

Code No: R21025

R10**SET - 1****II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, Dec - 2015****ELECTRICAL MACHINES - I**

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any **FIVE** Questions
All Questions carry **Equal** Marks

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- Explain briefly an electromechanical energy conversion device with the help of a block diagram.
 - The self and mutual inductances of the two exciting coils of a multiply- excited translatory systems are : $L_{11} = L_{22} \frac{4}{1+2x}$, $L_{12}=L_{21} = \frac{2}{1+2x}$
Calculate the time average force and coil currents at $x = 0.5$ m when :
Both the coils are connected in series across a voltage source of $100 \cos 314 t$;
Both the coils are connected in parallel across a voltage source of $100 \cos 314 t$;
 - What is the principle of operation of a dc generator? Why is a commutator and brush arrangement necessary for the operation of a dc generator?
 - An 8-pole dc shunt generator has 778 wave- connected armature conductors running at 500 rpm, supplies a load of 12.5Ω resistance at a terminal voltage of 250 V. The armature resistance is 0.24Ω and the field resistance is 250Ω . Find out the armature current, the induced emf and the flux per pole.
 - Discuss the methods adopted for minimising the sparking at the brushes.
 - A 4-pole, 50 kW, 250 V wave wound, shunt generator has 400 armature conductors. Brushes are given a lead of 4 commutator segments. Calculate the demagnetising ampere –turns / pole if shunt field resistance is 50Ω . Also calculate extra field turns/pole to neutralise the demagnetisation.
 - Sketch the complete load characteristic of a dc series generator and indicate them in the region of operation of the machine as a voltage booster and as a constant current source.
 - Two shunt generators are operating in parallel. The e.m.f. induced in one machine is 260 V and that induced in the other machine is 270 V. They supply together a load current of 1800 A. If the each machine has an armature resistance of 0.04 ohm and field resistance 50 ohms, determine : Terminal voltage Output of each machine.
 - Explain the speed – load characteristics of shunt, series and compound motors and Compare them.
 - Explain briefly different methods for speed control of dc motors.
 - In a brake test on a dc shunt motor, the load on one side of the brake band was 35kg and the other side was 5kg. The motor was running at 1300 rpm; its input being 70A at 420V dc. The pulley diameter is 1m. Determine the torque , output of the motor and efficiency of the motor.

