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R15 Code No: 127HX JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B. Tech IV Year I Semester Examinations, November/December - 2018 SWITCH GEAR AND PROTECTION (Electrical and Electronics Engineering) Time: 3 Hours **Note:** This question paper contains two parts A and B. Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions. 1.a) What is the use of circuit breakers? [2] b) What is meant by recovery voltage and restriking voltage? [3] What is meant by MHO relay? c) [2] d) What are the advantages of static relays over electromagnetic relays? [3] What is differential protection? e) [2] How do you protect generator against stator faults? f) [3] What is earthing? What is its need? g) [2] h) What is arcing grounds? [3] i) What are the main lightning protections schemes? [2] i) What are the switching over voltages. What is a vacuum circuit breaker? Explain its working principle. 2.a) b) Discuss the operation, advantages and applications of SF₆ circuit breaker. [4+6]3.a) Define RRRV? Explain the calculation of average and Maximum RRRV. In a short circuit test on 130kV, three-phase system, the circuit breaker gave the b) following results: p.f. of fault: 0.45; recovery voltage 0.95 times full line voltage, breaker current symmetrical and restriking transient had a natural frequency 16kHz. Determine average RRRV. Assume fault is grounded. 4. What is a relay? What are different types of relays? Explain the operation of induction disc type electromagnetic relay. What are distance relays? What are the applications of distance relays? Discuss the effect of line length and source impedance on distance relays.

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	6.a)	What are the main faults that occur in generators? Explain the protection of generators against rotor faults. The neutral point of a 11 kV alternator is earthed through a resistance of 12Ω, the relay is set to operate when there is out of balance current of 0.8 A. The C.T.s have a ratio of 200/5. What percentage of the winding is protected against earth faults? What must be the minimum value of earthing resistance required to give 90% of protection to each phase? [5+5] OR	A
C	7.a) b)	What is a Buchholtz relays? Explain its operation. The primary winding of a transformer has 2000 turns and CT ratio is 600:5 The secondary has 10000 turns and is working on a tap of 60%. Find out CT ratio required for secondary side to establish circulating current scheme. [5+5]	
	8.a) b)	What are the faults that occur in transmission system? List different protection schemes used in transmission systems. What is a Translay Relay? Explain its operation. Explain the resistance grounding/scheme and mention its advantages and disadvantages. What is reactance grounding? Mention its disadvantages. [5+5]	A
	10.a) b)	What are lightning over voltages? Explain its causes. What are lightning arresters? Explain its working principle. [5+5]	
	\(\begin{array}{c} 11.a) \\ \end{array} b)	Explain the purpose of insulation coordination. Explain the working of Zinc oxide (ZnO) surge arresters. [545]	A
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