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Code No: R161110

R16

SET - 1

I B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, May - 2018 MATHEMATICS-II (NM&CV)

(Com to ECE, EIE, ECom E)

Max. Marks: 70 Time: 3 hours

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)

- 2. Answer **ALL** the questions in **Part-A**
- 3. Answer any **FOUR** Questions from **Part-B**

PART -A

1. a) Find the $\sqrt{15}$ using Bisection method.

(2M)

Construct the difference table for the following data.

(2M)

X	0	5	10	15
у	2	10	23	29

Evaluate $\int x^2 dx$ using Trapezoidal Rule (taking n = 5).

(2M)

Show that the function f(z)=z is continuous.

(2M)

If C is a simple closed curve then evaluate $\int_C (\sin 3z + z^4 + e^z) dz$

(2M)

Determine the poles of $f(z) = \frac{z^2}{z^4 + 1}$

(2M)

Find the singularity of $f(z) = \frac{Sin(z-2)}{z-2}$ at z = 2.

PART B

(2M)

Find the root of the equation $x^3 - x = 4 = 0$ using False position method.

(7M)

Find the root of the equation $e^x \sin x = 1$ using Newton Raphson method.

(7M)

- Given that $\sin 45^{\circ} = 0.7077$, $\sin 50^{\circ} = 0.766$, $\sin 55^{\circ} = 0.8192$, $\sin 60^{\circ} = 0.866$ find (7M)Sin48⁰ using Newton's forward difference formula.
 - b) Using Gauss Forward difference formula find y(8) from the following table.

(7M)

X	0	5	10	15	20	25
Y	7	11	14	18	24	32

- 4. a) Evaluate $\int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} dx$ by (i) simpson's $1/3^{\text{rd}}$ rule (iii) Simpson's $3/8^{\text{th}}$ Rule. (7M)
 - Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy$ using Modified Euler's method for x=1.1 given y (1)=1

(7M)



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5. a) Prove that $f^1(z)$ does not exist at z=0 if

(7M)

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 y(y - ix)}{x^6 + y^2} & \text{if } z \neq 0\\ 0 & \text{if } z = 0 \end{cases}$$

Determine analytic function whose real part is $u = \frac{Sin2x}{Cosh2y - Cos2x}$ (7M)

(7M)

6. a) Evaluate $\int_{\mathbb{C}} \frac{e^2}{(z^2 + \pi^2)^2} dz$ where \mathbb{C} : |z| = 4 using Cauchy's integral formula. b) Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{z(z^2 - 3z + 2)}$ in 0 < |z| < 1 using Laurent's expansion. (7M)

7. a) Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{\tan z}{z^2 - 1} dz$ Where c : |z| = 1.5 by Cauchy's Residue theorem. (7M)

b) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{\cos n\theta}{1 + a^2 + 2a\cos\theta} d\theta$ where n is a positive integer 0 < a < 1MMM. FirstRanker. Colf (7M)