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Code No: RT32054

**R13** 

**SET - 1** 

# III B. Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, April -2018 **DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS**

(Common to Computer Science Engineering and Information Technology)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)

- 2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory
- 3. Answer any **THREE** Questions from **Part-B**

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### PART-A

- 1 Devise an algorithm that sorts a collection of  $n\geq 1$  elements of arbitrary type. a) [3M]
  - b) State the best, average and worst case complexities of binary search for successful [4M] and unsuccessful search.
  - Write the functional difference of divide and conquer greedy method. c) [4M]
  - State the principle of optimality. Find two problems for which the principle does d) [4M] not hold.
  - Define Implicit constraints and Explicit constraints with example. e) [3M]
  - What is branch and bound algorithm? How it is different from backtracking? f) [4M]

#### PART -B

- Prove the theorem if  $f(n)=a_m n^m + \dots + a_1 n + a_0$ , then  $f(n)=O(n^m)$ . 2 a) [4M]
  - Describe the Pseudo code conventions for specifying algorithms of recursive and b) [8M] an iterative algorithm to compute n!
  - Determine the frequency counts for all statements in the following algorithm c) [4M] siRainker.cor segment.

i := 1: while(i≤n) do x := x+1;i := i+1; }

Solve the recurrence relation using substitution method 3 a)

[3M]

- $T(n) = \{ T(1) \}$ 
  - - n>1,where a=5,b=4,and  $f(n)=cn^2$ .
- b) Apply quick sort algorithm to sort the list. E, X, A, M, P, L, E in alphabetical [8M] order.
- c) Analyze the best, average and worst case complexity of quick sort. [5M]
- 4 Compare BFS and DFS algorithm with an example graph and denote its time a) [8M] complexities.
  - b) Derive time complexity of job sequencing with deadlines .Obtain the optimal [8M] solution when n=5, (p1, p2,...)=(20,15,10,5,1) and (d1,d2,...)=(2,2,1,3,3).

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[8M]

- 5 Describe about reliability design with an example. a)
  - b) Obtain the solution to knapsack problem by Dynamic Programming method n=6, [8M] (p1, p2,...p6)=(w1,w2,...w6)=(100,50,20,10,7,3) and m=165.
- 6 a) Explain how backtracking is used for solving n- queens problem. Show the state [8M] space tree.
  - b) Describe the algorithm for Hamiltonian cycles and Determine the order of [8M] magnitude of the worst-case computing time for the backtracking procedure that finds all Hamiltonian cycles.
- 7 Explain the principles of FIFO Branch- and-Bound. a) [8M]
  - b) Consider the travelling salesperson instance defined by the cost matrix. [8M]Obtain the reduced cost matrix and the portion of the state space tree that will be generated by LCBB.



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**SET - 2** 

# III B. Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, April -2018 **DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS**

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Time: 2 hours Moy Morkey 70

	Time: 3	B hours Max. Mark	s: 70
		Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts ( <b>Part-A</b> and <b>Part-B</b> )	
		2. Answering the question in <b>Part-A</b> is compulsory	
		3. Answer any <b>THREE</b> Questions from <b>Part-B</b>	
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		PART -A	
1	a)	What are the four distinct areas of study of algorithm?	[4M]
	b)	Is quick sort a stable sorting method? Justify.	[3M]
	c)	What is meant by 'ordering paradigm'? Give an example problem. How it is	[4M]
		different with 'subset paradigm' of the greedy technique.	
	d)	What is <i>purging</i> or <i>dominance rule</i> . How it is applicable.	[3M]
	e)	Define state space and state space tree.	[4M]
	f)	Describe about Bounding with suitable example.	[4M]
		<u>PART –B</u>	
2	a)	Prove the theorem if $f(n)=a_m n^m+\ldots+a_1 n+a_0$ and $a_m>0$ , then $f(n)=\Theta(n^m)$ .	[4M]
	b)	Write a recursive algorithm to find the sum of first n integers and Derive its time complexity.	[8M]
	c)	Mention the important advantages and disadvantages of using randomized algorithms.	[4M]
3	a)	Can we say that the time for <b>Merge Sort</b> is $\Theta(n \log n)$ . What is its worst and best time of procedure for <b>Merge Sort</b> .	[3M]
	b)	Write recursive binary search algorithm with an example and analyze time complexity. List the applications of binary search.	[8M]
	c)	Describe the control abstraction for divide and conquer.	[5M]
4	a)	Use an algorithm for greedy strategies for the knapsack to find an optimal solution to the knapsack instance $n=7, m=15, (p1, p2,, p7) = (10,5,15,7,6,18,3)$ , and $(w1, w2, w7) = (2,3,5,7,1,4,1)$ .	[8M]
	b)	Apply greedy algorithm to generate single-source shortest path with an example graph. Mention its time complexity.	[8M]
5	a)	Write about Dynamic Programming General method.	[6M]
	b)	Describe the algorithm to find minimum-cost binary search tree. Show that the computing time of function OBST is $O(n^2)$ .	[10M]
6	a)	Mention an algorithm that Presents a recursive formulation of the backtracking technique.	[8M]
	b)	Find all possible subsets of $w$ that sum to $m$ . Let $w = \{5,7,10,12,15,18,20\}$ and $m = 35$ and draw the portion of the state space tree that is generated.	[8M]
7	a)	Draw the portion of the state space tree generated by LCBB for the knapsack instance: $n=5,(p1,p2,p3,p4,p5)=(10,15,6,8,4),(w1,w2,w3,w4,w5)=(4,6,3,4,2),$ and $m=12.$	[8M]
	b)	Apply branch and bound algorithm to solve the travelling salesman problem with an example.	[8M]

