www.FirstRanker.com

www.FirstRanker.com

AG	AG	AG	AG	AG	AG	AG	_
A Tim	e: 3 Hours This question Part A is con		mester Examina AL DISTRUBU Il and Electronic wo parts A and B arries 25 marks. A	tions, April/Ma TION SYSTEM is Engineering)	orch - 2018 IS Max. Marks	s: 75	A
AG		arks and may have	e a, b, c as sub qu	estions.		Marks)	_
1.a) b) c) d) e) f) f) g) h) i)	How the load List the desig What are the What is the s In terms of a factor for wh What are the What is the p What are the	pincidence factor als are classified? In and operation a merits and demerigation for control of the control of	What are its various aspects affected be rits of loop type per lage drop calculated actance of the cities maximum? In faults that occur ion of fuse?	ous types? y the primary feeders? tions in distribut rcuit, derive the in a distribution ge control. ribution systems	cion systems? equation for loa system?	[3] [2] ad power [3] [2] [3] [2] [3]	A
2.a) b)	A substation 6000 kW,100 and the avera and annual er Explain load Determine the of a substation	ypical features of is to supply 100 kW and 5000 age annual load facergy supplied from modelling and its e number of units on which supplied 500 kW. The supplied 55%.	three regions kW. The diversit actor is 0.65. Cal om the substation OR characteristics. s supplied annual s the loads as fo	of loads whose by factor of the loculate the peak of the loculate the locula	e maximum va bad at the substati demand on the substati demand on the substati demand on the substati wor and the demand word the demand word the demand word word word word word word word wor	ion is 1.5 ubstation [5+5] and factor 500 kW,	Δ
4.a) b)	How do you	gle fine diagram selection of prima choose primary arrangement with	feeder arrangen	nent from the r	I mention the fac	of view? [5+5]	A
AĜ	AG	AG	AG	AG	AG	AG	A

www.FirstRanker.com

www.FirstRanker.com

Explain the basic design practice of the secondary distribution system with neat diagram. 5.a) How do you determine the rating of the distribution sub-station and derive the voltage b) drop for square area is served by four primary feeders. [5+5]Derive the expressions for voltage drop and power loss of uniformly distributed load of 6.a) three phase feeder. Prove that the power loss due to load currents in the conductors of the single-phase twob) wire unigrounded lateral with full capacity neutral is 6 times larger than the one in the equivalent three phase 4-wire lateral. OR. Explain the differences between a/3-phase balanced and non 3-phase primary line. A single-phase feeder circuit has total impedance 1+j3 ohms, receiving end voltage is 2.4 kV and current is 50∠-30° A. Determine (i) p.f. of load. (ii) Load p.f. for which the drop is maximum (iii) Load p.f. for which impedance angle is maximum. What are the main objectives of distribution system protection? Discuss. 8.a) What types of protective devices are used to reduce various types of faults? Explain with b) a typical radial feeder protection diagram. What are the types of co-ordination procedure? Explain fuse to circuit breaker co-9.a) ordination. Describe in detail about the operation of line sectionalizer. [5+5] b) Describe the operation of AVR with neat diagram. 10.a) Justify the importance of voltage control and p.f. Correction. b) OR. Explain about line drop compensation. 11.a) Explain how series capacitors control the voltage in the distribution systems. [4+6]

TUM DH DH DH DH DH