulers, format painter in word.

Task 1 : Using LaTeX and Word to create project certificate. Features to be covered:-Formatting Fonts in word, Drop Cap in word, Applying Text effects, Using Character Spacing, Borders and Colors, Inserting Header and Footer, Using Date and Time option in both LaTeX and Word.

Excel

Week 8 - Excel Orientation: The mentor needs to tell the importance of MS office 2007/ equivalent (FOSS) tool Excel as a Spreadsheet tool, give the details of the four tasks and features that would be covered in each. Using Excel – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving excel files, Using help and resources.

Task 1: Creating a Scheduler - Features to be covered:- Gridlines, Format Cells, Summation, auto fill, Formatting Text

LaTeX and MS/equivalent (FOSS) tool Power Point

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Week 9 - Task1: Students will be working on basic power point utilities and tools which help them create basic power point presentation. Topic covered during this Exercise includes :- PPT Orientation, Slide Layouts, Inserting Text, Word Art, Formatting Text, Bullets and Numbering, Auto Shapes, Lines and Arrows in both LaTeX and Powerpoint. Students will be given model power point presentation which needs to be replicated (exactly how it's asked).

Week 10 - Task 2 : Second Exercise helps students in making their presentations interactive. Topic covered during this Exercise includes : Hyperlinks, Inserting –Images, Clip Art, Audio, Video, Objects, Tables and Charts

Internet & World Wide Web **2 Exercises**

Week 11 - Task 1: Orientation & Connectivity Boot Camp : Students should get connected to their Local Area Network and access the Internet. In the process they configure the TCP/IP setting. Finally students should demonstrate, to the instructor, how to access the websites and email. If there is no internet connectivity preparations need to be made by the instructors to simulate the WWW on the LAN.

Web Browsers, Surfing the Web: Students customize their web browsers with the LAN proxy settings, bookmarks, search toolbars and pop up blockers.

Week 12 - Task 2: Search Engines & Netiquette: Students should know what search engines are and how to use the search engines. A few topics would be given to the students for which they need to search on Google. This should be demonstrated by the student to the satisfaction of instructors.

Cyber Hygiene: Students would be exposed to the various threats on the internet and would be asked to configure their computer to be safe on the internet. They need to first install an anti virus software, configure their personal firewall and windows update on their computer.

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REFERENCES :

1. Introduction to Information Technology, ITL Education Solutions limited, Pearson Education.
2. LaTeX Companion – Leslie Lamport, PHI/Pearson.
3. Introduction to Computers, Peter Norton, 6/e Mc Graw Hill
4. Upgrading and Repairing, PC's 18th e, Scott Muller QUE, Pearson Education
5. Comdex Information Technology course tool kit, Vikas Gupta, WILEY Dreamtech
6. IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Companion Guide, Third Edition by David Anfinson and Ken Quamme. – CISCO Press, Pearson Education.

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ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. I Year (I.T.)**

T	P	C
0	3/2 each	4

**(9ABS106) ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB and ENGINEERING
CHEMISTRY LAB****ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB**

Any **TEN** of the following experiments are to be performed during the Academic year.

Sl.No.**Name of the Experiment**

1. Determination of wavelength of given source – spectrometer – normal incidence method.
2. Dispersive power of the prism – Spectrometer.
3. Determination of wavelength of a laser source - Diffraction Grating.
4. Determination of particle size by using a laser source.
5. Determination of thickness of a thin wire using parallel fringes.
6. Newton's Rings.
7. Magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying coil – Stewart and Gee's method.
8. Numerical aperture of an optical fiber.
9. Hall effect.
10. B – H Curve.
11. Energy gap of a material of p-n junction
12. Determination of rigidity modulus of a wire material – Torsional pendulum
13. Determination of dielectric constant.
14. Verification of laws of stretched string – Sonometer.
15. Melde's experiment – Transverse & Longitudinal modes.

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Equipment required:

Spectrometer, Grating, Prism, Mercury vapour lamp, Sodium vapour lamp, Travelling Microscope, Wedge arrangement, Newton rings setup, Stewart-Gee's apparatus, He-Ne laser source, Optical fiber, Hall effect kit, B-H loop kit, Energy gap kit (four probe method), Torsional pendulum, Dielectric constant kit, Sonometer, Melde's apparatus

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB

1. Preparation of Standard Potassium Dichromate and Estimation of Ferrous Iron.
2. Preparation of Standard Potassium Dichromate and Estimation of Copper, by Iodometry.
3. Preparation of Standard EDTA solution and Estimation of Hardness of Water.
4. Preparation of Standard EDTA and Estimation of Copper
5. Determination of Manganese in Steel and Iron in Cement.
6. Determination of strength of the given Hydrochloric acid against standard sodium hydroxide solution by Conductometric titration
7. Determination of viscosity of the oils through Redwood viscometer
8. Determination of calorific value of fuel using Bomb calorimeter
9. Estimation of dissolved oxygen
10. Determination of Eutectic Temperature of binary system (Urea – Benzoic Acid)

BOOKS:

1. Chemistry-lab manual by Dr K.N.Jayaveera and K.B. Chandra Sekhar, S.M. Enterprises Ltd.
2. Vogel's Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis, ELBS Edition.

2009-10**Equipment Required:**

1. Glass ware: Pipettes, Burettes, Volumetric Flasks, Beakers, Standard flasks, Measuring jars, Boiling Test tubes, reagent bottles, (Borosil)
2. Analytical balance (kero) (15 Nos)
3. Calorimeter
4. Bomb Calorimeter
5. Redwood viscometer No.1& No.2
6. Conductometer/ Conductivity bridge
7. Wash bottles, test tube stands, burette stands
8. Gas cylinders with Bunsen burners
9. Chemicals: Hydrochloric acid, sodiumhydroxide, EDTA, EBT indicator, fast sulfon black-f, urea, benzoic acid, methanol, Mohr's salt, copper sulphate, magnesium sulphate, ammonia, ammonium sulphate, calcium sulphate etc.,

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ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. I Year (I.T.)**

T	P	C
0	3	4

**(9ABS107) ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION
SKILLS LAB**

The **Language Lab** focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and equips students with the use of English in everyday situations and contexts.

Objectives:

1. To train students to use language effectively in everyday conversations, to participate in group discussions, to help them face interviews, and sharpen public speaking skills
2. To expose the students to a varied blend of self-instructional, learner-friendly modes of language learning
3. To enable them to learn better pronunciation through stress on word accent, intonation, and rhythm
4. To initiate them into greater use of the computer in resume preparation, report-writing, format-making etc.
5. To help the students cultivate the habit of reading passages from the computer monitor, thus providing them with the required ability to face computer-based competitive exams such as GRE, TOEFL, GMAT etc.

SYLLABUS :

The following course content is prescribed for the **English Language Laboratory** sessions:

1. Introduction to the Sounds of English- Vowels, Diphthongs & Consonants.
2. Introduction to Stress and Intonation.
3. Situational Dialogues (giving directions etc.)
4. Speaking on the mobiles and telephone conversation
5. Role Play.
6. Oral Presentations- Prepared and Extempore.
7. 'Just A Minute' Sessions (JAM).

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8. Describing Objects / Situations / People.

9. Information Transfer

10. Debate

Minimum Requirement:

The English Language Lab shall have two parts:

- i) **The Computer aided Language Lab** for 60 students with 60 systems, one master console, LAN facility and English language software for self- study by learners.
- ii) **The Communication Skills Lab** with movable chairs and audio-visual aids with a P.A System, a T. V., a digital stereo –audio & video system and camcorder etc.

System Requirement (Hardware component):

Computer network with Lan with minimum 60 multimedia systems with the following specifications:

- i) P – IV Processor
- a) Speed – 2.8 GHZ
- b) RAM – 512 MB Minimum
- c) Hard Disk – 80 GB
- ii) Headphones of High quality

PRESCRIBED SOFTWARE: GLOBARENA

Suggested Software:

- Cambridge Advanced Learners' English Dictionary with CD.
- The Rosetta Stone English Library
- Clarity Pronunciation Power – Part I
- Mastering English in Vocabulary, Grammar, Spellings, Composition
- Dorling Kindersley series of Grammar, Punctuation, Composition etc.
- Language in Use, Foundation Books Pvt Ltd with CD
- Learning to Speak English - 4 CDs
- Microsoft Encarta with CD
- Murphy's English Grammar, Cambridge with CD
- English in Mind, Herbert Puchta and Jeff Stranks with Meredith Levy, Cambridge

Books Suggested for English Language Lab Library (to be located within the lab in addition to the CDs of the text book which are loaded on the systems):

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1. **English Pronouncing Dictionary**, Daniel Jones Current Edition with CD.
2. **Spoken English**, R. K. Bansal and J. B. Harrison, Orient Longman 2006 Edn.
3. **Speaking English Effectively**, Krishna Mohan & NP Singh (Macmillan)
4. **A Practical Course in English Pronunciation**, (with two Audio cassettes) by J. Sethi, Kamlesh Sadanand & D.V. Jindal, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
5. **Body Language- Your Success Mantra**, Dr Shalini Verma, S.Chand & Co, 2008
6. **English Dictionary for Advanced Learners**, (with CD) International edn. Macmillan 2009
7. **A Handbook for English language Laboratories**, E.Sureshkumar, P.Sreehari, Foundation Books, 2009
8. **DELTA's key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test**, 6 audio CDS, New Age International Publishers, 2007

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ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. II-I Sem (I.T.)**

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4	0	4

**(9A05301) MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS OF
COMPUTER SCIENCE
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)****UNIT-I**

Mathematical Logic : Statements and notations, Connectives, Well formed formulas, Truth Tables, tautology, equivalence implication, Normal forms, Quantifiers, universal quantifiers

UNIT-II

Predicates : Predicative logic, Free & Bound variables, Rules of inference, Consistency, proof of contradiction, Automatic Theorem Proving.

UNIT-III

Relations: Properties of Binary Relations, equivalence, transitive closure, compatibility and partial ordering relations, Lattices, Hasse diagram. Functions: Inverse Function, Composition of functions, recursive Functions, Lattice and its Properties.

UNIT-IV

Algebraic structures : Algebraic systems Examples and general properties, Semi groups and monads, groups sub groups homomorphism, Isomorphism.

UNIT-V

Elementary Combinatorics: Basis of counting, Enumerating Combinations & Permutations, with repetitions, Constrained repetitions, Binomial Coefficients, Binomial Multinomial theorems, the principles of Inclusion – Exclusion. Pigeon hole principles and its application

UNIT-VI

Recurrence Relation : Generating Functions and Sequences Calculating Coefficient of generating function, Recurrence relations,

2009-10

Solving recurrence relation by substitution and Generating functions.
Characteristics roots, solution of In homogeneous Recurrence Relation.

UNIT-VII

Graph Theory : Representation of Graph, DFS, BFS, Spanning Trees, planar Graphs

UNIT-VIII

Graph Theory and Applications, Basic Concepts Isomorphism and Sub graphs, Multi graphs and Euler circuits, Hamiltonian graphs, Chromatic Numbers

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Elements of Discrete Mathematics- A computer Oriented Approach- C L Liu, D P Mohapatra. Third Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists & Mathematicians, J.L. Mott, A. Kandel, T.P. Baker, PHI.

REFERENCES :

1. Discrete and Combinational Mathematics- An Applied Introduction-5th Edition – Ralph. P.Grimaldi.Pearson Education
2. Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, Kenneth H. Rosen, Fifth Edition.TMH.
3. Discrete Mathematical structures Theory and application-Malik & Sen, Cengage.
4. Discrete Mathematics with Applications, Thomas Koshy, Elsevier
5. Logic and Discrete Mathematics, Grass Man & Trembley, Pearson Education.

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**JAWAHARLAL NEHRUTECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. II -I Sem (I.T.)**

T	P	C
4	0	4

**(9A05302) ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT, ECM)****Unit I :**

C++ Class Overview- Class Definition, Objects, Class Members, Access Control, Class Scope, Constructors and destructors, parameter passing methods, Inline functions, static class members, this pointer, friend functions, dynamic memory allocation and deallocation (new and delete), exception handling.

Unit II :

Function Over Loading, Operator Overloading, Generic Programming-Function and class templates, Inheritance basics, base and derived classes, inheritance types, base class access control, runtime polymorphism using virtual functions, abstract classes, streams I/O.

Unit III :

Algorithms, performance analysis- time complexity and space complexity. Review of basic data structures- The list ADT, Stack ADT, Queue ADT, Implementation using template classes in C++.

Unit IV :

Dictionaries, linear list representation, skip list representation, operations insertion, deletion and searching, hash table representation, hash functions, collision resolution-separate chaining, open addressing-linear probing, quadratic probing, double hashing, rehashing, extendible hashing, comparison of hashing and skip lists.

Unit V :

Priority Queues – Definition, ADT, Realizing a Priority Queue using Heaps, Definition, insertion, Deletion, External Sorting- Model for external sorting, Multiway merge, Polyphase merge.

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Unit VI :**Search Trees (Part1):-**

Binary Search Trees, Definition, ADT, Implementation, Operations-Searching, Insertion and Deletion, AVL Trees, Definition, Height of an AVL Tree, Operations – Insertion, Deletion and Searching

Unit VII :

Search trees (part- II) : Introduction to Red –Black and Splay Trees, B-Trees, B-Tree of order m, height of a B-Tree, insertion, deletion and searching, Comparison of Search Trees

Unit VIII :

Pattern matching and Tries : Pattern matching algorithms-Brute force, the Boyer –Moore algorithm, the Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm, Standard Tries, Compressed Tries, Suffix tries.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Data structures and Algorithms using C++, Ananda Rao Akepogu and Radhika Raju Palagiri, Pearson Education.
2. Data structures, Algorithms and Applications in C++, S.Sahni, University Press (India) Pvt.Ltd, 2nd edition, Universities Press.

REFERENCES :

1. Data structures and Algorithms in C++, Michael T.Goodrich, R.Tamassia and .Mount, Wiley student edition, John Wiley and Sons.
2. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++, Mark Allen Weiss, Pearson Education. Ltd., Second Edition.
3. Data structures and algorithms in C++, 3rd Edition, Adam Drozdek, Thomson
4. Data structures using C and C++, Langsam, Augenstein and Tanenbaum, PHI.
5. Problem solving with C++, The OOP, Fourth edition, W.Savitch, Pearson education.
6. Data Structures using C++, D.S. Malik, Cengage Learning, India Edition.

2009-10**JAWAHARLAL NEHRUTECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. II-I-Sem. (I.T.)****T P C
4 0 4****(9A12301) DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN AND COMPUTER
ORGANIZATION
(Common to CSSE, IT)****UNIT I**

BASIC STRUCTURE OF COMPUTERS : Computer Types, Functional units, Basic operational concepts, Bus structures, Software, Performance, multiprocessors and multi computers, Computer Generations.

DATA REPRESENTATION: Binary Numbers, Fixed Point Representation, Floating – Point Representation, Number base conversions, Octal and Hexadecimal Numbers, Complements, Signed binary numbers, Binary codes.

UNIT II**DIGITAL LOGIC CIRCUITS-I:**

Basic Logic Functions, Logic gates, Universal logic gates, Minimization of Logic expressions, Flip-flops.

UNIT III**DIGITAL LOGIC CIRCUITS-II:**

Registers, Shift Registers, Binary counters, Decoders, Multiplexers, Programmable Logic Devices.

UNIT IV

COMPUTER ARITHMETIC: Algorithms for fixed point and floating point addition, subtraction, multiplication and division operations, Hardware Implementation of arithmetic and logic operations, High performance arithmetic.

UNIT V

INSTRUCTION SET & ADDRESSING: Memory Locations and Addresses, Machine addresses and sequencing, Various Addressing Modes, Instruction Formats, Basic Machine Instructions, IA-32 Pentium example.

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UNIT VI

PROCESSOR ORGANIZATION: Introduction to CPU, Register Transfers, Execution of Instructions, Multiple Bus Organization, Hardwired Control, Microprogrammed Control

UNIT VII

MEMORY ORGANIZATION : Concept of Memory, RAM, ROM memories, Memory hierarchy, cache memories, virtual memory, secondary storage & memory management requirements.

UNIT VIII

INPUT / OUTPUT ORGANIZATION: Introduction to I/O, Interrupts- Hardware, Enabling and disabling Interrupts, Device Control, Direct memory access, buses, interface circuits, standard I/O Interfaces.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Computer Organization – Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, fifth edition, McGraw Hill.
2. Computer Architecture And Organization- An Integrated Approach, Miles Murdocca, Vincent Heuring, Second Edition, Wiley India.
3. Computer Systems Architecture – M.Moris Mano, IIIrd Edition, Pearson.

REFERENCES :

1. Computer Organization and Architecture – William Stallings Sixth Edition, Pearson
2. Computer- organization and Design- David A. Paterson and John L.Hennessy-Elsevier.
3. Fundamentals of Computer Organization and Design, - Sivarama Dandamudi, Springer Int. Edition.
4. Digital Design – Third Edition , M.Morris Mano, Pearson Education/PHI.
5. Fundamentals of Logic Design, Roth, 5th Edition,Thomson.

2009-10**JAWAHARLAL NEHRUTECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. II-I Sem (I.T.)****T P C
4 0 4****(9A12302) DATA COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS
(Common to IT, CSSE)****Unit I :**

FUNDAMENTALS OF DATA COMMUNICATION: Data Communication Network Architecture, Protocols and standards, standards organizations for Data Communication, Data Communication circuits, Serial and parallel Data Transmission, Data communications Circuit Arrangements, Data communications Networks.

SIGNALS, NOISE, MODULATION, AND DEMODULATION :

Signal Analysis, Electrical Noise and Signal-to-Noise Ratio, Analog Modulation Systems, Information Capacity, Bits, Bit Rate, Baud, and M-ary Encoding, Digital Modulation.

Unit II :**ELECTRIC CABLE TRANSMISSION MEDIA :**

Metallic Transmission Lines, Transverse Electromagnetic Waves, Characteristics of Electromagnetic Waves, Transmission Line Classifications, Metallic Transmission Line Types, Metallic Transmission Line Equivalent Circuit.

OPTICAL FIBER TRANSMISSION MEDIA :

Advantages of Optical Fiber Cables, Disadvantages of Optical Fiber Cables, Electromagnetic spectrum, Optical Fiber Communications System Block Diagram, Optical Fiber construction, The Physics of Light, Velocity of Propagation, Propagation of Light Through an Optical fiber Cable, Optical Fiber Modes and Classifications, Optical Fiber Comparison, Losses in Optical Fiber Cables.

Unit III :**DIGITAL TRANSMISSION :**

Pulse Modulation, Pulse code Modulation, Dynamic Range, Linear Versus Nonlinear PCM Codes, Companding, PCM Line Speed.

MULTIPLEXING AND T CARRIERS :

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Time- Division Multiplexing, T1 Digital Carrier System, Digital Line Encoding, T Carrier systems, Statistical Time – Division Multiplexing, Frame Synchronization, Frequency- Division Multiplexing, Wavelength- Division Multiplexing.

Unit IV :**WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS :**

Electromagnetic Polarization, Rays and Wave fronts, Electromagnetic Radiation, Spherical Wave front and the Inverse Square Law, Wave Attenuation and Absorption, Optical Properties of Radio Waves, Terrestrial Propagation of Electromagnetic Waves, Skip Distance, Free-Space Path Loss, Microwave Communications Systems, Satellite Communications Systems.

Unit V :**TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS AND SIGNALS:**

The Subscriber Loop, Standard Telephone Set, Basic Telephone Call Procedures, Call Progress Tones and Signals, Cordless Telephones, Caller ID, Electronic Telephones, Paging systems.

THE TELEPHONE CIRCUIT:

The Local Subscriber Loop, Telephone Message-Channel Noise and Noise Weighting, Units of Powers Measurement, Transmission Parameters and Private-Line Circuits .

Unit VI :**CELLULAR TELEPHONE CONCEPTS AND SYSTEMS:**

Mobile Telephone service, Cellular Telephone, Interference, Cell Splitting, Sectoring, Segmentation, Dualization, Topology, Roaming and handoff, Network Components, First Generation Analog Cellular Telephone, Personal Communications system, Second Generation Cellular Telephone Systems, Digital Cellular Telephone

Unit VII:**DATA COMMUNICATIONS CODES, ERROR CONTROL, AND DATA FORMATS:**

Data Communications Character Codes, Bar Codes, Error Control, Error Detection, Error Correction, Character Synchronization.

2009-10**Unit VIII:****DATA COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT:**

Digital Service Unit and Channel Service Unit, Voice-Band Data Communication Modems, Bell Systems- Compatible Voice-Band Modems, Voice-Band Modem Block Diagram, Voice-Band Modem Classifications, Asynchronous Voice-Band Modems, Synchronous Voice-Band Modems, Modem Synchronization, ITU-T Voice- Band Modem Specifications, 56K Modems, Modem Control: The AT Command Set, Cable Modems, Probability of Error and Bit Error Rate.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Introduction to Data Communications and Networking, Wayne Tomasi, Pearson Education.

Reference Books

1. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A Forouzan, Fourth Edition, TMH.
2. Computer Communications and Networking Technologies, Gallow, Second Edition, Thomson.
3. Computer Networking and Internet, Fred Halsll, Lingana Gouda Kulkarni, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education.

2009-10**JAWAHARLAL NEHRUTECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. II-I-Sem. (I.T.)**

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**(9A02306) BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)****UNIT - I**

Introduction to Electrical Engineering : ohm's law, basic circuit components, Kirchhoff's laws. Simple problems.

UNIT-II

Network Analysis: Basic definitions, types of elements, types of sources, resistive networks, inductive networks, capacitive networks, series parallel circuits, star delta and delta star transformation. , Network theorems- Superposition & Thevenin's theorems-Analysis of DC networks.

UNIT-III

Alternating Quantities: Principle of ac voltages, waveforms and basic definitions, root mean square and average values of alternating currents and voltage, form factor and peak factor, phasor representation of alternating quantities, the J operator and phasor algebra, analysis of ac circuits with single basic network element, single phase series and parallel circuits.

