

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. TECH. (ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS/ POWER SYSTEM CONTROL AND AUTOMATION/ ELECTRICAL POWER ENGINEERING)

EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2017- 18 ADMITTED BATCH

COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

I Semester

Category	Course Title	Int. marks	Ext. marks	L	Т	Ρ	С	
PC-1	Advanced Power System Analysis	25	75	4	0	0	4	
PC-2	Advanced Power System Protection	25	75	4	0	0	4	
PC-3	Modern Control Theory	25	75	4	0	0	4	
PE-1	1. EHV AC Transmission	25	75	3	0	0	3	
	2. High Voltage Engineering							
	3. Advanced Digital Signal Processing							
PE-2	1. Power Quality	25	75	3	0	0	3	
	2. Microcontrollers and applications							
	3. Distribution Automation							
OE-1	*Open Elective – I	25	75	3	0	0	3	
Laboratory I	Power & Energy Systems Lab - I	25	75	0	0	3	2	
Seminar I	Seminar – I	100	0	0	0	3	2	
	Total	275	525	21	0	6	25	
Il Semester								

II Semester

Category	Course Title	Int.	Ext.	L	Т	Ρ	С
		marks	marks				
PC-4	Power System Dynamics and Control	25	75	4	0	0	4
PC-5	Flexible AC Transmission Systems	25	75	4	0	0	4
	(FACTS)						
PC-6	Power System Operation and	25	75	4	0	0	4
	Deregulation						
PE-3	1. Gas Insulated Systems(GIS)	25	75	3	0	0	3
	2. Programmable Logic Controllers and						
	applications						
	3. Energy Auditing Conservation and						
	Management						
PE4	1. Reactive Power Compensation and	25	75	3	0	0	3
	Management						
	2. Power System Reliability						
	3. Voltage Stability						
OE-2	*Open Elective – II	25	75	3	0	0	3
Laboratory II	Power & Energy Systems Lab - II	25	75	0	0	3	2
Seminar II	Seminar –II	100	0	0	0	3	2
	Total	275	525	21	0	6	25



III Semester

Course Title	Int. marks	Ext. marks	L	Т	Р	С
Technical Paper Writing	100	0	0	3	0	2
Comprehensive Viva-Voce		100	0	0	0	4
Project work Review II		0	0	0	22	8
Total	200	100	0	3	22	14

IV Semester

Course Title	Int. marks	Ext. marks	L	Т	Ρ	С
Project work Review III	100	0	0	0	24	8
Project Evaluation (Viva-Voce)	0	100	0	0	0	16
Total	100	100	0	0	24	24

*Open Elective subjects must be chosen from the list of open electives offered by OTHER departments.

For Project review I, please refer 7.10 in R17 Academic Regulations.

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PSC&A)

ADVANCED POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS (Professional Core - I)

Prerequisite: Computer Methods in Power Systems

Course Objectives:

- To analyze a Power System Network using graph theory.
- To interpret the formation of Network matrices.
- To construct the necessity of load flow studies and various methods of Analysis.
- To examine short circuit analysis using Z_{Bus}.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Remember proper mathematical models for analysis.
- Conclude methodologies of load flow studies for the power network.
- Apply contingency Analysis.
- Analyze power system studies.

UNIT-I:

Admittance Model and Network Calculations, Branch and Node Admittances, Mutually Coupled Branches in Y_{BUS} , An Equivalent Admittance Network, Modification of Y_{BUS} , Network Incidence Matrix and Y_{BUS} , Method of Successive Elimination, Node Elimination, Triangular Factorization, Sparsity and Near Optimal Ordering.

UNIT-II:

Impedance Model and Network Calculations, the BUS Admittance and Impedance Matrices, Thevenin's Theorem and Z_{BUS} , Algorithms for building Z_{BUS} Modification of existing Z_{BUS} , Calculation of Z_{BUS} elements from Y_{BUS} , Power Invariant Transformations, Mutually Coupled Branches in Z_{BUS} .

UNIT-III:

Gauss Seidel method, N-R Method, Decoupled method, fast decoupled method, comparison between power flow solutions. DC load flow.

