

Time: 3 hours

R13 Code No: **RT42023C**

Set No. 1

Max. Marks: 70

IV B.Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, April - 2018 FLEXIBLE ALTERNATING CURRENT TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any THREE questions from Part-B

		PART-A (22 Marks)	
1.	a)	List and explain briefly important controllable parameters that are considered for power flow control.	[4]
	b)	Explain basic principle of voltage source converter.	[4]
	c)	Explain necessity of VAR compensation in transmission system.	[3]
	d)	Explain different losses that are encountered with FC – TCR arrangement.	[4]
	e)	List merits of Hybrid compensator.	[3]
	f)	Explain main objectives and usefulness of UPFC in power industry.	[4]
		PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)	
2.	a)	Name and explain different types of stability issues that limit transmission	
		capability.	[8]
	b)	What are FACT controllers and explain different categories of FACT	
	ĺ	controllers	[8]
3.		Explain the operation of three phase full wave bridge type voltage source	
		converter with a neat circuit along with the necessary waveforms	[16]
4.	a)	Explain prevention of voltage stability with the help of end of line voltage	[8]
	,	support.	
	b)	Explain basic operation of Thyristor Switched Capacitor with necessary waveforms.	[8]
5.	a)	Explain with a neat block diagram general control scheme of Static Var Compensator (SVC).	[8]
	b)	What is transient stability? How attainable enhancement of transient stability	[0]
	0)	can be done by SVC and STATCOM?	[8]
6.	a)	Explain with a neat functional diagram, implementation of Var Reserve	
	b)	(operating point) control for damping of Power oscillations in the system. Explain about basic GTO-controlled series capacitor with principle of operation	[8]
	0)	and necessary waveforms.	[8]
7.	a)	Give a comparison between UPFC to IPFC.	[8]
	b)	Explain principle of operation of IPFC with neat diagram.	[8]

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Set No. 2

IV B.Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, April - 2018 FLEXIBLE ALTERNATING CURRENT TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)					
Tiı	me: 3	Answer any THREE questions from Part-B ****** Max. Marks Max. Marks Answer ALL sub questions from Part-B ******	: 70		
		PART-A (22 Marks)			
1.	a)	Explain need of transmission interconnection.	[3]		
	b)	Distinguish between current source and voltage source converters.	[4]		
	c)	Explain need of dynamic voltage control in a transmission system.	[4]		
	d)	List different methods of controllable VAR generation	[3]		
	e)	Explain important features of GTO thyrister controlled series capacitor.	[4]		
	f)	Explain the importance of Interline power flow controller(IPFC)	[4]		
		$\underline{\mathbf{PART-B}}\ (3x16 = 48\ Marks)$			
2.	a)	Explain different dynamic stability considerations that were taken for a			
		transmission interconnection.	[8]		
	b)	Explain relative importance of different types of FACTS controllers.	[8]		
3.	a)	Explain reasons for possessing harmonics in a single phase bridge circuit and			
		how it can be nullified.	[8]		
	b)	Explain operation of three phase full wave diode converter (neglecting commutation angle) with a neat circuit and necessary waveforms.	[8]		
		commutation ungrey with a near chear and necessary waveforms.	[0]		
4.	a)	Explain the operation of two-machine Power system with an ideal midpoint			
		reactive compensator with an equivalent circuit and necessary phasor diagram.	[8]		
	b)	Explain in detail about power oscillation damping and why it is considered as			
		dynamic event.	[8]		
5.	a)	Explain TSC – TCR type static var generator with a neat functional control			
		Scheme.	[8]		
	b)	Explain with reasons, why static compensator is not used as a perfect terminal			
		voltage regulator but allowed to vary in proportion with compensating current.	[8]		
6.	a)	Explain main elements of the overall static compensator control system.	[8]		
	b)	Explain concept of voltage stability and improvement of transient stability.	[8]		
7.	a)	Discuss the features of UPFC.	[6]		
	b)	Explain the basic operating principles and characteristics of Interline Power	r - 1		
	,	Flow Controller (IPFC).	[10]		