UNIT-IV

Transformers: Principles of operation, Constructional Details, Losses and efficiency, Regulation of Transformer, Testing: OC & SC test.

UNIT-V

D.C Generators: Principle of operation of dc machines, types of D.C generators, e.m.f equation in D.C generator, O.C.C. of a D.C. Shunt generator

2009-10**UNIT-VI**

D.C motors: Principle of operation of dc motors, types of D.C motors, torque equation, losses and efficiency calculation in D.C motor-Swinburne's test

UNIT-VII

Three phase induction motors: Principle of operation, slip and rotor frequency, torque (simple problems).

UNIT VIII

Measuring Instruments: Introduction, classification of instruments, operating principles, essential features of measuring instruments, Moving coil permanent magnet (PMMC) and moving Iron instruments (Voltmeters and Ammeters)- Extension of range of the meters.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Basic Electrical Engineering - By M.S.Naidu and S. Kamakshiah – TMH.
2. Basic Electrical Engineering –By T.K.Nagasarkar and M.S. Sukhija Oxford University Press.
3. Electrical and Electronic Technology-By Hughes – Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. Theory and Problems of Basic Electrical Engineering by D.P.Kothari & I.J. Nagrath PHI.
2. Principles of Electrical Engineering by V.K Mehta, S.Chand Publications.
3. Fundamentals of Electrical Electronics Engineering by T.Thyagarajan, SCITECH Publications 5th Edition-2007

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(9A04301) ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS**(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT, ECE, E Con E, ECM, EIE, EEE)****UNIT- I****PN JUNCTION DIODE:**

PN Junction Diode Equation, Volt-Ampere (V-I) Characteristics, Temperature Dependence of V-I Characteristics, Ideal Versus Practical Static and Dynamic Resistances, Diode Equivalent circuits, Break down Mechanisms in semiconductor Diodes, Zener Diode Characteristics.

UNIT- II

RECTIFIERS AND FILTERS : PN Junction as a Rectifier, Half wave rectifier, ripple factor, full wave rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, Harmonic components in a rectifier circuit, Inductor filter, Capacitor filter, L-section filter, Π - section filter, Use of Zener Diode as a Regulator, Problems on rectifier circuits, and voltage regulator.

UNIT- III

TRANSISTOR: Transistor construction, BJT Operation, BJT Symbol, Transistor as an Amplifier, Common Emitter, Common Base and Common Collector Configurations, Limits of Operation, BJT Specifications.

UNIT-IV

TRANSISTOR BIASING AND STABILISATION: Operating Point, DC and AC Load Lines, Importance of Biasing, Fixed Bias, Emitter Feedback Bias, Collector to Emitter Feedback Bias, Voltage Divider Bias, Bias Stability, Stabilization against Variations in V_{BE} and β , Bias Compensation Using Diodes and Transistors, Thermal Runaway, Condition for Thermal Stability in CE configuration, Problems on biasing circuits.

2009-10**UNIT- V****FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR:**

The Junction Field Effect Transistor (Construction, Principle of Operation, Symbol) - Pinch-Off Voltage – Volt-Ampere Characteristics, Small Signal Model of JFET & MOSFET, MOSFET Characteristics in Enhancement and Depletion Modes.

UNIT- VI**FET AMPLIFIERS:**

Common Source, and Common Drain Amplifiers using FET, Generalized FET Amplifier, Biasing of FET, FET as Voltage Variable Resistor, Comparison between BJT and FET.

UNIT-VII**SMALL SIGNAL ANALYSIS OF BJT AMPLIFIERS:**

BJT Modeling, Hybrid Modeling, Determination of h-Parameters from Transistor Characteristics, Measurement of h-Parameters, Analysis of CE, CB and CC configurations using h-Parameters, Comparison of CB, CE and CC configurations, Simplified Hybrid Model, Millers Theorem, Dual of Millers Theorem.

UNIT-VIII**SPECIAL PURPOSE ELECTRONIC DEVICES:**

Principle of Operation, and Characteristics of Tunnel Diode (With help of Energy Band Diagram) and Varactor Diode, Principle of Operations of Schottky Barrier Diode, Thermistor, Silicon Control Rectifier, and Uni-Junction Transistor (UJT).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Integrated Electronics- J. Millman, Christos C. Halkias, 1991 edition, 2008, TMH.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits- R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, 9th edition, 2006, PHI.
3. Electronic Devices and Circuits – David A. Bell, Fifth Edition, 2008, Oxford University press.

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REFERENCES:

1. Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits- J.Millman and C.C.Halkias, Satyabratajit, 2nd edition, 1998, TMH.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits - K. Lal kishore, 2nd edition, 2005, BSP.
3. Introduction to Electronic Devices and Circuits – Rober T. Paynter, PE
4. Electronic Devices and Circuits – S. Salivahana, N.Suresh Kumar, A. Vallavaraj, 2nd Edition, 2008, TMH.

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**(9A05304) DATA STRUCTURES LAB
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)**

Objectives:

- To make the student learn an object oriented way of solving problems.
- To make the student write ADTS for all data structures.

Recommended Systems/Software Requirements:

- Intel based desktop PC with minimum of 166 MHZ or faster processor with atleast 64 MB RAM and 100 MB free disk space
- C++ compiler and STL Recommended

Week1 :

Write C++ programs to implement the following using an array.

- a) Stack ADT b) Queue ADT

Week2 :

Write C++ programs to implement the following using a singly linked list.

- a) Stack ADT b) Queue ADT

Week3 :

Write C++ programs to implement the deque (double ended queue) ADT using a doubly linked list and an array.

Week 4 :

Write a C++ program to perform the following operations:

- a) Insert an element into a binary search tree.
b) Delete an element from a binary search tree.
c) Search for a key element in a binary search tree.

Week5 :

Write C++ programs that use recursive functions to traverse the given binary tree in

- a) Preorder b) inorder and c) postorder.

Week6 :

Write C++ programs that use non-recursive functions to traverse the given binary tree in

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a) Preorder b) inorder and c) postorder.

Week7 :

Write C++ programs for the implementation of bfs and dfs for a given graph.

Week8 :

Write C++ programs for implementing the following sorting methods:

a) Merge sort b) Heap sort

Week9 :

Write a C++ program to perform the following operations

a) Insertion into a B-tree b) Deletion from a B-tree

Week10 :

.Write a C++ program to perform the following operation

a) Insertion into an AVL-tree

Week11 :

Write a C++ program to implement all the functions of a dictionary (ADT) using hashing.

Week12 :

Write a C++ program for implementing Knuth-Morris- Pratt pattern matching algorithm.

(Note: Use Class Templates in the above Programs)

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Data structures and Algorithms using C++, Ananda Rao Akepogu and Radhika Raju Palagiri, Pearson Education.
2. Data Structures A Pseudocode Approach with C++, India Edition, R.F.Gilberg and B.A.Forouzan,Cengage Learning.
3. Programming Principles and Practice using C++, B.Stroustrup,Addison-Wesley(Pearson education).
4. Data Structures and STL, W.J.Collins,Mc Graw Hill,International edition.
5. Data structures and Algorithms with OODesign patterns in C++,B.R.Priess,John Wiley& sons.
6. The Art,Philosophy, and Science of OOP with C++,Rick Miller,SPD.
7. C++ for Programmers,P.J.Deitel and H.M.Deitel,PHI/Pearson

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**(9A02307) ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS LAB
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)****PART – A : ELECTRICAL LAB**

1. Verification of Superposition theorem.
2. Verification of Thevenin's theorem.
3. Open Circuit characteristics of D.C. Shunt generator.
4. Swinburne's Test on DC shunt machine (Predetermination of efficiency of a given DC Shunt machine working as motor and generator).
5. Brake test on DC shunt motor. Determination of performance Characteristics.
6. OC & SC tests on Single-phase transformer (Predetermination of efficiency and regulation at given power factors).

PART – B : ELECTRONICS LAB

1. Identification, Specifications and Testing of R, L, C Components (colour codes), Potentiometers, Switches (SPDT, DPDT and DIP), Coils, Gang Condensers, Relays, Bread Boards, Identification and Specifications of active devices, Diodes, BJTs, Lowpower JFETs, MOSFETs, LEDs, LCDs, SCR, UJT, Linear and Digital ICs.
2. PN Junction Diode Characteristics (Forward bias, Reverse bias).
3. Zener Diode Characteristics and Zener as regulator.
4. Transistor CE Characteristics (Input and Output).
5. Rectifier without Filters (Full wave & Half wave).
6. Rectifier with Filters (Full wave & Half wave).

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**(9ABS304) PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS
(Common to CE, IT, ME, CSSE)****UNIT – I**

Probability: Sample space and events – Probability – The axioms of probability – Some Elementary theorems – Conditional probability – Baye's theorem.

UNIT – II

Random variables – Discrete and continuous Distributions – Distribution functions.

UNIT – III

Binomial and poisson's distributions Normal distribution – Related properties.

UNIT – IV

Sampling distribution: Populations and samples – Sampling distribution of mean (known and unknown) proportions, sums and differences.

UNIT – V

Estimation: Point estimation – Interval estimation – Bayesian estimation

UNIT – VI

Test of Hypothesis – Means – Hypothesis concerning one and two means – Type I and Type II errors. One tail, two-tail tests.

UNIT – VII

Tests of significance – Student's t-test, F-test, χ^2 test. Estimation of proportions.

2009-10**UNIT – VIII**

Queuing Theory: Pure Birth and Death process, M/M/1 model and simple problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Probability & Statistics, T.K.V. Iyengar, B. Krishan Gandhi and Others, S. Chand & Company.
2. Probability & Statistics, Ravindranath, B.S.R. Murthy, I.K. International Pvt. Ltd.
3. Probability & Statistics, Walpore, Myers, Ye 8th edition, - Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. Probability & Statistics, Arnold O. Allen, Academic Press.
2. Probability & Statistics, D.K. Murugesan & P. Guru Swamy, Anuradha Publications.
3. Introduction to Probability, Charles M. Grinstead, J. Laurie Snell, University Press.
4. Probability & Statistical inference : Hogg, Tanis, Rao – 7th edition, Pearson education.

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**(9ABS303) ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE
(Common to CE, BOT, CSE, IT, ME, AE)****UNIT – I****MULTIDISCIPLINARY NATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES** : – Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.**UNIT – II****NATURAL RESOURCES** : Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. – Energy resources:**UNIT – III****ECOSYSTEMS** : Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and function of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- Forest ecosystem.
- Grassland ecosystem
- Desert ecosystem
- Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

2009-10**UNIT – IV**

BIODIVERSITY AND ITS CONSERVATION : Introduction 0
Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Bio-geographical classification of India – Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-spots of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

UNIT – V

ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION : Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of :

- a. Air Pollution.
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT : Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

UNIT – VI

SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT: From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies – Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act – Wildlife Protection

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Act – Forest Conservation Act – Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation – Public awareness.

UNIT – VII

HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT : Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Programme. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.

UNIT – VIII

FIELD WORK : Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River/forest grassland/hill/mountain – Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, birds – river, hill slopes, etc..

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission, Universities Press.
2. Environmental Studies by R.Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.
3. Environmental Studies by Benny Joseph, Mc.Graw Hill Publications.

REFERENCES :

1. Text book of Environmental Sciences and Technology by M.Anji Reddy, BS Publication.
2. Comprehensive Environmental studies by J.P.Sharma, Laxmi publications.
3. Environmental sciences and engineering – J. Glynn Henry and Gary W. Heinke – Printice hall of India Private limited.
4. Introduction to Environmental engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela - Printice hall of India Private limited.
5. Environmental Studies by Anindita Basak – Pearson education.

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**(9A05402) OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)****UNIT I :**

Object oriented thinking :- Need for oop paradigm, A way of viewing world – Agents, responsibility, messages, methods, classes and instances, class hierarchies (Inheritance), method binding, overriding and exceptions, summary of oop concepts, coping with complexity, abstraction mechanisms.

UNIT II :

Java Basics History of Java, Java buzzwords, data types, variables, scope and life time of variables, arrays, operators, expressions, control statements, type conversion and casting, simple java program, classes and objects – concepts of classes, objects, constructors, methods, access control, this keyword, garbage collection, overloading methods and constructors, parameter passing, recursion, string handling.

UNIT III :

Inheritance – Hierarchical abstractions, Base class object, subclass, subtype, substitutability, forms of inheritance- specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation, combination, benefits of inheritance, costs of inheritance, Member access rules, super uses, using final with inheritance, polymorphism- method overriding, abstract classes.

UNIT IV :

Packages and Interfaces : Defining, Creating and Accessing a Package, Understanding CLASSPATH, importing packages, differences between classes and interfaces, defining an interface, implementing interface, applying interfaces, variables in interface and extending interfaces. Exploring packages – Java.io, java.util.

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UNIT V :

Exception handling and multithreading - Concepts of exception handling, benefits of exception handling, Termination or resumptive models, exception hierarchy, usage of try, catch, throw, throws and finally, built in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes. Differences between multi threading and multitasking, thread life cycle, creating threads, synchronizing threads.

UNIT VI :

Event Handling : Events, Event sources, Event classes, Event Listeners, Delegation event model, handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes, inner classes, The AWT class hierarchy, user interface components- labels, button, canvas, scrollbars, text components, check box, check box groups, choices, lists, panels – scrollpane, dialogs, menubar, graphics, layout manager – layout manager types – boarder, grid, flow, card and grid bag.

UNIT VII :

Applets – Concepts of Applets, differences between applets and applications, life cycle of an applet, types of applets, creating applets, passing parameters to applets.

Swing – Introduction, limitations of AWT, MVC architecture, components, containers, exploring swing- JApplet, JFrame and JComponent, Icons and Labels, text fields, buttons – The JButton class, Check boxes, Radio buttons, Combo boxes, Tabbed Panes, Scroll Panes, Trees, and Tables.

UNIT VIII :

Networking – Basics of network programming, addresses, ports, sockets, simple client server program, multiple clients, Java.net package. Enumerations, autoboxing, annotations, generics.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Java; the complete reference, 7th edition, Herbert schildt, TMH.
2. Understanding OOP with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, Pearson Education.

2009-10**REFERENCES :**

1. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J.Nino and F.A. Hosch, John wiley & sons.
2. An Introduction to OOP, third edition, T. Budd, Pearson Education.
3. Introduction to Java programming, 6th edition, Y. Daniel Liang, pearson education.
4. An introduction to Java programming and object oriented application development, R.A. Johnson, Thomson.
5. Core Java 2, Vol 1, Fundamentals, Cay.S.Horstmann and Gary Cornell, eighth Edition, Pearson Education.
6. Core Java 2, Vol 2, Advanced Features, Cay.S.Horstmann and Gary Cornell, eighth Edition, Pearson Education
7. Object Oriented Programming through Java, P. Radha Krishna, University Press.
8. Java and Object Orientation, an introduction, John Hunt, second edition, Springer.

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(9A15403) PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES**UNIT I**

Preliminary Concepts: Reasons for studying, concepts of programming languages, Programming domains, Language Evaluation Criteria, influences on Language design, Language categories, Programming Paradigms – Imperative, Object Oriented, functional Programming , Logic Programming. Programming Language Implementation – Compilation and Virtual Machines, programming environments.

UNIT II

Syntax and Semantics: general Problem of describing Syntax and Semantics, formal methods of describing syntax - BNF, EBNF for common programming languages features, parse trees, ambiguous grammars, attribute grammars, denotational semantics and axiomatic semantics for common programming language features.

UNIT III

Data types: Introduction, primitive, character, user defined, array, associative, record, union, pointer and reference types, design and implementation uses related to these types, Names, Variable, concept of binding, type checking, strong typing, type compatibility, named constants, variable initialization.

UNIT IV

Expressions and Statements: Arithmetic relational and Boolean expressions, Short circuit evaluation mixed mode assignment, Assignment Statements, Control Structures – Statement Level, Compound Statements, Selection, Iteration, Unconditional Statements, guarded commands.

2009-10**UNIT V**

Subprograms and Blocks: Fundamentals of sub-programs, Scope and lifetime of variable, static and dynamic scope, Design issues of subprograms and operations, local referencing environments, parameter passing methods, overloaded sub-programs, generic sub-programs, parameters that are sub-program names, design issues for functions user defined overloaded operators, co routines.

UNIT VI

Abstract Data types: Abstractions and encapsulation, introduction to data abstraction, design issues, language examples, C++ parameterized ADT, object oriented programming in small talk, C++, Java, C#, Ada 95.

Concurrency: Subprogram level concurrency, semaphores, monitors, message passing, Java threads, C# threads.

UNIT VII

Exception handling : Exceptions, exception Propagation, Exception handler in Ada, C++ and Java.

Logic Programming Language : Introduction and overview of logic programming, basic elements of prolog, application of logic programming.

UNIT VIII

Functional Programming Languages: Introduction, fundamentals of FPL, LISP, ML, Haskell, application of Functional Programming Languages and comparison of functional and imperative Languages.

Scripting Language: Pragmatics, Key Concepts, Case Study : Python – Values and Types, Variables , Storage and Control, Bindings and Scope, Procedural Abstraction, Data Abstraction, Separate Compilation, Module Library.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Concepts of Programming Languages Robert .W. Sebesta 8/e, Pearson Education,2008.
2. Programming Language Design Concepts, D. A. Watt, Wiley dreamtech,rp-2007.

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REFERENCES:

1. Programming Languages, 2nd Edition, A.B. Tucker, R.E. Noonan, TMH.
2. Programming Languages, K. C.Louden, 2nd Edition, Thomson,2003.
3. LISP, Patric Henry Winston and Paul Horn, Pearson Education.
4. Programming in Prolog, W.F. Clocksin, & C.S.Mellish, 5th Edition, Springer.
5. Programming Python, M.Lutz, 3rd Edition, O'reilly,SPD, rp-2007.
6. Core Python Programming, Chun, II Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
7. Guide to Programming with Python, Michael Dawson, Thomson, 2008.

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**(9A05401) DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)****UNIT-I**

Database Systems: Data vs Information, Introducing the Database and the DBMS-Why Database Design is Important? Files and File Systems-Problems with File System Data Management-Database Systems.

Data Models: Data Modeling and Data Models-The Importance of Data Models-Data Model Basic Building Blocks-Business Rules-The Evolution of Data Models-Degree of Data Abstraction.

UNIT-II

Entity Relationship Modeling: The Entity Relationship Model (ERM)-Developing an ER Diagram-Database Design Challenges: Conflicting Goals-The Extended Entity Relationship Model-Entity Clustering- Entity Integrity: Selecting Primary Keys-Learning Flexible Database Design-Data Modeling Checklist.

UNIT-III

The Relational Database Model: A Logical View of Data-Keys-Integrity Rules-Relational Set Operators-The Data Dictionary and the System Catalog-Relationships within the Relational Database-Data Redundancy Revisited-Indexes-Codd's Relational Database Rules.

UNIT-IV

Structured Query Language (SQL): Introduction to SQL-Data Definition Commands-Data Manipulation Commands-SELECT Queries- Advanced Data Definition Commands-Advanced SELECT Queries-Virtual Tables: Creating a View-Joining Database Tables.

Advanced SQL: Relational Set Operators-SQL Join Operators-Subqueries and Correlated Queries-SQL Functions-Oracle Sequences-Updatable Views-Procedural SQL-Embedded SQL.

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UNIT-V

Normalization of Database Tables: Database Tables and Normalization-The Need for Normalization-The Normalization Process- Improving the Design-Surrogate Key Considerations-Higher-Level Normal Forms-Normalization and Database Design-Denormalization.

UNIT-VI

Transaction Management and Concurrency Control: What is a Transaction?-Transaction State-Implementation of atomicity and durability-Concurrency Control-Serializability-Testing for Serializability-Concurrency Control with Locking Methods-Concurrency Control with Time Stamping Methods-Concurrency Control with Optimistic Methods-Database Recovery Management-Validation Based Protocols-Multiple Granularity.

UNIT-VII

Recovery System: Recovery and Atomicity-Log-Based Recovery-Recovery with Concurrent Transactions-Buffer Management-Failure with loss of nonvolatile storage-Advance Recovery Techniques-Remote Backup Systems.

UNIT-VIII

File Structure and Indexing: Overview of Physical Storage Media-Magnetic Disks-RAID-Tertiary Storage-Storage Access- File Organization-Organization of Records in Files-Data-Dictionary Storage-Basic Concepts of Indexing-Ordered Indices-B⁺-Tree Index Files-B-Tree Index Files-Multiple Key Access- Static Hashing-Dynamic Hashing-Comparison of Ordered Indexing and Hashing-Bitmap Indices-Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Database Management Systems, Peter Rob, A. Ananda Rao and Carlos Coronel, Cengage Learning.
2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, McGraw hill, V edition.

2009-10**REFERENCES:**

1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, TATA McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri, Navate Pearson Education.
3. Introduction to Database Systems, C. J. Date, Pearson Education.
4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S. Shah and V. Shah, SPD.
5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL, Shah, PHI.
6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition.

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**(9A05403) DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)****UNIT I :**

Introduction: Algorithm, Psuedocode for expressing algorithms, Performance Analysis-Space complexity, Time complexity, Asymptotic Notation- Big oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation and Little oh notation, Basics of probability theory , Amortized complexity.

UNIT II :

Disjoint Sets- disjoint set operations, union and find algorithms, spanning trees, connected components and biconnected components.

UNIT III :

Divide and conquer: General method, applications-Binary search, Quick sort, Merge sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication.

UNIT IV :

Greedy method: General method, applications-Job sequencing with dead-lines, knapsack problem, Minimum-cost spanning trees, Single source shortest path.

UNIT V :

Dynamic Programming: General method, applications-Matrix chain multiplication, Optimal binary search trees, 0/1 knapsack, All pairs shortest path ,The Travelling sales person problem, Reliability design.

UNIT VI :

Backtracking: General method, applications-8-queen problem, sum of subsets, graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles.

2009-10**UNIT VII :**

Branch and Bound: General method, applications - Travelling sales person(*), & 0/1 knapsack problem- LC Branch and Bound solution, FIFO Branch and Bound solution.

UNIT VIII :

NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems: Basic concepts, nondeterministic algorithms, The classes-NP-Hard and NPComplete , Cook's theorem(*).