UNIT-IV:

Z_{BUS} Method in Contingency Analysis, Adding and Removing Multiple Lines, Piecewise Solution of Interconnected Systems, Analysis of Single Contingencies, Analysis of Multiple Contingencies, Contingency Analysis of DC Model, System Reduction for Contingency and Fault Studies.

UNIT-V:

Fault Analysis: Symmetrical faults-Fault calculations using Z_{BUS} - Fault calculations using Z_{BUS} equivalent circuits –Selection of circuit breakers- Unsymmetrical faults-Problems on various types of faults.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. John J. Grainger and W. D. Stevenson, "Power System Analysis"- T.M.H. Edition.
- Modern Power System Analysis- by I. J. Nagrath & D. P. Kothari Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2nd edition.



REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Power System Analysis and Design by J. Duncan Glover and M.S. Sarma., Cengage 3rd Edition.
- 2. Olle. L.Elgard, "Electrical Energy Systems Theory"-T.M.H. Edition.
- 3. Power systems stability and control, Prabha Kundur, The McGraw Hill companies.
- 4. Power System Operation and Control, Dr. K. Uma Rao, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Operation and Control in Power Systems, PSR Murthy, Bs Publications.
- 6. Power System Operation, Robert H. Miller, Jamesh H. Malinowski, The McGraw Hill companies.
- 7. Power Systems Analysis, operation and control by Abhijit Chakrabarti, Sunitha Halder, PHI 3/e, 2010

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PSC&A)

ADVANCED POWER SYSTEM Protection (Professional Core - II)

Prerequisite: Switch Gear and Protection Course Objectives:

- To distinguish all kinds of circuit breakers and relays for protection of Generators, Transformers and feeder bus bars from Over voltages and other hazards.
- To generalize neutral grounding for overall protection.
- To illustrate the phenomenon of Over Voltages and its classification.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Understand the basic function of a circuit breaker, all kinds of circuit breakers and differentiate fuse and circuit breakers under fault condition.
- Describe the necessity for the protection of alternators, transformers and feeder bus bars from over voltages and other hazards
- Illustrate neutral grounding, and how over voltages can be generated and how system can be protected against lightning and switching transient over voltages with various protective means
- Identify operation and control of microprocessor based relays.

UNIT-I:

Static Relays: Advantages of static relays-Basic construction of static relays-Level detectors-Replica impedance –Mixing circuits-General equation for two input phase and amplitude comparators-Duality between amplitude and phase comparators.

Amplitude Comparators: Circulating current type and opposed voltage type- rectifier bridge comparators, Direct and Instantaneous comparators.

UNIT-II:

Phase Comparators: Coincidence circuit type- block spike phase comparator, techniques to measure the period of coincidence-Integrating type-Rectifier and Vector product type- Phase comparators.

Static Over Current Relays: Instantaneous over-current relay-Time over-current relays-basic principles –definite time and Inverse definite time over-current relays.

UNIT-III:

Static Differential Relays: Analysis of Static Differential Relays –Static Relay schemes –Duo bias transformer differential protection –Harmonic restraint relay.

Static Distance Relays: Static impedance-reactance–MHO and angle impedance relay-sampling comparator –realization of reactance and MHO relay using sampling comparator.

UNIT-IV:

Multi-Input Comparators: Conic section characteristics-Three input amplitude comparator –Hybrid comparator-switched distance schemes –Poly phase distance schemes- phase fault scheme –three phase scheme – combined and ground fault scheme.

Power Swings: Effect of power swings on the performance of distance relays –Power swing analysis-Principle of out of step tripping and blocking relays-effect of line and length and source impedance on distance relays.



UNIT-V:

Microprocessor based Protective Relays: (Block diagram and flowchart approach only)-Over current relays-impedance relays-directional relay-reactance relay .Generalized mathematical expressions for distance relays-measurement of resistance and reactance –MHO and offset MHO relays-Realization of MHO characteristics- Realization of offset MHO characteristics -Basic principle of Digital computer relaying, Introduction to wide area control(qualitative).

