

Code No: H1511/R13

M. Tech. II Semester Supplementary Examinations, May-2017

MECHANICS OF COMPOSITE MATERIALS

(Common to MD and MED)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer any FIVE Questions
All Questions Carry Equal Marks

1. a Name any two matrices and two fibers and give the main advantages of each.
 b How is the mechanical advantage of composite measured?
2. a What is the relationship between the elements of the transformed compliance matrix for a 0 and 90° lamina?
 b A uniaxial load is applied to a 10° ply. The linear stress-strain curve along the line of load is related as $\sigma_x = 123\epsilon_x$, where the stress is measured in GPa and strain in m/m. Given $E_1 = 180$ GPa, $E_2 = 10$ GPa and $\nu_{12} = 0.25$, find the value of (1) shear modulus, G_{12} ; and Young's modulus E_x for a 60° ply.
3. a Explain the two principal effects of changes in hygrothermal environment on the mechanical behavior of polymer composites.
 b An angle -ply lamina made of S-glass/epoxy has the following properties in the principal fibre direction.
 $F_{1T} = 1280$ MPa; $F_{1C} = 622$ MPa; $F_{2T} = 49$ MPa; $F_{2C} = 245$ MPa; $F_6 = 69$ MPa;
 $E_1 = 35$ GPa; $E_2 = 7$ GPa; $E_6 = 3$ GPa; $\nu_{12} = 0.3$
 A tensile load of 2 MPa is applied at an angle of 60° to the principal fibre direction. Check the safety of the laminate with any three failure theories.
4. a Reduce the monoclinic stress-strain relationships to those of an orthotropic material
 b Consider an orthotropic material with the stiffness matrix given by

$$[C] = \begin{bmatrix} -0.67308 & -1.8269 & -1.0577 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1.8269 & -0.67308 & -1.4423 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1.0577 & -1.4423 & 0.48077 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix} \text{ GPa,}$$

Find the engineering constants E_1 , E_2 , E_3 , ν_{12} , ν_{23} , ν_{31} , G_{12} , G_{23} , G_{31} .

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5. a List the assumptions for plane stress condition.
b A unidirectional lamina which is treated under plane stress condition is subjected to a pure shear. Derive the relationship for compliance and stiffness matrix in terms of engineering elastic constants of a lamina.
6. a The transverse matrix is a matrix dominated property. Justify the statement.
b A hybrid lamina uses glass and graphite fibers in a matrix of epoxy for its construction. The fiber volume fractions of glass and graphite are 40 and 20%, respectively. The specific gravity of glass, graphite, and epoxy is 2.6, 1.8, and 1.2, respectively.
Find
(i) Mass fractions and
(ii) Density of the composite
7. a What are the types of laminates given below?
(i) $[30/-45/-30/45]$
(ii) $[0/90/0/90]$
(iii) $[0/45/90/-45]$
b Compute in-plane stiffness matrix $[A]$ for a $[0\pm 45]$ laminate with the following laminate properties.
 $E_1 = 145 \text{ GPa}$; $E_2 = 10.5 \text{ GPa}$; $E_6 = 7.5 \text{ GPa}$; $\nu_{12} = 0.28$
Thickness of each lamina is 0.25 mm
8. a What are the assumptions in the thin plate laminate theory?
b Differentiate between the total – ply failure method and partial – ply failure method.