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**SET - 3** 

[3M]

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#### PART -A

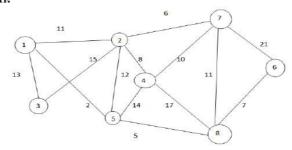
1	a)	List out the criteria's of an algorithm.	[4M]
	• .		503.53

- b) Mention the advantages and disadvantages of binary search. [3M]
- c) Represent a high-level description of job sequencing algorithm. [4M]
- d) List the features of dynamic programming.
- e) Define chromatic number of a graph and planar graph. [4M]
- f) What is branch and bound algorithm? How it is different from backtracking?

w it is different from backtracking? [4M]

## PART -B

- 2 a) Show that the following equalities are incorrect with suitable notations [4M]  $i)10n^2+9=O(n)$   $ii) n^2logn=\Theta(n^2)$ 
  - b) Implement an algorithm to generate Fibonacci number sequence and determine the [8M] time complexity of the algorithm using the frequency method.
  - c) Write about three popular methods to arrive at amortized costs for operations with [4M] example.
- 3 a) What is stable sorting method? Is merge sort a stable sorting method? Justify. [3M]
  - b) Sort the list of the elements 10,5,7,6,1,4,8,3,2,9 using merge sort algorithm and show [8M] its computing time is  $O(n \log n)$ .
  - c) Define internal and external nodes of binary decision tree. Draw the binary decision [5M] tree for binary search with n=14.
- 4 a) Describe the greedy method control abstraction for the subset paradigm. [8M]
  - b) Define spanning tree. Compute a minimum cost spanning tree for the graph of figure [8M] using prim's algorithm.



- 5 a) Describe the Travelling sales person problem and discuss how to solve it using [8M] dynamic programming.
  - b) Design a three stage system with device types D<sub>1</sub>, D2, D3. The costs are \$30, \$15, \$20 [8M] respectively. The cost of the system is to be no more than \$105.the reliability of each device type is 00.9, 0.8and 0.5 respectively.

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- 6 a) Describe general iterative backtracking algorithm. [8M]
  - b) Write a backtracking algorithm to solve sum of subsets problem with m=35, w= {20, 18, 15, 12, 10, 7, 5} to the variable tuple size formulation. [8M]
- 7 a) Describe about Control Abstractions for LC-search. [8M]
  - b) Draw the portion of the state space tree generated by LCBB for the knapsack instance: [8M] n=5, (p1,p2,p3,p4,p5)=(w1,w2,w3,w4,w5)=(4,4,5,8,9), and m=15.

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**SET - 4** 

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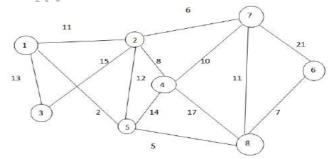
- 2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory
- 3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B

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# PART -A

1	a)	Define Little Oh notation with example.	[3M]
	b)	Describe the time complexity of Divide And Conquer in the recurrence form.	[4M]
	c)	What is knapsack problem? State knapsack problem formally.	[4M]
	d)	Distinguish Greedy method and Dynamic Programming.	[3M]
	e)	Denote live node and dead node with example.	[4M]
	f)	Compare LC and FIFO brand- and-bound.	[4M]
		PART –B	

- Write a recursive algorithm to solve Towers of Hanoi problem with an example. 2 a) [4M] Describe about probabilistic analysis in detail. b) [8M]
  - Implement iterative function for sum of array elements and find the time complexity c)
  - [4M] use the increment count method.
- Why is it necessary to have the auxiliary array b[low: high] in function Merge? 3 a) [3M]
  - Apply **Merge Sort** to sort the list a[1:10]=(31,28,17,65,35,42.,86,25,45,52). Draw the b) [8M] tree of recursive calls of merge sort, merge functions.
  - Write iterative binary search algorithm with example. [5M] c)
- Use the greedy algorithm for sequencing unit time jobs with deadlines and profits to a) [8M] n=7,(p1,p2,...p7)=(3,5,20,18,1,6,30), and generate the solution when (d1,d2,...,d7)=(1,3,4,3,2,1,2).
  - b) Define spanning tree. Compute a minimum cost spanning tree for the graph of figure [8M] using kruskal's algorithm.



- 5 Describe All-pairs shortest path algorithm with example. Give the time complexity of a) [8M] the algorithm.
  - Consider  $A_1=5X4$ ,  $A_2=4X6$ ,  $A_3=6X2$ ,  $A_4=2X7.P_1=5$ ,  $P_2=4$ ,  $P_3=6$ ,  $P_4=2$ ,  $P_5=7$  and b) [8M] Apply matrix chain multiplication to obtain optimal sequence.

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SET - 4

[8M]

- 6 a) Describe an algorithm to solve 8-queen problem and Show the state space tree. [8M]
  - b) Write an algorithm for finding all *m*-coloring of a graph with example.
- 7 a) What is branch & bound? Explain the role of bounding function in it using LC search [8M]
  - b) Generate FIFO branch and bound solution for the given knapsack problem. m = 15, [8M] n = 3.

$$(P_1 \ P_2 \ P_3) = (10, 6, 8) \ (w_1 \ w_2 \ w_3) = (10, 12, 3)$$

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