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Badri Ram and D.N. Vishwakarma, "Power system protection and Switch gear ", TMH publication New Delhi 1995.
- 2. T.S. Madhava Rao , "Static relays", TMH publication, second edition 1989.

REFERENCE:

- 1. Protection and Switchgear, Bhavesh Bhalja, R. P. Mahesheari, Nilesh G. Chothani, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Electrical Power System Protection, C. Christopoulos and A. Wright, Springer International.

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PSC&A)

MODERN CONTROL THEORY (Professional Core - III)

Prerequisite: Control Systems

Course Objectives

- To explain the concepts of basic and modern control system for the real time analysis and design of control systems.
- To Explain and apply concepts of state variables analysis.
- To study and analyze non linear systems.
- To analyze the concept of stability of nonlinear systems and categorization.
- To apply the comprehensive knowledge of optimal theory for Control Systems.

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, students should be able to:

- Apply the knowledge of basic and modern control system for the real time analysis and design of control systems.
- Understand the concepts of state variables analysis.
- Analyze the concept of stability of nonlinear systems and optimal control.

UNIT-I:

Mathematical Preliminaries: Fields, Vectors and Vector Spaces – Linear combinations and Bases – Linear Transformations and Matrices – Scalar Product and Norms – Eigen-values, Eigen Vectors and a Canonical form representation of Linear operators – The concept of state – State Equations for Dynamic systems – Time invariance and Linearity – Non-uniqueness of state model – State diagrams for Continuous-Time State models.

UNIT-II:

State Variable Analysis: Linear Continuous time models for Physical systems– Existence and Uniqueness of Solutions to Continuous-Time State Equations – Solutions of Linear Time Invariant Continuous-Time State Equations – State transition matrix and its properties. General concept of controllability – General concept of Observability – Controllability tests for Continuous-Time Invariant Systems – Observability tests for Continuous-Time Invariant Systems – Controllability and Observability of State Model in Jordan Canonical form – Controllability and Observability Canonical forms of State model.

UNIT-III:

Non Linear Systems: Introduction – Non Linear Systems - Types of Non-Linearities – Saturation – Dead-Zone - Backlash – Jump Phenomenon etc;– Singular Points – Introduction to Linearization of nonlinear systems, Properties of Non-Linear systems – Describing function–describing function analysis of nonlinear systems – Stability analysis of Non-Linear systems through describing functions. Introduction to phase-plane analysis, Method of Isoclines for Constructing Trajectories, singular points, phase-plane analysis of nonlinear control systems.

UNIT-IV:

Stability Analysis: Stability in the sense of Lyapunov, Lyapunov's stability, and Lypanov's instability theorems - Stability Analysis of the Linear continuous time invariant systems by Lyapunov second method – Generation of Lyapunov functions – Variable gradient method – Krasooviski's method. State feedback controller design through Pole Assignment – State observers: Full order and Reduced order.



UNIT-V:

Optimal Control: Introduction to optimal control - Formulation of optimal control problems – calculus of variations – fundamental concepts, functional, variation of functional – fundamental theorem of theorem of Calculus of variations – boundary conditions – constrained minimization – formulation using Hamiltonian method – Linear Quadratic regulator.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Modern Control System Theory by M. Gopal new age international -1984
- 2. Control System Engineering, Nagrath and Gopal New Age International Fourth Edition

REFERENCES:

- 1. Optimal control by Kirck , Dover Publications
- 2. Advanced Control Theory A. NagoorKani, RBA Publications, 1999
- 3. Modern Control Engineering by Ogata.K Prentice Hall 1997

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PSC&A)

EHV AC TRANSMISSION (Professional Elective - I)

Prerequisite: Power Systems -II

Course objectives:

- To identify the different aspects of Extra High Voltage A.C and D.C Transmission design and Analysis
- To understand the importance of modern developments of E.H.V and U.H.V transmission systems.
- To demonstrate EHV ac transmission system components, protection and insulation level for over voltages.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- List the necessity of EHV AC transmission, choice of voltage for transmission, line losses and power handling capability.
- Estimate the Statistical procedures for line designs, scientific and engineering principles in power systems.
- Construct commercial transmission system.