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni and Rajasekharam, Galgotia publications Pvt.Ltd.
2. Design and Analysis Algorithms - Parag Himanshu Dave, Himanshu Bhalchandra Dave Publisher: Pearson
3. Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis and Internet examples, M.T.Goodrich and R.Tomassia, John wiley and sons.

REFERENCES :

1. Introduction to Algorithms, second edition, T.H.Cormen, C.E.Leiserson, R.L.Rivest, and C.Stein, PHI Pvt. Ltd./ Pearson Education.
2. Introduction to Design and Analysis of Algorithms, A strategic approach, R.C.T.Lee, S.S.Tseng, R.C.Chang and T.Tsai, Mc Graw Hill.
3. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++, Allen Weiss, Second edition, Pearson education.
4. Design and Analysis of algorithms, Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft, Pearson education.
5. Algorithms – Richard Johnson baugh and Marcus Schaefer, Pearson Education.

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**(9A05404) OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)****Objectives:**

- To make the student learn an object oriented way of solving problems.
- To teach the student to write programs in Java to solve the problems

Recommended Systems/Software Requirements:

- Intel based desktop PC with minimum of 166 MHZ or faster processor with atleast 64 MB RAM and 100 MB free disk space
- JDK Kit. Recommended

Week1 :

a) Write a Java program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$. Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula. If the discriminant $b^2 - 4ac$ is negative, display a message stating that there are no real solutions.

b) The Fibonacci sequence is defined by the following rule:

The first two values in the sequence are 1 and 1. Every subsequent value is the sum of the two values preceding it. Write a Java program that uses both recursive and non recursive functions to print the nth value in the Fibonacci sequence.

Week 2 :

a) Write a Java program that prompts the user for an integer and then prints out all prime numbers up to that integer.

b) Write a Java program to multiply two given matrices.

c) Write a Java Program that reads a line of integers, and then displays each integer, and the sum of all the integers (Use StringTokenizer class of java.util)

2009-10**Week 3 :**

- a) Write a Java program that checks whether a given string is a palindrome or not. Ex: MADAM is a palindrome.
- b) Write a Java program for sorting a given list of names in ascending order.
- c) Write a Java program to make frequency count of words in a given text.

Week 4 :

- a) Write a Java program that reads a file name from the user, then displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, whether the file is writable, the type of file and the length of the file in bytes.
- b) Write a Java program that reads a file and displays the file on the screen, with a line number before each line.
- c) Write a Java program that displays the number of characters, lines and words in a text file.

Week 5 :

- a) Write a Java program that:
 - i) Implements stack ADT.
 - ii) Converts infix expression into Postfix form
 - iii) Evaluates the postfix expression

Week 6 :

- a) Develop an applet that displays a simple message.
- b) Develop an applet that receives an integer in one text field, and computes its factorial Value and returns it in another text field, when the button named "Compute" is clicked.

Week 7 :

Write a Java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange buttons for the digits and for the +, -, *, % operations. Add a text field to display the result.

Week 8 :

- a) Write a Java program for handling mouse events.

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Week 9 :

- a) Write a Java program that creates three threads. First thread displays “Good Morning” every one second, the second thread displays “Hello” every two seconds and the third thread displays “Welcome” every three seconds.
- b) Write a Java program that correctly implements producer consumer problem using the concept of inter thread communication.

Week 10 :

Write a program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the textfields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a NumberFormatException. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an ArithmeticException Display the exception in a message dialog box.

Week 11 :

Write a Java program that implements a simple client/server application. The client sends data to a server. The server receives the data, uses it to produce a result, and then sends the result back to the client. The client displays the result on the console. For ex: The data sent from the client is the radius of a circle, and the result produced by the server is the area of the circle. (Use java.net)

Week 12 :

- a) Write a java program that simulates a traffic light. The program lets the user select one of three lights: red, yellow, or green. When a radio button is selected, the light is turned on, and only one light can be on at a time No light is on when the program starts.
- b) Write a Java program that allows the user to draw lines, rectangles and ovals.

Week 13 :

- a) Write a java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains an empty method named numberOfSides (). Provide three classes named Trapezoid, Triangle and Hexagon such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains

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only the method `numberOfSides ( )` that shows the number of sides in the given geometrical figures.

b) Suppose that a table named `Table.txt` is stored in a text file. The first line in the file is the header, and the remaining lines correspond to rows in the table. The elements are separated by commas. Write a java program to display the table using `Jtable` component.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Java How to Program, Sixth Edition, H.M.Dietel and P.J.Dietel, Pearson Education/PHI.
2. Introduction to Java programming, Sixth edition, Y.Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
3. Big Java, 2nd edition, Cay Horstmann, Wiley Student Edition, Wiley India Private Limited.
4. Introduction to Programming with Java, J.Dean & R.Dean, McGraw Hill education.
5. Java Programming, D S Malik, cengage learning, India Edition.

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ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. II-II Sem. (I.T.)**

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**(9A05405) DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)**

Objective: This lab enables the students to practice the concepts learnt in the subject DBMS by developing a database for an example company named "Roadway Travels" whose description is as follows. The student is expected to practice the designing, developing and querying a database in the context of example database "Roadway travel". Students are expected to use "Mysql" database.

Roadway Travels

"Roadway Travels" is in business since 1997 with several buses connecting different places in India. Its main office is located in Hyderabad.

The company wants to computerize its operations in the following areas:

- Reservations and Ticketing
- Cancellations

Reservations:

Reservations are directly handled by booking office. Reservations can be made 30 days in advance in either cash or credit. In case the ticket is not available, a wait listed ticket is issued to the customer. This ticket is confirmed against the cancellation.

Cancellation and Modifications:

Cancellations are also directly handed at the booking office. Cancellation charges will be charged.

Wait listed tickets that do not get confirmed are fully refunded.

Week1: E-R Model

Analyze the problem carefully and come up with the entities in it. Identify what data has to be persisted in the database. This contains the entities, attributes etc.

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Identify the primary keys for all the entities. Identify the other keys like candidate keys, partial keys, if any.

The student is required to submit a document by writing the Entities and Keys.

Example: **Entities:**

1. BUS
2. Ticket
3. Passenger

PRIMARY KEY ATTRIBUTES:

1. Ticket ID (Ticket Entity)
2. Passport ID (Passenger Entity)

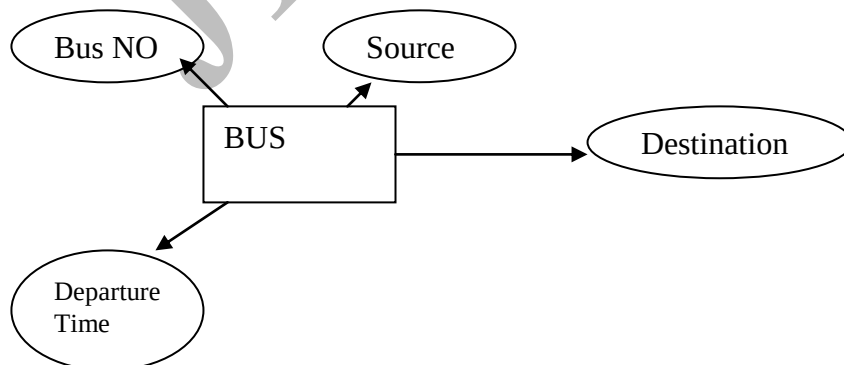
Apart from the above mentioned entities you can identify more. The above mentioned are few.

Week2: Concept design with E-R Model

Relate the entities appropriately. Apply cardinalities for each relationship. Identify strong entities and weak entities (if any). Indicate the type of relationships (total / partial). Try to incorporate generalization, aggregation, specialization etc wherever required.

The student is required to submit a document by drawing the E-R diagram.

Example: **E-R diagram for bus**



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Week3: Relational Model

Represent all the entities (Strong, Weak) in tabular fashion. Represent relationships in a tabular fashion. There are different ways of representing relationships as tables based on the cardinality. Represent attributes as columns in tables or as tables based on the requirement. Different types of attributes (Composite, Multivalued, and Derived) have different way of representation.

The student is required to submit a document by Represent relationships in a tabular fashion.

Example: The passenger tables look as below. This is an example. You can add more attributes based on your E-R model.

Passenger

Name	Age	Sex	Address	<u>Passport ID</u>

Week4: Normalization

Database normalization is a technique for designing relational database tables to minimize duplication of information and, in so doing, to safeguard the database against certain types of logical or structural problems, namely data anomalies. For example, when multiple instances of a given piece of information occur in a table, the possibility exists that these instances will not be kept consistent when the data within the table is updated, leading to a loss of data integrity. A table that is sufficiently normalized is less vulnerable to problems of this kind, because its structure reflects the basic assumptions for when multiple instances of the same information should be represented by a single instance only.

Week5: Installation of Mysql and practicing DDL commands

Installation of MySQL. In this week you will learn Creating databases, How to create tables, altering the database, dropping tables and databases if not required. You will also try truncate, rename commands etc.

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Example for creation of a table.

```
CREATE TABLE Passenger (  
    Passport id      INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,  
    Name  CHAR (50) NULL,  
    Age   Integer,  
    Sex   Char  
);
```

Note: Detailed creation of tables is given at the end.

Week6: Practicing DML commands

DML commands are used to for managing data within schema objects.
Some examples:

- ☐ SELECT - retrieve data from the database
- ☐ INSERT- insert data into a table
- ☐ UPDATE- updates existing data within a table
- ☐ DELETE- deletes all records from a table, the space for the records remain

Inserting values into Bus table:

Insert into Bus values (1234,'Hyderabad', 'Tirupathi');

Insert into Bus values (2345,'Hyderabad','Bangalore');

Inserting values into Passenger table:

Insert into Passenger values (1, 45,'ramesh', 45,'M','abc123');

Insert into Passenger values (2, 78,'geetha', 36,'F','abc124');

Few more Examples of DML commands:

Select * from Bus; (selects all the attributes and display)

UPDATE BUS SET Bus No = 1 WHERE BUS NO=2;

Week7: Querying

This week practice on queries (along with sub queries) using ANY, ALL, IN, Exists, NOT EXISTS, UNION, INTERSECT, Constraints etc.

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Practice the following Queries:

1. Display unique PNR_no of all passengers.
2. Display all the names of male passengers.
3. Display the ticket numbers and names of all the passengers.
4. Display the source and destination having journey time more than 10 hours.
5. Find the ticket numbers of the passengers whose name start with 'A' and ends with 'H'.
6. Find the names of passengers whose age is between 30 and 45.
7. Display all the passengers names beginning with 'A'
8. Display the sorted list of passengers names
9. Display the Bus numbers that travel on Sunday and Wednesday
10. Display the details of passengers who are traveling either in AC or NON_AC(Using only IN operator)

Week8 and week9: Querying (continued...)

This students practices on queries using Aggregate functions (COUNT, SUM, AVG, and MAX and MIN), GROUP BY, HAVING and Creation and dropping of Views.

- ☐ Write a Query to display the Information present in the Passenger and cancellation tables. **Hint:** Use UNION Operator.
- ☐ Write a Query to display different travelling options available in British Airways.
- ☐ Display the number of days in a week on which the 9W01 bus is available.
- ☐ Find number of tickets booked for each PNR_no using GROUP BY CLAUSE. **Hint:** Use GROUP BY on PNR_No.
- ☐ Find the distinct PNR numbers that are present.
- ☐ Find the number of tickets booked in each class where the number of seats is greater than 1. **Hint:** Use GROUP BY, WHERE and HAVING CLAUSES.
- ☐ Find the total number of cancelled seats.
- ☐ Write a Query to count the number of tickets for the buses, which travelled after the date '14/3/2009'. **Hint:** Use HAVING CLAUSES.

2009-10**Week10: Triggers**

This week student works on Triggers. Creation of insert trigger, delete trigger, update trigger. Practice triggers using the above database.

Eg: **CREATE TRIGGER updcheck BEFORE UPDATE ON passenger**

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

IF NEW.TickentNO > 60 THEN

SET New.Ticket no = Ticket no;

ELSE

SET New.Ticketno = 0;

END IF;

END;

Week11: Procedures

In this session the student learns Creation of stored procedure, Execution of procedure and modification of procedure. Practice procedures using the above database.

Eg: **CREATE PROCEDURE myProc()**

BEGIN

SELECT COUNT(Tickets) FROM Ticket WHERE age>=40;

End;

Week12: Cursors

Do the following: Declare a cursor that defines a result set.

Open the cursor to establish the result set. Fetch the data into local variables as needed from the cursor, one row at a time. Close the cursor when done

CREATE PROCEDURE myProc(in_customer_id INT)

BEGIN

DECLARE v_id INT;

DECLARE v_name VARCHAR(30);

