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AG	Code No: 131AH JAWAHARDAL NEERU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, HYDERABAD B. Tech I Year I Semester Examinations, May/June - 2017 ENGINEERING PHYSICS - I (Common to EEE, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT) Max. Marks: 75
AG	Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B. Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.
AG	1.a) What do you understand by a grating element? [2] b) Sketch the neat diagram of Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit. [3] c) What is meant by optical resonator? [2] d) Give some applications of lasers in medical applications. [3] e) Sketch the ray propagation in multimode Graded Index optical fiber. [2] f) How will you classify the optical fibers? [3] g) Define atomic radius, co-ordination number? [2] h) Draw the following planes of cubic structure (121), (010), (202). [3] i) Sketch the neat diagram for screw dislocation. [2] j) What are Frenkel and Schottky defects? [3]
AG	2.a) Explain spatial and temporal coherence. b) Derive an expression for radius of curvature of Plano convex lines in Newton's rings experiment. c) A screen is placed 2 m away from a narrow slit. Find the slit width if the first
AG	and having 425 lines/cm. A screen is placed 2 m away from a harrow sitt. Find the sit width it the mix minimum lies 5 mm on either side of the central maximum when plane wave of \$\lambda = 5 \times 10^{-7}\$ m are incident on the slit. OR 3.a) Explain Fresnel and Fraunhoffer diffraction. Briefly explain Fraunhoffer diffraction at single slit experiment? C) Examine if two spectral lines of wavelengths 5890 A ⁰ and 5893 A ⁰ can be clearly resolved in the (i) first order and (ii) second order by a diffraction grating 2 cm wide and having 425 lines/cm. [3+4+3]
AG	4.a) What is the difference between polarized and unpolarised light? b) Discuss the construction and working of nicol prism. c) What is the principle of quarter wave plates? OR [4+3+3]
AG.	 Discuss the characteristics of laser radiation. Describe the construction and working of ruby laser. Calculate the relative population in the laser transition levels in a ruby laser in thermal equilibrium (without pumping of atoms). The wavelength of the ruby laser light is 6943 A⁰ at 300 K.