UNIT- I:

E.H.V.A.C. Transmission line trends and preliminary aspect standard transmission voltages – Estimation at line and ground parameters-Bundle conductor systems-Inductance and Capacitance of E.H.V. lines – positive, negative and zero sequence impedance – Line Parameters for Modes of Propagation.

UNIT- II:

Electrostatic field and voltage gradients – calculations of electrostatic field of AC lines – effect of high electrostatic field on biological organisms and human beings - surface voltage gradients and maximum gradients of actual transmission lines – voltage gradients on sub conductor.

UNIT- III:

Electrostatic induction in unenergized lines – measurement of field and voltage gradients for three phase single and double circuit lines – un energized lines. Power Frequency Voltage control and over-voltages in EHV lines: No load voltage – charging currents at power frequency-voltage control – shunt and series compensation – static VAR compensation.

UNIT - IV:

Corona in E.H.V. lines – Corona loss formulae- attention of traveling waves due to Corona – Audio noise due to Corona, its generation, characteristic and limits. Measurements of audio noise radio interference due to Corona - properties of radio noise – frequency spectrum of RI fields – Measurements of RI and RIV.

UNIT- V:

Design of EHV lines based on steady state and transient limits - EHV cables and their characteristics.



TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. R. D. Begamudre, "EHVAC Transmission Engineering", New Age International (p) Ltd. 3rd Edition.
- 2. K. R. Padiyar, "HVDC Power Transmission Systems" New Age International (p) Ltd. 2nd revised Edition, 2012.

REFERENCES:

- 1. S. Rao "EHVAC and HVDC Transmission Engg. Practice" Khanna publishers.
- 2. Arrillaga. J"High Voltage Direct Current Transmission" 2nd Edition (London) peter Peregrines, IEE, 1998.
- 3. Padiyar. K.R, "FACTS Controllers in Power Transmission and Distribution" New Age Int. Publishers, 2007.
- 4. Hingorani H G and Gyugyi. L "Understanding FACTS-Concepts and Technology of Flexible AC Transmission Systems" New York, IEEE Press, 2000.

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PSC&A)

HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING (Professional Elective - I)

Prerequisite: Power Systems and Electrical & Electronics Instrumentation Course Objectives:

- To distinguish the Gaseous, liquid and solid dielectric behavior under High Voltage.
- To understand the generation methods of High A.C, DC & Impulse Voltages required for various application.
- To apply the measuring techniques of High A.C., D.C & Impulse voltages and currents.
- To identify the testing techniques for High Voltage Equipment.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Know conduction and breakdown will occur in gases, liquids and solids dielectrics, and different applications of the insulating materials in electrical power apparatus.
- Explain the insulation testing of various components in power systems for different types of voltages, namely power frequency A.C, high frequency, switching or lightning impulses, for which generation of high voltages in laboratories is essential
- Interpret the necessity to measure the voltages and currents accurately, ensuring perfect safety to the personnel and equipment.
- Detect the necessary condition for all the electrical equipment which are capable of withstanding the over voltages which met in service like natural causes lightning or system originated ones switching or power frequency transient voltages.

UNIT- I:

Introduction To High Voltage Engineering: Electric Field Stresses, Gas / Vacuum as Insulator, Liquid Dielectrics, Solids and Composites, Estimation and Control of Electric Stress, Numerical methods for electric field computation, Surge voltages, their distribution and control, Applications of insulating materials in transformers, rotating machines, circuit breakers, cable power capacitors and bushings.

UNIT- II:

Break Down In Dielectric Materials: Gases as insulating media, collision process, Ionization process, Townsend's criteria of breakdown in gases, Paschen's law. Liquid as Insulator, pure and commercial liquids, breakdown in pure and commercial liquids. Intrinsic breakdown, electromechanical breakdown, thermal breakdown, breakdown of solid dielectrics in practice, Breakdown in composite dielectrics, solid dielectrics used in practice.