**DECLARE c1 CURSOR FOR SELECT stdId,stdFirstname
FROM students WHERE stdId=in_customer_id;**

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```
OPEN c1;  
FETCH c1 into v_id, v_name;  
Close c1;  
END;
```

Tables**BUS**

Bus No: Varchar: PK (public key)
Source : Varchar
Destination : Varchar

Passenger

PNR_No : Numeric(9) : PK
Ticket_No: Numeric (9)
Name: Varchar(15)
Age : int (4)
Sex:Char(10) : Male / Female
PPNO: Varchar(15)

Reservation

PNR_No: Numeric(9) : FK
Journey_date : datetime(8)
No_of_seats : int (8)
Address : Varchar (50)
Contact_No: Numeric (9) --> Should not be less than 9 and Should not accept any other character other than Integer
Status: Char (2) : Yes / No

Cancellation

PNR_No: Numeric(9) : FK
Journey_date : datetime(8)
No_of_seats : int (8)
Address : Varchar (50)
Contact_No: Numeric (9) --> Should not be less than 9 and Should not accept any other character other than Integer
Status: Char (2) : Yes / No

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Ticket

Ticket_No: Numeric (9): PK

Journey_date : datetime(8)

Age : int (4)

Sex:Char(10) : Male / Female

Source : Varchar

Destination : Varchar

Dep_time : Varchar

Text Books:

1. Database Management Systems, Peter Rob, A.Ananda Rao and Carlos Coronel, Cengage Learning.
2. Introduction to SQL, Rick F. Vander Lans, Pearson education.
3. Oracle PL/SQL, B.Rosenzweig and E.Silvestrova, Pearson education.
4. Oracle PL/SQL Programming, Steven Feuerstein, SPD.
5. SQL & PL/SQL for Oracle 10g, Black Book, Dr.P.S.Deshpande, Dream Tech.
6. Oracle Database 11g PL/SQL Programming, M.Mc Laughlin, TMH.
7. SQL Fundamentals, J.J.Patrick, Pearson Education.

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(9A12501) AUTOMATA and COMPILER DESIGN**(Common to CSSE, IT)****UNIT I**

Formal Language and Regular Expressions: Languages, Definition Languages regular expressions, Finite Automata – DFA, NFA, Conversion of regular expression to NFA, NFA to DFA. Applications of Finite Automata to lexical analysis, lex tools.

UNIT II

Context Free grammars and parsing: Context free grammars, derivation, parse trees, ambiguity LL(K) grammars and LL(1) parsing.

UNIT III

Bottom up parsing handle pruning LR Grammar Parsing, LALR parsing, parsing ambiguous grammars, YACC programming specification.

UNIT IV

Semantics: Syntax directed translation, S-attributed and L-attributed grammars, Intermediate code – abstract syntax tree, translation of simple statements and control flow statements.

UNIT V

Context Sensitive features: Chomsky hierarchy of languages and recognizers, Type checking, type conversions, equivalence of type expressions, overloading of functions and operations.

UNIT VI

Run time storage: Storage organization, storage allocation strategies scope access to now local names, parameters, language facilities for dynamics storage allocation.

2009-10**UNIT VII**

Code optimization: Principal sources of optimization, optimization of basic blocks, peephole optimization, flow graphs, Data flow analysis of flow graphs.

UNIT VIII

Code generation: Machine dependent code generation, object code forms, generic code generation algorithm, Register allocation and assignment. Using DAG representation of Block.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Introduction to Theory of computation, Sipser, Second Edition, Thomson.
2. Compilers Principles, Techniques and Tools Aho, Ullman, Ravisethi, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. Modern Compiler Construction in C , Andrew W.Appel Cambridge University Press.
2. Compiler Construction, LOUDEN, Cengage Learning.
3. Elements of Compiler Design, A.Meduna, Auerbach Publications, Taylor and Francis Group.
4. Principles of Compiler Design, V.Raghavan, TMH.
5. Engineering a Compiler, K.D.Cooper, L.Torczon, ELSEVIER.
6. Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata Theory and Computation – Kamala Krithivasan and Rama R, Pearson.
7. Modern Compiler Design, D.Grune and others, Wiley-India.
8. A Text book on Automata Theory, S.F.B.Nasir, P.K.Srimani, Cambridge Univ. Press.
9. Automata and Languages, A.Meduna, Springer.

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**(9A04602) MICRO PROCESSOR and MICRO CONTROLLER
(Common to CSSE, IT, ECM)****UNIT-I****INTRODUCTION**

Architecture of 8086 microprocessor, special functions of general purpose registers, 8086 flag register and function of 8086 flags, addressing modes of 8086, instruction set of 8086, assembler directives, simple programs, procedures and macros.

UNIT-II**ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING**

Assembly language programs involving logical, branch and call instructions, sorting, evaluation of arithmetic expressions, string manipulation.

UNIT-III**ARCHITECTURE OF 8086 & INTERFACING**

Pin diagram of 8086-Minimum mode and maximum mode of operation, Timing diagram, memory interfacing to 8086 (static RAM and EPROM). Need for DMA. DMA data transfer method. Interfacing with 8237/8257.

UNIT-IV**PROGRAMMABLE INTERFACING DEVICES**

8255 PPI-various modes of operation and interfacing to 8086, interfacing keyboard and display controller- 8279, stepper motor and actuators. D/A and A/D converter interfacing, Interrupt structure of 8086, Vector interrupt table. Interrupt service routines. Introduction to DOS and BIOS interrupts. 8259 PIC architecture and interfacing cascading of interrupt controller and its importance.

UNIT-V**SERIAL DATA TRANSFER SCHEMES**

Asynchronous and synchronous data transfer schemes. 8251 USART architecture and interfacing. TTL to RS232C and RS232C to TTL

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conversion. Sample program of serial data transfer. Introduction to high-speed serial communications standards, USB.

UNIT-VI**PROGRAMMABLE INTERRUPT CONTROLLERS**

PIC 8259, Programming with 8259, Programmable interval timer 8253, Modes of 8253, Programming examples with 8253.

UNIT-VII**8051 MICROCONTROLLER AND ITS PROGRAMMING**

Architecture of micro controller-8051 Microcontroller-internal and external memories-counters and timers-synchronous serial-cum asynchronous serial communication-interrupts. Addressing modes of 8051, Instruction set of 8051, Assembly Language Programming examples using 8051.

UNIT-VIII**ADVANCED MICROCONTROLLERS**

MCS – 96 Microcontrollers: Important Features, Pin Diagram, Internal Architecture, Memory Map, Addressing Modes, Instruction set. ARM Microcontrollers: ARM Core Architecture, Versions of ARM, Important Features.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Advanced microprocessor and peripherals-A.K. Ray and K.M.Bhurchandi, 2nd edition, TMH, 2000.
2. Microcontrollers-Deshmukh, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Edition, 2004.
3. Microcontrollers Architecture, programming, interfacing and system Design-Raj kamal, Pearson Education, 2005.

REFERENCES:

1. Microprocessors Interfacing-Douglas V.Hall, 2nd edition, 2007.
2. The 8088 and 8086 Microprocessors- Walter A. Triebel, Avtar Singh, PHI, 4th Edition, 2003.
3. Micro computer system 8066/8088 family Architecture, programming and Design-By Liu and GA Gibson, PHI, 2nd Ed.
4. 8051 Microcontroller-Internals, Instructions, Programming and Interfacing by Subrata Ghoshal, Pearson, 2010.

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**(9A05502) SOFTWARE ENGINEERING
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)****UNIT I**

Introduction to Software Engineering: The evolving role of software, Changing Nature of Software, legacy software, Software myths, A Generic view of process: Software engineering- A layered technology, a process framework, The Capability Maturity Model Integration (CMMI), Process patterns, process assessment, personal and team process models.

UNIT II

Process models: The waterfall model, Incremental process models, Evolutionary process models, Specialized process models, The Unified process. Software Requirements: Functional and non-functional requirements, User requirements, System requirements, Interface specification, the software requirements document.

UNIT III

Requirements engineering process: Feasibility studies, Requirements elicitation and analysis, Requirements validation, Requirements management. System models: Context Models, Behavioral models, Data models, Object models, structured methods.

UNIT IV

Design Engineering: Design process and Design quality, Design concepts, the design model, pattern based software design. Creating an architectural design: software architecture, Data design, Architectural styles and patterns, Architectural Design, assessing alternative architectural designs, mapping data flow into a software architecture.

2009-10**UNIT V**

Modeling component-level design : Designing class-based components, conducting component-level design, Object constraint language, designing conventional components. Performing User interface design: Golden rules, User interface analysis and design, interface analysis, interface design steps, Design evaluation.

UNIT VI

Testing Strategies: A strategic approach to software testing, test strategies for conventional software, Black-Box and White-Box testing, Validation testing, System testing, the art of Debugging. Product metrics: Software Quality, Frame work for Product metrics, Metrics for Analysis Model, Metrics for Design Model, Metrics for source code, Metrics for testing, Metrics for maintenance.

UNIT VII

Metrics for Process and Products: Software Measurement, Metrics for software quality. Risk management: Reactive vs Proactive Risk strategies, software risks, Risk identification, Risk projection, Risk refinement, RMMM, RMMM Plan.

UNIT VIII

Quality Management: Quality concepts, Software quality assurance, Software Reviews, Formal technical reviews, Statistical Software quality Assurance, Software reliability, The ISO 9000 quality standards.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Software Engineering: A practitioner's Approach, Roger S Pressman, Sixth Edition. McGrawHill International Edition, 2005
2. Software Engineering, Ian Sommerville, Seventh Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Fundamentals of Software Engineering, Rajib Mall, PHI, 2005.
2. Software Engineering, A Precise Approach, Pankaj Jalote, Wiley India, 2010.
3. Software Engineering: A Primer, Waman S Jawadekar, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.

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4. Software Engineering, Principles and Practices, Deepak Jain, Oxford University Press.
5. Software Engineering1: Abstraction and modeling, Diner Bjorner, Springer International edition, 2006.
6. Software Engineering2: Specification of systems and languages, Diner Bjorner, Springer International Edition, 2006.
7. Software Engineering Foundations, Yingxu Wang, Auerbach Publications, 2008.
8. Software Engineering Principles and Practice, Hans Van Vliet, Third Edition, John Wiley & Sons Ltd.

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ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. III-I Sem. (I.T.)****T P C**
4 0 4**(9A05505) OPERATING SYSTEMS
(Common to CSE, IT, ECM)****UNIT I**

Operating Systems Overview: Operating systems functions, Overview of computer operating systems, protection and security, distributed systems, special purpose systems, operating systems structures: operating system services and systems calls, system programs, operating system structure, operating systems generation.

UNIT II

Process Management: Process concepts, threads, scheduling-criteria, algorithms, their evaluation, Thread scheduling, case studies UNIX, Linux, Windows.

UNIT III

Concurrency: Process synchronization, the critical-section problem, Peterson's Solution, synchronization Hardware, semaphores, classic problems of synchronization, monitors, Synchronization examples, atomic transactions. Case studies UNIX, Linux, Windows.

UNIT IV

Memory Management: Swapping, contiguous memory allocation, paging, structure of the page table, segmentation, virtual memory, demand paging, page-replacement, algorithms, Allocation of frames, Thrashing case studies UNIX, Linux, Windows

UNIT V

Principles of deadlock: system model, deadlock characterization, deadlock prevention, detection and avoidance, recovery from deadlock.

UNIT VI

File system Interface: the concept of a file, Access Methods, Directory structure, File system mounting, file sharing, protection. File System implementation: File system structure, file system implementation,

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directory implementation, allocation methods, free-space management, efficiency and performance, case studies. UNIX, Linux, Windows

UNIT VII

Mass-storage structure: overview of Mass-storage structure, Disk structure, disk attachment, disk scheduling, swap-space management, RAID structure, stable-storage implementation, Tertiary storage structure. I/O systems: Hardware, application I/o interface, kernel I/O subsystem, Transforming I/O requests to Hardware operations, STREAMS, performance.

UNIT VIII

Protection: Protection, Goals of Protection, Principles of Protection, Domain of protection Access Matrix, Implementation of Access Matrix, Access control, Revocation of Access Rights, Capability- Based systems, Language – Based Protection, Security: The Security problem, program threats, system and network threats cryptography as a security tool, user authentication, implementing security defenses, firewalling to protect systems and networks, computer –security classifications, case studies UNIX, Linux, Windows.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Operating System Concepts- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne, Eighth Edition, John Wiley.
2. Operating systems- A Concept based Approach-D.M.Dhamdhare, 2nd Edition, TMH.

REFERENCES:

1. Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles, Sixth Edition–2009, Stallings, Pearson Education.
2. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum, Second Edition, PHI.
3. Operating Systems, S.Haldar, A.A.Aravind, Pearson Education.
4. Principles of Operating Systems, B.L.Stuart, Cengage learning, India Edition.
5. Operating Systems, A.S.Godbole, Second Edition, TMH.
6. An Introduction to Operating Systems, P.C.P. Bhatt, PHI.

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7. Operating Systems, Third Edition, G.Nutt, N.Chaki and S.Neogy, Pearson Education.
8. Operating Systems, R.Elmasri, A.G.Carrick and D.Levine, McGraw Hill.

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**(9A05506) COMPUTER NETWORKS
(Common to CSE, IT)****UNIT I**

Introduction: Network Hardware, Network Software, References Models. The Physical Layer: The Theoretical Basis for Data Communication Guided Transmission Media, Communication Satellites, The Public Switched Telephone Network- The Local Loop: Modern ADSL, and wireless, Trunks and Multiplexing, Switching

UNIT II

The Data Link Layer: Data link Layer Design Issues, Elementary Data Link Protocols, Sliding Window Protocols.

UNIT III

The Medium Access Control Sublayer: The Channel allocation Problem, Multiple Access protocols, Ethernet- Ethernet Cabling, Manchester Encoding, The Ethernet MAC Sublayer Protocol. The Binary Exponential Backoff Algorithm, Ethernet Performance, Switched Ethernet, Fast Ethernet. Wireless Lans- The 802.11 Protocol Stack, The 802.11 Physical Layer, The 802.11 MAC SubLayer Protocol, The 802.11 Frame Structure .

UNIT IV

The Network Layer: Network Layer Design Issues, Routing Algorithms, Congestion Control Algorithms.

UNIT V

Internetworking, The Network Layer in the Internet.

UNIT VI

The Transport Layer: The Transport Service, Elements of Transport Protocols, The Internet Transport Protocols: UDP, The Internet Transport Protocols: TCP.

2009-10**UNIT VII**

The Application Layer: DNS-The Domain Name System, Electronic Mail. The World Wide web, Multimedia.

UNIT VIII

Network Security: Cryptography, Symmetric-Key Algorithms, Public-Key Algorithms, Digital Signatures.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Computer Networks, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. Computer Communications and Networking Technologies, Michael A. Gallo, William M. Hancock, Cengage Learning.
2. Computer Networks: Principles, Technologies and Protocols for Network Design, Natalia Olifer, Victor Olifer, Wiley India.
3. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
4. Understanding Communications and Networks, Third Edition, W.A.Shay, Cengage Learning.
5. Computer and Communication Networks, Nader F. Mir, Pearson Education
6. Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, James F.Kurose, K.W.Ross, Third Edition, Pearson Education.
7. Data and Computer Communications, G.S.Hura and M.Singhal, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group.

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(9A12502) WEB PROGRAMMING**UNIT I**

HTML Common tags: List, Tables, images, forms, Frames; Cascading Style sheets.

UNIT II

JAVA Script: Introduction to Java Scripts, Objects in Java Script, Dynamic HTML with Java Script.

UNIT III

XML: Document type definition, XML Schemas, Document Object model, Presenting XML, Using XML Processors: DOM and SAX.

UNIT IV

Java Beans: Introduction to Java Beans, Advantages of Java Beans, JDK Introspection, Using Bound properties, Bean Info Interface, Constrained properties Persistence, Customizes, Java Beans API, Introduction to EJB's.

UNIT V

Introduction to Perl and Scripting: Scripts and Programs, Origin of Scripting , Scripting Today, Characteristics of Scripting Languages, Uses for Scripting Languages, Web Scripting, and the universe of Scripting Languages. PERL- Names and Values, Variables, Scalar Expressions, Control Structures, arrays, list, hashes, strings, pattern and regular expressions, subroutines.

UNIT VI

Advanced perl: Finer points of looping, pack and unpack, filesystem, eval, datastructures, packages, modules, objects, interfacing to the operating system, Creating Internet ware applications, Dirty Hands Internet Programming, security Issues.

2009-10**UNIT VII**

TCL: TCL Structure, syntax, Variables and Data in TCL, Control Flow, Data Structures, input/output, procedures , strings , patterns, files, Advance TCL- eval, source, exec and uplevel commands, Name spaces, trapping errors, event driven programs, making applications internet aware, Nuts and Bolts Internet Programming, Security Issues, C Interface.

UNIT VIII

Python: Introduction to Python language, python-syntax, statements, functions, Built-in-functions and Methods, Modules in python, Exception Handling. Integrated Web Applications in Python – Building Small, Efficient Python Web Systems, Web Application Framework.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Programming World Wide Web, Sebesta, Pearson.
2. The World of Scripting Languages, David Barron, Wiley Publications.
3. Python Web Programming, Steve Holden and David Beazley, New Riders Publications.

REFERENCES:

1. Programming Python, M.Lutz, SPD.
2. Core Python Programming, Chun, Pearson Education.
3. Guide to Programming with Python, M.Dawson, Cengage Learning.
4. Perl by Example, E.Quigley, Pearson Education.
5. Programming Perl, Larry Wall, T.Christiansen and J.Orwant, O'Reilly, SPD.
6. Tcl and the Tk Tool kit, Ousterhout, Pearson Education.
7. Perl Power, J.P.Flynt, Cengage Learning.

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**(9A19501) MICROPROCESSORS and INTERFACING LAB
(Common to ECM, CSSE, IT)****I. Microprocessor 8086:**

1. Introduction to MASM/TASM.
2. Arithmetic operation – Multi byte Addition and Subtraction, Multiplication and Division – Signed and unsigned Arithmetic operation, ASCII – arithmetic operation.
3. Logic operations – Shift and rotate – Converting packed BCD to unpacked BCD, BCD to ASCII conversion.
4. By using string operation and Instruction prefix: Move Block, Reverse string, Sorting, Inserting, Deleting, Length of the string, String comparison.
5. DOS/BIOS programming: Reading keyboard (Buffered with and without echo) – Display characters, Strings.

II. Interfacing:

1. 8259 – Interrupt Controller: Generate an interrupt using 8259 timer.
2. 8279 – Keyboard Display: Write a small program to display a string of characters.
3. 8255 – PPI: Write ALP to generate sinusoidal wave using PPI.
4. 8251 – USART: Write a program in ALP to establish Communication between two processors.

III. Microcontroller 8051

1. Reading and Writing on a parallel port.
2. Timer in different modes.
3. Serial communication implementation.

Equipment required for Laboratories:

1. 8086 μ P Kits
2. 8051 Micro Controller kits

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3. Interfaces/peripheral subsystems
 - i) 8259 PIC
 - ii) 8279-KB/Display
 - iii) 8255 PPI
 - iv) 8251 USART
4. ADC Interface
5. DAC Interface
6. Traffic Controller Interface
7. Elevator Interface

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**(9AHS601) ADVANCED ENGLISH COMMUNICATION SKILLS
LAB****(Common to BOT, CE, CSE, CSSE, IT)****1. Introduction**

The Advanced English Language Skills Lab introduced at the 3rd year B.Tech level is considered essential for the student for focusing on his/her career. At this stage it is imperative for the student to start preparing for the ever growing competition in the job market. In this scenario, in order to be on par with the best, he/she needs to improve his/her Communication and soft skills

This course focuses on the practical aspects of English incorporating all the four (LRSW) skills relevant to the requirements of the prospective employers in view of globalization. The proposed course will enable the students to perform the following:

- Intensive reading to improve comprehension and communication
- Attentive listening for better understanding
- Write project/research/technical reports
- Write Resume' to attract attention
- Discuss ideas / opinions for better solutions
- Face interviews confidently
- Gather information, organize ideas, and present them effectively before an audience
- To help the students cultivate the habit of reading passages from the computer monitor, thus providing them with the required ability to face computer-based competitive exams such GRE, TOEFL,CAT, GMAT etc.

2. Objectives:

Keeping in mind the previous exposure of the student to English, this lab focuses on improving the student's proficiency in

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English at all levels. The lab intends to train students to use language effectively, to participate in group discussions, to help them face interviews, and sharpen public speaking skills and enhance the confidence of the student by exposing him/her to various situations and contexts which he/she would face in his/her career

3. Syllabus

The following course content is prescribed for the Advanced Communication Skills Lab:

Reading Comprehension -- Reading for facts, guessing meanings from context, speed reading, scanning, skimming for building vocabulary(synonyms and antonyms, one word substitutes, prefixes and suffixes, idioms and phrases.)

Listening Comprehension-- Listening for understanding, so as to respond relevantly and appropriately to people of different backgrounds and dialects in various personal and professional situations.

Technical Report Writing—Types of formats and styles, subject matter, organization, clarity, coherence and style, data-collection, tools, analysis

Resume' Writing—Structure, format and style, planning, defining the career objective, projecting one's strengths, and skills, creative self marketing, cover letter

Group Discussion-- Communicating views and opinions, discussing, intervening, providing solutions on any given topic across a cross-section of individuals,(keeping an eye on modulation of voice, clarity, body language, relevance, fluency and coherence) in personal and professional lives.

Interview Skills—Concept and process, pre-interview planning, mannerisms, body language, organizing, answering strategies, interview through tele and video-conferencing

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Technical Presentations (Oral)— Collection of data, planning, preparation, type, style and format ,use of props, attracting audience, voice modulation, clarity, body language, asking queries.

4. Minimum Requirements

The English Language Lab shall have two parts:

The Computer aided Language Lab for 60 students with 60 systems, one master console, LAN facility and English language software for self-study by learners.

The Communication Skills Lab with movable chairs and audio-visual aids with a P.A System, a TV, A digital stereo-audio and video system, Camcorder etc

System Requirement (Hardware Component):

Computer network with LAN with a minimum of 60 multimedia systems with the following specifications:

P-IV Processor, Speed-2.8 GHz, RAM_512 MB minimum, Hard Disk-80 GB, Headphones

Prescribed Software: GLOBARENA

Books Suggested for English Language Lab Library (to be located within the lab in addition to the CDs of the text book which are loaded on the systems):

1. **Technical writing and professional communication, Huckin and Olsen** Tata Mc Graw-Hil 2009.
2. **Speaking about Science**, A Manual for Creating Clear Presentations **by Scott Morgan and Barrett Whitener,** Cambridge University press, 2006
3. **Books on TOEFL/GRE/GMAT/CAT/ IELTS by Barron's/DELTA/Cambridge University Press.**
4. **Handbook for Technical Writing** by David A McMurrey & Joanne Buckely CENGAGE Learning 2008
5. **Technical Communication** by Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press 2009.
6. **The ACE of Soft Skills** by Gopal Ramesh and Mahadevan Ramesh, Pearson Education, 2010

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7. **Cambridge English for Job-Hunting** by Colm Downes, Cambridge University Press, 2008
8. **Resume's and Interviews** by M.Ashraf Rizvi, Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2008
9. **From Campus To Corporate** by KK Ramachandran and KK Karthick, Macmillan Publishers India Ltd, 2010
10. **English Language Communication : A Reader cum Lab Manual** Dr A Ramakrishna Rao, Dr G Natanam & Prof SA Sankaranarayanan, Anuradha Publications, Chennai 2008.
11. **Managing Soft Skills** by K R Lakshminarayan and T.Muruguvel, Sci-Tech Publications, 2010
12. **Business Communication** by John X Wang, CRC Press, Special Indian Edition, 2008

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(9A05701) WEB TECHNOLOGIES**UNIT I**

Introduction to Web Technologies: Introduction to Web servers like Apache 1.1, IIS, XAMPP(Bundle Server), WAMP(Bundle Server), Handling HTTP Request and Response, installations of above servers.

UNIT II Introduction to PHP: The problem with other Technologies (Servelets and JSP), Downloading, installing, configuring PHP, Programming in a Web environment and The anatomy of a PHP Page.

UNIT III

Overview of PHP Data types and Concepts: Variables and data types, Operators, Expressions and Statements, Strings, Arrays and Functions.

UNIT IV

Overview of Classes, Objects, and Interfaces: Creating instances using Constructors, Controlling access to class members, Extending classes, Abstract classes and methods, using interfaces, Using class destructors, File Handling and Using Exceptions.

UNIT V

PHP Advanced Concepts: Using Cookies, Using HTTP Headers, Using Sessions, Authenticating users, Using Environment and Configuration variables, Working with Date and Time.

UNIT VI

Creating and Using Forms: Understanding Common Form Issues, GET vs. POST, Validating form input, Working with multiple forms, and Preventing Multiple Submissions of a form.

2009-10**UNIT VII**

PHP and Database Access: Basic Database Concepts, Connecting to a MYSQL database, Retrieving and Displaying results, Modifying, Updating and Deleting data. MVC architecture.

UNIT VIII

PHP and Other Web Technologies: PHP and XML, PHP and AJAX

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Beginning PHP and MySQL, 3rd Edition , Jason Gilmore, Apress Publications (Dream tech.).
2. PHP 5 Recipes A problem Solution Approach Lee Babin, Nathan A Good, Frank M.Kromann and Jon Stephens.

REFERENCES:

1. Open Source Web Development with LAMP using Linux ,Apache, MySQL, Perl and PHP, J.Lee and B.Ware(Addison Wesley) Pearson Education.
2. PHP 6 Fast and Easy Web Development, Julie Meloni and Matt Telles, Cengage Learning Publications.
3. PHP 5.1, I. Bayross and S.Shah, The X Team, SPD.
4. PHP and MySQL by Example, E.Quigley, Prentice Hall(Pearson).
5. PHP Programming Solutions, V.Vaswani, TMH.

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(9A05709) INFORMATION SECURITY**UNIT I**

Is There A Security Problem In Computing: What Does Security Mean?, Attacks, The Meaning of Computer Security, Computer Criminals, Methods of Defense, Terminology and Background, Substitution Ciphers, Transpositions (Permutations), Making good Encryption Algorithm, The Data Encryption Standard.

UNIT II

Program Security: Secure Programs, NonMalicious Program Errors, Viruses and Other Malicious Code, Targeted Malicious Code.

UNIT III

Public-Key Cryptography and RSA, Key Management; Other public key Cryptosystems, Message Authentication and Hash Functions: Authentication Requirements, Authentication Functions, Message Authentication Codes, Hash Functions, Security Hash Functions and MACs Hash and MAC Algorithms: Secure Hash Algorithm, Whirlpool.

UNIT IV

Digital Signatures and Authentication Protocols: Digital Signatures, Authentication Protocols.

UNIT V

Authentication Applications: Kerberos, Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME.

UNIT VI

IP Security: IP Security Overview, IP Security Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management.

2009-10**UNIT VII**

Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction.

UNIT VIII

Intruders: Intruders, Intrusion Detection, Password Management, Firewalls: Firewall Design and Principles, Trusted Systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Security In Computing, Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, Deven Shah, Pearson Education.
2. Cryptography and Network Security, William Stallings, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. Information Security, Markow, Breithaupt, Pearson Education.
2. Principles and Practices of Information Security, Michal E. Whitman and Herbert J. Mattord, Cengage Learning.
3. Network Security Essentials (Applications and Standards) by William Stallings, Pearson Education.
4. Hack Proofing your network by Ryan Russell, Dan Kaminsky, Rain Forest Puppy, Joe Grand, David Ahmad, Hal Flynn Ido Dubrawsky, Steve W. Manzuik and Ryan Permech, Wiley Dreamtech,
5. Fundamentals of Network Security by Eric Maiwald (Dreamtech press)
6. Network Security - Private Communication in a Public World by Charlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman and Mike Speciner, Pearson/PHI.
8. Principles of Information Security, Whitman, Thomson.
9. Network Security: The complete reference, Robert Bragg, Mark Rhodes, TMH
10. Introduction to Cryptography, Buchmann, Springer.

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**(9A05601) OBJECT ORIENTED ANALYSIS AND DESIGN
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)****UNIT I**

Introduction to UML: Importance of modeling, principles of modeling, object oriented modeling, conceptual model of the UML, Architecture, Software Development Life Cycle.

UNIT II

Basic Structural Modeling: Classes, Relationships, common Mechanisms, and diagrams.

Advanced Structural Modeling: Advanced classes, advanced relationships, Interfaces, Types and Roles, Packages.

UNIT III

Class & Object Diagrams: Terms, concepts, modeling techniques for Class & Object Diagrams.

UNIT IV

Basic Behavioral Modeling-I: Interactions, Interaction diagrams.

UNIT V

Basic Behavioral Modeling-II: Use cases, Use case Diagrams, Activity Diagrams.

UNIT VI

Advanced Behavioral Modeling: Events and signals, state machines, processes and Threads, time and space, state chart diagrams.

UNIT VII

Architectural Modeling: Component, Deployment, Component diagrams and Deployment diagrams.

2009-10**UNIT VIII**

Case Study: The Unified Library application.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. The Unified Modeling Language User Guide, Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Pearson Education.
2. UML 2 Toolkit, Hans-Erik Eriksson, Magnus Penker, Brian Lyons, David Fado, WILEY-Dreamtech India Pvt. Ltd.

REFERENCES:

1. Fundamentals of Object Oriented Design in UML, Meilir Page-Jones, Pearson Education.
2. Modeling Software Systems Using UML2, Pascal Roques, WILEY-Dreamtech India Pvt. Ltd.
3. Object Oriented Analysis & Design, Atul Kahate, The McGraw-Hill Companies.
4. Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with the Unified Process, John W. Satzinger, Robert B Jackson and Stephen D Burd, Cengage Learning.
5. Learning UML 2.0, Russ Miles and Kim Hamilton, O'Reilly, SPD.
6. Applying UML and Patterns: An introduction to Object – Oriented Analysis and Design and Unified Process, Craig Larman, Pearson Education.
7. UML and C++, R.C.Lee and W.M.Tepfenhart, PHI.
8. Object Oriented Analysis, Design and Implementation, B.Dathan and S.Ramnath, Universities Press.
9. OODesign with UML and Java, K.Barclay, J.Savage, Elsevier.
10. Mark Priestley: Practical Object-Oriented Design with UML, TMH.

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(9A05503) COMPUTER GRAPHICS**UNIT I**

Introduction: Image Processing as Picture Analysis, The Advantages of Interactive Graphics, Representative Uses of Computer Graphics, Classification of Applications, Development of Hardware and Software for Computer Graphics, Conceptual Framework for Interactive Graphics, Drawing With SRGP, Basic Interaction Handling, Raster Graphics Features, Limitations of SRGP.

UNIT II

Basic Raster Graphics Algorithms For Drawing 2D Primitives: Overview, Scan Converting Lines, Scan Converting Circles, Scan Converting Ellipses, Filling Rectangles, Filling Polygons, Filling Ellipse Arcs, Pattern Filling, Thick Primitives, Line Style and Pen Style, Clipping in a Raster World, Clipping Lines, Clipping Circles and Ellipses, Clipping Polygons, Generating Characters, SRGP_Copy Pixel, Antialiasing.

UNIT III

Geometrical Transformations: 2D Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix Representation of 2D Transformations, Composition of 2D Transformations, The Window-to-Viewport Transformation, Efficiency, Matrix Representation of 3D Transformations, Composition of 3D Transformations, Transformation as a change in Coordinate System, Viewing in 3D: Projections, Specifying an Arbitrary 3D View, Examples of 3D Viewing, The Mathematics of Planar Geometric Projections, Implementing Planar Geometric Projections, Coordinate Systems.

UNIT IV

Object Hierarchy and Simple PHIGS(SPHIGS): Geometric Modeling, Characteristics of Retained-Mode Graphics Packages, Defining and

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Displaying Structures, Modeling Transformations, Hierarchical Structure Networks, Matrix Composition in Display Traversal, Appearance-Attribute Handling in Hierarchy, Screen Updating and Rendering Modes, Structure Network Editing for Dynamic Effects, Interaction, Additional Output Features, Implementation Issues, Optimizing Display of Hierarchical Models, Limitations of Hierarchical Modeling in PHIGS, Alternative Forms of Hierarchical Modeling, Input Devices, Interaction Techniques, and Interaction Tasks: Interaction Hardware, Basic Interaction Tasks, Composite Interaction Tasks.

UNIT V

Representing Curves and Surfaces: Polygon Meshes, Parametric Cubic Curves, Parametric Bicubic Surfaces, Quadratic Surfaces.

UNIT VI

Solid Modeling: Representing Solids, Regularized Boolean Set Operations, Primitive Instancing, Sweep Representations, Boundary Representations, Spatial-Partitioning Representations, Constructive Solid Geometry, Comparison of Representations, User Interfaces for Solid Modeling.

UNIT VII

Achromatic Light and Colored Light: Achromatic Light, Chromatic Color, Color Models for Raster Graphics, Reproducing Color, Using Color in Computer Graphics.

UNIT VIII

Illumination and Shading: Illumination Models, Shading Models for Polygons, Surface Detail, Shadows, Transparency, Interobject Reflections, Physically Based Illumination Models, Extended Light Sources, Spectral Sampling, Improving the Camera Model, Global Illumination Algorithms, Recursive Ray Tracing, Radiosity Methods, The Rendering Pipeline.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Computer Graphics Principles and Practice, Second Edition in C, James D.Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K.Feiner, Jhon F.Hughes, Pearson Education.

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2. Computer Graphics C version, Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. Computer Graphics Second edition, Zhigand xiang, Roy Plastock, Schaum's Outlines, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
2. Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics, Neuman and Sproul, TMH.
3. Principles of Computer Graphics, Shalini, Govil-Pai, Springer.
4. Computer Graphics, Steven Harrington, TMH
5. Computer Graphics, F.S.Hill, S.M.Kelley, PHI.
6. Computer Graphics, P.Shirley, Steve Marschner & Others, Cengage Learning.
7. An Integrated Introduction to Computer Graphics and Geometric Modelling, R.Goldman, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group.
8. Computer Graphics, Rajesh K.Maurya, Wiley India.

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(9A05706) DATA WAREHOUSING and DATA MINING**UNIT I**

Introduction: Fundamentals of data mining, Data Mining Functionalities, Classification of Data Mining systems, Data Mining Task Primitives, Integration of a Data Mining System with a Database or a Data Warehouse System, Major issues in Data Mining. Data Preprocessing: Need for Preprocessing the Data, Data Cleaning, Data Integration and Transformation, Data Reduction, Discretization and Concept Hierarchy Generation.

UNIT II

Data Warehouse and OLAP Technology for Data Mining: Data Warehouse, Multidimensional Data Model, Data Warehouse Architecture, Data Warehouse Implementation, Further Development of Data Cube Technology, From Data Warehousing to Data Mining. Data Cube Computation and Data Generalization: Efficient Methods for Data Cube Computation, Further Development of Data Cube and OLAP Technology, Attribute-Oriented Induction.

UNIT III

Mining Frequent Patterns, Associations and Correlations: Basic Concepts, Efficient and Scalable Frequent Itemset Mining Methods, Mining various kinds of Association Rules, From Association Mining to Correlation Analysis, Constraint-Based Association Mining

UNIT IV

Classification and Prediction: Issues Regarding Classification and Prediction, Classification by Decision Tree Induction, Bayesian Classification, Rule-Based Classification, Classification by Backpropagation, Support Vector Machines, Associative Classification, Lazy Learners, Other Classification Methods, Prediction, Accuracy and

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Error measures, Evaluating the accuracy of a Classifier or a Predictor, Ensemble Methods

UNIT V

Cluster Analysis Introduction :Types of Data in Cluster Analysis, A Categorization of Major Clustering Methods, Partitioning Methods, Hierarchical Methods, Density-Based Methods, Grid-Based Methods, Model-Based Clustering Methods, Clustering High-Dimensional Data, Constraint-Based Cluster Analysis, Outlier Analysis.

UNIT VI

Mining Streams, Time Series and Sequence Data: Mining Data Streams, Mining Time-Series Data, Mining Sequence Patterns in Transactional Databases, Mining Sequence Patterns in Biological Data, Graph Mining, Social Network Analysis and Multirelational Data Mining:

UNIT VII

Mining Object, Spatial, Multimedia, Text and Web Data: Multidimensional Analysis and Descriptive Mining of Complex Data Objects, Spatial Data Mining, Multimedia Data Mining, Text Mining, Mining the World Wide Web.

UNIT VIII

Applications and Trends in Data Mining: Data Mining Applications, Data Mining System Products and Research Prototypes, Additional Themes on Data Mining and Social Impacts of Data Mining.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Data Mining – Concepts and Techniques - Jiawei Han & Micheline Kamber, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, Elsevier, Second Edition, 2006.
2. Introduction to Data Mining – Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach and Vipin Kumar, Pearson education.

REFERENCES:

1. Data Mining Techniques – Arun K. Pujari, Second Edition, Universities Press.

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2. Data Warehousing in the Real World, Sam Aanhory and Dennis Murray, Pearson Edn Asia.
3. Insight into Data Mining, K.P.Soman, S.Diwakar, V.Ajay, PHI, 2008.
4. Data Warehousing Fundamentals, Paulraj Ponnaiah, Wiley Student Edition
5. The Data Warehouse Life cycle Tool kit, Ralph Kimball, Wiley Student Edition
6. Building the Data Warehouse, William H Inmon, John Wiley & Sons Inc, 2005.
7. Data Mining Introductory and advanced topics, Margaret H Dunham, Pearson Education
8. Data Mining, V.Pudi and P.Radha Krishna, Oxford University Press.
9. Data Mining: Methods and Techniques, A.B.M Shawkat Ali and S.A.Wasimi, Cengage Learning.
10. Data Warehouse 2.0, The Architecture for the next generation of Data Warehousing, W.H.Inmon, D.Strauss, G.Neushloss, Elsevier, Distributed by SPD.

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(9A12601) LINUX PROGRAMMING**UNIT I**

Linux Utilities: File Handling Utilities, Security by File Permissions, Process Utilities, Disk Utilities, Networking Commands, Filters, Text Processing Utilities and Backup Utilities, Sed: Scripts, Operation, Addresses, Commands, Applications, Awk: Execution, Fields and Records, Scripts, Operation, Patterns, Actions, Functions, Using System Commands in Awk.

UNIT II

Working with the Bourne Again Shell(Bash): Introduction, Shell Responsibilities, Pipes and Input Redirection, Output Redirection, Here Documents, Running a Shell Script, The Shell as a Programming Language, Shell Meta Characters, File Name Substitution, Shell Variables, Command Substitution, Shell Commands, The Environment, Quoting, Test Command, Control Structures, Arithmetic in Shell, Shell Script Examples, Interrupt Processing, Functions, Debugging Shell Scripts.

UNIT III

Files: File Concept, File System Structure, Inodes, File Attributes, File Types, Library Functions, The Standard I/O and Formatted I/O in C, Stream Errors, Kernel Support for Files, System Calls, File Descriptors, Low Level File Access – File Structure Related System Calls(File Apis), File and Record Locking, File and Directory Management – Directory File Apis, Symbolic Links & Hard Links.

UNIT IV

Process, Process Concept, Kernel Support for Process, Process Attributes, Process Control, Process Creation, Waiting for a Process, Process Termination, Zombie Process, Orphan Process, Process Apis. Signals: Introduction to Signals, Signal Generation and Handling,

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Kernel Support for Signals, Signal Function, Unreliable Signals, Reliable Signals, Kill, Raise, Alarm, Pause, Abort, Sleep Functions.

UNIT V

Interprocess Communication: Introduction to IPC, Pipes, Fifos, Introduction to Three Types of IPC-Message Queues, Semaphores and Shared Memory. Message Queues: Kernel Support for Messages, Unix System V Apis for Messages, Client/Server Example.

UNIT VI

Semaphores: Kernel Support for Semaphores, Unix System V Apis for Semaphores. Shared Memory: Kernel Support for Shared Memory, Unix System V Apis for Shared Memory, Semaphore and Shared Memory Example.

UNIT VII

Multithreaded Programming: Differences Between Threads and Processes, Thread Structure and Uses, Threads and Lightweight Processes, POSIX Thread Apis, Creating Threads, Thread Attributes, Thread Synchronization with Semaphores and with Mutexes, Example Programs.

UNIT VIII

Sockets: Introduction to Sockets, Socket Addresses, Socket System Calls for Connection Oriented Protocol and Connectionless Protocol, Example-Client/Server Programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Unix System Programming using C++, T.Chan, PHI.(UNIT III to UNIT VIII)
2. Unix Concepts and Applications, 4th Edition, Sumitabha Das, TMH.
3. Beginning Linux Programming, 4th Edition, N.Matthew, R.Stones, Wrox, Wiley India Edition.

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REFERENCES:

1. Linux System Programming, Robert Love, O'Reilly, SPD.
2. Advanced Programming in the Unix environment, Second Edition, W.R.Stevens, Pearson Education.
3. Unix Network Programming, W.R.Stevens, PHI.
4. Unix for programmers and users, Third Edition, Graham Glass, King Ables, Pearson Education.
5. Unix and Shell programming, B.A.Forouzan and R.F.Gilberg, Cengage Learning.
6. Unix The Text book, Second Edition, S.M.Sarwar, R.Koretsky, S.A.Sarwar, Pearson Education.
7. Unix Internals, U.Vahalia, Pearson Education.
8. Unix Shell Programming, S.G.Kochan and P.Wood, Third Edition, Pearson Education.

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**(9A12602) WEB TECHNOLOGIES LAB
(Common to CSSE, IT)****Objective :**

To create a fully functional website with mvc architecture. To Develop an online Book store using we can sell books (Ex amazon .com).

Hardware and Software required :

1. A working computer system with either Windows or Linux
2. A web browser either IE or firefox
3. Apache web server or IIS Webserver
4. XML editor like Altova Xml-spy [www.Altova.com/XMLSpy – free] , Stylusstudio , etc.,
5. A database either Mysql or Oracle
6. JVM(Java virtual machine) must be installed on your system
7. BDK(Bean development kit) must be also be installed

Week-1:

Design the following static web pages required for an online book store web site.

1) HOME PAGE:

The static home page must contain three **frames**.

Top frame : Logo and the college name and links to Home page, Login page, Registration page, Catalogue page and Cart page (the description of these pages will be given below).

Left frame : At least four links for navigation, which will display the catalogue of respective links.

For e.g.: When you click the link “CSE” the catalogue for CSE Books should be displayed in the Right frame.

Right frame: The pages to the links in the left frame must be loaded here. Initially this page contains description of the web site.

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Logo	Web Site Name			
Home	Login	Registration	Catalogue	Cart
CSE ECE EEE CIVIL	Description of the Web Site			

Fig 1.1

2) LOGIN PAGE:

This page looks like below:

Logo	Web Site Name			
Home	Login	Registration	Catalogue	Cart
CSE ECE EEE CIVIL	Login : Password: Submit Reset			

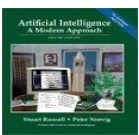
3) CATOLOGUE PAGE:

The catalogue page should contain the details of all the books available in the web site in a table.

The details should contain the following:

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1. Snap shot of Cover Page.
2. Author Name.
3. Publisher.
4. Price.
5. Add to cart button.

Logo	Web Site Name			
Home	Login	Registration	Catalogue	Cart
CSE		Book : XML Bible Author : Winston Publication : Wiely	\$ 40.5	
ECE		Book : AI Author : S.Russel Publication : Princeton hall	\$ 63	
EEE		Book : Java 2 Author : Watson Publication : BPB publications	\$ 35.5	
CIVIL		Book : HTML in 24 hours Author : Sam Peter Publication : Sam publication	\$ 50	

Note: Week 2 contains the remaining pages and their description.

Week-2:

4) CART PAGE:

The cart page contains the details about the books which are added to the cart.

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The cart page should look like this:

Logo	Web Site Name			
Home	Login	Registration	Catalogue	Cart
CSE ECE EEE CIVIL	Book name	Price	Quantity	Amount
	Java 2	\$35.5	2	\$70
	XML bible	\$40.5	1	\$40.5
	Total amount -			\$130.5

5) REGISTRATION PAGE:

Create a “*registration form*” with the following fields

- 1) Name (Text field)
- 2) Password (password field)
- 3) E-mail id (text field)
- 4) Phone number (text field)
- 5) Sex (radio button)
- 6) Date of birth (3 select boxes)
- 7) Languages known (check boxes – English, Telugu, Hindi, Tamil)
- 8) Address (text area)

WEEK 3:

VALIDATION:

Write *JavaScript* to validate the following fields of the above registration page.

1. Name (Name should contains alphabets and the length should not be less than 6 characters).
2. Password (Password should not be less than 6 characters length).
3. E-mail id (should not contain any invalid and must follow the

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standard pattern [name@domain.com](#))

4. Phone number (Phone number should contain 10 digits only).

Note : You can also validate the login page with these parameters.

Week-4:

Design a web page using **CSS (Cascading Style Sheets)** which includes the following:

- 1) Use different font, styles:

In the style definition you define how each selector should work (font, color etc.).

Then, in the body of your pages, you refer to these selectors to activate the styles.

For example:

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
<style type="text/css">
B.headline {color:red, font-size:22px, font-family:arial, text-
decoration:underline}
</style>

</HEAD>

<BODY>
<b>This is normal bold</b><br>
Selector {cursor:value}
```

