Code No: RT31033

R13

SET - 1

III B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, October/November - 2018 DESIGN OF MACHINE MEMBERS – I

(Mechanical Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70 Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) 2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory 3. Answer any **THREE** Questions from **Part-B** (Data books may be allowed) PART -A a) Write about types of fits? [3M] Differentiate the theoretical stress concentration factor and fatigue stress b) [4M] concentration factor. What do you mean by efficiency of riveted joint? c) [3M] Write the applications of sleeve and cotter joint? d) [4M] e) What is the importance of muff couplings? [4M] Write the applications of helical torsion springs? f) [4M] **PART-B** 2 Explain the design considerations for the selection of Engineering Materials [8M] a) and their properties? b) Explain the concept of stiffness in tension, bending, torsion and combined [8M] situations? Describe the modified Goodman's line theory for designing the components 3 a) [6M] subjected to fatigue loads? A thin wall cylindrical pressure vessel of mean diameter of 60 cm is subjected b) [10M]to internal pressure varying from 0 to 40 MPa. Find the required thickness

4 a) What forms of rivet heads are used in boiler construction?

Mpa, and a factor of safety of 3. Use Soderberg criterion of failure.

[4M] [12M]

b) A triple riveted lap joint is to be made between 6 mm plates. If the safe working stresses are ft= 84 MPa, fs= 60 MPa and fc= 120 MPa, calculate the rivet diameter, rivet pitch and distance between rows of rivets for the joint. Zig-zag riveting is to be used. State how the joint will fail.

of the pressure vessel based on yield point of 400 MPa, endurance limit of 22

- 5 a) A machinery shaft is subjected to torsion only. The bearings are 2.50 metre apart. The shaft transmits 190 kW at 220 rev/min. Allow a shear stress of 45 MPa after an allowance for keyways.
 - i) Calculate the shaft diameter for steady loading and
 - ii) Calculate the shaft diameter if the load is suddenly applied with minor shocks.
 - b) Write the stresses in keys? [4M]

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[16M]

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A bushed -pin type flexible coupling is used to connect two shafts and transmit 5kW power at 720 r.p.m. Shafts, keys and pins are made of commercial steel, $(\sigma_{yc}=\sigma_{yt}=240\text{N/mm}^2)$ and the factor of safety is 3. The flanges are made of grey cast iron FG200 $(\sigma_{ut}=200\text{N/mm}^2)$ and the factor of safety is 6. Assume, $\sigma_{sy}=0.55\sigma_{yt}$ and $\sigma_{su}=0.5~\sigma_{ut}$. There are 4 pins. The pitch circle diameter of the pins is four times of shaft diameter. The permissible shear stress for pins is 35 N/mm². The permissible bearing pressure for rubber bushes is 1 N/mm². The keys have square cross section. Calculate:

i) diameter of shafts ii) dimensions of the key

iii) diameter of the pins iv) outer diameter and effective length of the bushes.

Design a spring for spring loaded safety valve for the following Conditions: [16M] Operating pressure 100 N/cm². Diameter of valve seat 100 mm. Design shear stress for the spring is 400 N/mm²,G=0.86×10⁵N/mm². The spring is to be kept in a casing of 120 mm inner diameter and 400 mm long. The spring should be at maximum lift of 6 mm when the pressure is 107.5 N/cm².

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