UNIT-III:

Generation & Measurement of High Voltages & Currents : Generation of High Direct Current Voltages, Generation of High alternating voltages, Generation of Impulse Voltages, Generation of Impulse currents, Tripping and control of impulse generators. Measurement of High Direct Current voltages, Measurement of High Voltages alternating and impulse, Measurement of High Currentsdirect, alternating and Impulse, Oscilloscope for impulse voltage and current measurements.



UNIT-IV:

Over Voltages & Insulation Co-Ordination: Natural causes for over voltages – Lightning phenomenon, Overvoltage due to switching surges, system faults and other abnormal conditions, Principles of Insulation Coordination on High voltage and Extra High Voltage power systems.

UNIT- V:

Testing of Materials & Electrical Apparatus: Measurement of D.C Resistivity, Measurement of Dielectric Constant and loss factor, Partial discharge measurements. Testing of Insulators and bushings, Testing of Isolators and circuit breakers, testing of cables, Testing of Transformers, Testing of Surge Arresters, and Radio Interference measurements.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. High Voltage Engineering by M.S. Naidu and V. Kamaraju TMH Publications, 3rd Edition
- 2. High Voltage Engineering: Fundamentals by E. Kuffel, W.S. Zaengl, J.Kuffel by Elsevier, 2nd Edition.

REFERENCES:

- 1. High Voltage Engineering by C.L. Wadhwa, New Age Internationals (P) Limited, 1997.
- 2. High Voltage Insulation Engineering by Ravindra Arora, Wolfgang Mosch, New Age International (P) Limited, 1995.
- 3. High Voltage Engineering, Theory and Practice by Mazen Abdel Salam, Hussein Anis, Ahdan El-Morshedy, Roshdy Radwan, Marcel Dekker

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (EPE/EPS /PSC&A)

ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING (Professional Elective - I)

Prerequisite: Digital Signal Processing Course Learning Objectives

- To Comprehend characteristics of discrete time signals and systems
- To analyze and process signals using various transform techniques
- To identify various factors involved in design of digital filters
- To illustrate the effects of finite word length implementation.

Course Outcomes

- Analyze and process signals in the discrete domain
- Design filters to suit specific requirements for specific applications
- Perform statistical analysis and inferences on various types of signals
- Design multi rate signal processing of signals through systems.
- Analyze binary fixed point and floating-point representation of numbers and arithmetic operations

UNIT-I:

Digital Filter Structures: Block diagram representation – Equivalent Structures – FIR and IIR digital filter Structures All pass Filters-tunable IIR Digital Sine-cosine generator- Computational complexity of digital filter structures.

UNIT-II:

Digital Filter Design: Preliminary considerations- Bilinear transformation method of IIR filter design – design of Low pass high-pass – Band-pass, and Band stop- IIR digital filters – Spectral transformations of IIR filters – FIR filter design –based on Windowed Fourier series – design of FIR digital filters with least – mean square-error – constrained Least –square design of FIR digital filters.

UNIT-III:

DSP Algorithm Implémentation : Computation of the discrete Fourier transform- Number representation – Arithmetic operations – handling of overflow – Tunable digital filters – function approximation.

UNIT-IV:

Analysis Of Finite Word Length Effects: The Quantization process and errors-Quantization of fixed –point and floating –point Numbers – Analysis of coefficient Quantization effects – Analysis of Arithmetic Round-off errors- Dynamic range scaling – signal –to- noise in Low –order IIR filters- Low – Sensitivity Digital filter – Reduction of Product round-off errors feedback – Limit cycles in IIR digital filter – Round – off errors in FFT Algorithms.

UNIT-V:

Power Spectrum Estimation: Estimation of spectra from Finite Duration Observations signals- Nonparametric methods for power spectrum Estimation- parametric method for power spectrum Estimation- Estimation of spectral form-Finite duration observation of signals- Non-parametric methods for power spectrum estimation – Walsh methods – Blackman and torchy method.



TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Digital Signal Processing principles –algorithms and Applications- john G. Proakis –PHI 3rd edition 2002.
- Digital Time Signal Processing: Alan V. Oppenheim, Ronald W ,Shafer PHI 1996 1st Edition reprint
- 3. Advanced Digital Signal Processing Theory and Applications Glenn Zelniker, Fred J. Taylor.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- Digital Signal Processing S Salivahanan. A Vallavaraj C. Gnanapriya –TMH 2nd reprint 2001.
- 2. Digital Signal Processing Sanjit K. Mitra TMH second edition.
- 3. Theory and Applications of Digital Signal Processing Lourens R Rebinarand Bernold.
- 4. Digital Filter Analysis and Design Auntoniam TMH
- 5. Digital Signal Processing J.S. Chitode First Edition, 2008, Technical Publications.

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PSC&A)

POWER QUALITY (Professional Elective - II)

Prerequisite: Power Systems and Power Electronics Course Objectives

- To know different terms of power quality.
- To Illustrate of voltage power quality issue short and long interruption
- To construct study of characterization of voltage sag magnitude and three phase unbalanced voltage sag.
- To know the behavior of power electronics loads; induction motors, synchronous motor etc by the power quality issues
- To prepare mitigation of power quality issues by the VSI converters.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Know the severity of power quality problems in distribution system;
- Understand the concept of voltage sag transformation from up-stream (higher voltages) to down-stream (lower voltage)
- compute the concept of improving the power quality to sensitive load by various mitigating custom power devices

Unit-I:

Introduction : Introduction of the Power Quality (PQ) problem, Terms used in PQ: Voltage, Sag, Swell, Surges, Harmonics, over voltages, spikes, Voltage fluctuations, Transients, Interruption, overview of power quality phenomenon, Remedies to improve power quality, power quality monitoring.

Unit-II:

Long & Short Interruptions: Interruptions – Definition – Difference between failures, outage, Interruptions – causes of Long Interruptions – Origin of Interruptions – Limits for the Interruption frequency – Limits for the interruption duration – costs of Interruption – Overview of Reliability evaluation to power quality, comparison of observations and reliability evaluation.

Short interruptions: definition, origin of short interruptions, basic principle, fuse saving, voltage magnitude events due to re-closing, voltage during the interruption, monitoring of short interruptions, difference between medium and low voltage systems. Multiple events, single phase tripping – voltage and current during fault period, voltage and current at post fault period, stochastic prediction of short interruptions.

Unit III:

1 & 3-Phase Voltage SAG Characterization: Voltage sag – definition, causes of voltage sag, voltage sag magnitude, and monitoring, theoretical calculation of voltage sag magnitude, voltage sag calculation in non-radial systems, meshed systems, and voltage sag duration.

Three phase faults, phase angle jumps, magnitude and phase angle jumps for three phase unbalanced sags, load influence on voltage sags.

Unit-IV:

Power Quality Considerations in Industrial Power Systems: Voltage sag – equipment behavior of Power electronic loads, induction motors, synchronous motors, computers, consumer electronics,

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adjustable speed AC drives, and its operation. Mitigation of AC Drives, adjustable speed DC drives and its operation, mitigation methods of DC drives.

Unit-V:

Mitigation of Interruptions & Voltage Sags: Overview of mitigation methods – from fault to trip, reducing the number of faults, reducing the fault clearing time changing the power system, installing mitigation equipment, improving equipment immunity, different events, and mitigation methods. System equipment interface – voltage source converter, series voltage controller, shunt controller, combined shunt and series controller.

Power Quality and EMC Standards: Introduction to standardization, IEC Electromagnetic compatibility standards, European voltage characteristics standards, PQ surveys.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Math H J Bollen "Understanding Power Quality Problems", IEEE Press.
- 2. R. C. Dugan, M.F. Mc Granaghan and H. W. Beaty, "Electric Power Systems Quality." New York: McGraw-Hill. 1996

REFERENCES:

- 1. G. T. Heydt, 'Electric Power Quality', 2nd Edition. (West Lafayette, IN, Stars in a Circle Publications, 1994).
- 2. Power Quality VAR Compensation in Power Systems, R. Sastry Vedam Mulukutla S. Sarma, CRC Press.
- 3. A Ghosh, G. Ledwich, Power Quality Enhancement Using Custom Power Devices. Kluwer Academic, 2002