For example:

```
<html>
<head>
<style type="text/css">
.xlink {cursor:crosshair}
.hlink{cursor:help}
</style>
```

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```
</head>

<body>
<b>
<a href="mypage.htm" class="xlink">CROSS LINK</a>
<br>
<a href="mypage.htm" class="hlink">HELP LINK</a>
</b>
</body>
</html>

<b class="headline">This is headline style bold</b>
</BODY>

</HTML>
```

2) Set a background image for both the page and single elements on the page.

You can define the background image for the page like this:

```
BODY {background-image:url(myimage.gif),}
```

3) Control the repetition of the image with the background-repeat property.

As background-repeat: repeat

Tiles the image until the entire page is filled, just like an ordinary background image in plain HTML.

4) Define styles for links as

A:link

A:visited

A:active

A:hover

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Example:

```
<style type="text/css">
A:link {text-decoration: none}
A:visited {text-decoration: none}
A:active {text-decoration: none}
A:hover {text-decoration: underline, color: red,}
</style>
```

5) Work with layers:

For example:

LAYER 1 ON TOP:

```
<div style="position:relative, font-size:50px, z-index:2,">LAYER
1</div><div style="position:relative, top:-50, left:5, color:red, font-
size:80px, z-
index:1">LAYER 2</div>
```

LAYER 2 ON TOP:

```
<div style="position:relative, font-size:50px, z-index:3,">LAYER
1</div><div style="position:relative, top:-50, left:5, color:red, font-
size:80px, z-
index:4">LAYER 2</div>
```

6) Add a customized cursor:

Selector {cursor:value}

For example:

```
<html>
<head>
<style type="text/css">
.xlink {cursor:crosshair}
.hlink{cursor:help}
</style>
</head>

<body>
<b>
<a href="mypage.htm" class="xlink">CROSS LINK</a>
<br>
<a href="mypage.htm" class="hlink">HELP LINK</a>
</b>
```

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```
</body>  
</html>
```

Week-5:

Write an XML file which will display the Book information which includes the following:

- 1) Title of the book
- 2) Author Name
- 3) ISBN number
- 4) Publisher name
- 5) Edition
- 6) Price

Write a Document Type Definition (DTD) to validate the above XML file.

Display the XML file as follows.

The contents should be displayed in a table. The header of the table should be in color GREY. And the Author names column should be displayed in one color and should be capitalized and in bold. Use your own colors for remaining columns.

Use XML schemas XSL and CSS for the above purpose.

Note: Give at least for 4 books. It should be valid syntactically.

Hint: You can use some xml editors like XML-spy

Week-6:**VISUAL BEANS:**

Create a simple visual bean with a area filled with a color.

The shape of the area depends on the property shape. If it is set to true then the shape of the area is Square and it is Circle, if it is false.

The color of the area should be changed dynamically for every mouse click. The color should also be changed if we change the color in the "property window".

Week-7:

- 1) Install IIS web server and APACHE.

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While installation assign port number 4040 to IIS and 8080 to APACHE. Make sure that these ports are available i.e., no other process is using this port.

- 2) Access the above developed static web pages for books web site, using these servers by putting the web pages developed in week-1 and week-2 in the document root.

Access the pages by using the urls :

<http://localhost:4040/rama/books.html> (for tomcat)

<http://localhost:8080/books.html> (for Apache)

Week-8:**User Authentication :**

Assume four users user1,user2,user3 and user4 having the passwords pwd1,pwd2,pwd3 and pwd4 respectively. Write a PHP for doing the following.

1. Create a Cookie and add these four user id's and passwords to this Cookie.
2. Read the user id and passwords entered in the Login form (week1) and authenticate with the values (user id and passwords) available in the cookies.

If he is a valid user(i.e., user-name and password match) you should welcome him by name(user-name) else you should display “ You are not an authenticated user ”.

Use init-parameters to do this.

Week-9:

Install a database(Mysql or Oracle).

Create a table which should contain at least the following fields: name, password, email-id, phone number(these should hold the data from the registration form).

Write a PHP program to connect to that database and extract data from the tables and display them. Experiment with various SQL queries.

Insert the details of the users who register with the web site, whenever a new user clicks the submit button in the registration page (week2).

Week-10:

Write a PHP which does the following job:

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Insert the details of the 3 or 4 users who register with the web site (week9) by using registration form. Authenticate the user when he submits the login form using the user name and password from the database (similar to week8 instead of cookies).

Week-11:

Create tables in the database which contain the details of items (books in our case like Book name , Price, Quantity, Amount) of each category. Modify your catalogue page (week 2)in such a way that you should connect to the database and extract data from the tables and display them in the catalogue page using PHP

Week-12:

HTTP is a stateless protocol. Session is required to maintain the state. The user may add some items to cart from the catalog page. He can check the cart page for the selected items. He may visit the catalogue again and select some more items. Here our interest is the selected items should be added to the old cart rather than a new cart. Multiple users can do the same thing at a time(i.e., from different systems in the LAN using the ip-address instead of localhost). This can be achieved through the use of sessions. Every user will have his own session which will be created after his successful login to the website. When the user logs out his session should get invalidated (by using the method `session.invalidate()`).

Modify your catalogue and cart PHP pages to achieve the above mentioned functionality using sessions.

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T	P	C
0	3	2

(9A12603) DATA MINING LAB**Credit Risk Assessment**

Description: The business of banks is making loans. Assessing the credit worthiness of an applicant is of crucial importance. You have to develop a system to help a loan officer decide whether the credit of a customer is good, or bad. A bank's business rules regarding loans must consider two opposing factors. On the one hand, a bank wants to make as many loans as possible. Interest on these loans is the bank's profit source. On the other hand, a bank cannot afford to make too many bad loans. Too many bad loans could lead to the collapse of the bank. The bank's loan policy must involve a compromise: not too strict, and not too lenient.

To do the assignment, you first and foremost need some knowledge about the world of credit. You can acquire such knowledge in a number of ways.

1. Knowledge Engineering. Find a loan officer who is willing to talk. Interview her and try to represent her knowledge in the form of production rules.
2. Books. Find some training manuals for loan officers or perhaps a suitable textbook on finance. Translate this knowledge from text form to production rule form.
3. Common sense. Imagine yourself as a loan officer and make up reasonable rules which can be used to judge the credit worthiness of a loan applicant.
4. Case histories. Find records of actual cases where competent loan officers correctly judged when, and when not to, approve a loan application.

The German Credit Data:

Actual historical credit data is not always easy to come by because of

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confidentiality rules. Here is one such dataset, consisting of 1000 actual cases collected in Germany. credit dataset (original) Excel spreadsheet version of the German credit data (Down load from web).

In spite of the fact that the data is German, you should probably make use of it for this assignment. (Unless you really can consult a real loan officer !)

A few notes on the German dataset

- DM stands for Deutsche Mark, the unit of currency, worth about 90 cents Canadian (but looks and acts like a quarter).
- owns_telephone. German phone rates are much higher than in Canada so fewer people own telephones.
- foreign_worker. There are millions of these in Germany (many from Turrkey). It is very hard to get German citizenship if you were not born of German parents.
- There are 20 attributes used in judging a loan applicant. The goal is to classify the applicant into one of two categories, good or bad.

Subtasks : (Turn in your answers to the following tasks)

1. List all the categorical (or nominal) attributes and the real-valued attributes seperately.
2. What attributes do you think might be crucial in making the credit assesement ? Come up with some simple rules in plain English using your selected attributes.
3. One type of model that you can create is a Decision Tree - train a Decision Tree using the complete dataset as the training data. Report the model obtained after training.
4. Suppose you use your above model trained on the complete dataset, and classify credit good/bad for each of the examples in the dataset. What % of examples can you classify correctly ? (This is also called testing on the training set) Why do you think you cannot get 100 % training accuracy ?

