

www.FirstRanker.com

Subject Code: R10102/R10 I B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations Nov./Dec. - 2015 MATHEMATICS – I (Common to All Branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks * * * * *

- 1. (a) If 30% of a radioactive substance disappear in 10 days, how long will it take for 90% of it to disappear?
 - (b) Solve the D.E $(\cos^3 x)y^1 + y\cos x = \sin x$
- 2. (a) Solve the D.E (D²-4) $y=e^{2x}+sin2x$ (b) Solve the D.E (D²-4D+2) $y=x^2e^{2x}+cos2x$
- 3. (a) Verify whether $u = \frac{x+y}{1-xy} \& v = \tan^{-1}(x) + \tan^{-1}(y)$ are functionally depended or independent.
 - (b) Find Taylor series expansion for $\tan^{-1}(y/x)$ about (1,1)
- 4. (a) Trace the curve $xy^2=a^2(x-a)$ (a>0) (b) Trace the curve $r = a(1+\cos\theta)$
- (a) Find the perimeter of the curve r =a(cosθ +sinθ)
 (b) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolution of x = acos³θ, y = sin³θ about its x-axis.
 - [8+7]
- 6. (a) By change of order of integration evaluate $\int_0^a \int_0^{\sqrt{a^2 x^2}} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$
 - (b) Evaluate $\iiint xyzdxdydz$ over a positive octant of a sphere with centre zero and radius a.

[8+7]

[8+7]

[8+7]

[8+7]

[8+7]

- 7. (a) Find the directional derivative of $f = x^3y^2z$ at (1,2,3) along the direction of $\vec{9i} + \vec{3j} + \vec{k}$
 - (b) Prove that $\operatorname{curl}(\operatorname{curl} f) = \operatorname{grad} \operatorname{div} f \nabla^2 f$
- 8. Verify Stokes theorem for $f = y^2i+yj-zxk$ and S is the upper half of the surface $x^2+y^2+z^2=a^2$ and $z \ge 0$.

Page 1 of 1

www.FirstRanker.com



www.FirstRanker.com

Subject Code: R10102/R10 Set No - 2 I B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations Nov./Dec. - 2015 MATHEMATICS – I (Common to All Branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks * * * * *

1. (a) Solve the D.E $xy^1-2y=xy^4$

(b) Find the orthogonal trajectories of the system of curves $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 = a/x$

[8+7]

[8+7]

[8+7]

- 2. (a) Solve the D.E (D²+3D+2) $y = x^2 + e^{-x}$ (b) Solve the D.E (D²-4D+3) $y = e^x \cos 2x$
- 3. (a) Find Taylor series expansion for e^{x+y} about (1,1)
 (b) Discuss the maxima or minima of sinx + siny + sin(x+y)
- 4. (a) Trace the curve $xy^2=4a^2(2a-x)$ (a>0) (b) Trace the curve $r=a(1-\cos\theta)$ [8+7]
- 5. (a) Find the length of the arc of the curve $x = a(\cos\theta + \theta \sin\theta)$, $y = a(\sin\theta \theta \cos\theta)$ from $\theta = 0$ to any point on the curve.
 - (b) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolution of ellipse about its minor axis. [8+7]
- 6. (a) By change of order of integration evaluate $\int_0^a \int_0^{\sqrt{a^2 x^2}} xy dx dy$
 - (b) Evaluate $\iiint xy^2 z dx dy dz$ over a positive octant of a sphere with centre zero and radius a.

[8+7]

- 7. (a) Find the directional derivative of $f = x^2 2y^2 + z = 2$ at (1,-1,2) along the direction of i+3j+2k.
 - (b) Prove that $grad(f.g) = f \times curl g + g \times curl f + (f.\nabla)g + (g.\nabla)f$
- 8. Verify Stokes theorem for $f = (x^2-y^2)i+2xyj$ and C is the rectangle in the xy-plane bounded by x = 0, x = a, y = 0, y = b.

