

Code No: R21043

R10
SET - 1

II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov - 2017
PROBABILITY THEORY AND STOCHASTIC PROCESSES
 (Electronics and Communications Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any **FIVE** Questions
 All Questions carry **Equal** Marks
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1. a) Explain about total probability theorem. (8M)  
 b) Explain about Bernoulli Trials. (7M)
  
2. a) Given that a random variable X has the following possible values, state if X is discrete, continuous, or mixed. (8M)
  - i)  $\{-20 < x < -5\}$
  - ii)  $\{10, 12 < x \leq 14, 15, 17\}$
  - iii)  $\{4, 3, 1, -2\}$
- b) The PDF of a random variable X is given by (7M)  
 $f_X(x) = K \delta(x-5) + 0.05 [u(x) - u(x-10)]$ .  
 i) Find K    ii) Plot  $f_X(x)$     iii) find  $p(0 < X \leq 5)$     iv) Find  $p(0 < X < 5)$
  
3. a) State and prove Chebychev's inequality (7M)  
 b) Find mean and variance of binomial density function (8M)
  
4. a) Random variables X and Y have respective density functions (8M)  

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{a} [u(x) - u(x-a)]$$

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{b} [u(y) - u(y-b)]$$

Where  $b > a$  and  $a > 0$ . Find and sketch the density functions of  $W = X + Y$  if X and Y are statistically independent.
- b) Explain properties of joint density and distribution functions. (7M)
  
5. a) For two random variables X and Y (7M)  

$$f_{X,Y}(x, y) = 0.15 \delta(x+1) \delta(y) + 0.1 \delta(x) \delta(y) + 0.1 \delta(x) + \delta(y-2) + 0.4 \delta(x-1) \delta(y+2) + 0.2 \delta(x-1) \delta(y-1) + 0.5 \delta(x-1) \delta(y-3)$$

Find the correlation coefficients of X and Y.
- b) Two random variables having joint characteristic function (8M)  
 $\phi_{XY}(\omega_1, \omega_2) = \exp(-2\omega_1^2 - 8\omega_2^2)$ . Find moment's  $m_{10}$ ,  $m_{01}$ ,  $m_{11}$ ?

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6. a) The two-level semi random binary process is defined by (7M)  
 $X(t) = A \text{ or } -A \text{ } (n-1)T < t < nT$  Where the levels  $A$  and  $-A$  occurs with equal probability,  
 $T$  is positive constant, and  $n=0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$   
 i) Sketch a typical sample function  
 ii) Classify the process  
 iii) Is the process deterministic
- b) Assume that an ergodic random process  $X(t)$  has an autocorrelation function (8M)  

$$R_{xx}(\tau) = 18 + \frac{2}{6 + \tau^2} [1 + 4 \cos(12\tau)]$$
  
 i) Find  $|\overline{X}|$   
 ii) Does this process have a periodic component?  
 iii) What is the average power in  $X(t)$ ?
7. a) Derive the relationship between power spectrum and autocorrelation. (8M)  
 b) Given a random process  $X(t) = A \cos \omega_0 t$ , where  $\omega_0$  is a constant and  $A$  is (7M)  
 uniformly distributed with mean 5 and variance 2. Find the average power of  $X(t)$ .
8. A random noise  $X(t)$ , having a power spectrum (16M)  

$$S_{xx}(\omega) = \frac{3}{49 + \omega^2}$$
  
 is applied to a differentiator with transform function  $H_1(\omega) = j \omega$ . The  
 differentiator's output is applied to a network for which  $h_2(t) = u(t)t^2 \exp(-7t)$   
 The network's response is a noise denoted by  $Y(t)$ .  
 a) What is the average power in  $X(t)$   
 b) Find the power spectrum of  $Y(t)$