

ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES

111. Displacement current $\mathbf{E}_r \frac{d\mathbf{E}}{dt} = \mathbf{E}_r \frac{d(\mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{n})}{dt}$

[211. Maxwell's -Equation:

{a] $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{E} = 0$ [ID] 441.J; = 0

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{E} = \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{E}}{\partial t^2} + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{B}}{\partial x^2}$$

(311, $\mathbf{E}_1 = E_0 \cos(kx)$ and $\mathbf{B}_2 = B_0 \sin(kx)$)

Sivuvry. $\frac{1}{4\pi c^2 \epsilon_0 B_0^2} \frac{1}{4\pi c^2 \epsilon_0 B_0^2}$ CrPeElihell

$$\frac{E}{B} = \frac{c}{\sqrt{\mu_0 \epsilon_0}}$$

(5). Average of wave Intensity density I [speed of Light]

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In Stainta neou 5 elerRY density $u_d = \frac{1}{2} E_v E + \frac{1}{2} B_v B = \frac{1}{2} E_0 E^2 = \frac{1}{2} I_0$

Average Energy density $u_{av} = \frac{1}{4\pi r^2} \frac{B_0^2}{2} = \frac{1}{4\pi r^2} \frac{E_0^2}{2} = \frac{I_0}{2\pi r^2}$

Energy = OTICIMEF1EM E, C it u & Ft

{811. Radiation. or.assuba R.P. = where I_e Is intensity of source [when the wave is totally absorbed])

And RP- = 1,, when the wave is totally reflected)

MI-k $\frac{1}{t^a}$ if for a point source) and $\frac{1}{r^2}$ if for a linear source).

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