[15]

[8+7]

***** Page 1 of 1



www.FirstRanker.com

Subject Code: R10102/R10 I B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations Nov./Dec. - 2015 MATHEMATICS – I (Common to All Branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

[8+7]

[15]

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks * * * * *

- 1. (a) Solve the D.E $e^{y}dx + (xe^{y}+2y)dy=0$.
 - (b) If the temperature of air is $20^{\circ}C$ and the temperature of the body drops from $100^{\circ}C$ to $80^{\circ}C$ in 10 minutes. What will be its temperature after 20 minutes. When will be the temperature $40^{\circ}C$
- 2. (a) Solve the D.E $(D^2-4D+4)y=e^{2x}+x^3$ (b) Solve the D.E $(D^2+1)y=x\cos x$ [8+7]
- 3. (a) Find the points on the surface z²=xy+1 nearest to origin
 (b) Prove that J.J¹ = 1 for x= u(1-v), y = uv
- 4. (a) Trace the curve $x = a(\theta + \sin\theta)$, $y = a(1-\cos\theta)$ (b) Trace the curve $r = a\sin 2\theta$
- 5. (a) Find the length of the arc of the curve $y^3 = ax^2$ from (0,0) to (a/8,a/4) (b) Find the surface of the solid generated $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$ about the initial line. [8+7]
- 6. (a) By change of order of integration evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy dx dy$
 - (b) Evaluate $\int_0^e \int_0^{\log y} \int_0^{e^x} \log z dz dx dy$
- 7. (a) Find the directional derivative of $f = x^3y^2z^2 = 4$ at (-1,-1,2) along the direction of 4i+3j+2k [8+7]
 - (b) Prove that $curl(grad\phi) = 0$, where ϕ is a scalar point function
- 8. Verify Green's theorem for $f = (x^2+y^2)i-2xyj$ and C is the rectangle in the xy-plane bounded by x = 0, x = a, y = 0, y = b.

Page 1 of 1



www.FirstRanker.com

Subject Code: R10102/R10 Set No - 4 I B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations Nov./Dec. - 2015 MATHEMATICS – I

(Common to All Branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

[8+7]

[8+7]

[8+7]

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks * * * * *

- 1. (a) The number of N of bacteria in a culture grew at a rate proportional to N. Thevalue of N was initially 100 and increased to 332 in one hour. What was the value of N after 3/2 hours.
 (b) Solve the D F v(xy+1)dx+x(1-xy)dy=0.
 - (b) Solve the D.E y(xy+1)dx+x(1-xy)dy=0
- 2. (a) Solve the D.E (D²-4D+3)y= sin3xcos2x
 (b) Solve the D.E (D²-1)y= x² + xsinx
- 3. (a) Find Taylor series expansion for e^x cos y about (1,π/4)
 (b) Find the minima value of x²+y²+z² given that ax + by + cz = p by Lagrange's method of multipliers.
- 4. (a) Trace the curve $x = a(\theta \sin\theta)$, $y = a(1 + \cos\theta)$ (b) Trace the curve $r^2 = a^2 \sin 2\theta$ [8+7]
- 5. (a) Find the length of the arc of the curve y = log secx from x = 0 to x =π/3
 (b) Find the surface of the solid generated r = a(1+cosθ) about the initial line.
- 6. (a) By change of order of integration evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \int_x^{\infty} \frac{e^{-y}}{y} dy$
 - (b) Evaluate $\int_0^a \int_0^x \int_0^{x+y} e^{x+y+z} dz dx dy$
- 7. (a) Find the directional derivative of f = xy+yz+zx at (1,2,3) along the direction of 3i+4j+5k [8+7]
 - (b) Prove that div(curl f) = 0 where f is a vector function
- 8. Verify Gauss divergence theorem for $f = yi+xj+z^2k$ for the cylindrical region given by $x^2+y^2=a^2$, z=0, z=h.

[15]

Page 1 of 1