

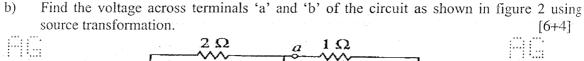
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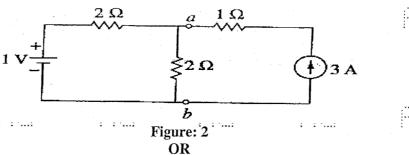
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	Code No: 131AK	R16	
Ki.	JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYD B.Tech I Year I Semester Examinations, December 2016 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERIN (Common to EEE, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT)	\$ 1 M.III	
	Time: 3 hours	Max. Marks: 75	
	Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all question Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from ea question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.	ions in Part A.	
	PART-A	(25 Marks)	
	 1.a) What is the significance of j- notation in analysis of A.C circuits? b) Obtain the V-I relationship for passive elements. c) What is the relation between bandwidth and quality factor in RLC series r 	[2] [3] resonant circuit?	
	e) What is a bleeder resistance? Why it is used in L-C filter? f) Determine AC resistance for a semiconductor diode with a forward Reverse saturation current at room temperature is of 1.2µA.	[3]	
	g) What is thermal runaway in transistor amplifier circuit? h) In a transistor determine base current if emitter current is 1.00 mA and colin 2.092 mA. i) Define pinch-off voltage of a JFET. j) What are the relative merits and demerits of a FET amplifier over a transis	[2]	Ä
	PART-B	(50 Marks)	
	2.a) Find equivalent resistance R _{ab} in figure 1. Resistor values are in ohms.		
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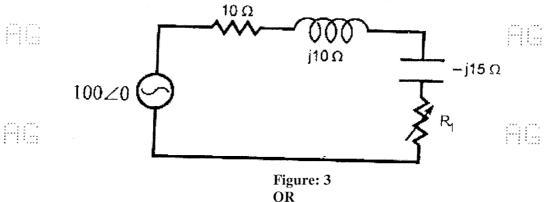


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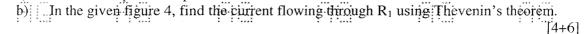


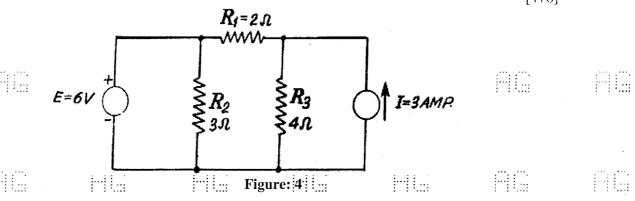


- 3.a) Derive an expression for power in a single phase circuit contains R, L elements in series across sinusoidal voltage.
 - b) A coil takes a current of 2.5 A at 0.8 lagging power factor from a 220 volt 60Hz single phase source; If the coil is impideled by a series RL circuit, find i) the complex power in the coil and ii) the values of R and L. [5+5]
- 4.a) An inductance of 0.5 H, a resistance of 5 ohm and a capacitance of 8 μF are in series across a 220 V a.c supply. Calculate the frequency at which the circuit resonates. Find the current at resonance, bandwidth, half power, frequencies, and the voltage across capacitance at resonance.
 - b) In the network shown in figure 3, the load consists of fixed capacitive reactance of 15Ω and a variable resistance R_1 . Determine i) the value of R_1 for which the power transferred is a maximum and ii) The value of maximum power. [5+5]



5.a) State and explain compensation theorem.





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	 Define diffusion capacitance of a P-N junction diode. Obtain an expression for the same. Why is the diffusion capacitance negligible for a reverse-biased diode? A full-wave rectifier uses a double diode with each element having a constant forward resistance of 600Ω. The transformer r.m.s secondary voltage from the centre tap to each side is 280V and the load has a resistance of 3KΩ. Determine i) dc output power ii) ac input power iii) the rectification efficiency and iv) voltage regulation from no load 								
iii	7.a) b)	braw the circuit diagiii) ripple factor iv) et A half-wave rectifier transformer have a t 220V (peak value), d	ram of a full-wa fficiency of recti has a load res otal resistance of	OR we bridge rectified fication and v) P istance of $4K\Omega$. of 800Ω and the	er circuit and calcorder circuit and calcorder to the diode and input voltage has	ulate i) I_{dc} ii) I_{rms} e. I secondary of the as an ac signal of			
		power outpui iii) a	c power input	iv) rectification	efficiency: and	v) ripple factor. [5+5]			
		How would you calculate the input dynamic resistance of the transistor? b) What is early effect? Explain how it affects the BIT characteristics in CB configuration. [6+4]							
· · · · · ·		Draw the biasing circ with emitter and refer	ence ground iii)	potential divider	bias.				
	**** *********************************	A common emitter transistor amplifier circuit has the following characteristics: $h_{ie} = 1000\Omega$; $h_{fe} = 50$, $h_{re} = 2.5 \times 10^{-6}$, $h_{oe} = 25 \times 10^{-6}$ A/V. If the load resistance $R_L = 10 \text{K}\Omega$ and source resistance is 100Ω . Find the input resistance, output resistance and the voltage, current and power gains. [5+5]							
IG.	What is meant by depletion region in JFET? Explain with suitable diagrams what are the basic differences between BJT and JFET? When gate source voltage is 12V and gate current is 1×10-6mA; determine the resistance between the gate and source of a given JFET. OR								
	11.a) Explain how can a Zener diode be used as voltage regulator. b) State and explain different applications of SCR and Tunnel diode. [5+5]								
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