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5. Is testing on the training set as you did above a good idea ? Why or Why not ?
6. One approach for solving the problem encountered in the previous question is using cross-validation ? Describe what is cross-validation briefly. Train a Decision Tree again using cross-validation and report your results. Does your accuracy increase/decrease ? Why ? (10 marks)
7. Check to see if the data shows a bias against "foreign workers" (attribute 20), or "personal-status" (attribute 9). One way to do this (perhaps rather simple minded) is to remove these attributes from the dataset and see if the decision tree created in those cases is significantly different from the full dataset case which you have already done. To remove an attribute you can use the preprocess tab in Weka's GUI Explorer. Did removing these attributes have any significant effect? Discuss.
8. Another question might be, do you really need to input so many attributes to get good results? Maybe only a few would do. For example, you could try just having attributes 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 17 (and 21, the class attribute (naturally)). Try out some combinations. (You had removed two attributes in problem 7. Remember to reload the arff data file to get all the attributes initially before you start selecting the ones you want.)
9. Sometimes, the cost of rejecting an applicant who actually has a good credit (case 1) might be higher than accepting an applicant who has bad credit (case 2). Instead of counting the misclassifications equally in both cases, give a higher cost to the first case (say cost 5) and lower cost to the second case. You can do this by using a cost matrix in Weka. Train your Decision Tree again and report the Decision Tree and cross-validation results. Are they significantly different from results obtained in problem 6 (using equal cost)?

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10. Do you think it is a good idea to prefer simple decision trees instead of having long complex decision trees ? How does the complexity of a Decision Tree relate to the bias of the model ?
11. You can make your Decision Trees simpler by pruning the nodes. One approach is to use Reduced Error Pruning - Explain this idea briefly. Try reduced error pruning for training your Decision Trees using cross-validation (you can do this in Weka) and report the Decision Tree you obtain ? Also, report your accuracy using the pruned model. Does your accuracy increase ?
12. (Extra Credit): How can you convert a Decision Trees into "if-then-else rules". Make up your own small Decision Tree consisting of 2-3 levels and convert it into a set of rules. There also exist different classifiers that output the model in the form of rules - one such classifier in Weka is rules.PART, train this model and report the set of rules obtained. Sometimes just one attribute can be good enough in making the decision, yes, just one ! Can you predict what attribute that might be in this dataset ? OneR classifier uses a single attribute to make decisions (it chooses the attribute based on minimum error). Report the rule obtained by training a one R classifier. Rank the performance of j48, PART and oneR.

Task Resources:

Andrew Moore's Data Mining Tutorials (See tutorials on Decision Trees and Cross Validation)

- Decision Trees (Source: Tan, MSU)
- Tom Mitchell's book slides (See slides on Concept Learning and Decision Trees)
- Weka resources:
 - Introduction to Weka (html version) (download ppt version)
 - Download Weka
 - Weka Tutorial
 - ARFF format
 - Using Weka from command line

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T	P	C
4	0	4

**(9A05702) SOFTWARE TESTING
(Common to CSE, IT)****UNIT I**

Introduction: Purpose of testing, Dichotomies, model for testing, consequences of bugs, taxonomy of bugs.

UNIT II

Flow graphs and Path testing: Basics concepts of path testing, predicates, path predicates and Achievable paths, path sensitizing, path instrumentation, application of path testing.

UNIT III

Transaction Flow Testing: transaction flows, transaction flow testing techniques. Dataflow testing: Basics of dataflow testing, strategies in dataflow testing, application of dataflow testing.

UNIT IV

Domain Testing: domains and paths, Nice & ugly domains, domain testing, domains and interfaces testing, domain and interface testing, domains and testability.

UNIT V

Paths, Path products and Regular expressions: path products & path expression, reduction Procedure, applications, regular expressions & flow anomaly detection.

UNIT VI

Logic Based Testing: overview, decision tables, path expressions, kv charts, specifications.

UNIT VII

State, State Graphs and Transition testing: state graphs, good & bad state graphs, state testing, Testability tips.

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UNIT VIII

Graph Matrices and Application: Motivational overview, matrix of graph, relations, power of a matrix, node reduction algorithm, building tools. (Student should be given an exposure to a tool like JMeter or Win-runner).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Software Testing Techniques, Second Edition, Boris Beizer, Dreamtech.
2. Software Testing Tools, Dr.K.V.K.K.Prasad, Dreamtech.

REFERENCES:

1. The Craft of Software Testing, Brian Marick, Pearson Education.
2. Software Testing, Third Edition, P.C.Jorgensen, Aurbach Publications (Dist.by SPD).
3. Software Testing, N.Chauhan, Oxford University Press.
4. Introduction to Software Testing, P.Ammann and J.Offutt, Cambridge Univ.Press.
5. Effective methods of Software Testing, Second Edition, Perry, John Wiley, 1999.
6. Software Testing Concepts and Tools, P.Nageswara Rao, Dreamtech Press.
7. Software Testing, M.G.Limaye, TMH.
8. Software Testing, Desikan, G.Ramesh, Pearson.
9. Foundations of Software Testing, D.Graham and Others, Cengage Learning.
10. Foundations of Software Testing, A.P.Mathur, Pearson.

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T	P	C
4	0	4

(9A12701) MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT**UNIT I**

J2ME Overview: Java 2 Micro Edition and the World of Java, Inside J2ME, J2ME and Wireless Devices. Small Computing Technology: Wireless Technology, Radio Data Networks, Microwave Technology, Mobile Radio Networks, Messaging, Personal Digital Assistants.

UNIT II

J2ME Architecture and Development Environment: J2ME Architecture, Small Computing Device Requirements, Run-Time Environment, MIDlet Programming, Java Language for J2ME, J2ME Software Development Kits, Hello World J2ME Style, Multiple MIDlets in a MIDlet Suite, J2ME Wireless Toolkit.

UNIT III

J2ME Best Practices and Patterns: The Reality of Working in a J2ME World, Best Practices Commands, Items, and Event Processing: J2ME User Interfaces, Display Class, The Palm OS Emulator, Command Class, Item Class, Exception Handling.

UNIT IV

High-Level Display: Screens: Screen Class, Alert Class, Form Class, Item Class, List Class, Text Box Class, Ticker Class. Low-Level Display: Canvas : The Canvas, User Interactions, Graphics, Clipping Regions, Animation.

UNIT V

Record Management System: Record Storage, Writing and Reading Records, Record Enumeration, Sorting Records, Searching Records, Record Listener.

UNIT VI

JDBC Objects: The Concept of JDBC, JDBC Driver Types, JDBC Packages, Overview of the JDBC Process, Database Connection,

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statement Objects, Result set, Transaction Processing, Metadata, Data Types, Exceptions.

UNIT VI

JDBC and Embedded SQL: Model Programs, Tables, Indexing, Inserting Data into Tables, Selecting Data from a Table, Metadata, Updating Tables, Deleting Data from a Table, Joining Tables, Calculating Data, Grouping and Ordering Data, Sub queries, VIEWS.

UNIT VIII

Generic Connection Framework: The Connection, Hypertext Transfer Protocol, Communication Management Using HTTP Commands, Session Management, Transmit as a Background Process

TEXT BOOKS:

1. J2ME: The Complete Reference, James Keogh, Tata McGrawHill.

REFERENCES:

1. Enterprise J2ME: Developing Mobile Java Applications, Michael Juntao Yuan, Pearson Education, 2004.
2. Beginning Java ME Platform, Ray Rischpater, Apress, 2009.
3. Beginning J2ME: From Novice to Professional, Third Edition, Sing Li, Jonathan B. Knudsen, Apress, 2005.
4. Kicking Butt with MIDP and MSA: Creating Great Mobile Applications, First Edition, J.Knudsen, Pearson.

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T	P	C
4	0	4

**(9AHS401) MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS & FINANCIAL
ANALYSIS
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)****UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS**

Definition, nature and scope of managerial economics- relation with other disciplines- Demand Analysis: Demand Determinants, Law of Demand and its exceptions

UNIT II: ELASTICITY OF DEMAND

Definition, Types, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand. Demand forecasting, factors governing demand forecasting, methods of demand forecasting (Survey methods, Statistical methods, Expert opinion method, Test marketing, Controlled experiments, Judgmental approach to Demand Forecasting)

UNIT III :THEORY OF PRODUCTION AND COST ANALYSIS

Production Function – Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS, least cost combination of inputs, Cobb-Douglas production function, laws of returns, internal and external economies of scale.

Cost Analysis: Cost concepts, opportunity cost, fixed Vs variable costs, explicit costs Vs Implicit costs, out of pocket costs Vs Imputed costs. Break-Even Analysis (BEA) - Determination of Break Even Point (Simple Problems)- Managerial significance and limitations of BEA.

UNIT IV: INTRODUCTION TO MARKETS AND PRICING POLICIES

Market structures: Types of competition, features of perfect competition, monopoly- monopolistic competition. Price-Output determination under perfect competition and monopoly - Methods of Pricing-cost plus pricing, marginal cost, limit pricing, skimming pricing, bundling pricing, sealed bid pricing and peak load pricing.

2009-10**UNIT V: BUSINESS ORGANISATIONS AND NEW ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT**

Characteristic features of business, features and evaluation of sole proprietorship, partnership, Joint Stock Company, public enterprises and their types, changing business environment in post-liberalization scenario.

UNIT VI: CAPITAL AND CAPITAL BUDGETING

Capital and its significance, types of capital, estimation of fixed and working capital requirements, methods and sources of raising finance. Nature and scope of capital budgeting, features of capital budgeting proposal, methods of capital budgeting – payback method, accounting rate of return (ARR) and Net present value method (Simple problems).

UNIT VII: INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

Double-Entry Book Keeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance- Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments).

UNIT VIII: FINANCIAL ANALYSIS THROUGH RATIOS

Computation, Analysis and Interpretation of financial statements through Liquidity Ratios (Current and Quick ratio), Activity ratios (Inventory Turnover Ratio and Debtor Turnover Ratio), Capital Structure Ratios (Debt- Equity Ratio, Interest Coverage Ratio) and Profitability ratios (Gross Profit Ratio, Net Profit Ratio, Operating Ratio, P/E Ratios and EPS), Du Pont Chart.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Aryasri: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, 4/e, TMH, 2009.
2. Varshney & Maheswari: Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand, 2009.

REFERENCES

1. Premchand Babu, Madan Mohan: Financial Accounting and Analysis, Himalaya, 2009
2. S.A. Siddiqui and A.S. Siddiqui: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New Age International, 2009.
3. Joseph G. Nellis and David Parker: Principles of Business Economics, Pearson, 2/e, New Delhi.

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4. Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics in a Global Economy, Cengage, 2009.
5. H.L.Ahuja: Managerial Economics, S.Chand, 3/e, 2009

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T	P	C
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**(9A05804) SEMANTIC WEB
(ELECTIVE - I)****UNIT I**

The Future of the Internet: Introduction, The Syntactic Web, The Semantic Web, How the Semantic Web Will Work.

UNIT II

Ontology in Computer Science: Defining the Term Ontology, Differences Among Taxonomies, Thesauri, and Ontologies, Classifying Ontologies, Web Ontologies, Web Ontology Description Languages, Ontology, Categories, and Intelligence.

UNIT III

Knowledge Representation in Description Logic: Introduction, An Informal Example, The Family of Attributive Languages, Inference Problems.

UNIT IV

RDF and RDF Schema: Introduction, XML Essentials, RDF, RDF Schema, A Summary of the RDF/RDF Schema Vocabulary. OWL: Introduction, Requirements for Web Ontology Description Languages, Header Information, Versioning, and Annotation Properties, Properties, Classes, Individuals, Data types, A Summary of the OWL Vocabulary.

UNIT V

Rule Languages: Introduction, Usage Scenarios for Rule Languages, Datalog, RuleML, SWRL, TRIPLE. Semantic Web Services: Introduction, Web Service Essentials, OWL-S Service Ontology, An OWL-S Example.

UNIT VI

Methods for Ontology Development: Introduction, Uschold and King Ontology Development Method, Toronto Virtual Enterprise Method, Methontology, KACTUS Project Ontology Development Method,

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Lexicon-Based Ontology Development Method, Simplified Methods.
Ontology Sources: Introduction, Metadata, Upper Ontologies, Other
Ontologic of Interest, Ontology Libraries.

UNIT VII

Semantic Web Software Tools: Introduction, Metadata and Ontology
Editors, Reasoners, Other tools.

UNIT VIII

Software Agents: Introduction, Agent Forms, Agent Architecture,
Agents in the Semantic web Context. Semantic Desktop: Introduction,
Semantic Desktop Metadata, Semantic Desktop Ontologies, Semantic
Desktop Architecture, Semantic Desktop Related Applications.
Ontology Application in Art: Introduction, Ontologies for the
Description of Works of Art, Metadata Schemas for The Description of
Works of Art, Semantic Annotation of Art Images.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Semantic Web Concepts: Technologies and Applications, Karin K. Breitman, Marco Antonio Casanova and Walter Truszkowski, Springer.

REFERENCES:

1. Information Sharing on the Semanting Web, Heiner Stuckenschmidt, Frank van Harmelen, Springer.
2. Semantic Web Primer, Grigoris Antoniou, Frank Van
3. Semantic Web Services: Concepts, Technologies and Applications, Rudi Studer, Stephan Grimm, Andrees Abeker, Springer
4. Towards the Semantic Web: Ontology Driven Knowledge Management, John Davis, Dieter Fensal, Frank Van Harmelen, J. Wiley.

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4	0	4

**(9A05707) SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT
(Common to CSE, IT)
(ELECTIVE – I)****UNIT I**

Conventional Software Management: The Waterfall Model, Conventional software Management Performance. Evolution of Software Economics: Software Economics, Pragmatic Software Cost Estimation.

UNIT II

Improving Software Economics: Reducing Software Product Size, Improving software Processes, Improving Team Effectiveness, Improving Automation, Achieving Required Quality, Peer Inspections.

UNIT III

Conventional and Modern Software Management: Principles of Conventional Software Engineering, Principles of Modern Software Management, Transitioning to an Iterative Process. Life Cycle Phases: Engineering and Production Stages, Inception. Elaboration, Construction, Transition Phases.

UNIT IV

Artifacts of The Process: The Artifact Sets. Management Artifacts, Engineering Artifacts, Programmatic Artifacts. Model Based Software Architectures: A Management Perspective and Technical Perspective.

UNIT V

Flows of The Process: Software Process Workflows. Inter Trans Workflows. Checkpoints of the Process : Major Mile Stones, Minor Milestones, Periodic Status Assessments. Interactive Process Planning: Work Breakdown Structures, Planning Guidelines, Cost and Schedule Estimating. Interaction Planning Process. Pragmatic Planning.

2009-10**UNIT VI**

Project Organizations and Responsibilities: Line-of-Business Organizations, Project Organizations, and Evolution of Organizations. Process Automation: Automation Building Blocks, The Project Environment.

UNIT VII

Project Control and Process Instrumentation: Server Care Metrics, Management Indicators, Quality Indicators, Life Cycle Expectations Pragmatic Software Metrics, Metrics Automation. Tailoring the process: Process Discriminates, Example.

UNIT VIII

Modern Project Profiles Next Generation Software Economics, Modern Process Transitions. Case Study: The Command Center Processing and Display System –Replacement (CCPDS-R)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Software Project Management, Walker Rayce, 1998, PEA.
2. Software Project Management, Henrey, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. Software Engineering Project Management, Richard H. Thayer, 1997, IEEE Computer Society.
2. Software Engineering and Management, Shere K. D, 1998, PHI.
3. Software Project Management: A Concise Study, S. A. Kelkar, PHI.
4. Software Project Management, Second Edition, Hughes Cotterell, TMH.
5. Software Project Management from Concept to Development, Kaeron Conway, Dream Tech.

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T	P	C
4	0	4

**(9A12702) INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEMS
(ELECTIVE I)****UNIT I**

Introduction: Definition, Objectives, Functional Overview, Relationship to DBMS, Digital libraries and Data Warehouses, Information Retrieval System Capabilities: Search, Browse, Miscellaneous.

UNIT II

Cataloging and Indexing: Objectives, Indexing Process, Automatic Indexing, Information Extraction, Data Structures: Introduction, Stemming Algorithms, Inverted file structures, N-gram data structure, PAT data structure, Signature file structure, Hypertext data structure.

UNIT III

Automatic Indexing: Classes of automatic indexing, Statistical indexing, Natural language, Concept indexing, Hypertext linkages

UNIT IV

Document and Term Clustering: Introduction, Thesaurus generation, Item clustering, Hierarchy of clusters.

UNIT V

User Search Techniques: Search statements and binding, Similarity measures and ranking, Relevance feedback, Selective dissemination of information search, Weighted searches of Boolean systems, Searching the Internet and hypertext.

Information Visualization: Introduction, Cognition and perception, Information visualization technologies.

UNIT VI

Text Search Algorithms: Introduction, Software text search algorithms, Hardware text search systems. Information System Evaluation:

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Introduction, Measures used in system evaluation, Measurement example – TREC results.

UNIT VII

Multimedia Information Retrieval – Models and Languages – Data Modeling, Query Languages, Indexing and Searching.

UNIT VIII

Libraries and Bibliographical Systems: Online IR Systems, OPACs, Digital Libraries.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Information Storage and Retrieval Systems: Theory and Implementation, Kowalski, Gerald, Mark T Maybury, Springer.
2. Modern Information Retrieval, Ricardo Baeza-Yates, Pearson Education, 2007.
3. Information Retrieval: Algorithms and Heuristics, David A Grossman and Ophir Frieder, Second Edition, Springer.

REFERENCES:

1. Information Retrieval Data Structures and Algorithms, William B Frakes, Ricardo Baeza-Yates, Pearson Education, 1992.
2. Information Storage and Retrieval, Robert Korfhage, John Wiley & Sons.
3. Introduction to Information Retrieval, Christopher D. Manning and Prabhakar Raghavan, Cambridge University Press, 2008.
4. Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval, T.Siddiqui and U.S.Tiwary, Oxford Univ. Press.

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ANANTAPUR****B.Tech. IV-I Sem. (I.T.)**

T	P	C
4	0	4

(9A12703) DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING**UNIT I**

Introduction: Definitions, The different forms of computing – Monolithic, Distributed, Parallel and cooperative computing, the meaning of Distributed computing, Examples of Distributed systems, the strengths and weaknesses of Distributed computing, operating system concepts relevant to distributed computing, Network basics, the architecture of distributed applications, Interprocess Communications, An Archetypal IPC Program Interface, Event Synchronization, Timeouts and Threading, Deadlocks and Timeouts, Data representation, Data Encoding, Text-Based Protocols, Request-Response Protocols, Event Diagram and Sequence Diagram, Connection-Oriented versus Connectionless IPC, The Evolution of Paradigms for IPCs.

UNIT II

Distributed Computing Paradigms: Paradigms and Abstraction, Paradigms for Distributed Applications: Message Passing Paradigm, The Client-Server Paradigm, The peer-to-peer Paradigm, Message system (or MOM) Paradigm, The point-to-point message model and the publish/subscribe message model, RPC model, The Distributed Objects Paradigms: RMI, ORB, the object space Paradigm, The Mobile Agent Paradigm, the Network Services Paradigm, The collaborative application (Groupware Paradigm) ,choosing a Paradigm for an application.

UNIT III

The Socket API: The Datagram Socket API, The Stream-Mode Socket API, Client-Server Paradigm Issues, Connection-Oriented and Connectionless Servers, Iterative and Concurrent Servers. Group Communication: Unicasting versus Multicasting, Multicast API, Connectionless versus Connection-Oriented Multicast, Reliable Multicasting versus Unreliable Multicasting, The Java Basic Multicast API.

UNIT IV

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Distributed Objects Paradigm (RMI): Message passing versus Distributed Objects, An Archetypal Distributed Object Architecture, Distributed Object Systems, RPC, RMI, The Java RMI Architecture, Java RMI API, A sample RMI Application, steps for building an RMI application, testing and debugging, comparison of RMI and socket API.

UNIT V

Distributed Object Paradigm(CORBA): The basic Architecture, The CORBA object interface, Inter-ORB protocols, object servers and object clients, CORBA object references, CORBA Naming Service and the Interoperable Naming Service, CORBA object services, object Adapters, Java IDL, An example CORBA application.

UNIT VI

Grid Computing: Introduction, Grid Computing Anatomy: The Grid Problem, The Concept of Virtual Organizations, Grid Architecture, Grid Architecture and relationship to other Distributed Technologies, Grid computing road map. Merging the Grid services Architecture with the Web Services Architecture.

UNIT VII

Open Grid Service Architecture: Introduction, Architecture and Goal, Sample Use cases: Commercial Data Center, National Fusion Collaboratory, Online Media and Entertainment. OGSA platform Components, Open Grid Services Infrastructure.

UNIT VIII

Globus GT 3 Toolkit: Architecture, Programming Model, A Sample Implementation.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Distributed Computing, Principles and Applications, M.L.Liu, Pearson Education.
2. Grid Computing, Joshy Joseph and Craig Fellenstein, Pearson Education, 2004

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REFERENCES:

1. A Networking Approach to Grid Computing, D.Minoli, Wiley & sons.
2. Grid Computing: A Practical Guide to Technology and Applications, A.Abbas, Firewall Media.
3. Java Network Programming, Second Edition, E.R.Harold, O'Reilly, SPD.
4. Distributed Systems, Concepts and Design, Third Edition, G.Coulouris, J.Dollimore and Tim Kindbirg, Pearson Education.
5. Java Programming with CORBA, Third Edition, Brose, Vogel, Duddy, Wiley Dreamtech.
6. Client/Server Programming with Java and CORBA, Second Edition, R.Orfali and Dan Harkey, John Wiley & sons.
7. Grid Computing: Making the global infrastructure a reality, Fran Berman, Geoffrey C Fox, Anthony J G Hey, Wiley India, 2010

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**(9A05708) NETWORK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)
(ELECTIVE – II)****UNIT I**

Data Communications and Network Management Overview: Analogy of Telephone Network Management, Communications Protocols and Standards, Case Histories on Networking and Management, Network Management Functions, Network and System Management.

UNIT II

Basic Foundations: Standards, Models, and Language, Network Management Standards, Network Management Models, Organization Model, Information Model, Communication Model, Functional Model, Network Management Applications, Abstract Syntax Notation One: ASN.1, Encoding Structure.

UNIT III

SNMPv1 Network Management: History of SNMP Management, Internet Organizations and Standards, SNMP Model, Organization and Information Models, Communication and Functional Models.