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M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PSC&A)

MICROCONTROLLERS AND APPLICATIONS (Professional Elective - II)

Prerequisite: Microprocessors and Interfacing Devices Course Objectives:

- To relate the basic architecture and addressing modes of a microcontroller.
- To summarize the principles of top down design to microcontroller software development
- To demonstrate assembly language programs for the advanced Microcontroller, assembly language code for high-level language structures such as IF-THEN-ELSE and DO-WHILE
- To analyze a typical I/O interface and to discuss timing issues
- To identify different types of memory used in microcontroller systems

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Distinguish Types of computers & microcontrollers,
- Generalize 8-Bit, 16- Bit & 32 Bit advanced Microcontrollers.
- Construct Real time Applications of Microcontrollers.
- Demonstrate RTOS for Microcontrollers.
- Translate Hardware applications using Microcontrollers.

UNIT-I:

Overview of Architecture & Microcontroller Resources: Architecture of a microcontroller – Microcontroller resources – Resources in advanced and next generation microcontrollers – 8051 microcontroller – Internal and External memories – Counters and Timers – Synchronous serial-cum asynchronous serial communication - Interrupts.

UNIT-II:

8051- Microcontrollers Instruction Set : Basic assembly language programming – Data transfer instructions – Data and Bit-manipulation instructions – Arithmetic instructions – Instructions for Logical operations on the test among the Registers, Internal RAM, and SFRs – Program flow control instructions – Interrupt control flow.

UNIT-III:

Real Time Control: Interrupts: Interrupt handling structure of an MCU – Interrupt Latency and Interrupt deadline – Multiple sources of the interrupts – Non-maskable interrupt sources – Enabling or disabling of the sources – Polling to determine the interrupt source and assignment of the priorities among them – Interrupt structure in Intel 8051.

Timers: Programmable Timers in the MCU's – Free running counter and real time control – Interrupt interval and density constraints.

UNIT-IV:

Systems Design: Digital and Analog Interfacing Methods: Switch, Keypad and Keyboard interfacings – LED and Array of LEDs – Keyboard-cum-Display controller (8279) – Alphanumeric Devices – Display Systems and its interfaces – Printer interfaces – Programmable instruments interface using IEEE 488 Bus – Interfacing with the Flash Memory – Interfaces – Interfacing to High Power Devices – Analog input interfacing – Analog output interfacing – Optical motor shaft encoders – Industrial control – Industrial process control system – Prototype MCU based Measuring instruments – Robotics and Embedded control – Digital Signal Processing and digital filters.



UNIT-V:

Real Time Operating System for Microcontrollers: Real Time operating system – RTOS of Keil (RTX51) – Use of RTOS in Design – Software development tools for Microcontrollers.

16-Bit Microcontrollers: Hardware – Memory map in Intel 80196 family MCU system – IO ports – Programmable Timers and High-speed outputs and input captures – Interrupts – instructions. ARM 32 Bit MCUs: Introduction to 16/32 Bit processors – ARM architecture and organization – ARM / Thumb programming model – ARM / Thumb instruction set – Development tools.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Raj Kamal," Microcontrollers Architecture, Programming, Interfacing and System Design"– Pearson Education, 2005.
- 2. Mazidi and Mazidi, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems" PHI, 2000.

REFERENCES:

- 1. A. V. Deshmuk, "Microcontrollers (Theory & Applications)" WTMH, 2005.
- 2. John B. Peatman, "Design with PIC Microcontrollers" Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Microcontroller Programming, Julio Sanchez, Maria P. Canton, CRC Press.
- 4. The 8051 Microcontroller, Ayala, Cengage Learning.
- 5. Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, Architecture, Programming and System Design, Krishna Kant, PHI Learning PVT. Ltd.
- 6. Microprocessors, Nilesh B. Bahadure, PHI Learning PVT. Ltd.

