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M. Tech. I Semester Regular Examinations, January-2017 MICROPROCESSORS & MICRO CONTROLLERS

Common to Power Systems(56),PSC &A(53),PSE(30),PS & C(31),ADV PS(50) and EPE(60)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60 Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions Carry Equal Marks 1. a What is a Register? What is their use? What is the size of 8086 registers? Discuss [6] the use of AX, BX, CX and DX registers of 8086. b Explain the functions of RQ/\overline{GT} , HOLD, MN/\overline{MX} , \overline{BHE} registers of 8086 [6] microprocessors. 2. a Write algorithm and assembly language in 8086 to find the factorial of a given [6] number. b List and explain various data transfer instructions of 8086 microprocessor. [6] 3. a With the help of timing diagram, explain the general bus operation of 8086 [6] microprocessor. b What is the main advantage of DMA? Discuss the operation of DMA data transfer. [6] 4. a Compare between memory mapped I/O and I/O mapped I/O schemes for addressing [4] mapping of various input/output devices. b What is the need for stack in 8086 based system? Explain the structure and [8] operation of 8086 stack. 5. a The ADC 0808 is interfaced with 8086 using 8255 ports. Port A of 8255 is used for [6] transferring digital data output of ADC to the CPU and port C for control signals. An analog input is present at I/P2 of the ADC and a clock input of suitable frequency is available for ADC. Draw the schematic diagram and write required assembly language program. b Differentiate between vectored and non-vectored interrupts. Draw and explain the [6] interrupt vector table of 8086 microprocessor. With a neat block diagram, explain the operation of 8255. Also explain various 6. [12] modes of operation of 8255. Give example applications of each mode of 8255. 7. a Compare between serial communication and parallel communication. [3] b Draw the internal architecture and explain the operation of Programmable [9] Communication Interface 8251 USART. a Explain the evolution of microcontrollers. [3] b Compare between microprocessors and microcontrollers. [3] c List and discuss various addressing modes supported by 8051 microcontrollers. [6]