

Code No: **R32022 R10**

Set No. 1

III B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, November - 2018 POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

The single line diagram of an unloaded power system is show in below figure. [15M] The ratings of the generators and transformers as follows:

G1 = 100 MVA, 26 kV, X''=10%

G2 = 50 MVA, 13 kV, X"=15%

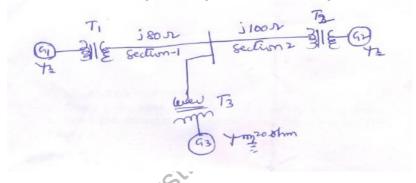
G3 = 75 MVA, 12.6 kV, X"=20%

T1 = 100 MVA, 220/25 kV, X=10%

T2 = 3 single phase units each rated at 20 MVA,127/13 kV, X=10%

T3 = 50 MVA, 220/12 kV, X=10%

Draw the reactance diagram using the base values of generator G1.



a) What is the necessity of power flow studies in power system studies
 b) Explain the various types of buses in power systems
 [7M]

3 a) What are the merits and demerits of N-R method over G-S method [8M]

b) Write an algorithm for fast decoupled load flow method [7M]

Build the Z_{Bus} using algorithm for a power system whose element data is given [15M] in the following table:

Element No.	Connected	Self
	between bus	reactance
	No.	(p.u)
1	1-2	0.1
2	1-3	0.15
3	2-3	0.3
4	2-3	0.1

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5		Two generators are connected in parallel to the LV side of a three phase Δ -Y transformer. Generator1 is rated 100 MVA, 12.6 kV, Generator2 is rated 50MVA, 12.6 kV with same subtransient reactance of 20%. The transformer is rated 120 MVA at 12 Δ / 132Y kV with reactance of 15%. Find the subtransient current in each generator when a three phase short circuit occurs on the HV side of the transformer.	[15M]
6	a)	Explain the concept of sequence impedance of a 3-phase connected, rotating load when neutral is grounded through some impedance and draw its sequence impedance networks.	[8M]
	b)	What are symmetrical components? Why are they used in power system fault analysis? Explain in details.	[7M]
7	a)	Derive the expression for fault current and the terminal voltages of a 3-phase alternator, when there is a double line to fault occurs at the far end of the alternator. Assume that the generator neutral is solidly earthed. i) Neglect fault impedance Z_f ii) Consider fault impedance Z_f	[8M]
	b)	A 50 MVA, 12.6 kV, 3-phase, 50Hz generator has its neutral earthed through a 7% reactor. It is in parallel with another identical generator having its neutral earthed through a 5% reactor. Each generator has positive, negative and zero sequence reactance's which are 10%, 7% and 5% respectively. Is a line to ground short circuit occurs in the common bus bar, find the fault current.	[7M]
8	a)	A double circuit line feeds an infinite bus from a power station. If a fault occurs on one of the line and the line is switched off, derive an expression for the critical clearing angle.	[8M]
	b)	State and derive the swing equation.	[7M]

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