UNIT IV

SNMP Management: SNMPv2, Major Changes in SNMPv2, SNMPv2 System Architecture, SNMPv2 Structure of Management Information, SNMPv2 Management Information Base, SNMPv2 Protocol.

UNIT V

SNMP Management: SNMPv3, SNMPv3 Key Features, SNMPv3 Documentation Architecture, SNMPv3 Applications, SNMPv3 Management Information Base, SNMPv3 User-based Security Model, Access Control.

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UNIT VI

SNMP Management: RMON, Remote Monitoring, RMON SMI and MIB, RMON1, RMON2, A Case Study on Internet Traffic.

UNIT VII

Some Current Network Management Topics: Web-Based Management, XML-Based Network Management.

UNIT VIII

Additional topics in Networks Management, Distributed Network Management, Reliable & Fault Tolerant Network Management.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Network Management: Principles and Practice, Mani Subramanian, Addison- Wesley Pub Co, First Edition, 2000.
2. SNMP, SNMPv2, SNMPv3, AND RMON 1 and 2, William Stallings, Addison- Wesley, Third Edition, 1999.

REFERENCES:

1. Practical Guide to SNMPv3 and Network Management, David Zeltserman, PHI.
2. Network Security and Management, Second Edition, Brijendra Singh, PHI.
3. Network management, Morris, Pearson Education.
4. Principles of Network System Administration, Mark Burges, Wiley Dreamtech.
5. Distributed Network Management, Paul, John Wiley.

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**(9A12704) WIRELESS SECURITY
(ELECTIVE II)****UNIT I**

Security Issues in Mobile Communication: Mobile Communication History, Security – Wired Vs Wireless, Security Issues in Wireless and Mobile Communications, Security Requirements in Wireless and Mobile Communications, Security for Mobile Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages of Application – level Security.

UNIT II

Security of Device, Network, and Server Levels: Mobile Devices Security Requirements, Mobile Wireless network level Security, Server Level Security.

UNIT III

Application Level Security in Wireless Networks: Application of WLANs, Wireless Threats, Some Vulnerabilities and Attack Methods over WLANs, Security for 1G Wi-Fi Applications, Security for 2G Wi-Fi Applications, Recent Security Schemes for Wi-Fi Applications

UNIT IV

Application Level Security in Cellular Networks: Generations of Cellular Networks, Security Issues and attacks in cellular networks, GSM Security for applications, GPRS Security for applications, UMTS security for applications, 3G security for applications, Some of Security and authentication Solutions.

UNIT V

Application Level Security in MANETs: MANETs, Some applications of MANETs, MANET Features, Security Challenges in MANETs, Security Attacks on MANETs, External Threats for MANET applications, Internal threats for MANET Applications, Some of the Security Solutions.

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UNIT VI

Application Level Security in Ubiquitous networks: Ubiquitous Computing, Need for Novel Security Schemes for UC, Security Challenges for UC, Security Attacks on UC networks, Some of the security solutions for UC.

UNIT VII

Application Level Security in Heterogeneous wireless networks: Introduction, Some of the Heterogeneous wireless network architectures, Heterogeneous network application in Disaster management, Security problems and attacks in heterogeneous wireless networks, Some security solutions for heterogeneous wireless networks.

UNIT VIII

Security for Mobile Commerce Applications: M-Commerce Applications, M-Commerce Initiatives, Security Challenges in mobile e-commerce, Types of attacks on mobile e-commerce, A Secure M-commerce model based on wireless local area network, Some of M-Commerce Security Solutions.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Wireless and Mobile Network Security: Pallapa Venkataram, Satish Babu, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
2. Fundamentals of Mobile and Pervasive Computing, Frank Adelstein, K.S.Gupta et al, Tata McGraw Hill 2005.

REFERENCES:

1. Wireless Security Models, Threats and Solutions, Randall k. Nichols, Panos C. Lekkas, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.
2. 802.11 Security, Bruce Potter and Bob Fleck, SPD O'REILLY 2005.
3. Guide to Wireless Network Security, Springer.
4. Wireless Internet Security – Architecture and Protocols, James Kempf, Cambridge University Press, 2008.

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**(9A12705) ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING
(ELECTIVE II)****UNIT I**

ERP as Integrated Management Information System, Evolution of ERP, Benefits of ERP. ERP vs Traditional Information Systems.

UNIT II

Business Process Reengineering- need and challenges, Management concerns about BPR. BPR to build business Model for ERP.

UNIT III

ERP & Competitive advantage, Basic Constituents of ERP, Selection criteria for ERP Packages. Procurement process for ERP Package.

UNIT IV

Overview of ERP packages: PEOPLE SOFT, SAP-R/3, BAAN IV, MFG/PRO, IFS/AVALON, ORACLE-FINANCIAL, Survey of Indian ERP Packages regarding their Coverage, performance & cost.

UNIT V

ERP Implementation: Issues, Role of Consultants, Vendors, Users, Need for training, customization. ERP implementation methodology, Post implementation issues and options.

UNIT VI

Basics of Supply Chain Management: Order Management, Logistics. SCM: Basic principles, tasks and competencies, interfaces and complexities.

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UNIT VII

Types of SCM, potential benefits of SCM, possible obstacles, Application systems supporting SCM – engineering, Product Data Management, Sales, Procurement, Production, MRP, Distribution.

UNIT VIII

ERP Case Studies in HRM, FINANCE, PRODUCTION, PRODUCT DATABASE, MATERIALS, SALES & DISTRIBUTION.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Enterprise Resource Planning – Concepts and Practices by Vinod Kumar Garg and N K Venkatakrishna, PHI.
2. Enterprise Resource Planning by S Sadagopan – PHI.
3. Enterprise Resource Planning – Alexis Leon Tata McGraw Hill, 1/e, 2003.

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(9A05711) SOFTWARE TESTING and CASE TOOLS LAB

**Software Testing
(Common to CSE, IT)**

- Write programs in 'C' Language to demonstrate the working of the following constructs:
i) do...while ii) while....do iii) if...else iv) switch v) for
- "A program written in 'C' language for Matrix Multiplication fails"
Introspect the causes for its failure and write down the possible reasons for its failure.
- Take any system (e.g. ATM system) and study its system specifications and report the various bugs.
- Write the test cases for any known application (e.g. Banking application)
- Create a test plan document for any application (e.g. Library Management System)
- Study of any testing tool (e.g. Win runner)
- Study of any web testing tool (e.g. Selenium)
- Study of any bug tracking tool (e.g. Bugzilla, bugbit)
- Study of any test management tool (e.g. Test Director)
- Study of any open source-testing tool (e.g. Test Link)
- Take a mini project (e.g. University admission, Placement Portal) and execute it. During the Life cycle of the mini project create the various testing documents* and final test report document.

*Note: To create the various testing related documents refer to the text "Effective Software Testing Methodologies by William E. Perry"

Case Tools

Students are divided into batches of 5 each and each batch has to draw the following diagrams using UML for an ATM system whose description is given below.

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UML diagrams to be developed are:

1. Use Case Diagram.
2. Class Diagram.
3. Sequence Diagram.
4. Collaboration Diagram.
5. State Diagram
6. Activity Diagram.
7. Component Diagram
8. Deployment Diagram.
9. Test Design.

Description for an ATM System

The software to be designed will control a simulated automated teller machine (ATM) having a magnetic stripe reader for reading an ATM card, a customer console (keyboard and display) for interaction with the customer, a slot for depositing envelopes, a dispenser for cash (in multiples of Rs. 100, Rs. 500 and Rs. 1000), a printer for printing customer receipts, and a key-operated switch to allow an operator to start or stop the machine. The ATM will communicate with the bank's computer over an appropriate communication link. (The software on the latter is not part of the requirements for this problem.)

The ATM will service one customer at a time. A customer will be required to insert an ATM card and enter a personal identification number (PIN) - both of which will be sent to the bank for validation as part of each transaction. The customer will then be able to perform one or more transactions. The card will be retained in the machine until the customer indicates that he/she desires no further transactions, at which point it will be returned - except as noted below.

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The ATM must be able to provide the following services to the customer:

1. A customer must be able to make a cash withdrawal from any suitable account linked to the card, in multiples of Rs. 100 or Rs. 500 or Rs. 1000. Approval must be obtained from the bank before cash is dispensed.
2. A customer must be able to make a deposit to any account linked to the card, consisting of cash and/or checks in an envelope. The customer will enter the amount of the deposit into the ATM, subject to manual verification when the envelope is removed from the machine by an operator. Approval must be obtained from the bank before physically accepting the envelope.
3. A customer must be able to make a transfer of money between any two accounts linked to the card.
4. A customer must be able to make a balance inquiry of any account linked to the card.
5. A customer must be able to abort a transaction in progress by pressing the Cancel key instead of responding to a request from the machine.

The ATM will communicate each transaction to the bank and obtain verification that it was allowed by the bank. Ordinarily, a transaction will be considered complete by the bank once it has been approved. In the case of a deposit, a second message will be sent to the bank indicating that the customer has deposited the envelope. (If the customer fails to deposit the envelope within the timeout period, or presses cancel instead, no second message will be sent to the bank and the deposit will not be credited to the customer.)

If the bank determines that the customer's PIN is invalid, the customer will be required to re-enter the PIN before a transaction can proceed. If the customer is unable to successfully enter the PIN after three tries, the card will be permanently retained by the machine, and the customer will have to contact the bank to get it back.

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If a transaction fails for any reason other than an invalid PIN, the ATM will display an explanation of the problem, and will then ask the customer whether he/she wants to do another transaction.

The ATM will provide the customer with a printed receipt for each successful transaction

The ATM will have a key-operated switch that will allow an operator to start and stop the servicing of customers. After turning the switch to the "on" position, the operator will be required to verify and enter the total cash on hand. The machine can only be turned off when it is not servicing a customer. When the switch is moved to the "off" position, the machine will shut down, so that the operator may remove deposit envelopes and reload the machine with cash, blank receipts, etc.

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(9A12706) MOBILE APPLICATIONS DEVELOPMENT LAB**Objective:**

In this lab, a student is expected to design, implement, document and present a mobile client/server system using standard Java and Java 2 Micro Edition (J2ME) platform. Specifically it is required to design and implement a system that consists mainly of a mobile client (MC) and a Proxy Server (PS). MC will be written in J2ME, MIDP 2.0, while PS will be written in standard Java. It is necessary to use a mobile phone emulator to develop and demonstrate the experiments.

It may be necessary to use other components or existing resources (servers) as needed. For instance a database local to PS or a web service available on the Internet that can be invoked by the PS.

Week - 1: Installation of Java Wireless Toolkit (J2ME)

1) If the Java Development Kit (JDK) is not there or only having the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) installed, install the latest JDK from <http://java.sun.com/javase/downloads/index.jsp>. Current stable release of Java is JDK 6 Update 7 but check the web page in case there are newer non-beta releases available.

2) Next, download the **Java Wireless Toolkit** (formerly called J2ME Wireless Toolkit) from:

<http://java.sun.com/products/sjwtoolkit/download.html>.

3) Run the installer (for example, for Windows it is: `sun_java_wireless_toolkit-2_5_2-windows.exe`). The installer checks whether a compatible Java environment has been pre-installed. If not, it is necessary to uninstall old versions of Java and perform Step 1 again. Once after successful installation of Java and the tool kit compile this program and run the following program in the toolkit.

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Steps to run this program in toolkit:

1. Start -> All Programs -> Sun Java Tool Kit -> Wireless Tool Kit
2. Click New Project – Enter Project Name -> Enter Class Name -> Click on Create Project.
3. Choose appropriate API Selection and Configurations.
4. Place Java Source file in WTK2.1 / WTK2.2\apps\projectname\src
5. Build the Project.
6. Run the Project.

```
import javax.microedition.lcdui.*;  
import javax.microedition.midlet.*;
```

```
public class HelloWorld extends MIDlet{  
    private Form form;  
    private Display display;
```

```
    public HelloWorld(){  
        super();  
    }
```

```
    public void startApp(){  
        form = new Form("Hello World");  
        String msg = "Hello World!!!!!!";  
        form.append(msg);  
        display = Display.getDisplay(this);  
        display.setCurrent(form);  
    }
```

```
    public void pauseApp(){}  

```

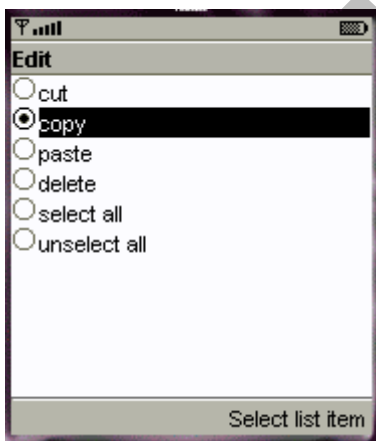
```
    public void destroyApp(boolean unconditional){  
        notifyDestroyed();  
    }  
}
```

2009-10**Week - 2 Working with J2ME Features:**

Working with J2ME Features: Say, creating a *Hello World* program
Experiment with the most basic features and mobile application
interaction concepts (lists, text boxes, buttons, radio boxes, soft buttons,
graphics, etc)

2.1 Create a program which creates to following kind of menu.

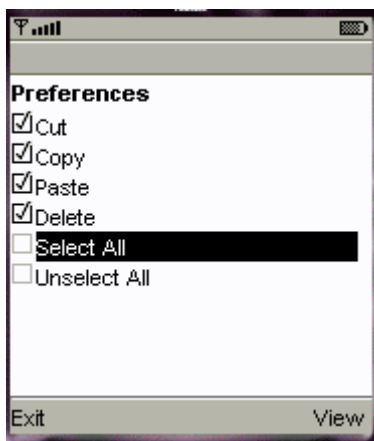
- * cut
- * copy
- * paste
- * delete
- * select all
- * unselect all

**2.2 Event Handling.**

Create a menu which has the following options:

- * cut - can be on/off
- * copy - can be on/off
- * paste - can be on/off
- * delete - can be on/off
- * select all - put all 4 options on
- * unselect all - put all 4 options off

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2.3. Input checking

Create an MIDP application which examine, that a phone number, which a user has entered is in the given format.

* Area code should be one of the following: 040, 041, 050, 0400, 044

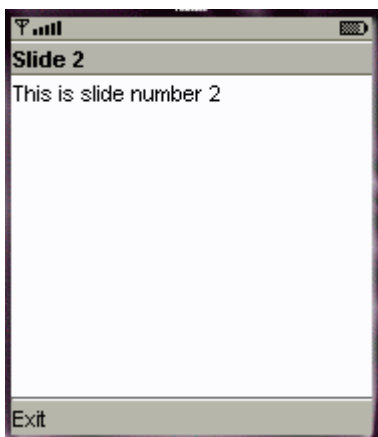
* There should 6-8 numbers in telephone number (+ area code)



Week - 3 Threads & High Level UI:

3.1. Create a slide show which has three slides, which includes only text. Program should change to the new slide after 5 seconds. After the third slide program returns to the first slide.

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3.2 High-level UI

Create a MIDP application, which show to the user 5-10 quiz questions. All questions have 4 possible options and one right option exactly. Application counts and shows to the user how many right answers were right and shows them to user.



3.3 Create a MIDP application, where the user can enter player name and points. The program saves the information to the record using RMS at MIDP device. Program should also print out the top 10 player list to the end user. You can use this class in your game if you made own class for saving and reading record sets.

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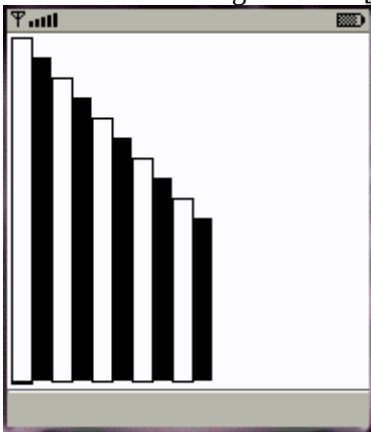
Week - 4 Working on Drawing and Images

4.1 Create a slide show which has three slides, which includes pictures at PNG format. Program should change to the new slide other 5 seconds.

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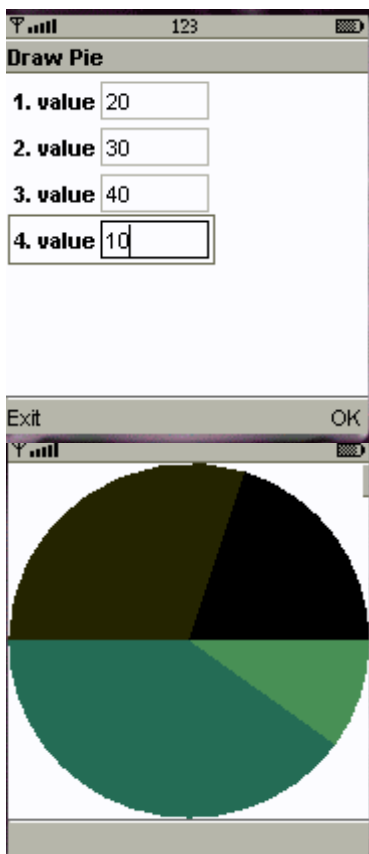


4.2 Create a MIDP application, which draws a bar graph to the display. Data values can be given at `int[]` array.



4.3 Create a MIDP application, which draws a bar graph to the display. Data values can be given at `int[]` array. You can enter four data (integer) values to the input text field.

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Week - 5 Developing Networked Applications using the Wireless Toolkit

Creating a Simple Client-Server Application

Create, compile and run a basic UDP-based client-server application.

Creating the Datagram Server project

1) Click on Wireless Toolkit 2.5.2 under the group: **All**

Programs→**Sun Java**

(TM) Wireless Toolkit 2.5.2.

2) Click on 'New Project...' button.

3) Enter project name as '**DatagramServer**'. Enter MIDlet name as '**DatagramServer**'. Note that the Midlet name is the same as the name

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of the class in the source code, which extends the MIDlet class, otherwise the application won't run.

4) Another window pops up where it is required to select a target platform. Select '**MIDP 1.0**' from the drop down list.

5) After clicking OK, the project is created; and the Wireless Toolkit tells that the name of the folder where source code files are created. The path of the source code folder is displayed in the debug output window.

Creating and Compiling the DatagramServer source files

The Wireless Toolkit does not come with an IDE by default so Use any IDE or a text editor like *Notepad*.

1) Create a new text file called **DatagramServer.java** in the source folder of the project. The exact path of this folder is displayed in the Wireless Toolkit window.

2) Paste contents **DatagramServer.java** from into the source file.

Running your Server application on the Phone simulator

1) After compiling the project successfully, click on the Run button in the Wireless Toolkit window.

2) A graphical window depicting a phone handset will appear with the name of your application highlighted on its screen as shown below.

3) To start the application, click on the right soft-key (marked with a dot) below the '**Launch**' command.

4) The phone simulator might ask if it is OK to run the network application. Select '**Yes**' by clicking on the appropriate soft-key. The server is now up and running.

5) Keep the server running during the creation, compilation and running of the Datagram Client application.

Creating the DatagramClient project

1) Use the same instance of the Wireless Toolkit that is used for creating and compiling the Datagram Server project.

2) Click on '**New Project...**' button.

3) A new window pops up. Enter project name as '**DatagramClient**'. Enter MIDlet name as '**DatagramClient**'. Note that the Midlet name is

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the same as the name of the class in the source code, which extends the MIDlet class.

4) Another window pops up where one has to select a target platform. Select '**MIDP 1.0**' from the drop down list.

5) After clicking OK, the project is created and the Wireless Toolkit tells where to place the source code files. The path of the source code folder is displayed in the debug output window as explained before.

Creating and Compiling the DatagramClient source files

- 1) Create a new text file called **DatagramClient.java** in the source folder of the project.
- 2) Paste contents **DatagramClient.java** into the source file.
- 3) Then click on the Build button in the Wireless Toolkit window. If the compilation is OK, it will say Build Complete in the window's debug output window, otherwise it will show the errors. Note: In the source code, use the System.out.println() statement to output debug information to this window.

Running your Client application on the Phone simulator

- 1) After compiling the project successfully, click on the Run button in the Wireless Toolkit window.
- 2) A graphical window depicting a phone handset will appear with the name of the application highlighted on its screen.
- 3) To start the application, click on the right soft-key (marked with a dot) below the '**Launch**' command.
- 4) The phone simulator might ask if it is OK to run the network application. Select '**Yes**' by clicking on the appropriate soft-key. The client is now up and running.
- 5) When the client executes on the phone simulator, one should see a text box with the caption 'Message'. Enter any message and press the right soft-key (corresponding to Send). If the client-server application is working properly, the screen of the server phone will display the message sent by the client and the client screen will now display a message sent by the server in response. The response message from the server is the original client message in reverse.
- 6) Try various features of the phone simulator including the different look-and feel options.

2009-10**Week - 6 Authentication with a Web Server****6.1 Write a sample program to show how to make a SOCKET Connection from j2me phone.**

This J2ME sample program shows how to how to make a SOCKET Connection from a J2ME Phone. Many a times there is a need to connect backend HTTP server from the J2ME application. shows how to make a SOCKET connection from the phone to port 80.

6.2 Login to HTTP Server from a J2ME Program

This J2ME sample program shows how to display a simple LOGIN SCREEN on the J2ME phone and how to authenticate to a HTTP server.

Many J2ME applications for security reasons require the authentication of the user. This free J2ME sample program, shows how a J2ME application can do authentication to the backend server.

Note: Use Apache Tomcat Server as Web Server and Mysql as Database Server.

Week - 7 & 8 Web Application using J2ME

The following should be carried out with respect to the given set of application domains: (Assume that the Server is connected to the well-maintained database of the given domain. Mobile Client is to be connected to the Server and fetch the required data value/information)

- Students Marks Enquiry
- Town/City Movie Enquiry
- Railway/Road/Air (For example PNR) Enquiry/Status
- Sports (say, Cricket) Update
- Town/City Weather Update
- Public Exams (say Intermediate or SSC)/ Entrance (Say EAMCET) Results Enquiry

Divide Student into Batches and suggest them to design database according to their domains and render information according the requests.

