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Code No: G2201/R13

M. Tech. I Semester Supplementary Examinations, Jan/Feb-2018

APPLIED MATHEMATICS

(Common to Transportation Engineering (22), Structural Engineering (87) And Structural Design(85)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

			A	ll Questic	ons C	arry .	Equal M	arks			
1.	Solve the heat equation $u_t = u_{xx}$ subject to the conditions $u(x,0) = \sin \pi x$ for $0 \le x \le 1$, $u(0,t) = 0$ and $u(1,t) = 0$ with $h = 0.25$ and $k = 1/16$. Compute $u(0.5, 0.125)$ using Crank Nicolson method.										
2.	Solve the conditions	bounda s u(10,6	ary value product of $\frac{400}{\pi} (\pi \theta)$	oblem $\nabla^2 (\theta - \theta^2)$, u(θ	u = (;,0) =	0, 0 ≤ ∶ 0 an	$\leq r \leq 10$ d u(0, θ)	$0 \le \theta \le$ is finite.	10 subje	ect to the	
3. a	Fit a curve of the form $y = ax^{\circ}$ for the following data										
	X		1	2		3		4		5	
	у	У		2		4.5		8		12.5	
b	Calculate the coefficient of correlation for the following data.										
	Х		1 2		2		3	4		5	
	у		5	4		3		2		1	
I. a	Find the multiple linear regression equations of X on Y and Z using the data given below:										
			6 0			12		13		15	
			7 12			12		15		17	
h	Find the rank correlation poor			12 13				10		1 /	
D		Find the fank contention coefficient for the following data.									
	Λ	30	48	34	0	<u>ک</u>	48	50	30	53	
		40	115	4.57			/ •		411	/ -	

5. Use M method to maximize Z = 6x + 4y subject to $2x + 3y \le 30$, $3x + 2y \le 24$, $x + y \ge 3$, $x, y \ge 0$.

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6. It is of interest to study the effect of population size in various cities in US on ozone concentrations. The data consists of 1999 population in millions and the amount of ozone present per hour in parts per billion. The data are as follows:

Ozone present	126	135	124	128	130	128	126	128	128
X- population	0.6	4.9	0.2	0.5	1.1	0.1	1.1	2.3	0.6

Fit a linear regression model relating ozone concentration to population. Test $H_0: \beta=0$ using ANOVA approach

- 7. A bar of 10cm long with insulated sides has its ends A and B maintained at temperatures 0^{0} C and 100^{0} C respectively, until steady-state conditions prevail. The temperature at A is suddenly raised to 20^{0} C and at the same time that at B is lowered to 80^{0} C. Find the temperature distribution in the bar at time t using the method of separation of variables.
- 8. Minimize $f(x,y) = 2x^2 + y^2$ by using the steepest descent method with the starting point 12M $X_1 = \begin{cases} 1 \\ 2 \end{cases}$ (3 iterations only)