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Set No. 3

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(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any THREE questions from Part-B *****

PART-A (22 Marks)

		$\underline{\mathbf{F}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{K}\mathbf{I}} - \underline{\mathbf{A}}$ (22 Marks)	
1.	a)	Explain concept of power flow in ac system and explain difference when one of	
		the parallel path is replaced with HVDC transmission.	[4]
	b)	Explain reasons for absence of neutral connection in a full wave circuit.	[4]
	c)	List functional requirements of reactive shunt compensators.	[3]
	d)	List major functions pf TSC –TCR type Var generator.	[4]
	e)	Explain basic idea behind series capacitive compensation.	[3]
	f)	Explain basic UPFC control scheme.	[4]
		PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)	
2.	a)	List various FACTS controllers with their control attributes.	[8]
	b)	Explain loss and speed of switching in high power FACTs devices.	[8]
3.		Explain operation of single phase full wave voltage source converter with a neat	
		circuit and necessary waveforms.	[16]
4.	a)	List advantages and disadvantages of current source versus voltage source	
		converters.	[8]
	b)	Explain how equal area criterion helps to evaluate effectiveness of shunt	
		compensation and other flow control techniques on transient stability	
		improvement.	[8]
_	`		
5.	a)	Explain implementation of functional control scheme for damping power	101
	1- \	oscillations in power system.	[8]
	b)	Explain basic circuit arrangement of Thyristor – Switched Series Capacitor	101
		(TSSC) with its principle of operation.	[8]
6.	a)	Explain in detail about basic thyristor – controlled series capacitor scheme.	[8]
•	b)	Illustrate effect of capacitor voltage reversal by TCR.	[8]
	-,		[-]
7.	a)	Explain capability of UPFC to control real and reactive power flow in	
	,	transmission line.	[8]
	b)	Explain functional control of shunt and series converter.	[8]



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Set No. 4

[8]

[8]

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(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

> Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any THREE questions from Part-B

> > PART-A (22 Marks)

1.	a)	What are the benefits with FACTs controller?	[3]
	b)	Distinguish between self-commutating converters with line-commutating	
		converters.	[4]
	c)	Explain different methods of controllable VAR generation.	[4]
	d)	Explain basic operating principle of reactive power generation by a rotating synchronous compensator (condenser).	[4]
	e)	List general objectives of series compensation.	[4]
	f)	What do you mean by dynamic performance of UPFC?	[3]
		PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)	
2.	a)	What do you mean by loading capability and explain different kinds of	
		limitations?	[8]
	b)	Distinguish between shunt connected controllers with series connected	
		controllers.	[8]
2			
3.	a)	Explain techniques that are realized for harmonic elimination and voltage	F07
	• \	control.	[8]
	b)	Explain basic concept of current-source converter. Explain operation of 3-Φ	507
		CSC.	[8]
4.	a)	Distinguish in terms of merits and demerits for a two machine transmission	507
	• \	power system w.r.t midpoint voltage support and End of line voltage support.	[8]
	b)	Explain operation of basic thyristor-controlled reactor with waveforms.	[8]
5	۵)	Evaloin basic Fixed Conscitor Thuristor Controlled reactor type Static Van	
5.	a)	Explain basic Fixed Capacitor-Thyristor-Controlled reactor type Static Var	

Compare between STATCOM and SVC in terms of operational and performance [8] characteristics along with application benefits.

b) Explain in detail about steady – state relationship or V-I characteristic of static

Generator with a neat circuit and its output characteristics.

With a neat diagram, explain operation of thyrister switched series capacitor. b) [8]

Explain the basic operating principles of UPFC with a conceptual representation. 7. a) [8] [8]

b) Compare between UPFC with IPFC.

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VAR compensator.