

Code No: R1622053

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II B. Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, April / May - 2019

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SET - 1

(3M)

ADVANCED DATA STRUCTERES (Computer Science and Engineering) Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70 Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A 3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B PART -A 1. a) Why it is difficult to adapt internal sorting methods for external sorting? (2M) b) Define a dictionary. Give few examples for dictionaries. (2M) (2M)What is a max heap? What are its applications? (2M) d) What is rank of a node in a Red-Black tree? (3M)

- e) Define an m-way search tree.
- Compress the binary trie given below: f)



- 2. a) With a suitable example, show that fixed buffers per run are not enough for (7M) continued parallel operation in k-way merging.
 - Suppose an external sorting method involves merging four runs of lengths 2, 4, (7M) b) 5, and 15 respectively. Present all possible ways of 2-way and 3-way merging for these runs and identify the merge with optimal performance.
- 3. a) Show that the hash function h(k) = k% 17 does not satisfy the one-way property, (7M) weak collision resistance and strong collision resistance.
 - Write and explain procedure to insert a dictionary pair into a dynamic hash b) (7M) table that uses a directory.
- Briefly discuss about different implementations of priority queues. Also (7M) 4. a) compare those implementations w.r.to time complexities for basic priority queue operations.
 - b) Insert the below list of elements into an initially empty Binomial Queue. (7M) 3, 5, 1, 2, 13, 15, 11, 12, 21, 4, 7, 6
- 5. a) If T is a binary tree with n internal nodes, I is its internal path length and E is (7M)its external path length, then prove that E = I + 2n for $n \ge 0$.
 - Compare the worst case height of a red-black tree with n nodes and the worst b) (7M) case height of an AVL tree with same number of nodes.





- 6. a) Give an analysis of the B-tree insertion process. (7M)
 - b) One after the other delete the keys 201, 180 and 72 from the below B-tree of (7M) order 5.



- 7. a) Explain the procedure to convert a compressed binary trie into Patrica. (7M)
 - b) With an example, discuss about the structure and applications of fixed stride (7M) tries.

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SET - 2

II B. Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, April / May - 2019 ADVANCED DATA STRUCTERES

(Computer Science and Engineering)

Max. Marks: 70

Time: 3 hours

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (**Part-A** and **Part-B**) 2. Answer **ALL** the question in **Part-A**

3. Answer any **FOUR** Questions from **Part-B**

PART -A

- 1. (2M) a) Explain the need for external sorting. b) Define the terms key density and loading density. (2M)(2M) c) How a priority queue is different from normal queues? An extended binary search tree has 40 failure nodes. How many internal nodes d) (3M) does the tree have? Justify your answer. (2M) e) Define a B-tree. f) (3M) Expand and define the term PATRICA. PART -B Assume a list containing 4500 records is to be sorted using a computer with 2. a) (7M) internal memory capable of sorting at most 750 records at a time and the input list is maintained on a disk that has block length of 250 records. For this scenario explain how external sorting may be performed to accomplish the task.
 - b) Derive an expression for the total time required to perform the external sorting (7M) mentioned in the above question, with a detailed note on each operation.
- 3. a) With suitable examples, explain about linear probing, quadratic probing and (7M) rehashing.
 - b) Write and explain procedure to insert a dictionary pair into a dynamic hash (7M) table that uses a directory.
- 4. a) Write and explain buildHeap algorithm with an example. Also analyze its time (7M) complexity.
 - b) Merge the two binomial queues given below. Then perform two deleteMin (7M) operations.





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- 5. a) In an initially empty AVL tree insert the following keys: DEC, JAN, APR, (7M) MAR, JUL, AUG, OCT, FEB, NOV. Draw AVL tree after every insertion and apply rotations where ever necessary.
 - b) With suitable examples, explain the procedure for joining two red-black trees. (7M)
- 6. a) Discuss the advantage of using m-way search trees over binary search trees. (7M)
 - b) Identify the type of tree given below. Then insert 39 and 4 into the tree given (7M) below and perform necessary restructuring to balance the tree.



- 7. a) What are the limitations of digital search trees? How binary tries can overcome (7M) them? Explain about search, insert and delete operations in binary tries.
 - b) Create a multiway trie that stores names of months in the year. Then search for (7M) July and delete May.