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M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PSC&A)

DISTRIBUTION AUTOMATION (Professional Elective - II)

Prerequisite: Electrical Distribution Systems Course objectives:

- To list the distribution systems for load modeling
- To understand the design & working of substations.
- To compute system protection
- To give a comprehensive idea on communication systems.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Find the transfer of electrical data in distribution system through Digital Communication.
- Predict load forecasting and reliability in economic point of view
- Apply Distribution Automation objectives and SCADA
- To have a knowledge on management of different electrical parameters.

Unit-I:

Distribution Automation and The Utility System: Introduction to Distribution Automation (DA), control system interfaces, control and data requirements, centralized (Vs) decentralized control, DA System (DAS), DA Hardware, DAS software.

Unit-II:

Distribution Automation Functions: DA capabilities, Automation system computer facilities, management processes, Information management, system reliability management, system efficiency management, voltage management, Load management.

Unit-III:

Communication Systems for DA: DA communication requirements, Communication reliability, Cost effectiveness, Data rate Requirements, Two way capability, Ability to communicate during outages and faults, Ease of operation and maintenance, Conforming to the architecture of data flow

Communication systems used in DA :Distribution line carrier (Power line carrier), Ripple control, Zero crossing technique, telephone, cable TV, Radio, AM broadcast, FM SCA, VHF Radio, UHF Radio, Microwave satellite. Fiber optics, Hybrid Communication systems, Communication systems used in field tests.

Unit-IV:

Technical Benefits: DA benefit categories, Capital deferred savings, Operation and Maintenance savings, Interruption related savings, Customer related savings, Operational savings, improved operation, Function benefits, Potential benefits for functions, and function shared benefits, Guidelines for formulation of estimating equations Parameters required, economic impact areas, Resources for determining benefits impact on distribution system, integration of benefits into economic evaluation.

Unit-V:

Economic Evaluation Methods: Development and evaluation of alternate plans, Select study area, Select study period, Project load growth, Develop Alternatives, Calculate operating and maintenance costs, Evaluate alternatives. Economic comparison of alternate plans, Classification of expenses and capital expenditures, Comparison of revenue requirements of alternative plans, Book Life and



Continuing plant analysis, Year by year revenue requirement analysis, short term analysis, end of study adjustment, Break even analysis, Sensitivity analysis computational aids.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Control and Automation of Electrical Distribution Systems, James. Northcote Green Robert Wilson, CRC Press.
- 2. Electric Power Distribution Automation, Dr. M. K. Khedkar, Dr. G.M.Dhole, University Science press.
- 3. Power Distribution Automation, Biswarup Das-IET Power and Energy Series 75.

REFERENCES:

- 1. IEEE Tutorial Course "Distribution Automation"
- 2. IEEE Working Group on "Distribution Automation"

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PSC & A)

POWER & ENERGY SYSTEMS LAB - I

Prerequisites: Power System Analysis, Power System Reliability, Voltage Stability **Course Objectives:**

- Develop Programs for Power System Analysis.
- Design models for Power Systems and Power Electronics.
- Develop Programs of Power System Reliability and Power Electronics.

Course outcomes: Upon the completion of the lab, the student will be able to Understand/Simulate/Analyze

- Power System Analysis using Software.
- Models of Power Systems and Power Electronics.
- Programs of Power System Reliability and Power Electronics.

List of Experiments

- 1. Develop Program for Y_{BUS} formation.
- 2. Develop Program for G-S Load Flow Analysis.
- 3. Develop Program for N-R Load Flow Analysis.
- 4. Develop Program for FDLF Load Flow Analysis.
- 5. Develop Program for Short Circuit Analysis.
- 6. Develop Program for Transient Stability Analysis for Single Machine connected to Infinite Bus by Point by Point Method.
- 7. Develop Program for Generation System Reliability Analysis.
- 8. Develop Program for Distribution System Reliability Analysis.
- 9. Develop Simulation of RLC Circuit
- 10. Develop Simulation of Single Phase Full Converter with RLE Load
- 11. Develop Program model for Closed Loop Speed Control of Separately Excited D.C Motor.
- 12. Develop Program model for Sinusoidal Pulse Width Modulation.

Note: From the above list minimum 10 experiments are to be conducted using suitable software.