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**(9AHS701) MANAGEMENT SCIENCE
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)****UNIT I****INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT:**

Concepts of Management and organization- nature, importance and Functions of Management, Taylor's Scientific Management Theory, Fayol's Principles of Management, Mayo's Hawthorne Experiments, Maslow's Theory of Human Needs, Douglas McGregor's Theory X and Theory Y, Herzberg's Two-Factor Theory of Motivation, Systems Approach to Management, Leadership Styles, Social responsibilities of Management.

UNIT II**DESIGNING ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURES:**

Basic concepts related to Organisation - Departmentation and Decentralisation, Types of mechanistic and organic structures of organisation (Line organization, Line and staff organization, functional organization, Committee organization, matrix organization, Virtual Organisation, Cellular Organisation, team structure, boundaryless organization, inverted pyramid structure, lean and flat organization structure) and their merits, demerits and suitability.

UNIT III**OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT:**

Principles and Types of Plant Layout-Methods of production (Job, batch and Mass Production), Work Study -Basic procedure involved in Method Study and Work Measurement- Statistical Quality Control: chart, R chart, $\bar{c}$ chart, p chart, (simple Problems), Acceptance Sampling, Deming's contribution to quality.

2009-10**UNIT IV****MATERIALS MANAGEMENT:**

Objectives, Need for Inventory control, EOQ, ABC Analysis, Purchase Procedure, Stores Management and Stores Records.

Marketing: Functions of Marketing, Marketing Mix, Marketing Strategies based on Product Life Cycle, Channels of distribution

UNIT V**HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT (HRM):**

Concepts of HRM, HRD and Personnel Management and Industrial Relations (PMIR), HRM vs. PMIR, Basic functions of HR Manager: Manpower planning, Recruitment, Selection, Training and Development, Placement, Wage and Salary Administration, Promotion, Transfer, Separation, Performance Appraisal, Grievance Handling and Welfare Administration, Job Evaluation and Merit Rating.

UNIT VI**PROJECT MANAGEMENT (PERT/CPM):**

Network Analysis, Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), Critical Path Method (CPM), Identifying critical path, Probability of Completing the project within given time, Project Cost Analysis, Project Crashing. (simple problems)

UNIT VII**STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT:**

Mission, Goals, Objectives, Policy, Strategy, Programmes, Elements of Corporate Planning Process, Environmental Scanning, Value Chain Analysis, SWOT Analysis, Steps in Strategy Formulation and Implementation, Generic Strategy alternatives.

UNIT VIII**CONTEMPORARY MANAGEMENT PRACTICES:**

Basic concepts of MIS, End User Computing, Materials Requirement Planning (MRP), Just-In-Time (JIT) System, Total Quality Management (TQM), Six sigma and Capability Maturity Model (CMM) Levels, Supply Chain Management, Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP), Performance Management, Business Process outsourcing

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(BPO), Business Process Re-engineering and Bench Marking, Balanced Score Card.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Aryasri: Management Science, TMH, 2004.
2. Stoner, Freeman, Gilbert, Management, 6th Ed, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Kotler Philip & Keller Kevin Lane: Marketing Management 12/e, PHI, 2005.
2. Koontz & Weihrich: Essentials of Management, 6/e, TMH, 2005.
3. Thomas N. Duening & John M. Ivancevich: Management—Principles and Guidelines, Biztantra, 2003.
4. Kanishka Bedi, Production and Operations Management, Oxford University Press, 2004.
5. Memoria & S.V. Gauker, Personnel Management, Himalaya, 25/e, 2005
6. Samuel C. Certo: Modern Management, 9/e, PHI, 2005
7. Schermerhorn, Capling, Poole & Wiesner: Management, Wiley, 2002.
8. Parnell: Strategic Management, Biztantra, 2003.
9. Lawrence R. Jauch, R. Gupta & William F. Glueck: Business Policy and Strategic Management, Frank Bros., 2005.
10. L.S. Srinath: PERT/CPM, Affiliated East-West Press, 2005.

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**(9A05801) DESIGN PATTERNS
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)****UNIT I**

Review Of Formal Notations & Foundation Classes In C++: Class diagram, Object diagram, Interaction diagram Examples. List, Iterator, ListIterator, Point, Rect, coding in C++.

UNIT II

Introduction To Design Patterns: Design Pattern Definition, Design Patterns in Small Talk MVC, Describing Design Patterns, Catalog of Design Patterns, Organizing the Catalog, Solving of Design Problems using Design Patterns, Selection of a Design Pattern, use of Design Patterns.

UNIT III

Designing A Document Editor: A Case Study: Design problems, Document structure, Formatting, Embellishing the User Interface, Supporting Multiple Look and Feel standards, Supporting Multiple Window Systems, User Operations, Spelling Checking and Hyphenation.

UNIT IV

Design Patterns Catalog: Creational Patterns, Abstract Factory, Builder, Factory Method, Prototype, Singleton. Discussion of Creational Patterns.

UNIT V

Structural Patterns-1: Adapter, Bridge, Composite, Decorator.

UNIT VI

Structural Patterns-2 & Behavioral Patterns-1: Structural patterns: Façade. Flyweight, Proxy, Discuss of Structural Patterns. Behavioral Patterns: Chain of Responsibility Command, Interpreter.

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UNIT-VII:

Behavioral Patterns-2: Iterator, Mediator, Observer, State, Strategy, Template Method, Visitor, Discussion of Behavioral Patterns.

UNIT-VIII:

Behavioral Patterns-3: State, Strategy, Template Method, Visitor, Discussion of Behavioral Patterns, Expectations from Design Patterns.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Design Patterns: Elements of Reusable Object Oriented Software, Gamma, Helm, Johnson, 1995, PEA.

REFERENCES:

1. Java Design Patterns, Cooper, Pearson.
2. Object Oriented Design and Patterns, Horstmann, Wiley.
3. Object Oriented Systems Development, Ali Bahrami, 1999, MCG.
4. Applying UML Patterns, Larman, PEA.
5. Pattern's in JAVA Vol-I, Mark Grand, Wiley DreamTech.
6. Pattern's in JAVA Vol-II, Mark Grand, Wiley DreamTech.
7. JAVA Enterprise Design Patterns Vol-III, Mark Grand, Wiley DreamTech.
8. Design Patterns Explained, Alan Shalloway, Pearson Education.
9. Pattern Oriented Software Architecture, F.Buschmann and others, John Wiley & Sons.

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Building an Effective E-Business Strategy. Applying and Managing E-Business Intelligence Tools for Application Development: E-Business Requirements for Rapid Application Development, The Future of Web Commerce Ts for Application Development.

UNIT VIII

E-Commerce Security: Types of Security Technologies: The Internet, The Internet Is Big Business, The New Economy, Where Old Meets New, Flawed Infrastructure, Emergence of Cyber Crime, Outside Attacks, Inside Attacks, Threats Due to Lack of Security, Cyber Security Need, Internet Security Education, E-Commerce Application Security Technology Essentials. Protocols for the Public Transport of Private Information: Profiling, Personalization, and Privacy, Privacy: A Vital E-Business Enabler. Biding an E-Commerce Trust Infrastructure.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Electronic Commerce, Pete Loshin/ Ohn Vacca, Fourth Edition, Firewall Media.
2. Electronic Commerce, Efraim Turban, Fourth Edition, Pearson.

REFERENCES:

1. Introduction to E-Commerce, Second Edition, Jeffrey F. Rayport, Bernard J. Jaworski, TMH.
2. Global Electronic Commerce: Theory and Case Studies, J.Christopher Westland, Theodore H. K. Clark, Universities Press.
3. Ecommerce: Strategy, Technology and Implementation, Gary P. Schneider, Cengage Learning
4. E-Commerce: The Cutting Edge of Business, Second Edition, Kamlesh K. Bajaj, Debjani Nag, TMH

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**(9A12802) ENTERPRISE APPLICATION INTEGRATION
(ELECTIVE III)****UNIT I**

The business drivers of EAI: EAI enables critical new solutions, improving customer relationships, improving supply-chain relationships, improving internal processes, reducing time to market, the value of legacy and packaged applications, the web, barriers to effective EAI.

UNIT II

Types of Integration: Integration models, integration and coupling, presentation integration model, the data integration model, functional integration model.

UNIT III

EAI building blocks: the communication model, methods of integration, middleware choices, service building blocks.

UNIT IV

Messaging architecture and solutions: messaging queuing, message queuing products, messaging example.

UNIT V

Integrating workflow management: General workflow model, process design considerations, integration elements, assessing scalability, product requirements, and standards.

UNIT VI

Component technology: component strategy, components specifications, component technology, component modeling technology.

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UNIT VII

Ensuring enterprise system security: security requirements, security techniques, security strategy.

UNIT VIII

Supporting enterprise intelligence: Business requirements for enterprise intelligence, establishing architectural support for enterprise intelligence.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Enterprise Integration: An Architecture for Enterprise Application and Systems Integration (OMG), Fred A Cummins, John Wiley & Sons, 2002
2. Enterprise Application Integration: A Wiley Tech Brief, William A. Ruh, John Wiley & Sons, 2000.

REFERENCES:

1. Enterprise Application Integration, David Linthicum, Addison-Wesley, 2003.
2. Middleware Enterprise Application Integration, Daniel Serain, Springer Verlag, 2002.
3. TCP/IP Illustrated, Volume 1: The Protocols, W. Richard Stevens, Addison-Wesley, 1994.
4. TCP/IP Illustrated, Volume 2: The Implementation, Gary R. Wright, W. Richard Stevens Addison-Wesley, 1995

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**(9A05807) WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS
(Common to CSE, CSSE, IT)
(ELECTIVE III)****UNIT I**

HIPERLAN: Protocol Architecture, Physical Layer, Channel Access Control Sub-layer, MAC Sub-layer, Information Bases and Networking. WLAN: Infrared vs. RadioTransmission, Infrastructure and Ad Hoc Networks, IEEE 802.11. Bluetooth: User Scenarios, Physical Layer, MAC layer, Networking, Security, LinkManagement. GSM: Mobile Services, System Architecture, RadioInterface, Protocols, Localization and calling, Handover, Security, and New Data Services. Mobile Computing (MC): Introduction to MC, Novel Applications, Limitations, and Architecture.

UNIT II

Motivation for a Specialized MAC (Hidden and Exposed Terminals, Near and Far Terminals), SDMA, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA. MAC Protocols for GSM, Wireless LAN (IEEE802.11), Collision Avoidance (MACA, MACAW) Protocols.

UNIT III

IP and Mobile IP Network Layers, Packet Delivery and Handover Management, Location Management, Registration, Tunneling and Encapsulation, Route Optimization, DHCP.

UNIT IV

Conventional TCP/IP Protocols, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP, Other Transport Layer Protocols for Mobile Networks.

UNIT V

Basics of Wireless Sensors and Applications, The Mica Mote, Sensing and Communication Range, Design Issues, Energy consumption, Clustering of Sensors, Applications

UNIT VI

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Data Retrieval in Sensor Networks, Classification of WSNs, MAC layer, Routing layer, High-level application layer support, Adapting to the inherent dynamic nature of WSNs.

UNIT VII

Sensor Network Platforms and Tools, Sensor Network Hardware, Sensor Network Programming Challenges, Node-Level Software Platforms.

UNIT VIII

Operating System – TinyOS, Imperative Language: nesC, Dataflow style language: TinyGALS, Node-Level Simulators, ns-2 and its sensor network extension, TOSSIM

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mobile Computing, Raj Kamal, Oxford University Press, 2007, ISBN: 0195686772
2. Mobile Communications, Jochen Schiller, Addison-Wesley, Second Edition, 2004
3. Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks, Theory and Applications, Carlos Corderio Dharma P. Aggarwal, World Scientific Publications / Cambridge University Press, March 2006
4. Wireless Sensor Networks: An Information Processing Approach, Feng Zhao, Leonidas Guibas, Elsevier Science imprint, Morgan Kauffman Publishers, 2005, rp2009

REFERENCES:

1. Adhoc Wireless Networks: Architectures and Protocols, C.Siva Ram Murthy, B.S.Murthy, Pearson Education, 2004
2. Wireless Sensor Networks: Principles and Practice, Fei Hu, Xiaojun Cao, An Auerbach book, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2010
3. Wireless Ad hoc Mobile Wireless Networks: Principles, Protocols and Applications, Subir Kumar Sarkar, et al., Auerbach Publications, Taylor & Francis Group, 2008.
4. Ad hoc Networking, Charles E.Perkins, Pearson Education, 2001.
5. Wireless Ad hoc Networking, Shih-Lin Wu, Yu-Chee Tseng, Auerbach Publications, Taylor & Francis Group, 2007

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6. Wireless Ad hoc and Sensor Networks: Protocols, Performance and Control, Jagannathan Sarangapani, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2007, rp 2010.
7. Security in Ad hoc and Sensor Networks, Raheem Beyah, et al., World Scientific Publications / Cambridge University Press, , 2010
8. Ad hoc Wireless Networks: A communication-theoretic perspective, Ozan K.Tonguz, Gialuigi Ferrari, Wiley India, 2006, rp2009.
9. Wireless Sensor Networks: Signal processing and communications perspectives, Ananthram Swami, et al., Wiley India, 2007, rp2009.

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**(9A12803) DEVICE DRIVER DEVELOPMENT
(ELECTIVE IV)****UNIT I**

Introduction to Device Drivers: Role of Device Drivers, splitting the kernel, classes of Devices and modules, security issues, version numbering, building and running modules Kernel modules Vs. Applications, compiling & loading, kernel symbol table, preliminaries, Interaction and shutdown, module parameters, doing it in user space.

UNIT II

Char Drivers: Design of scull, major and minor numbers, important data structures, char device registration, open and release, memory usage, read, write, playing with the new devices.

UNIT III

Introduction to the Kernel: Important Data structures, Main Algorithms, Implementation of system calls. Debugging Techniques:. Design support in the Kernel, debugging by printing, querying, watching, system faults.

UNIT IV

Memory Management: Architecture Independent memory models, Virtual address space of a process, block device caching, Paging under Linux. Allocating memory: Kmalloc, lookaside caches, get free page and friends, vmalloc and friends, per – CPU variables, obtaining large Buffers.

UNIT V

Concurrency and race Conditions: Pitfalls in scull, concurrency & its management, semaphores and mutexes, completions, spin locks, loading traps, alternatives to Locking.

2009-10**UNIT VI**

Time, Delays, Deferred Work: Measuring time lapses, Knowing current time, delaying execution, kernel timers, tasklets, workqueues.

UNIT VII

Interrupt handling: Preparing the parallel port, installing an Interrupt handler, implementing a handler, Top and bottom Halves, Interrupt Sharing, interrupt driven I/O. Communicating with H/W: I/O ports and I/O Memory, Using I/O ports, An I/O port example, using I/O memory.

UNIT VIII

Data types in Kernel: Uses of structured C types, assigning an explicit size to data items, interface specific types, other portability issues, linked lists. Advanced Cache Driver Operations: ioctl, blocking I/O, poll and select, Asynchronous Notification, Seeking a Device, Access control on a device file.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Linux Device Drivers, Third Edition, J. Corbet, Rubini & Greg K. Hartman, O' Reilly.
2. Linux Kernel Programming, Third Edition, M. Beck *et al*, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. Running Linux, Fourth Edition, Welsh et al, O'Reilly
2. Linux Kernel Architecture, Wolf Gang Maurer, Wiley
3. Linux Programming, Fourth Edition, Neil Mathew, Richard Stones, Wiley
4. Redhat Linux Networking and System Administration, Third Edition, Terry Collings and Kurt wall, Wiley
5. Linux Administration Hand book, Second Edition, Ebinemeth, Garth Snyder, Trent R. Hein, Pearson Education.
6. Linux Programming by Example: The Fundamentals, Arnold Robbins, Pearson Education.
7. Linux System Programming, Robert Love, O'Reilly.

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**(9A12804) CLOUD COMPUTING
(ELECTIVE IV)****UNIT I**

Introductory concepts and overview: Distributed systems, Parallel computing architectures: Vector processing, Symmetric multi processing and Massively parallel processing systems, High performance Cluster computing, Grid computing, Service Oriented Architecture overview, Virtualization.

UNIT II

Overview of Cloud Computing: Meaning of the terms cloud and cloud computing, cloud based service offerings, Grid computing vs Cloud computing, Benefits of cloud model, limitations, legal issues, Key characteristics of cloud computing, Challenges for the cloud, The evolution of cloud computing.

UNIT III

Web services delivered from the cloud: Infrastructure as a service, Platform-as-a-service, Software-as-a-service. Building Cloud networks: Evolution from the MSP model to cloud computing and software-as-a-service, The cloud data center, SOA as step toward cloud computing, Basic approach to a data center based SOA.

UNIT IV

Federation Presence, Identity and Privacy in the cloud: Federation in the cloud, Presence in the cloud, Privacy and its relation to cloud based information system. Security in the Cloud: Cloud security challenges, Software-as-a-service security.

UNIT V

Common Standards in Cloud computing: The open cloud consortium, The distributed management task force, standards for application developers, standards for messaging, standards for security.

2009-10**UNIT VI**

End user access to cloud computing: youtube, zimbra, Facebook, Zoho, DimDim Collaboration

Mobile internet devices and the cloud: Smartphone, mobile operating systems for smart phones, Mobile Platform virtualization, Collaboration applications for mobile platforms, Future trends.

UNIT VII

Virtualization: Adding guest Operating system. Cloud computing case studies1: Amazon EC2, Amazon simple DB, Amazon S3, Amazon Cloud Front, Amazon SQS.

UNIT VIII

Cloud computing case studies2: Google App Engine, Google web tool kit, Microsoft Azure Services platform, Windows live, Exchange on line, Sharepoint services, Microsoft dynamic CRM – salesforce.com, CRM – App Exchange

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Cloud Computing implementation, management and security by John W. Rittinghouse, James F. Ransome, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis group, 2010.
2. Cloud Computing: A practical approach by Anthony T. velte, Toby J. velte Robert Elsenpeter, Tata Mc Graw Hill edition, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. Cloud Application Architectures by George Reese, Oreilly publishers.
2. Cloud Computing and SOA convergence in your enterprise, by David S. Linthicum, Addison- Wesley.

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**(9A12805) DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEMS
(ELECTIVE IV)****UNIT I**

Basic Concepts: Decision making systems, Modeling and support, Basics and definition Systems models, Modeling process, Decision making, Intelligence phase, Design phase Choice phase, Evaluation, Implementation phase, Alternative decision making models, Decision support systems, Decision makers, Case applications.

UNIT II

Decision Support System Development: Decision support system development, Basics, Life cycle, Methodologies, Prototype, Technology levels and tools, Development platforms, Tool selection, Developing DSS, Enterprise systems, Concepts and definition, Evolution of information systems, Information needs, Characteristics and capabilities, Comparing and integrating EIS and DSS, EIS data access, Data warehouse, OLAP, Multidimensional analysis, Presentation and the Web, Including soft information enterprise on systems, Organizational DSS, Supply and value chains, Decision support, Supply chain problems and solutions, Computerized systems. MRP, ERP, SCM, Frontline decision support systems.

UNIT III

Knowledge Management: Organizational learning and memory , Knowledge management, Development Methods, Technologies and tools, Success , Knowledge management and artificial intelligence, Electronic Document Management, Knowledge Acquisition and Validation, Knowledge Engineering – Scope, Acquisition Methods, Interviews, Tracking Methods, Observation and other Methods, Grid Analysis, Machine Learning, Rule Induction, Case-Based Reasoning, Neural Computing, Intelligent Agents, Selection of an appropriate Knowledge Acquisition Methods, Multiple Experts, Validation and

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Verification of the Knowledge Base-Analysis, Coding, Documenting, and Diagramming, Numeric and Documented.

UNIT IV

Knowledge Acquisition, Knowledge Acquisition and the Internet/Intranets, Knowledge Representation Basics, Representation in Logic and other Schemas, Semantic Networks, Production Rules, Frames, Multiple Knowledge Representation, Experimental Knowledge Representations, Representing Uncertainty.

UNIT V

Intelligent System Development: Inference Techniques, Reasoning in Artificial Intelligence, Inference with Rules, Inference Tree, Inference with Frames, Model Based and Case Based Reasoning, Explanation and Meta Knowledge, Inference with Uncertainty, Representing Uncertainty, Probabilities and Related Approaches, Theory of Certainty, Approximate Reasoning using Fuzzy Logic

UNIT VI

Intelligent Systems Development, Prototyping, Project Initialization, System Analysis and Design, Software Classification, Building Expert Systems with Tools, Shells and Environments, Software Selection, Hardware, Rapid Prototyping and a Demonstration Prototype, System Development, Implementation, Post Implementation.

UNIT VII

Management Support Systems: Implementing and Integrating Management Support Systems, Implementation, Major Issues, Strategies, System Integration, Generic Models MSS, DSS-ES, Integrating EIS, DSS and ES, Global Integration, Intelligent DSS, Intelligent Modeling and Model Management, Examples of Integrated Systems, Problems and Issues in Integration.

UNIT VIII

Impacts of Management Support Systems, Overview, Organizational Structure and Related Areas, MSS Support to Business Process Re-Engineering, Personnel Management Issues, Impact on Individuals, Productivity, Quality and Competitiveness, Decision Making and the

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Manager Manager's Job, Issues of Legality, Privacy and Ethics, Intelligent Systems and Employment. Levels, Internet Communication, Other Societal Impacts, Managerial Implications and Social Responsibilities.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Decision Support Systems and Intelligent Systems, Sixth Edition, Efrain Turban and Jay E. Aronson, Pearson Education, 2001.

REFERENCES:

1. Knowledge Management Enabling business Growth, Ganesh Natarajan and Sandhya Shekhar, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.
2. Decision Support System, George M. Marakas, Prentice Hall, India, 2003.
3. Decision Support and Data Warehouse Systems, Efram A. Mallach, Tata McGraw, Hill, 2002.
4. Knowledge Management: Theory and Practice, Dalkar, Elsevier, 2007.
5. Knowledge Management: An Evolutionary View, Becerra Fernandez and Laidener, PHI, 2009.