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SET - 3

II B. Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, April / May - 2019 **ADVANCED DATA STRUCTERES**

(Computer Science and Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A

3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1.	a)	What is the key difference between Internal Sorting and External Sorting?	(2M)			
	b)	What are collision and overflow w.r.to hashing?	(2M)			
	c)	Present the basic model of priority queues.	(3M)			
	d)	Define internal nodes and external nodes in an extended binary search tree.	(2M)			
	e)	What is the maximum number of disk accesses required for B-tree deletion if its height is h and only one node can be retrieved at a time?	(3M)			
	f)	How searching in tries is different from search trees?	(2M)			
	<u>PART -B</u>					
2.	a)	Explain the steps in buffering algorithm for k-way merge with floating buffers.	(7M)			
	b)	Show that huffman function generates a binary tree of minimal weighted external path length.	(7M)			
3.	a)	Write and explain procedure to delete a dictionary pair from a dynamic hash table that uses a directory.	(7M)			
	b)	Let α =n/b be the loading density of a uniform hashing function h. Then derive expressions for the expected number of key comparisons U _n and the average number of key comparisons S _n for linear open addressing and for chaining.	(7M)			
4.	a)	Explain the priority queue solution for event simulation problem.	(7M)			
	b)	Create a heap from the following elements by inserting all of them at once using buidHeap algorithm: 4, 1, 3, 2, 16, 9, 10, 14, 8, 7	(7M)			
5.	a)	Construct Optimal Binary Search Tree for the key set $(a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4) = (5, 10, 15, 20)$ with $p_1=1/20$, $p_2=1/5$, $p_3=1/10$, $p_4=1/20$, $q_0=1/5$, $q_1=1/10$, $q_2=1/5$, $q_3=1/20$ and $q_4=1/20$.	(7M)			
	b)	Briefly discuss about different cases of imbalance that might be caused by a red-black tree insertion and corresponding methods to rebalance the tree.	(7M)			



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- 6. a) Provide high level description of algorithm for B-tree deletion. (7M)
 - b) Identify the type of tree given below. Then insert 33 and 44 into the tree given (7M) below and perform necessary restructuring to balance the tree.



- 7. a) In an empty digital search tree insert the following keys one after the other: (7M) 1000, 0010, 1001, 0001, 1100, 0000 and 0111. Then delete 0010.
 - b) With suitable examples, explain search, insert and delete operations in (7M) compressed tries with labeled edges.

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SET - 4

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(Computer Science and Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A 3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

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PART -A

1.	a)	What are the three factors contributing to the read/write time of a disk?	(3M)		
	b)	Define open addressing.	(2M)		
	c)	How many trees will be there in a binomial queue of 30 elements?	(2M)		
	d)	What is an AVL tree?	(3M)		
	e)	Define a B+ tree.	(2M)		
	f)	What is the benefit of compressed binary tries over normal binary tries?	(2M)		
PART -B					
2.	a)	What is k-way merging? What are the pros and cons of having higher k value? How to select a k value to maximize the performance?	(7M)		
	b)	Present the algorithm for run generation using a looser tree.	(7M)		
3.	a)	With suitable examples, discuss about the hash functions: mid-square, folding and digit analysis.	(7M)		
	b)	Write and explain procedure to delete a dictionary pair from a directoryless dynamic hash table.	(7M)		
4.	a)	Explain the procedure for deleteMin operation in Binomial Queues with an example.	(7M)		
	b)	Show the result of inserting 10, 12, 1, 14, 6, 5, 8, 15, 3, 9, 7, 4, 11, 13, and 2 one at a time, into an initially empty binary heap.	(7M)		
5.	a)	With suitable examples, explain different rotations associated with AVL tree insertion.	(7M)		
	b)	Start with an empty red-black tree and insert the following keys in the given order: 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6. Draw the red-black tree after every insertion and apply rotations & recoloring where ever necessary.	(7M)		
6.	a)	Compare and contrast B-trees and B ⁺ -trees.	(7M)		
	b)	Create a B-tree of order 5 by inserting the following elements one after the other: 3, 14, 7, 1, 8, 5, 11, 17, 13, 6, 23, 12, 20, 26, 4, 16, 18, 24, 25, and 19.	(7M)		



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7. a) Insert the keys 1010 and 0101 one after the other into the Patrica given below: (7M)



b) With suitable examples, explain search, insert and delete operations in (7M) compressed tries with skip fields.

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