

R10

Set No. 1

IV B.Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, April/May - 2016 TELEVISION ENGINEERING

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

1	a)	Write short notes on: i) Aspect Ratio ii) Kell factor	
		iii) Persistence of vision iv) Resolution	[8]
	b)	Explain the operation of a PAL encoder with a neat block diagram.	[7]
2	a)	With a neat block diagram, explain the working of a TV transmitter in detail.	[8]
	b)	Explain vestigial sideband transmission used in television.	[7]
3	a)	Explain vidicon camera tube working principle with its cross-sectional view.	[8]
	b)	What is the basic principle of a camera pick-up tube and describe the two photo electric effects used for converting variations of light intensity into electrical signals.	[7]
4	a)	Discuss the transfer characteristics of a picture tube.	[8]
	b)	What are the characteristics of 525 line American black and white TV system? Compare it with 625 line monochrome TV system.	[7]
5	a)	Explain the functioning of IF subsystem in monochrome TV receiver.	[8]
	b)	Discuss the briefly about sync separation and processing in monochrome television receiver.	[7]
6	a)	Describe the methods for noise cancellation in TV receiver.	[8]
	b)	Explain the operation of remote control infrared receiver and draw its schematic diagram.	[7]
7	a)	Explain the block diagram of PAL-D decoder.	[8]
	b)	Explain briefly the operation of colour killer circuit.	[7]
8	a)	What is digital terrestrial TV? State its advantages and disadvantages.	[8]
	b)	Write short notes on UHF antennas.	[7]



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1	a)	With a neat block diagram explain the operation of basic TV Transmitter.	[8]
	b)	Explain the importance of interlaced scanning with a neat diagram.	[7]
2	a)	Discuss the positive and negative modulation and justify the choice of negatives modulation in most TV systems.	[8]
	b)	What is the range of propagation of TV signals? What are the different parameters that affect the range?	[7]
3	a)	Explain silicon diode array vidicon camera tube with neat diagram.	[8]
	b)	State and briefly explain about characteristics of picture tube?	[7]
4	a)	Explain how the electron beam is focused using electrostatic focusing in a picture tube.	[8]
	b)	Explain 625-B monochrome TV standards briefly.	[7]
5	a)	Explain the block diagram of video amplifier in black and white receiver.	[7]
	b)	Draw the block diagram of the sound section of a monochrome TV receiver and explain the functions preformed by each block.	[8]
6	a)	Explain how accuracy is achieved and maintained by using digital tuning of electronic tuners with block diagram.	[8]
	b)	Draw the block diagram of VHF tuner of TV receiver and explain.	[7]
7	a)	Explain ACC amplifier working with its circuit.	[8]
	b)	Explain the operation of burst phase discriminator circuit in detail.	[7]
8	a)	Explain direct to home satellite TV system.	[8]
	b)	Describe briefly the merits of digital TV receiver over analog receiver.	[7]

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Set No. 3

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Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

1	a)	Draw the neat sketch of composite video signal for there successive lines and explain each and every point of the signal.	[8]
	b)	Explain how luminance and colour difference signals developed from R, G and B signals.	[7]
2	a)	Why the FM is preferred for transmission sound signal in TV system? Why necessary pre-emphasis and de-emphasis circuits in the transmitter and receiver respectively.	[8]
	b)	What are the sources of interference in TV reception? Discuss the technique employed to eliminate such interference in fringe areas.	[7]
3	a) b)	Differentiate between a monochrome and colour TV camera tubes. Explain with suitable sketches the basic principle of a solid state image scanner	[8]
	٥,	camera and describe briefly in which manner the CCD array is scanned to provide interlaced scanning.	[7]
4	a) b)	Explain the monochrome picture tube working with a neat sketch. Explain the principle of operation of a PIL colour picture tube with a neat sketch.	[8]
	- /	exp. di	[7]
5	a) b)	Draw the block diagram of RF tuner and explain its working. How can you separate the U and V colour phasors in TV receiver.	[8] [7]
6	a) b)	What are the functions performed by a TV receiver tuner? Draw the block diagram of UHF tuner and explain the functions of each block.	[7] [8]
7	a) b)	Explain how (G-Y) signal is obtained from the U and V demodulated signals. Explain the function of following:	[7]
	,	i) Crystal controlled reference oscillator (RO). ii) 180° PAL switch.	[8]
8	a) b)	Explain the single ended AFC circuit with a neat circuit diagram. Write short notes on parabolic reflector antenna.	[8] [7]

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Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75 **Answer any FIVE Questions** All Questions carry equal marks **** a) Explain the necessity of the vertical sync of monochrome signal with relevant [7] figures. b) Write about: Perception of brightness and colours. i) Primary and Complementary colours. Additive colour mixing. [8] Explain how picture carrier and sound carrier are accommodated in total channel 2 a) bandwidth. [8] b) What are the requirements for TV broadcasting antenna? Give some examples. [7] What are the different types of camera tubes used for TV and compare them in [8] b) Write about the various problems in vidicon camera tube and their remedies. [7] 4 a) Explain the NTSC colour system. [8] b) Describe the gun arrangement and constructional details of delta-gun colour picture tube with a neat sketch. [7] 5 a) Draw a block diagram of PAL-D decoder and explain the functions performed by each block. [8] b) Explain the operation of raster circuits. [7] 6 a) Explain the requirements of AGC circuit and what is the purpose of delayed [8] b) Explain the block diagram of digital FM detector. [7] 7 a) Explain the working of R, G, B Matrixes and derive amplifier. [8] b) Explain the working of a sub carrier reference oscillator with a neat circuit diagram. [7] 8 a) Explain Yagi-Uda antenna of TV receiver. [8] b) Explain digital TV receiver. [7]