

Code No: **R42013****R10****Set No. 1**

IV B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations, April/May - 2014
GROUND WATER DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT
(Civil Engineering)

Time : 3 hours**Max. Marks: 75**

Answer any Five Questions
All Questions carry equal marks

- 1 a) What is an aquifer? Discuss different type of aquifers with their features. [7]
b) Explain the ground water movement in aquifers. Define permeability and Darcy's law and discuss the. [8]
- 2 How do you analyze unsteady flow towards a well either in confined or unconfined aquifer? Discuss any one solution method. [15]
- 3 a) Discuss any two methods of surface investigation for ground water , in detail [7]
b) Explain important features of aerial photogrammetry in ground water exploration. [8]
- 4 a) Find diameter of a tube well made in confined aquifer for the following details.
i). Yield required = $0.10 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
ii). Radius of circle of influence = 200 m
iii). Coefficient of permeability = 60 m/day
iv). Drawdown = 6m
v). Thickness of aquifer = 30m. [10]
b) What is infiltration gallery? Explain in detail [5]
- 5 a) List the tube well drilling method and discuss them [7]
b) How do you develop a tube well after its construction? [8]
- 6 a) Why do we recharge ground water artificially? Explain the significance [5]
b) Explain the following methods of artificial recharge of ground water
(i) Recharge mounds
(ii) Induced recharge
(iii) Ditch and furrow recharge [10]
- 7 a) What are the implications of saline water intrusion in aquifers? [7]
b) How do you measure and estimate the extent of saline water intrusion in aquifers? [8]
- 8 a) What are the elements and features of a typical ground water basin management plan? Explain the roles of different stake holders. [7]
b) What is conjunctive use? Explain its importance in ground water basin management plan? [8]

Code No: **R42013****R10****Set No. 2**

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GROUND WATER DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT
(Civil Engineering)

Time : 3 hours**Max. Marks: 75**

Answer any Five Questions
All Questions carry equal marks

- 1 a) What are different types of aquifers? Draw neat sketches and explain [7]
b) Define and discuss the following [8]
(i) Darcy's law (ii) Storage Coefficient (iii) Transmissivity
- 2 What are leaky aquifers? [15]
State Non equilibrium equation for unsteady flow towards a well and discuss Jacob's and Chow's simplifications
- 3 a) What are sub surface investigation methods of ground water? Discuss them in detail [7]
b) Briefly discuss the merits and demerits of surface and subsurface investigations of ground water. [8]
- 4 a) Find the diameter of tube well made in a confined aquifer for the following data [10]
Yield from the well = 0.2 cubic m /sec
Radius of Influence = 250m
Coefficient of Permeability = 56m/day
Drawdown = 5m
Thickness of aquifer = 25m
b) Explain the features of a well design [5]
- 5 a) What are the methods of tube well construction? [7]
b) Discuss how you will develop a tube well by surging, jetting of water and back washing [8]
- 6 a) Why is it necessary to recharge ground water? [7]
b) List out artificial recharge methods of ground water and discuss any two of them in detail [8]
- 7 a) How does saline water intrude in aquifers? [10]
State and derive Ghyben Herzberg relation to study and measure saline water intrusion in aquifers.
b) What are the measures to control sea water intrusion [5]
- 8 a) What is the importance of conjunctive use in water resources planning [7]
b) Discuss in length any case study of Groundwater basin management [8]

Code No: R42013

R10**Set No. 3**

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GROUND WATER DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT
(Civil Engineering)

Time : 3 hours**Max. Marks: 75**

Answer any Five Questions
All Questions carry equal marks

- 1 a) What is permeability? Define Darcy's law and discuss the same. [7]
b) Derive differential equation governing ground water flow in three dimensions [8]
- 2 When is the flow towards a well unsteady? Derive the required equation for unsteady flow towards a well. State the assumptions [15]
- 3 a) Explain the detailed procedure of Electrical resistivity method to investigate for the occurrence of ground water [8]
b) What are the uses of aerial photogrammetry in groundwater explorations? [7]
- 4 a) Estimate the radius of a tube well made in confined aquifer for the following details.
i). Rate of flow required from well = $0.50 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
ii). Radius of circle of influence = 600 m
iii). Coefficient of permeability = 36 m/day
iv). Drawdown = 8.2m
v). Thickness of confined aquifer = 45m. [10]
b) What are well screens? How do you decide length and slot size [5]
- 5 a) Explain the following methods of drilling a bore well
i). Hydraulic rotary method
ii). Reverse rotary method
iii). Percussion method [8]
b) How do you disinfect a well after its development? What are the features of well maintenance? [7]
- 6 a) What is artificial recharge of ground water? How do you decide sites for artificial recharge of ground water? [7]
b) What are the methods of artificial recharge of ground water? [8]
- 7 a) State and explain Ghyben – Herzberg relation to measure saline water intrusion in aquifers [7]
b) What are the causes of saline water intrusion in aquifers and what are the control measures? [8]
- 8 a) What are the elements of groundwater basin management? How do you compare the same with watershed management? [8]
b) How is conjunctive use incorporated in ground basin management plan? [7]

Code No: **R42013****R10****Set No. 4**

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GROUND WATER DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT
(Civil Engineering)

Time : 3 hours**Max. Marks: 75**

Answer any Five Questions
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- 1 a) What is the significance of specific yield, porosity, and specific retention in the ground water study. [7]
b) Define storage coefficient and transmissivity. Explain how they describe ground water movement. [8]
- 2 Derive non equilibrium equation for unsteady flow towards a well. Discuss This method of finding solution for the equation. [15]
- 3 a) Explain in detail the following to explore ground water occurrence
i). Seismic Refraction method
ii). Geophysical logging [8]
b) List out the advantages and disadvantages of surface and sub surface methods of investigation for ground water. [7]
- 4 a) A well is to be drilled in a confined aquifer. Find its radius if the field data is given below.
Discharge from the well = 0.6 cubic m /sec
Radius of zero draw down = 400 m
Coefficient of Permeability = 85 m/day
Drawdown = 8 m
Thickness of aquifer = 40m [10]
b) What is collector well? Define infiltration gallery [5]
- 5 a) Explain how well screens are installed as part of tube well construction [7]
b) Discuss the methods of well development and disinfection [8]
- 6 a) What is artificial recharge of ground water? What are the imperatives to resort to artificial recharge of ground water? [7]
b) Discuss the methods of ground water recharge. [8]
- 7 a) What are the consequences of saline water intrusion? Explain the use of Ghyben-Herzberg relation. [7]
b) Discuss any two methods of controlling saline water intrusion. [8]
- 8 a) What are the features of a typical ground water basin management plan ? [8]
b) Discuss the significance of conjunctive use in the management of a ground water basin. [7]