# I B. Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, Nov/Dec - 2017 <br> ENGINEERING MECHANICS <br> (Com. to ECE,EEE,EIE,Bio-Tech,E Com E,Agri E) 

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70
Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
2. Answering the question in Part-A is Compulsory
3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B

## PART - A

1. a) Differentiate between:
i) Concurrent and non-concurrent forces
ii) Coplanar and non-coplanar forces
b) A number of forces are acting on a body. What are the conditions of equilibrium, so that the body is in equilibrium?
c) Determine the area generated by rotating a line of length `` about x -axis from a distance `r` using Pappus theorem.
d) Define the terms: moment of inertia and radius of gyration.
e) Mention the equations of plane motion for rolling bodies.
f) State the work-energy equation for translation.

## PART-B

2. a) Determine the resultant of the parallel forces shown in figure.

b) A body of weight 400 N is pulled up along an inclined plane having inclination $30^{\circ}$ to the horizontal at a steady speed. If the coefficient of friction between the body and the plane is 0.3 and force is applied parallel to the inclined plane, find the force required. Find also the work done on the body if the distance travelled by the body is 10 m along the plane.
3. a) Three forces $\mathrm{F}_{1}, \mathrm{~F}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{F}_{3}$ are acting on a body as shown in figure and the body is in equilibrium. If the magnitude of force $F_{3}$ is 250 N , find the magnitudes of force $F_{1}$ and $F_{2}$.

b) Two spheres, each of weight 1000 N and of radius 25 cm rest in a horizontal channel of width 90 cm as shown in figure. Find the reactions on the points of contact A, B and C.

4. a) Determine the centre of gravity of a semi-circle of radius R.
b) Determine the centroid of area shown in figure

5. a) For the T -section shown in figure, determine the moment of inertia of the section about the horizontal and vertical axes, passing through the centre of gravity of the section.

b) Determine the mass moment of inertia of a cylinder shaft of 100 mm diameter and 2.5 m height about the centre of gravity axes. (density, $\rho=8000 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ ).
6. a) A tower is 90 m height. A particle is dropped from the top of a tower and at the same time another particle is projected upward from the foot of the tower. Both the particles meet at a height of 30 m . Find the velocity with which the second particle is projected upwards.
b) Find the tension and acceleration of 100 N body of the following figure. (coefficient of friction, $\mu=1 / 3$ ).

7. a) A train of weight 2000 kN is pulled by an engine on a level track at a speed of 36 kmph and with an acceleration of $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ on the level track. Find the power of the engine?
b) Two blocks weighing 200 N and 300 N are hung to the ends of a rope passing over an ideal pulley. How much distance the blocks will move in increasing the velocity of the system from $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ to $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ ? How much is the tension in the string? Use the work-energy method.

