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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B.Tech I Year II Semester Examinations, May - 2019 CHEMISTRY

(Common to CE, ME, ECE, EIE, MCT, MMT, AE, MIE, PTM)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B.

Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.

PART-A

(25 Marks)

| 1.a) | What are the differences between atomic and molecular orbitals? | [2] |
|------|--|-----|
| b) | What is Calgon? Write the reaction involved in Calgon conditioning. | [2] |
| c) | Define standard electrode potentials. | [2] |
| d) | Write the reaction involved in the addition of HBr to Propene in the presence of pe | |
| | | [2] |
| e) | Explain why CO ₂ is IR active. | [2] |
| f) | What do you understand by Linear combination of atomic orbitals? | [3] |
| g) | What is the significance of breakpoint chlorination in the treatment of municipal water? | |
| | | [3] |
| h) | Why galvanised sheets are not advised in making utensils? | [3] |
| i) | Define Enantiomers, and give example. | [3] |
| i) | Give any two selection rules for rotational spectroscopy. | [3] |

PART-B

(50 Marks)

- 2.a) Draw the molecular orbital diagram O₂ molecule and predict the magnetic behaviour of it
 - b) Discuss the salient features of Crystal field theory and explain the crystal field splitting of transition metal ion d-orbitals in square planar geometries. [5+5]

OR

- 3.a) Explain the band structure of solids. Discuss how the doping influences the conductance of them.
 - b) Draw neatly, the molecular orbital diagrams of Butadiens and Benzene. [5+5]
- 4.a) Explain how brackish water can be desalinated by reverse osmosis method with the help of a diagram.
 - b) A sample of water on analysis contains 4.2 mg/L of magnesium bicarbonate, 12.0 mg/L of magnesium sulphate, 16.2 mg/L of calcium bicarbonate, 22 mg/L of calcium chloride and 13.6 mg/L of calcium sulphate. Calculate the total, permanent and temporary hardness of the sample and express them in degree Clark and degree French. [5+5]

OR

- 5.a) Explain Ion exchange method for softening water.
 - b) What are the specifications of potable water?

[5+5]



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- 6.a) What is electrochemical series? Explain its applications with suitable examples.b) What is Cathodic protection? Explain sacrificial anode method?
 - OF
- 7.a) How pH of a solution is determined by Glass electrode? Discuss.
 - b) Write a detailed note on electroless plating of Nickel.

[5+5]

[5+5]

- 8.a) Explain the Markownikoff's rule with suitable example. Why this rule is failed during the addition of HBr in the presence of a peroxide?
 - b) Write the synthetic methods for Paracetamol and Aspirin. Give their pharmaceutical applications. [5+5]

OR

- 9.a) What are Conformational isomers? Discuss them with special reference to n-Butane. Give the potential energy diagram for the conformers.
 - b) Explain the mechanism of S_N1 and S_N2 reactions.

[5+5]

- 10.a) Describe various modes of electronic transitions when a molecule absorbs in UV-Visible region.
 - b) Explain the principle involved in NMR spectroscopy.

[5+5]

OR

- 11.a) Write a note on Chemical Shift.
 - b) Give an account of various fundamental vibrations.

[5+5]

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